## THE

# Statutes at Large,

Anno secundo GEORGII III. Regis;

Being the FIRST Session of the

Twelfth Parliament of GREAT BRITAIN.

D ANRY PICKERING, of GRAY'S INN, Efg.

#### THE

# Statutes at Large,

. FROM

# MAGNA CHARTA

To the END of the

# Eleventh Parliament of GREAT BRITAIN, Anno 1761.

CONTINUED.

By DANBY PICKERING, of Gray's-Inn, Esq;
Reader of the Law Lecture to that Honourable Society.

VOL. XXV. PART I.

#### CAMBRIDGE,

Printed by JOSEPH BENTHAM, Printer to the UNIVERSITY, for CHARLES BATHURST, at the Cross-Keys, opposite St. Dunstan's Church in Fleet-Street, London;

M, DCC, LXIII.

# THE HONOURABLE CHARLES YORKE,

ATTORNEY-GENERAL to His MAJESTY.

SIR,

THE Liberty I have taken in dedicating to You in a publick manner, this Edition of the Statutes, will I hope, be excused, when you consider that it owes in a great measure it's very Being to You.

WHEN the uncommon abilities with which You vindicated the right of the University to print Law-books, had so clearly refuted every objection, and dispelled every doubt from the mind of that Honourable Court the King's Bench, that their noble Chief, who always breathes the Spirit of the Laws, would permit no unnecessary delays to suspend their Justice; — You applied it imme-Vol. XXV.

# DEDICATION:

diately to the Honour of the University and the Public Utility, by suggesting such a publication of an intire body of the Statutes as was likely to prove of most general convenience: — my desire to make a thankful acknowledgment for the honour of being entrusted with the execution of your Plan, has been hitherto awed by the fear of offending, but united with the inclination of the University, pardon me if it can no longer be restrained in Silence.

THAT learned body, on your first appearance among them, saw You possessed of richer Stores of learning than many others are at their leaving it; and the more admired to observe You, indefatigable in the pursuit of new attainments, devote to Science that early season of life, too frequently resigned to pleasure and dissipation; and that admiration became ripened into the highest esteem and friendship with it's most respectable members, whilst You were no less distinguished by your most regular observance of every thing that Academical authority requires, than by the most polished and amiable manners.

THE Season that called you forth into Action, seemed only the Harvest due to the cultivation of such talents at the sountain of learning; and the masterly skill with which You explained various questions of Policy and Law, in the Senate and at the Bar, not only fixed the

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# DEDICATION

aftention of all the men of business, but attracted the regards of a Sovereign, who being himself possessed of every virtue, seels the noblest Satisfaction in exalting modest worth; and therefore called You to that important office, — a Choice that reslects mutual lustre both on the Royal Donor and on the Receiver.

In the Character of Sollicitor General You endeavoured to destroy a Monopoly, and to extend the freedom of the Press to the University; because You foresaw that they would exercise it for the public good; and because neither the weight nor variety of business could ever interrupt the good offices of your antient friendship; on the contrary, You rendered it instrumental to the protection and honour of that body; — and it's particular Members, in the most difficult cases, ever found in You, at once an able adviser, and a generous Patron.

BUT I have been betrayed infenfibly by the warmth of my own Sentiments and of others, into the danger of giving offence, where I intended the reverse:— indeed, the delicacies of your Character demand an abler hand than mine,— I forbear therefore,— though not without a secret murmur, that You are continually deserving praises, yet are unwilling to hear them, though they afford the highest pleasure to every one beside.

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# DEDICATION.

AT least, Sir, permit this Offering of the First-fruits of a Press, for which you pleaded with so much learning, spirit and force, that the University might almost call it Your's, and which under Your Auspices they propose to employ for the general, service of the nation: — permit me to entreat Your Pardon for this intrusion, and Your favourable acceptance of this work, and to assure You that I am, with the sincerest Respect,

SIR,

Your most obedient, and

devoted humble Servant,

Inner-Temple, January 26. 1763.

DANBY PICKERING,

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# T A B L E

Containing the TITLES of all the

# STATUTES

# PUBLICK and PRIVATE,

Passed Anno secundo

# GEORGII III. Regis.

Being the First Session of the Twelsth Parliament of GREAT BRITAIN.

#### PUBLICK ACTS.

A N act for enabling his Majesty to make provision for supporting the royal dignity of the Queen, in case she shall

furvive his Majesty.

II. An act to repeal so much of an act passed in the first year of the reign of his present Majesty King George the Third, intituled, An act for the relief of insolvent debtors, as relates to creditors compelling prisoners charged in execution to deliver up their estates, and to such prisoners being thereupon discharged.

III. An act for granting an aid to his Majesty by a land tax, to be raised in Great Britain, for the service of the year one

thousand seven hundred and sixty two.

IV. An act for continuing and granting to his Majesty certain duties upon malt, mum, cyder, and perry, for the service

of the year one thousand seven hundred and fixty two.

V. An act for more effectually preventing the excessive use of spirituous liquors for home consumption, by laying additional duties upon spirits made in *Great Britain*, or imported into the same; and for better regulating and encouraging the exportation of *British* made spirits; and for securing the payment of the duties upon spirituous liquors.

VI. An act for the importation of fatted beef, pork, and butter into this kingdom from *Ireland*, for a limited time, for the Vol. XXV.

A fupply

supply of his Majesty's ships, transport and other ships and vel-

tels, in his Majetty's immediate service and pay.

VII. An act for enabling his Majesty to raise a certain sum of money towards paying off and discharging the debt of the navy, and towards naval services for the year one thousand seven hundred and fixty two.

VIII. An act for granting to his Majesty several rates and du-

ties upon windows, or lights.

1X. An act for charging certain annuities granted in the year one thousand seven hundred and fixty, on the sinking fund; and for carrying the duties therein mentioned to the said sund; and for making forth duplicates of exchequer bills, tickets, certificates, receipts, annuity orders, and other orders, lost, burnt, or otherwise destroyed.

X. An act for raising by annuities, in manner therein mentioned, the sum of twelve millions, to be charged on the sinking fund; and for applying the surplus of certain duties on spirituous liquors, and also the monies arising from the duties on spirituous liquors, granted by an act of this session of parliament.

XI. An act for punishing mutiny and defertion; and for the

better payment of the army and their quarters.

XII. An act for the regulation of his Majesty's marine forces while on shore.

XIII. An act for appointing commissioners for putting in execution an act of this session of parliament, initialed, An act for granting an aid to his Majesty by a land tax, to be raised in Great Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and

fixty two.

XIV. An act to prevent vexatious proceedings against brewers, victuallers, and others, with respect of the prices of beer and ale; for better securing the revenue upon strong beer and ale, by preventing fraudulent mixing thereof; to repeal so much of an act made in the first year of the reign of his present Majesty, as extends certain provisions relative to the exportation of spirituous liquors to the exportation of strong beer and ale; and for the more effectual preventing the re-landing of beer, ale, cyder, and mum, shipped for exportation as merchandize.

XV. An act for the better supplying the cities of London and Westminster with fish, and to reduce the present exorbitant price thereof; and to protect and encourage fishermen.

XVI. An act for the encouragement of seamen, and the more

fpeedy and effectual manning his Majesty's navy.

XVII. An act for relief of the vaffals of the several estates which are or may be annexed to the crown, by virtue of an act passed in the twenty sist year of the reign of his late Majesty, and for carrying the purposes of the said act more effectually into execution; and for enforcing and carrying into execution so much of an act passed in the first year of the reign of his present Majesty, as relates to the paying and discharging the wadsetts affecting the estate of Locat.

XVIII. An

\*XVIII. An act for rendering more effectual an act made in the twelfth year of the reign of her late Majesty queen Anne, intituled, An act for providing a publick reward for fuch person or persons as shall discover the longitude at sea, with regard to the making experiments of proposals made for discovering the longitude.

XIX. An act for the better preservation of the game in that

part of Great Britain called England.

XX. An act to explain, amend, and reduce into one act of parliament, the feveral laws, now in being, relating to the raising and training the militia within that part of Great Britain

called England.

XXI. An act for paving, cleanfing, and lighting, the squares, streets, and lanes, within the city and liberty of Westminster, the parishes of Saint Giles in the Fields, Saint George the Martyr, Saint George Bloomsbury, that part of the parish of Saint Andrew's Holbeurn which lies in the county of Middlesex, the several liberties of the Rolls and Savey, and that part of the dutchy of Lancaster which lies in the county of Middlesex, and for preventing annoyances therein; and for other purposes therein mentioned.

XXII. An act for the keeping regular, uniform, and annual registers, of all parish poor infants under a certain age, within

the bills of mortality.

XXIII. An act to indemnify such as have omitted to qualify themselves for offices and employments, and to indemnify justices of the peace, deputy licutenants, and officers of the militia, or others, who have omitted to register or deliver in their qualifications within the time limited by law, and for giving further time for those purposes; and for the making and filing of affidavits of articles of clerkship.

XXIV. An act for importing falt from Europe into the colony

of Nova Scotia in America.

XXV. An act for naturalizing such foreign protestants as have served, or shall serve, for the time therein mentioned, as officers or soldiers in his Majesty's royal American regiment, or as engineers in America.

XXVI. An act for allowing further time for inrollment of deeds and wills made by papifts; and for relief of protestant

purchasers.

XXVII. An act for enabling the judges of the court of seffion in Scotland to make an adjournment of the said court for such time, betwixt the twentieth day of December and the sisteenth day of January, yearly, as they shall judge most convenient not exceeding twenty days.

XXVIII. An act to prevent the committing of thefts and frauds by persons navigating bum boats, and other boats, upon

the river Thames.

XXIX. An act to amend so much of an act made in the sirkt year of the reign of King James the First, intituled, An act for the better execution of the intent and meaning of farmer statutes made A 2 against

against shooting in guns, and for the preservation of the game of pheajants and partridges, and against the destroying of bares with bare pipes, and tracing hares in the snow; as relates to the preservation of house doves and pigeons, by making the manner of convicting such person or persons as shall offend therein more easy and expeditious.

XXX. An act for enlarging and improving the north east

avenue of London Bridge.

XXXI. An act for making perpetual an act for the better regulation and government of feamen in the merchants fervice; and for extending the provisions thereof to his Majeky's colonies in America.

. XXXII. An act for draining and preserving certain low lands called *The Fens*, lying on both sides of the river *Witham*, in the county of *Lincoln*; and for restoring and maintaining the navigation of the said river, from the *High Bridge* in the city of

Lincoln, through the borough of Boston, to the sea.

XXXIII. An act for granting to his Majesty a certain sum of money out of the sinking sund; and for applying certain monies remaining in the exchequer, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and sixty two; and for settling and securing a certain annuity for the use of the right honourable Arthur Onslow, speaker of the house of commons in the last sive parliaments.

XXXIV. An act for enabling his Majesty to raise the sum of one million for the uses and purposes therein mentioned; and fer further appropriating the supplies granted in this session of parliament; and for allowing time for the payment of the stamp duties omitted to be paid upon admissions into corporations or companies, and appointments to offices therein; and for the relief of William Earle, in respect of a quantity of white salt, lost by the wreck of a ship near the harbour of Dublin.

XXXV. An act for applying the money granted in this fellion of parliament, towards defraying the charge of the pay of the militia of that part of Great Britain called England, when membodied, and of the cloathing of the part of the faid militia now unembodied, for one year, beginning the twenty fifth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and fixty two.

XXXVI. An act for better fecuring the payment of the sums of money directed by an act made in the thirty second, year of the reign of his late Majesty King George the Second, to be applied in augmentation of the salaries of the puisne judges in the court of King's Bench, the judges in the court of Common Pleas, the barons of the coif in the court of Exchequer, at Westmisser, and the justices of Chefter and the great sessions for the counties in Wales, for the time being.

XXXVII. An act for veiting certain lands, tenements, and hereditaments, upon the sea coasts, in the counties of *Rent*, Suffex, and Southampton, on which forts and batteries have been erected for the desence of the said coasts in trustees, for cer-

tain uses; and for other purposes therein mentioned.

XXXVIII. An

XXXVIII. An act for the more easy and speedy recovery of fmall debts, within the town and county of the town of King-

ston upon Hull.

XXXIX. An act for repairing and widening the roads from Mullen's Pond in the county of Southampton, to the eighteen mile stone from the city of Salisbury near Willoughby Hedge; and from West Amesbury to Ansilow Hill; and from Amesbury to Fiddleton; and from the New Ish in Amesbury to the end of the parish leading to Durrington; and from Wily to Cook's House and Landford; and from Beacon Hill to the Nag's Head; and from thence one mile of the road leading to Shrewton in the county of Wilts.

XL. An act for supplying the town of Halifax with water.

XLI. An act for rendering more effectual feveral acts paffed in the fifth year of his late Majesty King George the First, and the thirteenth year of his late Majesty King George the Second, for repairing the roads from the top of Stokenehurch Hill to Enfine brule, through the city of Oxford, by Begbrooke, to New Woodfleck in the county of Oxon; and for repairing the road from the Crown alehouse, to the turnpike on Stokenchurch Hill aforefaid; and for repairing the mile-ways on each fide the faid city, as therein mentioned.

XLII. An act for repairing, widening, and altering, the road from Sandon in the county of Stafford, to Bullock Smithy in the county of Chester: and from Hilderstone, to Draycott in the Moors; and from Witley Rocks, to Tean, in the faid county of

Stafford.

XLIII. An act for repairing and widening feveral roads in the counties of Cornwall and Deven, leading to the borough of Salt-

as in the county of Cornwall.

XLIV. An act for repairing and widening the roads from a certain place near Belton in the Moors, to Leigh; and thence to the guide post near Golbourne Dale, and to the fouth end of Newton Bridge; and from the faid guide post to Winwick; and from Newton by Parr Stocks, to the guide post in Parr, in the county palatine of Lancaster.

XLV. An act for better regulating the poor; maintaining a nightly watch; lighting, paving, and cleanting the streets, rows, and passages; providing fire-engines and firemen: and regulating the hackney coachmen, chairmen, carmen, and porters;

within the city of Cheffer.

XLVI. An act for repairing and widening the road from the Lostwithiel turnpike road, in the parish of Creed in the county of Cornwall, through Tregony, to Ruan Lanehorne; and from Dennis Water, to three hundred yards on the fouth fide of Trethim Mill, in the parish of Saint Just, in the said county.

XXVII. An act for the enlightning the streets, lanes, and

passages, within the town and county of the town of Notting-

bam,

XLVIII. An act for enlarging the term and powers granted by two feveral acts, paffed in the fixth and fixtcenth years of his

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late Majesty, for the more effectual reparing the roads leading from Wadesmill in the county of Hertford, to Barky and Royston;

and for making the faid acts more effectual.

XLIX. An act for amending and widening the road from the turnpike road at or near the town of Swindon, to the north end or fide of the town of Marlborough, and from the faid town of Marlborough to the village of Everly in the county of Wilts.

L. An act for repairing, widening, and altering, feveral roads leading from Tapiftock to Plymouth, and other places in the coun-

ty of Deven.

LI. An act to amend and render more effectual an act passed in the last session of parliament, intituled, An ast for amending, widening, and keeping in repair, the road leading from Fisherton Bridge to the turnpike road at Willoughby Hedge in West Knoyle, and from Wilton Bridge, to the turnpike road at the west end of Heytesbury; and also the road from the turnpike road at the top of Red Hone Hill, in the parish of Urshsont, to the mile-stone at the western end of Fisherton Street in the county of Wilts.

LII. An act for building a bridge cross the river Teefe, at or near the ferry in the parish of Stockton, in the county of

Durham.

LIII. An act for repairing and widening the roads leading from Kelful, in the county of Salop, to Whiston Cross, and from thence over Burnhill Green Rudge Heath, by the two New Inns, and to a place called High Gate Warren, in the county of Stafford.

I.IV. An act for amending, widening, and keeping in repair, the road, from Culle street, at the end of the town of Hinckly, to Litterworth Town's-End, and from, or near, the Guide Post, at Walcot Town's-End, in the county of Leicester, to the Eighty

Mile stone, in Welford Field, in the county of Northampton.

LV. An act for continuing and rendering more effectual an act passed in the tenth year of his late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An act for continuing an act passed in the third year of the reign of His Majesty King George the First, for laying a duty of two Pennits Scots, or one sixth part of a penny sterling, on every pint of ale or beer, that shall be vended, or fold, within the sour of Dunssries, and privileges thereof, for paying the debts of the said town, and for building a church, and making a harbour there; and for laying a duty on the tonnage of shipping, and a duty on goods imported and exported, into, and out of, the port of the the said town, for the better repairing of the said harbour.

LVI. An act to amend and render more effectual an act made in the twenty eighth year of the reign of his late Majesty King George the Second, for making navigable Sanky Brook, in the county of Lancaster, and for the extending and improving the said

navigation,

LVII. An act to amend an act made in the thirty second year of the reign of his late Majesty, for repairing and widening several roads, therein mentioned, in the counties of Southampton and Dorset: and for amending and widening the road between

Ring-

Ringtwood Gate, in the county of Southampton to Woolsbridge; and from thence to the great Western road, between a place called

Thick Thorn and Cashmore Inn.

LVIII. An act for the better relief and employment of the poor, and for cleanling the streets, lanes, and other passages and places, in the parishes of Saint James, within the liberty of Westminster, and for enlarging the church yard belonging to the faid parish.

LIX. An act for repairing, widening, turning, and shortening the road leading from the turnpike road on Farrad's Com-\*mon, in the parish of Bradford, through Holt and Melksham, to Homan's Stile, in the parish of Laycock, in the county of Wilts.

LX. An act for repairing and widening the road from the turnpike road at Weyhill, in the county of Southampton, to the

turnpike road at Lyde Way, in the county of Wilts.

LXI. An act for altering, widening, and amending, the road from the north gate of the city of Winchester, over Worthy Cow Down, through Whitchurch, and other places, to Newtown River, and also the road from Warthy Cow Down aforesaid, through Wherwell, to the present turnpike road at Andover, in the county of Southampton.

LXII. An act for repairing and widening the high road, leading from Albborne, in the county of Derby, to the town of Leck, in the county of Stafford, and from Regeroft Gate, upon Rushton Common, to Congleton, in the county of Chefter; and also the road leading from Blyth Marsh, in the county of Stafford, through Cheadle, Oakamoor, and Blore, to the turnpike road, from Ajbborne to Bukton near Thorp, in the county of Derby.

LXIII. An act for amending, widening, altering, and keeping in repair, the road from the fouth end of Sparrow's Herne on Bufby Heath, through the market towns of Watford, Berchampflead, Saint Peters, and Tring, in the county of Hertford, by Pettifers Elms, to the turnpike road at Walten, near Aylesbury, in

the county of Buck:.

LXIV. An act for amending, widening, and keeping in repair, feveral roads leading from Bridge Town Pomeroy, and from

. Teing Bridge in the county of Devon.

LXV. An act for repairing and widening the roads from the White Post on Hasleden's Wood, in the parish of Cranbrooke, to Appledore Heath; and from Milk House Street, in the same parish, to Cassleden's Oak, in the parish of Biddenden; and from Golford Green, in the faid parish of Cranbrooke, to Tanner's Vent,

in the parish of Benenden, all in the county of Kent.

LXVI. An act for repairing the road from the turnpike road on the top of Whitesheet Hill, to a place called the Hare War-ren; and from thence to the Index Post, standing near the Blandford turnpike road, on the fide of Harnam Hill; and also for repairing and widening the road from the faid Index Post, to a house called Master Baker's Farm House, in the county of Wilts.

LXVII. An act for continuing, enlarging, and rendering more effectual, so much of an act made in the fourteenth year A 4,

of the reign of his late Majesty King George the Second, 'intituled, An act for enlarging the terms and powers granted by two acts of parliament, for repairing the roads leading from seven Oaks to Woodsgate and Tonbridge Wells; and from Woodsgate to Kippings Cross in the county of Kent; and also for repairing the roads from Kippings Cross aforesaid, to Lamberhurst Pound and Pullen's Hill, in the faid county; and to Flimwell Vent, in the county of Sussex; as relates to the amending, repairing, and keeping in repair, the said roads, leading from Kipping's Cross aforesaid, to Lamberburst Pound, Pullen's Hill, and Flimwell Vent, afore-

LXVIII. An act for building two new churches, and providing burial places within the town of Liverpool, in the county palatine of Lancafter; and for the better preserving the pavements of the streets in the said town; and for ascertaining the fares and prices to be paid carters, carmen, hackney coachmen, and chairmen, and for regulating their behaviour, within the faid town.

LXIX. An act for explaining and amending to much of two acts of the twenty feventh and twenty ninth years of his late Majesty, for repairing several roads therein mentioned, in the counties of Leicester and Warwick, as relates to the road be-

tween Hinckley and Coventry.

LXX. An act to amend and render more effectual feveral acts made for cleanfing and enlightening the streets of the town of Kingston upon Hull, and for preventing annoyances therein.

LXXI. An act for continuing the term and powers of an act, made in the fourteenth year of the reign or his late Majesty, intituled, An act for repairing the road from Doncaster, through the parish of Peniston, in the county of York, to Salter's Brook, in the county of Chester; and olfo the road from Rotherham, in the faid county of York, to Harteliffe Hill, in the faid parish of Peniston; and for making the faid act more effectual to far as the fame relates to the faid road between Doneafter and Salter's Brosk.

LXXII. An act for repairing and widening the road from I'mwell Vent, in the county of Suffex, through Highgate in the. county of Kent, and the parishes of Sandhurst, Newenden, and Northiam, to Rya, in the faid county of Suffex; and from Highgate aforesaid, to Cooper's Corner, in the said county of Suffex, and to Tubb's Lake in the faid county of Kent.

LXXIII. An act for repairing and widening the roads from a certain bridge, called James Deeping Stone Bridge, to Peter s Gate in Stamford, in the county of Lincoln, and from thence, to the fouth end of the town of Morcos, in the county of

Rul nl.

LXXIV. An act to amend and render more effectual an act made in the twenty hinth year of the reign of his late Majesty, intituled, An act for amending and keeping in repair the roads leading from Meadbrook, which divides the parishes of Pucklechurch. dad Mangotsfield, in the county of Gloucester, to Christian Mal-

tord

ford Bridge, in the county of Wilts, and also from Pucklechurch

aforefaid, to certain coal mines in the faid parish.

LXXV. An act for repairing and widening the high road leading from the north end of Ballingdon Bridge, in Sudbury, in the county of Suffolk, to the fouth gate in Berry Saint Edmunds,

in the faid county.

LXXVI. An act for amending and widening the road leading from the high post road near the town of Faversham, by Bacon's Water, through Albford, to the town and port of Hythe, in the county of Kent, and from Bacon's Water, to a certain lane, called Holy-Lane, in Wincheap, near the city of Canterbury.

LXXVII. An act to enlarge the term and powers, and also to render more effectual an act for amending, widening, and keeping in repair, the several roads from the town of Pool, in the county of Montgomery, to Wrexham, in the county of Denbigh; and also the road from Knockin, in the county of Salop, to Llanrhaiader, in Mochnant, in the county of Denbigh, and to

repair and widen several other roads therein mentioned.

LXXVIII. An act for amending and widening the road from the Market-House, in Stourbridge, to Colly Gate, in Cradley, and from Pedmore, to Holly Hall, and from Colly Gate, to Halesowen, and from the turnpike road on Dudley Wood, to Rednal Green, in the parish of King's Norton, and from Carter's Lane, to the Bell Inn at Northfield, in the counties of Worcester, Stafford, and Salop.

LXXIX. An act for amending, widening, and keeping in repair, feveral roads leading from Cleobury Mortimer, the Crojs Houses, Glazeley, and the turnpike gate on Abberley Hill, in the

counties of Salop and Worcester.

LXXX. An act for amending, widening, and keeping in repair, feveral roads therein mentioned, lying in the counties of *Leicester* and *Warwick*, and in the county of the city of

Coventry.

LXXXI. An act for widening, repairing, and amending, the road from Hesset, by Yewes Bridge, to Cockermouth, and from thence by Lorton, over Whinlatter, to Keswick, in the county of Cumberland; and from Keswick, by Dummail Rays and Ambleside, to Kerby in Kendall in the county of Westmorland: and from Plumbgarth's Cross, near Kirby in Kendall aforesaid, to the lake called Windermere, in the county of Westmorland; and from Keswick aforesaid, to the town of Penrith, in the county of Cumberland.

LXXXII. An act to continue, and render more effectual, an act passed in the thirtieth year of the reign of his late Majesty, for amending, widening, and keeping in repair, the road kading from Burleigh Bridge, in the town of Loughborough, to Ashby de la Zouch, in the county of Leicester; and for repairing and widening the road, branching out of the said road, at Colearton Ghurch, over Colearton Moor, and through Worthington and

and Sutton Bonington, to Rempston, in the counties of Leicester

and Nottingham.

LXXXIII. An act for repairing and widening the roads from Kirkby-Steven High-Lane Head, in the county of Westmorland, through Sedbergh, to Greeta Bridge, in the county palatine of Lancaster; and from Bracken Bar Gate near Askrigg, in the county of York, through Sedberg, to Kirkby Kendal; and also the road from the four lane ends in Marthwaite, to the turnpike road on Grayrigg House, leading from Appleby, to Kirkby Kendal, in the said county of Westmorland.

LXXXIV. An act for repairing and widening the road from Cofbam, in the county of Southampton, to the city of

Chichester.

LXXXV. An act to impower the commissioners and trustees named and appointed by, and in pursuance of an act of parliament made in the tenth year of the reign of his late Majesty King George the First, for making more effectual an act made in the ninth year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for completing the repairs of the harbour of Dover in the county of Kent, and for restoring the harbour of Ryc in the county of Sussex, to its antient goodness so far as the same relates to the harbour of Rye, to let the sea and tides into a new cut or channel, made in pursuance of the said act of the tenth year of his said late Majesty's reign, as far as a wall, called Winchelsea Wall.

LXXXVI. An act to enlarge the term and powers granted by an act passed in the eleventh year of the reign of his late Majesty, for continuing several acts relating to the harbour of Liverpool, and for enlarging the said harbour, by making an additional dock, and building a pier in the open harbour there, and for enlightening the said dock, and for making another dock with proper piers in the said harbour, and for erecting lighthouses, and other proper lights, in or near the port of

Liverpool.

LXXXVII. An act for enlarging the term and powers of feveral acts of parliament, relating to the harbour of White-haven, in the county of Cumberland, and to the roads leading to the faid harbour and town of Whitehaven; and for further enlarging the faid harbour; and for lighting the faid town, and supplying the same with water; and for regulating the carmen there; and for repealing so much of an act of the twenty third year of the reign of his late Majesty, as relates to the road from Caller Bidge, to Egremont, and directing how the said road shall be repaired, and for repairing several other roads therein mentioned, in the said county.

## PRIVATE ACTS.

A N act for naturalizing Anna Maria Thornton, wife of Octavius Thornton, merchant,

2. An act for dividing and inclosing certain common fields, and meadows, in the parish of Holy Gross, in Perspore, in the county of Worcester.

3. An act for naturalizing Philip Jacob Krauter, and John

Paris.

4. An act for naturalizing John Berens.

5. An act for establishing and confirming certain articles of agreement for the dividing and inclosing several common fields. meadows, and pastures, in the townships of *Elvaston* and *Thulfion*, in the county of *Derby*.

6. An act for naturalizing Francis Rodolph Fatic, John Le Cog,

John Henry Cazenove, and Henry Peter Kuhff.

- 7. An act for dividing and inclosing two pieces or parcels of open and uninclosed lands, called *The Town Hill*, and *The Burroughs*, in the borough and manor of *Swansea*, in the county of *Glamorgan*.
- 8. An act for dividing and inclosing the common fields, meadows, pastures, and waste grounds, in the township of Aston upon Trent, in the county of Derby.

An act for dividing and inclosing the common fields, common meadows, common grounds, and commonable places, in

the parish of Swanburne, in the county of Bucks.

10. An act for dividing and inclosing several common fields, meadows, pastures, and waste grounds, in the parish of Barrowhy, in the county of Lincoln.

11. An act to enable the most noble Francis duke of Bridge-water to make a navigable cut or canal from Longford Bridge, in the township of Stretford, in the county palatine of Lancaster, to the river Mersy, at a place called The Hemp Stones, in the township of Halton, in the county of Chester.

12. An act for authorizing and enabling John Woods, William Woods, and John Challen, merchants, to erect and build one or more tide mill or tide mills, for grinding corn and grain, upon a creek or channel, in the manor and parish of Bishopston, in

the county of Sussex.

- 13. An act for fale of certain lands, tenements, and hereditaments, in the parishes of Witham Frary, Marston, or Nunny, in the county of Somerset, devised and limited by the will of Sir William Wyndham baronet, deceased, and for laying out the money ariting by such sale in the purchase of other lands and hereditaments to be settled to the same uses, except as therein mentioned.
- 14. An act for confirming and establishing a partition between Samuel Blunt, Henry Humphery, James Clitherow, esquires, and others, of several estates in the counties of Suffex, Surrey, and Kent, and for vesting and settling the entire premisses to the several uses therein mentioned.
- 15. An act for incorporating the trustees, named in the settlement and will of *Coristopher Tancred*, esquire, deceased, and to enable them to take the estate late of the said *Christopher Tan*cred, to them and their successors, in perpetuity, for the cha-

ritable uses in such settlement and will, and for the better ma-

nagement of the charity.

16. An act for vesting a piece or pieces of ground, in Kenfington, in the county of Middlesex, part of the settled estate of Robert Philimore gentleman, in trustees, to be fold, and for applying the money, arifing by fuch fale, in the purchase of lands, tenements, and hereditaments, to be fettled and limited to the like uses as the said ground now stands settled.

17. An act to enable the right honourable the lady Frances Hanbury Williams, to take upon her, and use, the surname of Coningelby, pursuant to a proviso in a settlement made by her

father, Thomas earl Coningesby, deceased.

18. An act to enable John Hasc esquire, and his heirs male,

to take and use the surname and arms of Lambe.

- 19. An act for naturalizing Henrietta Frederique viscountess Stormout, wife of the right honourable David lord viscount Stormont.
- 20. An act for naturalizing Philip Schumacher and Nicholas Brandt.
- 21. An act for naturalizing Jacob Welfle esquire, commonly called baron Wolffe.
  - 22. An act for naturalizing Paul Metivier.
  - 23. An act for naturalizing James Repinder. 24. An act for naturalizing Jean Charnaud.
- 25. An act for dividing and inclosing the open and common field, common meadows, common pastures, common grounds, and commonable lands, within the hamlet and liberties of Princethorpe, in the township and parish of Stretton upon Dunsmore, in the county of Warwick.

26. An act for dividing and inclosing a certain moor, or common, called Middlewood Moor, or Ulbaw Moor, within the

manor of Lanchester, in the county of Durham.

27. An act for dividing and inclosing the whole year lands, and pasture grounds, common fields, half year inclosures, shack meadows, and commons, in the parith of Snettifbam, in the county of Norfolk.

28. An act for dividing and inclosing the open fields in the

parith of Hungerton, in the county of Leicester.

29. An act for dividing and inclosing the open fields of Thurmaston, in the parith of Belgrave and Barkby, in the county of Linefter.

30. An act for dividing and inclosing the open and common fields and common grounds in Whilfordine, in the county of

Rutiand.

31. An act for vefting certain lands, tenements, and hereditaments, heretofore given, in trust, for the benefit of the poor inhabitants of the parish of Waburn, in the county of Bedford, in his grace 'fokn duke of Bedford, and his heirs, and for establithing a better fund in lieu thereof.

32. An act for discharging the estate of Frederick viscount " Bolingbroke, in the county of Survey, from the uses and limita-

tions of a former fettlement, and for fettling lands and hereditaments in the county of *Kent*, in lieu thereof to the fame uses.

33. An act to enable Patrick Blake esquire, a minor, to make a settlement on Annabella Bunbury spinster, and the issue of their intended marriage; and for other purposes therein mentioned.

34. An act for the fale of part of the estates entailed by the will of Edward Mellish, esquire, deceased, and for laying out the money arising by such sale, in the purchase of other estates

to be fettled to the like uses.

35. An act for vesting a rent charge in fee simple, in trustees, for the benefit of certain poor samilies described in the will of John Styleman deceased, in lieu of a moiety of certain lands and hereditaments, devised by the same will, for the benefit of the said poor samilies, and for vesting the said moiety in fee simple in John Boyd, esquire, and his heirs.

36. An act for felling part of the estates of Willam Mason, esquire, devised to him by the will of William Mason, esquire, deceased, and for laying out the money to arise thereby in the purchase of other lands and hereditaments, to be settled, in lieu thereof, to the uses limited by the said will; and for exchanging other part of the said estates of the said William Mason, so devised, for other lands and tenements, to be settled, in lieu thereof, to the uses limited by the same will.

37. An act for vefting all the real and personal estates, late of Elizabeth Morgan widow, deceased, in Elizabeth Mackenzie, wife of George Mackenzie, esquire, her neice, heir at law, and only next of kin, discharged from all right, claims, and interest, of the master and fellows of Gonvile and Caius College.

in the university of Cambridge.

38. An act for the sale of the estate of Thomas Waite, an infant, for dicharging incumbrances affecting the same, and for applying the surplus money arising thereby for the benefit of the said infant.

39. An act for naturalizing Diederick Wessel Linden.

40. An act for dividing and inclosing the open and common fields, in the manor of Shenley Brookend, in the parish of Shenley, in the county of Bucks.

41..An act for dividing and inclosing the feveral open and common fields, meadows and commons, within the lordship

or liberty of Quorndon, in the county of Leicester.

42. An act for dividing and inclosing several common fields, commons, common heaths, and waste grounds, in the parish of *Portesham*, in the county of *Dorset*.

43. An act for dividing and inclosing a certain moor or common, within the manor of Evenwood and chapelry of Saint Helen's

Auckland, and county of Durham.

44. An act for dividing, allotting, and inclosing, the open fields, pastures, and pieces or parcels of meadows and pasture ground, in the lordship of Sproatley, in Holderness, in the county of York.

45. An act for confirming articles of agreement for inclosing. common fields, commons, pastures, and waste grounds, in the townships or Hamlets of Dringhoe, Upton, and Brough, in the parish of Skip/ea, in Holderness, in the east riding of the county of York.

46. An act for dividing and inclosing the open and common fields, common pastures, common meadows, common grounds, and waste grounds, of and in the manor, parish, and liberties of Towcefler, with the hamlets of Wood Burcott, and Caldecote, in the county of Northampton.

47. An act for inclosing and dividing the common nelds. moors, and common grounds, in the township of Rotherham, in

the county of York.

48. An act for inclosing and dividing several open fields, and commonable lands, within the manor and parish of Wintringham,

in the county of Lincoln.

49. An act for repealing part, and explaining and amending other parts, of an act made in the thirty second year of the reign of his late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An act for vesting part of the estates intailed by the will of the most noble Charles Noel, duke of Beaufort, deceased, in trustees, to be sold, and for purchasing other estates, to be settled to the like uses, and for impowering the guardian and trustees named in the said will, to make leases of the said duke's estates, in the counties of Gloucester, Wilts, Hants, Devon, Dorlet, Glamorgan, and Brecon, during the minority of his children.

50. An act for confirming a partition of fo many of the estates of Charles late duke of Somerset, deceased, as were by him fettled and devised to the use of Frances late marchioness of Granby, and of Charlotte counters of Aylerford, his two daughters, and their issue, in strict settlement, with several remainders over; and for vesting and settling the entire premisses to the feveral uses therein mentioned; and for the several other pur-

pofes therein mentioned.

51. An act for rectifying a mistake in the name of one of the truffees in the fet:lement made upon the marriage of the right honourable William earl of Harrington, with the right honour-

able Carolina counters of Harrington his wife.

52. An act for explaining and amending the marriage fettlement of Edward lord Winterton, in the kingdom of Ireland, by impowering him to fell part of the estates in the counties of Sullex, Surrey, and Norfolk, therein comprised, and for layout the monies arifing by fuch fale, in the purchase of other estates of equal or greater value, to be settled to the uses of the faid marriage fettlement, and for other purpofes therein mentioned.

53. An act to enable Sir Nicholas Hacket Carew, baronet, to grant a leafe, or leafes, of part of his fettled estate, for the improvement thereof, pursuant to a contract by him entered into for that purpole

54. An act for vesting the capital messuage, with the lands and hereditaments thereunto belonging, at Southgate, in the 2.

parifla

parish of Edmonton, and at Frian Barnett, in the county of Middlesex, and at East Barnett, in the county of Hertford, late part of the estate of James Colebrooke, esquire, deceased, comprized in the marriage settlement of Sir George Colebrooke, baronet, in him and his heirs, and for settling other lands and hereditaments, in the counties of Surrey and Middlesex, of equal value, to the same uses, in lieu thereof, and for other purposes in the said act mentioned.

55. An act for discharging certain leasehold houses and tenements, comprized in the marriage settlement of *Humphreys Ram*, esquire, from the trusts of the settlement, and for settling

freehold houses of greater value in lieu thereof.

56. An act for veiling a toft or scite of a copyhold house, in Richmend, in the county of Surrey, lately pulled down, in trustees, to be sold, leased, or otherwise disposed of, for the benefit of the persons claiming under the will of Matthias Perkins, gentleman, deceased; and for impowering John Perkins, his son, to make such leases of his estate, at Richmond and Tuddington, as are therein mentioned.

57. An act for discharging divers lands, estates, and hereditaments, devised by the will of *Thomas Ruggles*, esquire, deceased, from the uses and trusts of the said will; and for settling other lands and tenements, of greater value, in lieu there-

of, to the like uses.

58. An act for vesting the settled estate, late of Ralph Jenison, esquire, deceased, at Great Walworth, in the county of Durham, in trustees, in trust, to be conveyed to John Dixon, gentleman, and his heirs, pursuant to a decree, and subsequent orders, of the court of chancery at Durham.

59. An act to enable Joseph Fell, esquire, to make a lease of a farm and lands in Walthamslewe, in the county of Essen, for a

term of ninety nine years.

60. An act to enable John Holden, gentleman, and Thomas Holden, his fon, an infant, and their trustees, to raise the sum of one thousand pounds, upon certain estates in Leicestershire and Warwickshire, or on a sufficient part thereof, to be applied for the purposes therein mentioned.

61. An act for vefting two acres of land in Walton upon Thames, in trustees, to be fold, and conveyed to the executors of Sanuel Dicker, esquire, for the benefit of Mary Delver, an

infant.

- 62. An act for vesting divers lands and hereditaments, in the parish of *Igborough*, in the county of *Norfolk*, part of the settled estate late of *Henry Ord*, esquire, deceased, in trustees to convey the same to *James Nelthorpe*, esquire, and his heirs, and to lay out the money to be paid for the same, in the purchase of other lands and hereditaments, to be settled to the uses therein mentioned.
- 63. An act for vesting certain estates, in the parish of Saint Botolph Billing sate, London, late the estate of William Clapham, gentleman, in trustees, for the uses and purposes therein mentioned.

64. An

64. An act for sale of part of the settled estate of Thomas Cartus, of Crowcombe, in the county of Somerset, esquire, and for settling other lands and hereditaments, of greater value in lieu

thereof, to the same uses.

65. An act for vefting the fettled estate of John Weller, esquire, deceased, lying in the counties of Kent and Chester, in trustees, to be sold, to pay off incumbrances affecting the same, and to lay out the surplus of the money arising by such sale (if any) in the purchase of other lands to be settled to the uses of the will of said John Weller.

66. An act to enable William Richards and Edward-Richards, infants, and their heirs, to take and use the surname, and bear the arms of Powell, pursuant to the will of Roger Powell, esquire,

deceased.

67. An act to enable Charles Smith, an infant, lately called Charles Loraine, and his heirs, to take, and use, the surname of Smith, pursuant to the will of Richard Smith, esquire, deceased.

68. An act for naturalizing Luke Wettstein, Peter Texier,

junior, and Daniel Goy.

69. An act for naturalizing John Doerner.

# STATUTES at Large &

# Anno secundo G E O R G I

At the Parliament begun and holden

for the nineteenth day of May, Anno Dom. 1761, in the first year of the reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the grace of God, of Great Britain, France, and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several prorogations to the third day of *November* following; being the first session of the twelfth parliament of *Great Britain*.

#### CAP. I.

An att for enabling his Majesty to make provision for supporting the royal dignity of the Queen, in case she shall survive his Majesty.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

JHEREAS your Majesty's most faithful commons reflect Preamble. with the greatest pleasure on the joyful and auspicious event of your Majesty's royal nuptials with a princess, descended from an illustrious protestant line, distinguished by the most eminent graces and endowments, and worthy to be the royal partner of your throne, by possessing every virtue that can adorn it, and have a just sense of that affectionate regard which your Majesty has shewn for your people, by consulting on this most important and interesting occasion, as on every other, their happiness and that of their posterity, and are truly sensible how acceptable it will be to your Majesty, that a good, certain, and competent revenue be fettled for supporting the honour and dignity of her Majesty, your royal consort, in case she should furvive your Majesty (whose lives God long preserve). And whereas by an act made in the first year of the reign of her late Annæ. Majesty Queen Anne, for preserving the inheritance of several revenues of the crown, intituled, An act for the better support of her Majesty's houshold, and of the honour and dignity of the crown, all grants thereof (other than fuch as are therein expressed) are declared to be void; and by another act made in the ninth 9 Annæ, year of her said late Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for establifbing a general post office for all her Manssy's dominions, and for fettling a weekly sum out of the revenues thereof, for the service of the war, and other ber Majesty's occasions, it was enacted, That fuch part of the duties and revenues arising in or by the general Vol. XXV.

z Geo.3.

letter office or post office, which was thereby vested in her said late Majesty, her heirs, and successors, and therein mentioned to be undeterminable, should not be alienable, chargeable, or grantable for any estate, term, or time whatsoever, to endure longer than the life of the King or Queen that should make such alienation, charge, or grant respectively; and that all gifts, grants, alienations, and assurances whatsoever, to be had or made of, and charged upon, the same duties or revenues, or any part thereof, contrary to the provision of that act, should be null and void: and whereas by an act made in the last fession of parliament, intituled, An act for the support of his Majesty's houshold, and of the honour and dignity of the crown of Great Britain, the duties and revenues commonly called The bereditary revenues, together with feveral temporary duties and revenues thereby continued, and all other branches and revenues which, on the twenty-fourth day of October, one thousand feven hundred and fixty, stood settled or appointed to be towards the support of the houshold of his late Majesty King George the Second of bleffed memory, and the honour and dignity of the crown, were (except as is therein excepted) directed to be, during your Majesty's life, carried to, and made part of, the general or aggregate fund established by an act made in the first year of the reign of his late Majesty King George the First; and for the support of your Majesty's houshold, and of the honour and dignity of your crown, a certain yearly rent or rents, or fum or fums of money, was or were by the faid act granted out of the faid fund: now we do most humbly, cheerfully, and unanimously befrech your Majesty that it may be enasted, and be it enacted by the King's most excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the King's most excellent Majesty, by any letters patent, or tent under the indenture, or by feveral letters patent or indentures, under the great feal, to great feal of Great Britain, hereafter to be made, to give and grant to her faid Majesty the Queen, or to such other person or persons as his Majesty shall think fit, to be named in such letters patent, indenture or indentures, and his or their heirs, to the use of, or in trust for her Majesty, one annuity or yearly rent or fum of one hundred thousand pounds of lawful money of Great Britain; which annuity or yearly fum of one hundred to take place thousand pounds, and every part thereof, shall commence and from the des take effect immediately from and after the decease of his Ma-Majeity, and jefty, and continue from thenceforth for and during the natural continue dur- life of her Majesty; and shall be paid and payable at the four ing her natu- most usual days of payment in the year; that is to say, the fifth day of January, the fifth day of April, the fifth day of July, and the time to be the tenth day of October, by even and equal portions; the first paid quarter- payment thereof to be made at fuch of the faid days as shall first and next happen after the decease of his Majesty, in case

> her Majesty the Queen shall survive him, as aforesaid; and that the faid annuity or yearly fum of one hundred thousand

> > pounds,

His Majesty impowered, by letters pagrant unto the Queen an an-

nuity of

100,000.1.

ceale of his ral life;

Ιy,

pounds, shall or may, by such letters patent, indenture or indentures, be directed to be iffuing and payable out of, or charged out of the heand chargeable upon all or any part of fuch of the said duties, reditary and revenues, and branches, which by the faid act made in the last other revenues, and branches, which by the faid act made in the last other revenues fession of parliament, intitled, An act for the support of his Manues carried to the aggregate fund, and of the honour and dignity of the crown of Great gate fund, by Britain, were carried to, and made part of, the said general or an act of aggregate sund, as shall be subsisting after the decease of his pre- 1 Geo. 3. fent Majesty; and in case the duties, revenues, and branches, and any occaout of which the faid annuity or yearly fum of one hundred fional deficithousand pounds, shall be issuing or payable, or charged or ency to be chargeable upon, shall, at any time or times be deficient to made good make good the same, or any part thereof, such deficiency and ties composing deficiencies, shall or may, by the faid letters patent, indenture the said tund, or indentures, be directed to be from time to time, as often as fuch deficiency or deficiencies shall so happen, supplied, issuing, and payable out of, or charged and chargeable upon, all and every the duties and revenues which compose the said fund, commonly called The general or aggregate fund, and every or any in preference of them (after paying or referving sufficient to pay, all such sum to all other and fums of money, as hath or have been directed by any payments former act or acts of parliament to be paid out of the fame) which shall hereafter be but with preference to all other payments which shall or may charged hereafter be charged upon, and payable out of, the said fund. thereupon.

II. And it is hereby further enacted, That the faid annuity or The faid anyearly fum of one hundred thousand pounds, shall be paid and muity to be payable at the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer, or by and paid at the from the immediate hands of all and every the commissioners, receipt of his farmers, treasurers, or receivers for the time being of the said chequer, duties, revenues, and branches respectively, upon which the said annuity or yearly fum of one hundred thousand pounds, or any part or parts thereof, shall be charged, without any fees or free of all charges to be demanded or taken for paying the fame, or any taxes and part thereof; and the acquittance and acquittances of her Ma-charges; jesty, or her trustees, or of her Majesty's treasurer or receiver and the acgeneral for the time being, shall be a good and sufficient differ Majesty, charge for the payment thereof, without any further or other or her trustees, warrant to be fued for, had, or obtained in that behalf; and to be a fuffithat the faid annuity or yearly fum of one hundred thousand cient dispounds, and every part thereof. shall be free and clear from all charge. taxes, impositions, and other public charges whatsoever; and that if the officers of the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer, or Officers refusthe faid commissioners, farmers, treasurers, or receivers for the incorneglecttune being, of all or any of the faid duties, revenues, or branch- ing to peres, upon which the faid annuity or yearly fum of one hundred form their duty may be thousand pounds, or any part or parts thereof, shall be charged, sued. as aforciaid, shall refuse or neglect to pay the said annuity or yearly sum, or any part thereof, to her Majesty, her treasurer, receiver-general, or truftees, or to do any act necessary to enable her Majesty, or her trustees, or her treasurer, or receivergeneral to receive the same, then her Majesty, or such her

trustees.

trustees; as afore aid, may, from time to time, sue, proscute, or implead fuch officers, commissioners, farmers, treasurers; or receivers, or any of them, or all or their fecurities, heirs, executors, and administrators by bill, plaint, or action of debt, and shall and may recover judgments, and sue out executions thereupon against such office's, commissioners, farmers, treafurers, or receivers respectively, and their respective securities, heirs, executors, and administrators, for such sum and sums of money then due and owing upon the faid annuity of one hundred thousand pounds, or any part thereof, as shall be in the hands of fuch officer or officers, commissioners, farmers, treasurers, or receivers respectively, at the time or times when demand thall be made of the payment of the faid yearly fum, or any part thereof, as aforelaid, or for the refusal or neglect to do any act necessary to be done by such officer or officers, to enable her Majesty, or her trustees, treasurer, or receiver-general to receive the fame.

III. And, for the better accommodation of her Majesty, in case

His Majefly impowered likewife to grant, by letters patent under the great leal, the palace of Somerfet-House in the Strand, with its rights and appurtenances,

the thall happen to fervive his Majerty, be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for his Majerty, notwithflanding any restriction contained in the faid act made in the first year of the reign of her said late Majesty Queen Anne, by any letters patent, indenture or indentures, under the great feal of Great Britain, to give, grant, fettle, or affure, all that his Majesty's palace or capital messuage called by the name of Denmark-Houle, alias Somerlet-Houle, alias Strond-House, situate in or near the Strand, and in or near the parish of Saint Mary at Strond, in the county of Mid-liefex, with its rights, members, and appurtenances whatfoever, and all and fingular houses, outhouses, stables, coach-houses, edifices, buildings, courts, yards, gardens, and appurtenances whatfoever, to the faid palace or capital meffuage belonging, and other the premitles, or any of them, belonging or appertuning, or accepted, reputed, taken, used, or enjoyed, as part, parcel, or member thereof, or any part thereof; and also to give, grant, fettle, or affure, all that his Majesty's house, now or heretofore RichmondOld usually called the Lodge, and formerly in the tenure of John Park, and the Latton esquire, situate and being within the park called or known lands and pre- by the name of Richmond Old Park, in the county of Surrey, and all and fingular the closes, wood grounds, lands, tenements, and hereditaments thereunto belonging, or held or enjoyed therewith by his Majesty upon his accession to the imperial crown of these realms, all which premisses are parcel, or reputed parcel, of the manor of Richmond, alias Well Sheen, in the faid county of Surrey; and also all those messurges and closes of land, commonly called Keele's Farm, in the parish of Mortlake, in the faid county of Surrey, purchased by or in trust for her late Majesty; and also all such other closes, wood grounds, walks, casements, lands, tenements, and hereditaments, purchased by or in trust for her said late Majesty, or his said late

Majesty, or either of them, and added to, or used with, the

with Keele's Farm in the Parith of Awitlake,

and also the

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Lodge in

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# 1764] Anno lecundo Georgii III.

faid park, or any part thereof, or as an easement or convenience and all other thereto, and held and e joyed therewith, by his Majesty upon clotes, &c. his accession to the imperial crown of these realms, in as full, used with the large, ample, and beneficial manner and form, as his Majesty said park, and might have given, grant; ', settled, or affured the same, or any ended there-part thereof, if the said a t of the first year of her said late Ma-with at his jefty's reign, or any the effrictions, clauses, matters, or things cession to the therein contained, had I wer been had or made; so as by such crown. gifts, grants, fettlements, or affurances, or fome of them, a good and fure estate and interest of and in the said palace, or capital melfuage and appurtenances, and the faid house or lodge. lands, tenements, hereditaments, and all other the premisses aforefaid, and every of them, be limited, appointed, fettled, or affured, to or for the use of, or in trust for her Majesty, in such manner that the may have and enjoy the fole benefit thereof immediately from and after the decease of his Majesty, during the term of her natural life; and so as an estate or interest be thereby also limited, appointed, settled, or affured, to or for the use of, or in trust for, the executors, administrators, and affigns of her Majesty, to take effect immediately from and after her decease, and to continue for one whole year from thence next enfuing.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That The said letall and every the powers, precepts, directions, and claufes, to be ters patent, contained in his Majesty's letters patent, indenture or inden- &c. deemed tures, hereafter to be made, as aforefaid, for the better and good in law, more certain payment and affurance of the faid annuity, or yearly fum of one hundred thousand pounds, and for making the faid respective revenues, or any of them, or any part thereof, liable thereunto as aforefaid, and for granting, conveying, fettling, and affuring, of the faid palace, or capital meffuage and appurtenances, house or lodge, lands, tenements, hereditaments, and other premisses, shall be, and are hereby enacted to be good and effectual in the law, according to the tenor and purport thereof, in the faid letters patent, indenture or indentures, to be expressed, notwithstanding any restriction, or other notwithstandmatter or thing, contained in the laid act of parliament made ing any rein the first year of her late Majetty's reign, intituled, An act for thicken in the the better support of her Majelly's housbold, and of the however are act I Anna, dignity of the crown, and notwithstanding any restriction, or other matter or thing, contained in the faid act made in the ninth or a Anna. year of her faid late Majesty's reign, for establishing the postoffice, or in any other act or acts of parliament, and any mifrecital, non-recital, omittion, or other defect, in the taid letters patent, indenture or indentures, hereafter to be made, in any

wife notwithstanding. .V. Saving to all and every person and persons, bodies politic Reservation of · and corporate, their heirs, executors, administrators, and rights. affigns (other than to the King's Majesty, his heirs, and succeffors, and other than to fuch person or persons, who do cr may fland feifed or possessed in trust for his Majesty, his heirs,

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and fuccessors) all fuch right, title, interest, and demand whatfoever, which they, or any of them, have, or may have, of, in, to, or out of, the revenues aforefaid or any of them, or of, in, or to, the faid palace, or capital messuage and appurtenances, house or lodge, lands, tenements, hereditaments, and premisses, as aforefaid, so to be granted as aforefaid, or any part thereof, before the making of this act, as fully and effectually, to all intents and purposes, as if this act had not been made; any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. II.

An all to repeal so much of an all passed in the first year of the reign of his present Majesty King George the Third, intituled, An act for the relief of insolvent debtors, as relates to creditors compelling prisoners charged in execution to deliver up their estates, and to such prisoners being thereupon discharged.

Preamble.

THEREAS an act of parliament was made and passed in the first year of the reign of his present Majesty King George the Third, intituled, An act for relief of infolvent debtors: And whereas by the faid all any creditor of any prisoner committed, or who should be committed; and charged in execution, is impowered to compel fuch prisoner to deliver up his estate and effects in order to his being discrarged, in such manner as by the said act is directed : and whereas great inconveniences have arisen from such power being given to creditors as aforefaid; may it therefore please your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the fame, That from and after the nineteenth day of November, one thousand seven hundred and fixty one, so much of the said recited act, as relates the recited act to creditors compelling pritoners charged in execution to deliver up their estates, and to such prisoners being thereupon difcharged, shall be, and the same is hereby repealed, to all intents and purpofes whatfoever.

The compulfive clause in repealed.

Offences against the recited act, notwithstanding fuch repeal, may be fued for.

and the offenders-are the penalties and forfeitures red.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That this act shall not extend, or be construed to extend, to pardon, indemnify, or discharge, any person who hath incurred, or, before the faid nineteenth day of November, one thousand seven hundred and fixty one, shall incur, any penalty or forfeiture, by committing any offence against the said act made and passed in the said first year of his present Majesty's reign, but that every fuch offender shall be liable to the formade liable to feitures and penalties incurred, or, before the faid nineteenth day of November, one thousand seven hundred and sixty one, thereby incur- to be incurred, under the faid act, made and passed in the said first year of his present Majesty's reign, as if the said act had not been repealed, and had continued in full force.

# 1761.] Anno fecuado Georgii III. C.S.

## CAP. III.

An act for granting on aid to bis Majesty by a land tax to be raised in Great Hitain, for the service of the year one thousand seven bundled and fixty two.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

E your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons Preamble. of Great Britain, in parliament affembled, taking into our Serious consideration such expences as are absolutely necessary for supporting your Majesty's government, and being resolved to Supply the same, have for that end and purpose cheerfully and voluntarily given and granted, and do by this att give and grant unto your Majesty, the leveral and respective rates and affessments hereafter mentioned; and we do most humbly beseach your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the sum of two millions thirty 2,037,854. seven thousand eight hundred fifty four pounds, nineteen 19.5 and 11d. shillings, and eleven pence, shall be raised, levied, and paid to be raised in unto his Majesty, within the kingdom of Great Britain, by such proportions, and in such manner and form, as hereafter in this act are expressed.

And it is hereby declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That, &c. &c.

1, 989, 900 l. 18 s. and 9 d. to be raised in England in one year from 2 sth March 1762. - Personal estates (except desperate debts, stock on land, household goods, and loans to his Majesty) to pay 4s. in the pound. — Employments of profit (except military officers of the army or navy) to pay 4 s. per pound. — Pensions and annuities out of the Exchequer, &c. to pay, &c. — Lands, tenements, mines, &c. to be charged with equality and indifference, &c. - Lands, &c. subject to rent-charges, annuities, &c. - Commissioners of the land tax for the year 1759, to put this act in execution. - Commissioners to meet on or before the 30th of April, 1762, 25 by the act 4 W. and M. and may subdivide themselves, &c. - A lift of the commissioners to act in each division, to be given to the receivers-general.-Commissioners, to summon fit persons to be affestors, who are to appear before them in eight days; and then to give them a charge. Perfons ablenting, or refuling to lerve, forfeit, not exceeding 51-nor less than 40 s. Affessors to be two at least, and sufficient inhabitants. - Assesments to be brought in at a day and place prefixed. - The full fum charged to be affelled. - A certificate of the affeliment to be brought in with the collectors names. Affestors, &c. neglecting their duty to be fined not above 401. — Affelfors to deliver one copy of the affeliments to the commissioners. — Duplicates thereof to be figured, &c. and one delivered to the collectors, &c with warrant for collecting. --- Commissioners required to give collectors notice at what time and place the appeal of any person who shall think himself aggrieved by being over-rated, may be heard and determined. — A duplicate in parchment to be delivered, together with the names of the affellors and collectors, to the receivergeneral; and one to the remembrancer's office, by 8th August 1762, or twenty days after (all appeals first determined) — Remembrancer to give receipts gratis on penalty of 101. - The rates to be levied on the parties, or premisses; and to be paid to the receivers-general, &c. - The B4

money

Anno hounds Liboroff Libe & . W [1761. money collected to be paid to the receiver-general, or deputies; and they to give commissioners notice.—Collectors not obliged to travel above ten miles.—Removal or death of receiver general to be notified to the commissioners.—497,4751. 4s. and &d. 1. for the first quarterly payment, to be paid to the receivers by 14th Jun, 1762. the second payment by 29th September 1762. the third payment by 25th December 1762. the last payment by the 25th March 1763.—Receiver-general within a month after receiver get the full stun charged, to give the commissioners a receipt: which shall be a full discharge for payment. Receiver-general within twenty days to pay the monies into he Exchequer; and to be allowed 2 d. in the pound.—Collectors to have 2 d. in the pound.—Comlowed 2 d. in the pound. ---- Collectors to have 3 d. in the pound. Commissioners clerks to have three half pence in the pound. — Collectors may levy by distress, in case of refusal of payment. Distress to be kept fourdars at the owners charge; then appraised and fold, and the over-plus. returned, &c. Commissioners to determine differences about diffress. For want of difficis offender may be committed (except a peer or peerels of Great Britain) - Tenan's to pay the tax, and deduct fo much out of the rents. - Tenants discharged for what they so pay. Commissioners to fettle differences between landlord and tenant. Commissioners to caul, all deficiencies to be realfested, and made good. - Affestor re-; to erve, to forfest not exceeding 40 l. fine not to be discharged but by commissioners who imposed it; and levied by distress or imprisonment, and paid into the Exchequer, and inferted in the duplicates. --- Collectors detaining the money, to be imprisoned, their estates seized and sold, &c. — Commissioners to examine whether the turns allefied be duly collected, &c. - In case of controverties in affirfing commutationers, the commissioners concerned to withdraw : in details to be fined; not above 201. No privileged place or person exempt from this tax. Fee farm rents. &c. to be taxed. Tenants to pay the rates —— Colleges, &c. in the univertities, &c. not chargeable : nor the houles or lands, which before the 25th of March 1693. did belong to Christ's hospital, &c nor corporation of clergymen's ions, Bromby college, or any other hotpital or almslioufe. — No tenants of holpitals, &c. to claim any examption. — Such tenants not discharged, who by leafes are object to pay taxes. — Commissioners to determine how far lands, &c. belonging to hospitals, &c. not exempted by name, o &c afferfed by 4 W. and M. I to be charged. --- All signal to this aid, and n her. --- Receivers of fee-faim rents, &c. to allow as per pound to the parties, without fee, on penalty of a d. Auditors, &c. fetting tenants in uper for what ought to be allowed, or returing allowance, to foriest rook -- Such fee form rents only to have an allowance of 4 per pound, as are and erable to the crown, or were purchased according to 22 rad 13 Car in The owners to allow the same to the puty paying. — Litts of pensions &c to be delivered gratis to the assess. Taxes on pensions, &c. nor paid, to be stopt in the Exchequer. A true account to be kept of the money flopt. -Persons to be taxed in the paralli where they dwell. --- No proviso to less the fact of the parish where they dwell.—Cont acts between land-lerd and tenant, touching taxes, not to avoided.—All places to pay, where usually assessed — Wift B. Letto be assessed in the lathe of Skray, Com. Kent, Northwore, Com. Over, in Brampton. Charling, &c. in Characagen, Leeds, com. Ebr. in Skrae. Ombersley, &c. com. Woreller in Oberitifore hundred. Farish of Yardley, in Haltifore hundred. Forest of Ciate, where the first is, aid was affelled. Upton, in Perstore hundred. Caller and Arc, at Wakefuld and Leeds. - Inhabitants of to be affeffed in the tame proportion appartments. &c. in some with those in Lincoft. liberty. — General issue. Treble costs. — Where lands &c. are a occupied, and no distress found, collectors may diffrain at any time after. Wood may be cut down, and fold for difirefs (Timber-tiecs excep - Tithes, tolls, &c. not paid within ax days after demand, may be feized and fold. - Receiver general returning persons, who have paid the tax, to be in arrear, forfeits trebie damages to the party grieved, and to his Majesty double the sum so re-

runed. — Commissioners to assess the affestors. — None compelled to

Affeliments on foreign

ministers

be allesfors out of the limits of the city, &c.

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manifers houles to be paid by the landlords. — In places extraparochial commissioners to nominate after its and collectors, &c. — No commissioner, &c. liable to any other pendities than such as are inflicted by this act. — Commissioners not to act without taking the oaths by a Geo. i. &c. — acting before oaths taken of feit 2001. — Officers to pay, where emplanted the officers in change in change in the officers in the officers. ployed, &c. - Officers in chancery to be affelfed in the rolls liberty. Annuities where rated. Pensions, where payable. Personal estates, where persons resident, &c. Persons not householders, where resident. Absent persons to be rated where they were last resident. — Goods, &c. to be assessed where they shall be. — Persons doubly rated, discharged on cerrificate. — Not to extend to Scotland, Ireland, Jerfey, or Guernfey. —
Perfons avoiding the tax, charged treble. — Householders to give an account of their lodgers, on forfeiture of 51. — Shares in the New river, Ecc. to pay 4 s. per pound. Shares in the Fire offices, and in the lights. and the King's printing-house to pay 4s. per pound. Merchants, bank of England, post office, &c. to be paid by the governors. — Governors, &c. of the river-waters, and water-works refuling to pay, the collectors impowered to levy the fum by diffress and sale. - Papists 18 years of age not taking the oaths 1 W. and M. to pay double : unless taken within ten days after the commissioners first meeting. --- Persons of 18 years of age retuling the oath, to pay double. - Commissioners to summon suspected persons, &c. - Quakers to subscribe the declaration 1 W. and M. -Committioners to double affels papitts, where affelfors omit. —— Tenants discharged from double rates.—King's bench, Marshalsea prison, &c. to be alsessed in St. George's parish, &c. — Officers of the Marshalsea court refusing to pay, &c. collectors by warrant from commissioners may diffrain. If no goods fufficient, officers to be imprisoned. ---- Fleet prison to be affessed in St. Bride's - Officers at Stoke Damril, near Plymouth, to be affelled within the town of Plymouth, &c. - Officers of the holpital at Fast Stonebouse, to be assessed also within the town of Plymouth. 201. to be paid out of the fum affelled on the faid officers, in aid of the affelfment on East Stonehouse. - Water-works in Southwark to be assessed in Surrer. - Water-works in Westminster to be assessed there. Offices, &c. in Whitehall and St. James's to be there affessed .- Collectors of the water-works in Colchester chargeable. Collectors for the water-works in New Windfor, chargeable. - Patent officers to bishopricks to pay where affelfed in 1693. — Commissioners appointed to act, without subdividing the parish of St. Andrew Holborn, in Muddlefex. The parish of St. George Hanver square to be charged with distinct Quota from the parish of St. Martin's in the fields. Debates ariting concerning the joint Quota, the commissioners who are inhabitants of either parish to withdraw, or to be fined a sum not exceeding 201.— The parishes of St. John. St. Peter, and Berchington, to be charged in Dover liberty, according to the affeltment 4 W. and M. — Lands not worth 20s. per annum not chargeable.

Collectors keeping monies in their hands, to forfeit 40l. — Receiver-general mitapplying the monies to forfeit 500 l. ——— Commissioners of the treasury, &c. not to divert the payments into the Exchequer. — No Noli prosequi, &c. in any suit against this act. - Commissioners to abate, where lands are over charged, and to re-affels, &c. or raife it on persons undercharged. - Receiver-general answerable for deputies. Sub collector not to travel above ten miles, &c. Receivers not nominating deputies, &c. to forfeit 100l. ——Commissioners for the county at large may act for any city, &c. ——Mayors, bailists &c. to act as commissioners specially appointed. ——Members of parliament to be taxed at their mantion houses. - First meeting for the West riding of York at Pontefract; North riding, at Thirlk; East riding at Bewerley. --- No commissioner capable to act in any county at large, unless rated at rool. per annum (Merioneth, Cardigan, &c. excepted) Commissioners for Anglesea, &c. sto act, if rated at 60 L per annum. ——— Commissioners, may act for any city, being inhabitants, or inns of court, &c. Attornies &c. not to Be commissioners, without possessing root, per annum. No commissioner of the city of London, or liberty of St. Martin le grand to act, unless rated at 20 l. per annum of his own estate, &c. No commissioner of the city, &c. of Westminster to act, unless rated at aol. per annum of his own eltate.

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estate. — Persons disabled presuming to 20, to sorfeit 50l. — Collectors of the new water-works in Exon, hargeable. — Her Majesty the Queen not chargeable; nor her royal Highness the Princess dowager of Wales; nor his royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, nor the princess Amelia. — Superannuated sea-officirs not to pay, &c. nor poor knights of Windsor. — Residentiaries, in what cases not chargeable: nor 100l. per annum to the poor clergy of the isle of Man: nor pages of honour. — Receivers general to give of otice of failures in payment of the taxes. — Commissioners for Lincoln to act in Lincoln-close; and for the county, in St. Martin in Stambard haron — A unitor to keep a 770 F for the county, in St. Martin in Stamford baron. Auditor to keep a register, &c. - Deputies to pay for principals, and on nonpayment liable to diffress. ----- Receiver-general to give a lift of money received by him, at the time and place appointed. On refusal to forteit any sum not exceeding 201. ----- Collectors may keep to much money as any two commissioners judge reasonable .-No receiver to return an infuter upon any county, &c. after three years for monies in arrear; but the same to be a debt on him and his fecurities. ---- Sheriff, on writs of diffringas. to return issues after the rate of 51. per cent. of the sum set an insuper : and process to issue thereupon, &c .---- Water-works in Shrewsbury charge-- Who shall have the benefit only of overplus sums uncharged. Clause for the ease of protestants, to whom lands, &c. have come, which have been doubly taxed. Where lands doubly taxed are liable only to a fingle affefiment; commissioners on complaint to examine into the truth thereof, and to certify the same to the barons of the Exchequer, before 19th September, 1762; who are to discharge the overplus before the last day of November 1762. Certificates of the funs discharged to be produced to the commissioners at their next meeting. ——— Commissioners may fummon collectors, who have converted land tax monies to then own use. or their heirs, &c. and on examination may iffue their warrants for paying fuch monics to his Majesty's use. - The payments made according to the commillioners warrants, &c. shall be discharges to the collectors, or their heirs, &c. - Collectors not paying, may be imprisoned, and their effates feized and fold. ——Arrears of former land-taxes to be levied by the prefent commissioners. ——No receiver-general, or his agents, may fue the county for a tobbery, unless the persons carrying the money be in company, and three at least in number. - Tolls or duties on turnpikes, not chargeable by this or any former act. ---- Commissioners may, before 29th September 1762, hummon assessors; who have not charged their effates ince 6th May 1717, and examine them upon oath, and award tatisfaction, to be levied and paid to the collectors .millioners, &c. to diffinguish and set down the gross sums affered for double taxes, to be transmitted in the Exchequer. Assessments on the town of Cambridge to be raifed on manors, &c. and on fifthings, &c. on the river Cam. ——On whom and when, yearly affeitments on fairs, &c. to be rollected. Diffress on default of pryment how to be levied. Tenants of booths, &c. to pay the rates, and deduct them out of their rents, &c.

47,9541 is. 2 d. to be raifed in Scotland, by an 8 months cels of 5,9941. 5 s. 1 d. 3 q per mensem, to be rated as the tax roll now is, or shall be settled by themselves. The first two months cess to be paid by 24th of June 1762, lecond, 29th September 1762, third 25th December 1762, fourth 25th March 1763. - Commissioners for putting this act in execution in Scotland, the same as for the act 31 Geo. ii. &c. And execution to be done as by the faid act. First meeting to be at the head burghs on 30th April 1762. —— All clauses in former ass relating to the bringing in the ceis, &c. to be in full force. - No persons in Scotland holden to produce their receipts after 3 years. -- Debtor owing money in Scotland at 6 per cent. to retain a 6th part of 6 per cent. from 11th Nov. 1761, to 11th Nov 1762. 47,9541. 1 s. 2 d. to be raifed free of all charges, and to be paid at Ldinburgh. --- No person to be a commissioner of the land tax in Scotland, who is not enfeoft of 1001. Scots, per annum real rent in the county where he acts. Exception. Commissioners in Scotland to take the ---- Provoft, &c. of any royal booaths, and subscribe the assurance. -- Claufe of loan at 4.1. per cent.a ough may act as a commissioner. -Tallies of loan to be struck, &c. Orders registered and paid in course. No

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# 1761. J. ... Anno secundo Georgii III. . . 4.

fee for registering, &c. Tenalty for undue preference. — No undue preference, where tallies are dated or brought the same day: nor if sub-fequent orders be paid before such as were not demanded in course. — Commissioners of the treasury impowered to prepare any number of Exchequer bills of one common sum, or different sums, in the principal monies. Bills to bear interest at 41. per cent. per annum. These bills to be numbered arithmetically. — Treasury to direct the course of payment for loans or Exchequer bills, and to appoint cheques, &c. — The bills to be placed as cash in the Exchequer, and to be issuable thereout in common with other monies, and to be current to be issuable thereout in common with other monies, and to be current in the revenue. Receivers to exchange bills for ready money. --- Tallies to be levied for bills lent into the Exchequer .--Interest to continue rill payment. Interest to cease whilst the bills are in the hands of receivers, &c. — Bills paid to receivers, &c. to be signed and dated. Interest to be allowed to the said days. The bills may be resssued, both for principal and interest. — Receivers to keep a book. — Bills filled up by indorfements, or defaced, to be exchanged. - Bills not Exchequer bills, felony.—How the monies arising by this act shall be applied.—Treatury on 29 Sept. 1763, to take an account of all monies raifed and discharged - Untatisfied monies to be paid out of the next aid, or out of the firking fund. --- Commillioners to appoint persons to pay off principal fums, which shall from time to time be in course of payment upon Exchequer bills .---- Money, as brought in, to be paid to the -Bills to be registered in courte,--When interest to -Paymafters liable to the controul of the treatury. --- Treafury to lettle falaries of clerks, &c. and to contract with persons to circulate -Contractors not disabled from being members of parliabills, &c. — - May lower or raise the interest with consent of the treatury. Contractors how to be paid. No fee to be taken. No interest for less than one penny.—Charges to be paid out of the finking fund: to be replaced out of the first supplies—Clause of relict tor bills lost or 

#### CAP. IV.

An act for continuing and granting to his Majesty certain duties upon malt, mum, cyder, and perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and sixty two.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

W E your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons Preamble. of Great Britain, in parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary supplies to destray your Majesty's public expences, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto your Majesty, the rates, duties, and impositions herein after mentioned; and do most humbly beseech your Majesty, That it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That within and throughout that part of Great Britain called England, Wales, and town of Berwick upon Twied, &c. &c.

Malt act of 1 Geo. iii. further continued to 24th June 1763. — Malt in Scotland to pay 3d. per bushel. Mum 10s. per barrel. Cyder and per-remade for sale, 4s. per hogshead. How these duties are to be raised.

Anno fecundo Grordii Filiado. S. 11961.

20,000 l. to be raifed in Scotland. Burpius to be added to the fifneries, &c .- This act to relate to the lame day and time, as the act a G.o. iii. did — Malt brought from Scotland by sea, to be entered at the port of landing: brought by land, to be entered at Berwick or Carlife.

Cyder for distilling not chargeable. Dittiler to give notice to the officer when he distils evder. — Allowances for exportation of malt. w. and M. C: certificate of mult being exported, and fecurity, allowance to be paid. Penalty on relanding, over and above the penalty of the bond, all the malt and treble the value forteited. - Mair steeping for exportation to be kept separate till measured. Malifers to give notice to officers, &c. —— Penalty on opening the locks, &c. after malt is measured, &c. —— Malfters, on 24th June 1762, to clear out of the rewarehouses all malt within fifteen months. And fo all future-malflus-Chaufes in act 12 Anne and 6 Geo. 1. 5 s. per bushel penalty on all corn steep-ang or theeped for malt, which shall be found in the cistern or couch, so hard and compact as it could not be, unless the same had been forced to-same away, so that no gauge of such corn can be taken in the couch. Penalties how to be recovered.—Buyers of cyder or perry for their private ute not to be charged.—Persons selling less than 20 gallons, to be deemed retailers. -- Clause of loan at 41, per cent. Tallies of loan to be struck, &c. Orders registered and paid in course. No fee for registering, &c. Penalty for undue preference. No undue preference, where takes are dated or brought the lame day; nor if inbequent orders be paid before such as were not demanded in course. Orders affignable.———Commissioners of the treatury impowered to prepare any number of one common sum, or different sums, in the principal monies. - Bills to bear interest at 41, per cent, per annum. Thele bill to be numbered untimerically. Treating to direct the course of payment for loans of Exchequer bills, and to appoint cheques, &c --- The bills to pand out of the next and, or out of the finking fund, to be replaced out of the first supplies. ———— Denouncy of the most tax 33 Go in how to be Supplied. Arrears of former duties to be applied in aid of the supplies granted for the year 1762.

#### CAP. V.

An act for more effectually preventing the excessive use of spiritucus liquors for home consumption, by laving additional duties upon spirits made in Great Britain, or imported into the same; and for better regulating and encouraging the exportation of British made spirits; and for securing the payment of the duties upon spirituous liquors.

Preamble.

12

WHEREAS by an act made in the thirty-third year of the reign of his late majefly King George the Second, intituled, An act for preventing the excelfive use of spiritusus liquors, by laying additional duties thereon; for shortening the prohibition of making low wines and spirits from wheat, barley, malt, or other grain, and from meal, flour, and bran; for encouraging the exportation of British made spirits; and for more effectually securing the duties payable upon spirits, and preventing the fraudulent relanding or importation thereof; additional duties were laid upon spirituous liquors and

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other problems were gradified in order, by continuing the high price of such liquors, to present the excelling use thereof for home consumption, at the same lime that the exportation of spirituous liquors was Mended to be encouraged; and subtreas some of the provisions made by the faid net do no less tend to inhance the price of spirits made for exportation, than the price of those made for home consumption: and whereas the present method of subjecting spirits made for exportation to the payment of duties, and in consideration thereof granting drawbacks or allowances upon exportation, has been found to be attended with many inconviniences: in order therefore more effectually to carry on the wife and falutary purpofes of the faid act, by providing a more convenient method of encouraging the exportation of spirisames liquors, and at the same time effectually guarding against any increase of the use thereof for home confumption, May it please your Majefly that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this prefent parliament affembled and by the authority of the same, The addition-That from and after the twenty first day of January, one all duties tolthousand seven hundred and fixty two, there shall be raised, lowing laid on levied, collected, and paid unto his Majesty, his heirs and spirituous lisuccessors, throughout the kingdom of Great Britain, for the quors made or imported several kinds of spirituous liquors herein after mentioned, into Great specified, and enumerated, which shall be made in Great Bri- Britain, not tain for home consumption, or imported into Great Britain from being the proparts beyond the feas (not being the produce of the British co-British cololonies) over and above all duties, charges, and impolitions by nies; to take. any former act or acts of parliament thereupon respectively set, place from rated, and imposed, the several additional rates and duties of and after 22 excise herein after mentioned and expressed; that is to say,

For every gallon of low wines, or spirits of the first extrac- The duties. tion, made or drawn from any fort of drink or wash brewed or made from any fort of malt or corn, or from brewers wash or tilts, or any mixture with fuch brewers wash or tilts, to be

paid by the distillers or makers thereof, One penny.

For every gallon of strong waters or Aqua Vite, made for sale of the materials aforefaid, or any of them, to be paid by the di-

ftillers or makers thereof, Three pence.

For every gallon of low wines, or spirits of the first extraction, anade or drawn in Great Britain from any foreign or imported materials, or any mixture therewith, to be paid by the distillers or makers thereof, Three pence.

For every gallon of spirits made or drawn in Great Britain. from any foreign or imported materials, or any mixture therewith, to be paid by the distillers or makers thereof, Two pence.

For every gallon of low wines, or spirits of the first extraction, made or drawn from cyder, or any fort or kind of British materials (except those beforementioned) or any mixture therewith, to be paid by the distillers or makers thereof, One peny Three farthings.

For every gallon of spirits made for that from cydes or and fort or kind of British materials, (except those before mentioned,) to be paid by the distillers or makers thereof, Two pence.

For every gallon of fingle brandy spiles or Aque Vitas, imported into Great Britain from beyond the feas, not being the produce of the British colonies, to be paid by the importer before landing. Six pence.

For every gallon of brandy spirits or Aqua Vitæ above proof. commonly called Double Brandy, imported into Great Britain from beyond the feas, not being the produce of the British colonies, to be paid by the importer before landing, One shilling, .

Duties in Eng. land to be under the receipt and management of the commillioners and officers or excise there: And those in Scotland, under the comofficers of excife there:

and they are impowered to appoint proper officers that behalf. The monies arising thereby are to be paid into the exchequer at Weltminster, separate from all other branches of the public revenues.

Clause in the act 33 Geo.2. prohibiting malt distillers to compound or rectify fpirits into gin or brandy.

II. And for the better ascertaining, charging, collecting, raising, levying, and fecuring the rates and duties by this act imposed on the faid spirituous liquors, and preventing frauds therein, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That such of the faid rates and duties by this act granted, as are charged upon spirituous liquors made, extracted, and manufactured in, or imported into England, Wales, or the town of Berwick upon Tweed, shall be under the receipt and management of the commissioners and officers of his Majesty's revenue of excise in England for the time being; and fuch of the faid rates and duties as are imposed by this act, upon spirituous liquors made, exmissioners and tracted, and manufactured in, or imported into S. stland, shall be under the receipt and management of the commissioners and officers of excise in Scotland for the time being; and the said respective commissioners of excise, or the major part of them. have hereby power by commission, under their respective hands and feals, to constitute and appoint under them such officers as under them in shall be necessary in that behalf; and all monies arising by the faid duties in Great Britain, or any part thereof (the necessary charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted) shall from time to time be paid into the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer at Westminster, distinctly and apart from all other branches of the public revenue; and shall be subject and liable to such uses, applications, and purposes, as shall by any future act or acts of parliament be directed or appointed.

III. And whereas by a clause in the said att of parliament passed in the thirty third year of the reign of his late Majesty King George the Second, reciting, that whereas many evils had arisen to the public by reason of the compounding or rectifying of spirits, by persons practifing the trade or business of making or distilling spirits from corn or grain; it was therefore enacted, That from and after the twenty first day of April, one thousand feven hundred and fixty, if any person practising the trade or business of making, extracting, or distilling low wines or spirits, from corn or grain, or any mixture therewith, or having any interest, share, or property, in any such trade or business, should directly, or indirectly, either by him or herself, or any other person or persons in trust, or for his or her benefit, rectify, compound, or make, any fort of spirits into the liquor

commonly

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commonly called Gitt, of into brandy, or any other compound spirituous liquors whatsoever, every such person should, for every fuch offence, forfeit and pay the fum of one hundred pounds; and that the heirs, executors, administrators or asfigns, of any person who should, after the said twenty first day of April, one thousand seven hundred and fixty, have been guilty of the offence aforesaid, should not be intitled unto, or maintain any cause, action, or suit, for recovery, either in law or equity, of any fum or fums of money, debt, or demand whatfoever, on account or by reason of any interest or property in, or profit or advantage arising in respect of, spirits, made, extracted, or distilled, from corn or grain, or any rectified or compounded spirituous liquors whatsoever: and whereas it is thought expedient to answer the purposes of this act, to repeal the same clause: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said recited clause, and every part thereof, shall, from and after the is repealed.

faid twenty first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and fixty two, be, and the same is hereby repealed, and made null

and void to all intents and purpofes.

IV. And, for the more effectual fecuring the payment of the No distiller. duties upon spirits; it is hereby enacted and declared by the au-rectifier, or thority aforesaid, That from and after the said twenty first day of dealer in spi-January, one thousand seven hundred and sixty two, no person rits, may have or persons who shall either make or rectify any spirite for set in his possesor persons who shall either make or rectify any spirits for sale, sion any still or who shall sell or deal in any fort of spirituous liquors, shall have or stills, which in his, her, or their custody or possession, or in the custody or posses-separately, or fion of any other person or persons in trust, or for the use or be-together, shall nefit of him, her, or them, any still or number of stills, unless than roogalfuch still if a fingle one, or such stills taken together if more lons, on penalthan one, shall contain at the least one hundred gallons, on pain ty of 1001. to forfeit for every such still the sum of one hundred pounds; and all the and that such stills as shall contain separately less than one hun-dersized stills dred gallons shall be all placed in one room or workhouse, on are to be pain to forfeit for every fuch still not so placed, the like sum of placed in one one hundred pounds; and every person and persons who shall, room under after the said twenty first day of January, one thousand seven Persons who hundred and fixty two, sell or deal in any liquors which are shall deal in chargeable with any duty of excise, and who shall also make or exciseable lidiffil any spirits, shall be deemed and taken, and is and are quors, and heraby declared to be a common diffiller or diffillers for fale shall also dihereby declared to be a common distiller or distillers for sale, shall also diand is and are hereby required to enter his, her, and their still declared to be and stills, and shall be liable to be charged with, and to pay for, commondistilall low wines and spirits made by them the several rates and lers; and are duties of excise charged by this, and all and every former act to enter their or acts for laying duties upon low wines or spirits, and be sub-duties accordject to the survey of the officers of excise, and to the several ingly. penalties and forfeitures imposed by this or any former act or acts of parliament now in force, in any wife relating to distillers.

V. And, for the better encouraging the exportation of spirits All wash and made in Great Britain; be it therefore enacted by the authority and spirits afore-

therefrom. made for foreign exportation, are exempted from the duties of excile:

and no drawbacks or allowances are to be paid thereon, for the future:

except fuch as were thipped, &c. for exportation, belore i Jan. 1762, &c.

Every distiller of spirits for exportation is previously to enter at the next office of excise,

all the stills. and other veffels which he

and his workhouses and warehouses, with the day he shall first begin to work; and is from time to time afterwards to give due notice to the

aforefaid. The from and after the fall charge first day of Jo-nuary, one thousand seven bundred and fixty two, no wash which shall be brewed or made for the making of low wines, in order to extract spirits for exportation sometimes beyond the feet. nor any fuch low wines or spirits, shall be charged or chargeable with any duty or duties of excile granted by this or any former act or acts of parliament for laying of duties upon low wines or fairits; and that from thenceforth all and every drawback, allowance, and Lounty, which hath been given or granted by any former act or acts of parliament on the exportation of British made spirits, to parts beyond the seas, whether payable by the commissioners of excise or customs, shall cease, and be to longer payable or paid; any law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

VI. Provided, That nothing herein contained shall extend to prevent the payment of the drawbacks, allowances, and bounties. for fuch spirits as shall have been really and bona side shipped or fent coastways in order for exportation, before the faid twenty first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and fixty two. and which had been tried and ascertained according to the di-

rections of the faid recited act.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That from and after the faid twenty first day of *January*, one thousand seven hundred and sixty two, all and every distiller and distillers who shall be desirous of making or distilling spirits for exportation, shall, four days at the least before he, she, or they shall begin to brew any corn or grain, or to mix any other materials for the making of wash to be distilled into low wines, in order to extract spirits for exportation, make a true and particular entry in writing at the next office of excile, within the limits whereof his, her, or their workhouse, stillhouse, storehouse, warehouse, or other place for distilling or keeping wash. low wines, or spirits, is or shall be situate, of all and every still, copper, ton, wash-back, cask, or other vessel, which he, the, or they thall make use of for the brewing, distilling, workshall make use ing, making, laying, or keeping, any worts, wash, low wines, or ipirits, and also of the casks or vessels which every such distiller or distillers shall make use of for the brewing, holding, or keeping of the after-runnings or feints from the second extraction which shall, from time to time, be drawn from every such still; and also of all and every workhouse, stillhouse, storehouse, warehouse, or other place, by him, her, or them used for the preparing, distilling, or keeping, wash, low wines, or spirits; and in such entry shall insert the day when he, she, or they, shall intend to begin first to brew any corn or grain, or to mix any other materials for the making of wash to be distilled into low wines in order to extract spirits for exportation; and shall afterwards from time to time, during the continuance of fuch entry, give or leave notice in writing at the faid office of excise, or with the officer of excise for the division or place proper officer, where such spirits are intended to be made, four hours at the leaft

least before he, the they shall begin any such subsequent before he shall brewing or mixing; and shall infert in fuch notice the hour begin any when he, she, or they hall intend to begin; and shall allo, from histograms to time, during the continuance of such entry, give or leave and a tike no. notice he writing at the faid excite office, or with the faid officer that before he of excise, four hours at the least before any wash is pumped up, so al pump up or otherwise conveyed into the still or stills, and shall insert in or convey any wash into the fuch notice the hour when he, the, or they, thall intend to begin : and if he, the, or they thall neglect or refuse to make such entry as aforefaid, or thall not infert in fuch entry the day when he, the, or they thall intend first to brew any corn or grain, or to max any other materials for the making of wath as aforefail, or to give such respective notices as aforefaid, or to insert in such notices respectively the hour when he, she, or they shall intend on penalty of to begin his, her, or their respective operation as more taid; 100k. every fuch dafuller and dufullers, for every fuch offeree, thall forte t and lofe the turn of one hundred pounds; at d it, after Disiller not fuch entry formade, fach diffiller or diffusers that not be a and proceeding in proceed to brow, or my his priterials as aforefaid, on the day on the day mentioned a fach entry, or within four hours next afterwards; and hours or having to a much active or notices as abrestud, shall not be mond in begin and proceed in Rich respective operation. If the bour, the entry, and and time or onics, mentioned in such respective notices, or in the convenience of the con two hours next afterwards; then every fuch entry and notice is to make a thall be, and is and are hereby declared to be, null and yord; noth caus. and every fuch diffiller and diffillers shall be obliged to make a and even the fresh and like carry, or to give a fresh and like notice or notices he preceds as aforetaid: and in cate any tuch diffiller or diffillers fball begin therein; to brew any corn or grain, or to mix any materials for the pur- or penalty of pole aforefaid, or thall pump up or otherwise convey, or cause 10.1. or fuffer to be pumped up or otherwife conveyed, any wash into the fillor fills, without naking fuch freshentry, in case the hist be- No distiller for came void, or giving such fresh notice or notices respectively, in my enter or cate such first notice or notices thall respectively become void; give notice, then, and in every tuch cate, fuch diffiller and diffillers fo of-whose washfending, thall, for every fuch offence, forfeit and lofe the fum of full will not one hundred pounds.

VIII. Provided always, that nothing berein contained shall the spirit or extend to permit or authorize any diffiller or diffillers to enter or low wine full give notice of his intention to make spirits for exportation, whose 850 gallous, give notice of his intention to make ipins for exportation, whose wath-full will not contain one thousand fix hundred gallons, shall have disand the fpirit or low wine-full eight hundred gallons; neither flilled into shall any distiller or distillers be inituled or permitted to distil sports all the spirits for exportation, although he may have made an entry as wath and low aforefaid, unlets he, the, or they thall actually have diffilled wines in his into fpirits all the wash and low wines in his, her, or their cus-home contody or possession for the making of spaits for home censump-simption 48 tion, at least forty eight hours before the day mentioned in such bours before

IX And it is hereby further enacted by the authority afore- toned in the Vol. NAV.

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When the wash and low wines for ipirits for exbe distribut. and the forris locked up; the dutiller his entry for exportation. and make entry anew for home concordingly; contrary to there directions he forfeits 2001 into the flill and the low wines imme-

gauged; and entered and gauged, iutficient to contain the ipirits extracted, is to be providthe whole is collected, the fpirits are to in the prefence of the officer, and

ganged by him; and af-

terwards, put

in casks, and

fecured in his

pretence in lome entered

warchouic,

That when any fuch distiller or distiller man be desirous of distilling any spirits for home consumption, and shall have actually distilled into spirits all the wash, low vines, and scints, in portation shall his, her, or their custody or possession, for the making of the rits for exportation, and fuch spirits shall be locked up in the warehouse as herein after is directed; he, the, or they, may withdraw his, her, or their entry for exportation, and shall be may withdraw at liberty to make a fresh and like entry for making spirits for home confumption; and at the expiration of fix days after fuch entry made, it thall and may be lawful for fuch diffiller and diftillers to begin to brew or mix materials for wash to be distilled into spirits for home consumption: and if any such distiller or fumption, and diffillers thall begin to brew or mix materials for wash to be within 6 days distilled into spirits for home consumption, without having made atter begin his fuch entry, or contrary to any of the directions of this clause, he shall, for every such offence, forfeit and lose the sum of two

and the acts hundred pounds.

X. And, for the preventing of frauds, which diffillers for exportation may commit, by privately removing and concealing the wath, low wines, or spirits: and in order that the officer Wash for spi- may obtain true gauges of the same; it is hereby further enrits for expor- acted by the authority aforefaid. That from and after the faid tation is to be twenty first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and fixty two, no wath that shall be brewed or mixed for the exin the prefence tracking spirits for exportation, shall be pumped up into the still of an officer; or fills, or otherwise removed from the back or vessel wherein the fame was fermented, but in the prefence of an officer of exdiately run off cife, on any pretence whatfoever; and all and every fuch diinto an enter- stiller and distillers snall, and is and are hereby required to run, ed veflel, and or draw off his, her, or their low wines immediately from the there kept till fill, into an entered velicl or veffels only, and to continue a proper cask them therein, so that the officers of excise may take a true gauge of fuch low wines; and fuch diffiller and diffillers thall each of them provide a proper cask, which thall be duly entered and gauged, into which the fpirits shall run immediately from the still; which cask shall be sufficient to contain the whole produce of spirits to be extracted from each still when made up to ed; and when the proper strength such spirits are required to be; and when the whole quantity of spirits shall be collected in such cask from each still, all and every such distiller and distillers shall, and is be made proof and are hereby required immediately to make up fuch spirits, in the prefence of the officer of excise, to the strength of one to fix under hydrometer proof; and a true gauge of fuch spirits so made up shall then be taken by the officer of excise, who shall keep an exact account thereof; and fuch spirits, and every part thereof, thall immediately afterwards be put into casks, and fecured in the prefence of the officer of the excise, in a warehouse or warehouses to be provided and duly entered at the proper office of excite, and kept for that purpose by and at the expense and approved of fuch diffiller and diffillers, which spirits shall be kept there feparate and apart from all spirits made for home consumptions

and

and no spirits for home consumption thall be put into the same under three warehouse; and such carehouse and warehouses shall be secured locks and under three locks and three keys to each warehouse into which toom spurits. the Cid spirits shall be carried; one of those locks to be provi- for home conded by fuch diffiller, and the other two locks to be provided by tumption, the furveyor, fapervisor, or officer of excise, of the division or place where the faid spirits shall be locked up, at the expense of fuch diffiller; whereof one key of each place shall be kept by fuch diffiller, and another by fuch furveyor or fupervifor, and the third by such officer of excise, until the same spirits shall be until delivered delivered out for rectification, or afterwards for exportation; out for rectification. which warehouse and warehouses, shall be made well and suf-tification or ficiently fecure to the fati-faction and approbation of the refpec-exportation, tive furveyors or supervisors of excise for the time being, in whose division or district any such warehouse or warehouses shall be fituate, whose approbation thereof, shall be fignified in writing, under the hands of fach furveyors or fupervifors; and the respective surveyors or supervisors, are hereby required to at- and the surtend, on reasonable notice to them given by the respective di-vecors are to flillers in order to view the fame; and if any diffiller or diffillers view, and fign for exportation shall, contrary to the directions of this act, then appropump up into the still or stills, or otherwise remove any such find warewash as aforefaid, from the back or vessel wherein the same was houses. fermented, but in the prefence of an officer of excise, or shall Datal er allnot run off, or cade to be run off, his, her, or their low wines to their disimmediately from the flill into an entered veffel or veffels only, rections, or shall not continue the same in such entered vessel or vessels, fo that the officers of excise may take a true gauge of such law wines, or thall neplect or refuse to provide a proper cask into which the tpirits thall run immediately from the it.l. as aforefaid, or to enter fuch cask, or shall run off any spirits, from the ffill into any cask, except fuch cask herein before directed to be provided, or shall, when the whole quantity of spirits shall be collected as aforefaid, neglect or refuse immediately to make up, in the prefence of the officer of excise, such spirits to the fireigth of one to fix under hydrometer proof; or shall by any ways or means prevent, hinder or obstruct the officer of or obstructing excife, from taking a gauge or gauges of the wash, low wines, the officer in or spirits, or to take a fample or samples of them, or any of the gaugings them, or to try the proof of the spirits (which gauges, samples, taking om-and trials of proof they are hereby impowered to take and make, ples of the as often as the commissioners of excise for the time being shall ing the proof, direct, and which famples shall be returned by the officers of &c. excile, to the respective traders when the commissioners of excife (hall find it expedient to give directions for that purpose) or shall neglect or refuse, immediately after the spirits are so made up to the strength aforefaid, to put such spirits into casks, and secure the same, in the presence of the officer of excise, in a warehouse or warehouses according to the directions of this act, or shall neglect or refuse to provide and keep a warehouse or warehouses for that purpose, or to secure the same well and

fufficiently, according to the directions act, or to provide' and keep fuch warehome and warehomes with locks and keys for fecuring such spirits for exportation as aforelaid, or to enter such warehouse or warehouses for that purpose at the proper of fice of excile, or firstl make ale of any warehouse or warehouses. or other place or places for keeping spirits for exportation, before the tame thall have been first approved of, according to the directions of this act, or thall put into or keep in, fuch warehouse, or warehouses, any spirits made for home consumption; or if any fach dataller or distillers, or any other person or perfons whatfoever by his, her, or their order, privity, connivance, or direction, after any fuch spirits shall have been locked up and fecured in any warehouse or warehouses for keeping spirits for exportation, thell open any of the locks or doors in the abfence of the proper furveyor or supervisor and officer of excise, or thall make any way or kind of entrance into any fuch warehouse or warehouses, or shall remove any part whatever of the partation between any warehouse or warehouses for keeping spirits for exportation, and any other place or places whatloever next thereinto adjoining, or thall, after any fuch warehouse or watehouses shall have been to approved of as aforesaid, make any addition to, or any way after the fame, without notice first given to the proper furreyor or fupervitor of excile of fuch intended addition to, or alteration in, fuch wareholfe or warehouses, and his confent in writing first had and obtained for the fame; or shall remove any of the faid spirits from any locked warehoufe or warehoufes to any other warehoufe or warehouses for keeping spirits for exportation before the same be taken out either for immediate rectification of to be immediately put on thip-beard, and exported to parts beyond the feas; or thall, by any art, contrivance, or device whatfoever, re-

or if he fhall open any of the lock on the abilince or the officer.

or make any way into tuch waiehoute,

or alter the condition thereof without giving no tice to the furveyor,

and his confent be fait had; or thall claudettine's remove any or the (pirit .;

or with, or low wmes. de.

thall for leit sool. Spirits made for exportation may be fent by tim maker to the chicaler, bond being net given for the due exportation there f, had from the commiffioners, and notice given to the officer.

pounds. XI. Provided alway : That nothing in this afteontained thalI extend to hinder my noticer of spirits for exponation from sending fuch fpiras out of his locked up warehouse to any other difuller, provided fact motor of spirits fending the same, and the diffiller who mail receive the fame, do, before fuch spirits are taken out of the warehouse, give bond with inflicient fecurity, to be approved of as any other fecurity is directed by this act to and leave also be approved, in doubte the value of fuch spirits, and double the daties they would have been liable to, if made for home confumption, for the due and fair expertation of fuch fpirits, within three menther next after the date of each respective bond, and provided have for that purpose be first obtained in writing

move, convey away, or conceal, or caule, procure, or fuffer

to be removed, conveyed away, or concealed, any of the wash, or low wines for making (pirits for exportation, or any fuch

fpicits whether raw or re tried, either before the fame are put

into the varehouse or warehouses, or afterwards, then, and in each and every fach case, such disaller and distillers for every

tuch offence, that forfest and lote the fum of two hundred

from the commissioners of excile for the time being, and that - potice thereof shall have been given to the officer of excise. Nenty four hours at the least, in order that fuch officer may receive the fame thto fuch diffiller's flock; and provided fuch and to as the fpirits be removed with a proper certificate from an officer of tame be reexcise; and when such spirit, shall be so received by such discontinuation. fuller, the fame shall be under the like directions as to the rectification and exportation thereof, and all other matters and and diffiller is things, as if fuch fpirits had been rectified and exported by the there are limaker thereof; and fuch diffiller shall, for breach of any of able to the those directions, be subject to the like penalties as the maker of time penal-

fuch fpirits would have been for the like offences.

XII. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority afore- as the maker faid, That from and after the faid twenty first day of January, would have one thousand seven hundred and fixty two, no raw unrectified spirits, thall be permitted to be exported; and when any fuch di-Raw, unrecfuller or diffillers, for exportation, shall be defirous to take any tried spuits of his, her, or their spirits, out of any of the said warehouses, prohibited to where the same shall be locked up, in order to be rectified, or when rectified, and again deposited in such warehouse or ware- Distiller to houses, in order to be put immediately on ship-board for ex-give due no. portation, he, the, or they, thall thereof give notice in writing fice to the proper officer, to the furveyor or supervisor, or the officer of excile of the di-when any spivision or district where such spirits shall be so locked up, the rice are inspace of four hours before the time he, she, or they shall de-tended to be fign to take out the same as aforesaid, and shall also insert in taken out of the said notice, the precise day at d hour of such day, when he, house, in orthe, or they, thall or do intend taking any of the faid spirits out det to be recof the faid warehouse or warehouses, and shell also insert in tired, or shipfuch notice the quantity and quality of spirits he, she, or ped on board they, do then defire to take out, and whether such spirits are tion, &c. raw or rectified, and out of what particular warehouse, and whether the fame are for rectification and by whom, or for immediate exportation, or to be fent coastways, and to whom and to what port, and whether for merchandile or flores; and in and the officer fuch case the respective surveyor or supervisor, or officer, is and take an and are hereby required to attend pursuant to such notice at account the respective places where the faid spirits shall be locked up, thereof; and fee the quantity of fpirits taken out in purluance of fuch notice, and he or they are hereby required to take an exact ac- and diffiller count of the fame; and in case any such distiller or distillers, no keeping thall not begin and proceed to take the faid spirits out of the faid to his time, is warchouse or warchouses, at the hour and time mentioned in such notice; notice, or within two hours next after, then every fuch notice thall be, and is hereby declared to be void, and fuch diffiller or diffillers thall be, and is hereby obliged to give a freth and like notice in manner aforefaid, four hours at the least before he, the, or they, thall begin to take any of the faid spirits out of the faid and failing in warehouse or warehouses: and in ease any such distiller or difillers thall neglect or refuse to give such first notice, before he here required, or to in it in fuch notice the forfits sool.

of directions,

par-

Raw spirits taken out, in burtuance of notice are to be forthwith put into the still in the officers prefence, and rectified, and run off into the (pirit cask: and then made up proof and gauged; and are after wards to be put into casks, and shipped for exportation, or fecured in proper ware-houses. Where the spirits can't be conveyed from the fpirit cask the fame day, and secured in the warchouse, the officer is to gauge the fame, and take famples thereof, and secure the lid of the cask : and it any fraud shall thereupon be committed, the distiller shall pay double duties. Any of the **f**aid fpirits originally intended for exportation, may, upon application to the commissioners, and payment of the duties, be taken out of the warehouses, and confumption.

particulars in such notice herein before required, or to give a sresh notice in manner aforesaid, four hours at the least before he, she, or they, shall begin to take out any of the said spirits, in case he, she, or they shall not begin, and proceed to take out the said spirits at the hour and time mentioned in the said first notice, or within two hours next afterwards, such distiller or distillers shall, in every such case, for every such offence,

forfeit and lose the sum of one hundred pounds.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That when any raw spirits shall be so taken out, in pursuance of such notice, the same shall be immediately pumped up, or put, ir. the presence of the officer of excise, into the still or stills, and be rectified forthwith, and the spirits shall be run off immediately from the still into a like cask as is before directed to be provided and entered for the containing of spirits immediately distilled from low wines; and when the whole quantity of spirits designed to be made into brandy shall be collected in such cask from each still, the same shall be immediately made up in the prefence of the officer of excise to the strength of one to six under hydrometer proof, at which strength all spirits are to be exported, and a true gauge of fuch spirits so made up, shall then be taken by the officer of excise, who shall keep an exact account thereof; and fuch spirits shall immediately afterwards be put into casks, and, in the prefence of the officer of excise, either carried directly on ship-board for exportation (if intended to be immediately exported) or else into such warehouse or warehouses, to be locked up in manner aforesaid.

XIV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid. That in case it shall at any time so happen, that the spirits distilled for exportation in one day belonging to any diffiller or diffillers, cannot, for want of time, be conveyed from the spirit cask (into which they are directed to be run immediately from the still) and locked up in the warehouse or warehouses, as herein before is directed, the officer of excise shall gauge the fame and fecure the lid of the faid spirit cask, and take samples thereof; which spirits shall be locked up in such warehouse or warehouses the next morning (if not intended for immediate exportation): and if it shall appear that any decrease has been made in the quantity or quality of the faid spirits so gauged, or in case any such spirits shall have been removed in the absence of the officer of excise, in either of the said cases the distiller or diffillers shall be and are hereby charged for the faid spirits so decreased or removed, with double the duties such spirits would have been charged with if made for home confumption; which the officer of excise is hereby required to charge accordingly.

missioners, and payment of the duties, betaken out of the warehouse, and in in manner aforesaid, in such distillers, after he, she, or they have deposited any spirits made for exportation (whether raw or rectified) in manner aforesaid, in such warehouse or warehouses, house, and shall be desirous of using any such spirits for home consumption, and shall signify such sis, her, or their desire to the commission.

fioners

fioners of excise for the time being, it shall and may be lawful for the faid commissioners, or any two of them, to direct the quantity of spirits softesired to be taken out of such warehouse or warehouses and delivered to such distiller or distillers, he. the, or they having first duly paid to the proper officer of excise appointed to receive the duties on low wines and spirits, the fum of forty pounds, and ten shillings, for each tun of such spirits of the strength they were taken into such warehouse; videlicet, one to fix under hydrometer proof.

XVI. And for the purposes of this act, it is hereby enacted by A gallon of the authority aforefaid, That each gallon of brandy, or spirits of brandy, or the authority aforetaid. I nat each gamon of brainty, or ipinits of the firength of one to fix under hydrometer proof, shall be ta- to be reckonken and reckoned at feven pounds and thirteen our.ces the ed at 7 lb. 13

XVII. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority afore- The same faid, That from and after the faid twenty first day of January, quantity of one thousand seven hundred and fixty two, when any quantity juts is to be of raw spirits shall, in pursuance of any notice, be delivered out produced, as of the warehouse or warehouses, in order to rectify the same, as was delivered many gallons of rectified spirits, and of the same strength when out of raw made up, shall be produced, as such quantity amounted to rectified, when taken out of the warehouse or warehouses, allowing allowing for only for the feints; and the commissioners of excise for the the teints. time being are hereby authorized and required to make just al- allowances to be made also lowances for necessary waste, and the difference that will arise for waste, and between gauging and weighing spirits; which feints shall also the difference be run off from the still directly into one large entered feint between gaucask, and shall be immediately gauged as soon as the still is off, weighing and an account thereof taken by the officer of excise, and kept spirits. in flock by him, who shall and may take a sample or samples Feints to be of fuch feints; which feints shall be in like manner locked up run off into in fuch warehouse or warehouses, and shall be there put into the feint one or more large casks to be provided by such distiller or distiller august, and lers, and marked with the word feints; and every such distiller kept in stock, and distillers shall, once a month at least, distil all his feints, and secured, and diffilers thall, once a month at learn, unto at his learns, and famples and make up the spirits to be produced therefrom of the and samples strength of one to six under hydrometer proof; and all such officer; spirits shall then be locked up, or exported as other spirits for and to be all exportation are hereby directed to be.

XVIII. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority afore- a month, at faid, That from and after the faid twenty first day of January, made into one thousand seven hundred and fixty two, in order the more proof spirits; effectually to prevent such distillers from fraudulently removing and then wash, low wines, or spirits, if any decrease shall at any time locked up, or or times appear to be found in the wash of any distiller or Distiller to diffillers, brewed or made for the diffilling of spirits for ex-pay double portation (except such decrease as shall be made appear to the duty, for any fatisfaction of the commissioners of excise for the time being, fraudulent to have really and truly arisen from accidents) such distiller or wash or spidistillers shall be, and is and are hereby charged with a double rits for exduty for the quantity of low wines and spirits such wash so de-portation,

C 4

oz. the gallon. diffulled once

to be compute creased is prefumed to make: and the officers of excise are ed according to the quantilow wines home confumption: and to pay double duty, in like manner, for any fraudulent decrease in his Rock of Ipirits made for exportation.

hereby required in such case, to make such charge accordingly, calculating such wash so found to be decleased, to produce and ty fuch wath calculating such wath to found to be decreased, to produce and would make of same quantity of low wines and spirits as with is presumed to do when ipi its are made for home confumption; and if and innits for any decreate thall at any time or times appear in the stock of spirits made for exportation, belonging to any such distiller or diffillers except fuch as can or may be accounted for by the certificates of the proper officer or officers either as being exported as merchandile, or for flores, or as being taken out for home confamption, on payment of duties by the confent of the commissioners of excise, or by any allowance the said commissioners shall have made to any such distiller or distillers. for or by reason of waste, or any difference which may have arisen between gauge and weight, or by being sent coastways for exportation, or by being fent, with the confent of the commissioners of excise, to any other distiller, in order to be rectified for exportation, every fuch diffiller and diffillers shall be charged, and the officers of excise are hereby required to charge him, her, or them, for all the spirits so found to be decreased and not properly accounted for, with double the duties fuch spirits would have been charged with if made for home confumption: and the more effectually to prevent fuch diffillers from working in the abience of the officers of excife, every fuch diffiller and diffillers is and are hereby required to permit the officer of excise to secure the head and heads of his, her, or their still or stills, when such still or stills, are not at work, and also the pump or pumps for charging the still or stills, and emptying the low wine and spirit cask, so as to prevent the fame being used in the absence of the officer, and and the foirits also to secure the lid or head of the low wine and spirit casks, from being fe- and the fafe at the end of the worm, to prevent any spirits or low wines being feereted, whilft the ftill is at work, all which the faid officers are hereby impowered to do.

Officer to fecure the still and other vessels trom being traudulently made nse of in his abience;

creted.

On delivery of tpirits to be fent coaftwave, with certificate for exportation, the diffiller is to give bond and fecurity for the due landing there-

XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That when spirits made for exportation shall be delivered out of any warchouse or warehouses so secured as aforesaid to be sent coastways (with a certificate from the proper officer) in order for exportation to foreign parts from any port of this kingdom, the diffiles or diffillers out of whose warehouse such spirits were delivered, thall, on taking out the fame, give bond, with fufficient fecurity, to his Majefly, his heirs, and fucceffors, to be approved of by the respective commissioners of excise for the of in the port time being, or any three of them, or by such person or persons where entered as they shall, from time to time, appoint for that purpose, in double the value of the spirits, and double the duties which are payable for the like spirits distilled for home confumption, that the fame spirits and every part thereof, shall (the danger of the scas and enemies excepted) be really and truly landed in fuch port of this kingdom, for which the fame shall be entered; and such bonds to entered into, shall not be discharged or be delivered up until a certificate shall be produced from

from the chief officer of excise of the port for which such spi- Bonds not to hits were entered, testifying the landing thereof, and describing be discharged, number of the cal's or other package containing the spirits, cate, condiand the particular marks of fuch casks or package, and the tioned to be exact quantity of spirits landed; and also testifying that the returned in 6 mafter, mate, purser, or other person, having the charge of months, be the ship or vessel during the voyage in which the said spirits the proper of-were sent coastways, had made oath before him that the said sicer of the spirits, and every part thereof were fairly landed there, and landing the that at the time of landing they were of the fame quality as fame accordwhen shipped on board, and that no part of such spirits had of oath, bebeen wilfully or fraudulently diminished, relanded, or unship-ing made by ped, fince the same were put on board (which oath the said the master respective officers of excise are hereby impowered to administer) that the same and also testifying that the same spirits, and every part thereof; landed there, were really and truly, fince their arrival there, exported from without any thence to foreign parts; and the condition of all fuch coast bonds fraud in the shall be, to produce such certificate in six months from the date quantity or thereof; and such spirits so to be sent coastways, when landed quality of the at the port for which they were entered, shall be, immediately on the landing thereof, put into a proper warehouse, and there and proof that continued until the fame shall be exported, and shall be secured the same have by the person to whom they are sent, and by the said chief ported from officer of excise, by two different locks and keys, one of which thence to tofaid keys shall be kept by the said person, and the other by the reign parts; faid officers; which warehouse lock and keys shall be provided and the spiby the persons to whom the spirits were sent; and all masters, uts, on their commanders, and other persons, belonging to any ship or landing, are to vessel carrying goods coastways, who shall affist or connive at a proper the fraudulent landing, embezzeling, or diminishing, any spirits werehouse fent coastways, and all other persons assisting or otherwise con-till exported. cerned in the unshipping the same, or to whose hands the Masters, and fame shall knowingly come, are hereby declared to be subject others, conand liable to all the like pains, penalties, and forfeitures, as are ceined in the inflicted by any former act or acts of parliament for enforcing traudulent landing, or the fair exportation of ipirits to foreign parts.

c rair exportation of ipirits to foreign parts.

XX. And for the further encouragement of the exportation of spirits sent spirits made or drawn in Great Britain from corn, be it enacted by coastways, are the authority aforefaid, That from and after the twenty first day liable to peof  $\mathcal{F}_{amuary}$ , one thousand seven hundred and fixty two, there  $\Lambda$  bounty of shall be a bounty of three pounds and twelve shillings for every  $\frac{1}{3}$ l. 125, per tun of spirits so drawn or made in Great Britain from conn which tun, is allowshall be exported as merchandize to parts beyond the seas; and ed on all upon oath being made before any two or more of the commiss- British spirits fioners of excile, or justices of the peace for the country or place corn, exportfrom whence any fuch spirits are intended to be exported, that ed as merthe same were drawn and made in Great Britain from corn under chandise to the regulations of this act, and not mixed with any other mate- foreign parts; rials, except what were necessary for rectifying the same; and oath being that fince the making thereof the fame have been properly fe-dueconformicured in a warehouse or warehouses according to the directions ty to the re-

of gulations of this act

from the proper officer of the quantity hipped.

and a certifi- of this act: and that the same are to be exported for merchancate produced dize to be spent beyond the seas; and upon producing a certificate under the hand or hands of the officer or officers of extile for the port or place where such spirits were shipped, of the quantities so shipped, and that the same were shipped in the presence of fuch officer or officers, the diffiller or diffillers shall be paid by the commissioners of excise, or their collector for the port or place where such spirits shall be shipped, the said bounty of three pounds twelve shillings for every tun of such spirits so shipped off; and so in proportion for any greater or less quantity.

XXI. And whereas spirits shipped for stores are frequently

concealed from the fight of the officers of excise, under pretence

Spirits shipped for ftore be openly flowed, while the vessel is in officers may examine the same, on forfeiture of double duty; to be paid by the maller. On entry of spirits made for exportation for Ireland, America, Africa, or parts in Europe, like bonds are to be given, certificates produced, and proofs made, as are required in fimilar cases on exportation of spirits, by the recited act of 33 Geo. II.

of the same being put or placed beneath other goods, which gives an opportunity to defraud the revenue; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from and after the faid twenty port, that the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and fixty two, all fuch spirits as shall be shipped for stores shall, during the time the ship or vessel is or shall be within the limits of any port of this kingdom, be openly slowed and kept so that the officers of excise may at any time examine the same, on pain of forfeiting the double duty of all such stores which shall not be so stowed and kept, or produced and shewn to the officers of excise; which faid double duty shall be charged by the officers of excise for such stores which shall not be so stowed, and kept or produced and thewn, according to the rate fuch spirits would have been charged with, if made for home consumption; and which charge shall be paid by the mafter of the ship or vessel on board of which fuch stores were shipped: and when any spirits made for exportation shall be entered for exportation to Ircland, or his Majesty's plantations in America, or to any other parts beyond the feas in Europe, or to any parts beyond the seas in Africa, the exporter or exporters thereof, when the whole quantity of spirits intended at that time to be exported thall be shipped, thall immediately give and enter into fuch and the like bonds for the due and fair exportation of fuch spirits, and produce such certificates within the respective times, and make such proofs as were respectively required to be given, entered into, produced and made, by the faid herein in part recited act of the thirty third year of the reign of his faid late Majesty King George the Second, on the exportation of spirits to the respective places before-mentioned, in pursuance of the directions of that act; except only that the to the penalty penalty in every bond fo to be entered into in pursuance of this act, shall be double the value of the spirits entered for exportation, and double the duties fuch spirits ought to have paid, if they had been made for home confumption; and until fuch bond shall be entered into by the exporter or exporters, the distiller or distillers, from whose warehouse such spirits were fent, shall be and are hereby charged for such quantity of fpirits fo shipped for exportation, with double the duties such distiller is lia- spirits would have been charged with if made for home confumption; and fuch charge shall not be discharged until such

excepting as which is to be double the value, and double the duties, and till bond is entered into by the exporter, the ble to the double duties.

Lond shall be entered into: And when any British made or Bonds, &c. for foreign, spirits shall be entered for exportation to any parts be-spirits entered youd the seas in Asia, the exporter or exporters thereof, when the whole quantity of spirits intended at that time to be exported the inipped, shall immediately give and enter into a bond to be of like of the like tenor and condition, with the like fecurity, and tenor and condition make the like proof as was required to be given, entered into, with those reand made, by the faid herein in part recited act, on the expor-quired by the tation of spirits to parts beyond the seas in Africa, in pursuance recited act for of the directions of that act; except only that the penalty in spirits entered every bond so to be entered into in pursuance of this act, shall for Africa, be double the value of the spirits entered for exportation, and except as to double the duties fuch spirits ought to have been charged with, the penalty; if they had been made or used for home consumption; and and until bond until fuch bond shall be entered into by the exporter or expor-isenter dinto, ters, the diffiller or diffillers, from whose warehouse such spirits is liable to the were fent, shall be and are hereby charged for such quantity duties, &c. of spirits so shipped for exportation, with double the duties such spirits would have been charged with, if made for home confumption; and fuch charge shall not be discharged until such bond shall be entered into; and also except that the proof of the due exportation of fuch spirits shall not be required to be made till the end of three years from the date of fuch refpective bond; and all and every person and persons authorized power of administering by the said in part recited act to administer any oath or oaths oaths in these in any ways relating to the due exportation of spirits under cases, the same the directions of that act, shall be and are hereby impowered as under the to administer the like oaths for the purposes of this act.

XXII. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority afore- Penalty of obfaid, That if any distiller or distillers, or any other person or per- structing an fons shall obstruct, molest, let, or hinder any officer of excise, in officer in the the due execution of the powers or authorities, or any of his duty, 100l. them, given by this act, all and every person and persons so offending, shall for every such offence, forfeit and lose the sum

of one hundred pounds.

one hundred pounds.

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, The powers, rules, rules, penal-That all and every the powers, authorities, directions, rules, ties, and methods, penalties, and forfeitures, clauses, matters, and things, clauses, &c. in which in and by an act made in the twelfth year of the reign act 12 Car. 2. of king Charles the Second, intituled, An act for taking away or in any other the court of wards and liveries, and tenures in Capite, and by knights law of excise now in force, service and purveyance, and for settling a revenue upon his Majesty extended to in lieu thereof) or by any other law now in force, relating to this act. his Majesty's revenue of excise upon beer, ale, or other liquors, are provided, fettled, or established, for securing, enforcing, managing, raising, levying, collecting, paying, mitigating, or recovering, adjudging, or afcertaining, the duties or penalties thereby granted, and for preventing, detecting, and punishing, frauds relating thereto, or in any wife relating to the due and fair exportation of spirits to foreign parts (not otherwise altered by this act) shall be exercised, practised, ap-

recited act.

plied, used, imposed, levied, recovered, and put in executions for the securing, enforcing, managing, raising, levying, collecting, paying, mitigating, adjudging, ascertaining, and recovering the duties and penalties hereby graded and for preventing, detecting, and punishing frauds relating therefor, or in any wife relating to the due and fair exportation of spirite to foreign parts; as fully and effectually to all intents and purposes, as if all and every the said powers, authorities, rules, directions, methods, penalties, and forfeitures, claufes, matters, and things, were particularly repeated and again enacted in the body of this present act.

Recovery, mitigation, and application of penalties, in general.

XXIV. And be it further enacted and declared by the authority aforefaid, That all fines penalties, and forfeitures imposed by this act, shall be fued for, levied, recovered, or mitigated, by fuch ways, means, and methods as any fine, penalty, or forfeiture, is or may be recovered or mitigated by any law or laws of excise (not otherwise directed by this act) or by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, or in the court of exchequer in Scotland, respectively, and that one moiety of every such fine, penalty, or forfeiture, shall be to his Majesty, his heirs, and successors, and the other moiety to him or them who shall discover, inform, or fue for the fame.

That if any person or persons shall be sued, molested, or prosecuted for any thing done by virtue or in purioance of this act; General issue. fuch person and persons shall and may plead the general issue, and give this act and the special matter in evidence, in his, her, or their defence or defences; and if afterwards a verdict shall pass for the defendant or defendants, or the plaintiff or plaintiffs shall discontinue his, her, or their action or actions, or be nonfuited, or judgment shall be given against him, her, or them, upon

XXV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid,

shall have treble costs awarded to him, her, or them, against any fuch plaintiff or plaintiffs.

Treble costs.

## CAP. VI.

demurrer, or otherwise, then such defendant or defendants

An act for the importation of salted beef, pork, and butter, into this kingdom from Ireland, for a limited time, for the supply of his Majesty's skips, transport and other ships and vellets, in his Majesty's immediate service and pay.

Preamble.

TOR the more easy wichualling of his Majesty's ships, and transport and other ships and vessels, at this time; be it enacted; and it is hereby enacted by the King's most excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords ipiritual and temporal, and commons in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the fame, That from and after the twenty fourth day of *December*, in this present year one thousand seven hundred and sixty one, it shall and may be authorized by lawful for the commissioners for victualling his Majesty's navy, or for any person or persons having an authority under the hands

Commissioners for victualing the navy, and persons them, may

hands and feals of any three or more of them, to import any import falted fort of falted beef, pork, and butter, into this kingdom from beef, pork, and butter. The land, to be applied for the folc use and supply of such seamen, from Ireland, marines, and other forces, as shall be on board of his Majesty's for the use of thip and resport and other thips and veffels, in his Majesty's the navy, immediate service and pay, and to and for no other use or pur-transport and Nose whatsoever; and the said commissioners, and other per- other vessels in his Majesty's idns authorized as aforefaid, acting according to the true intent pay, dutyand meaning of this act, shall be, and they are hereby, ex-free, &c. empted from the payment of all subsidies, customs, rates, duties, and other impolitions, and from all penalties, forfeitures, payments, and punithments, for or upon account of importing, or bringing of falted beef, pork, and butter, into this kingdom from Ireland, for the uses aforesaid; any act or acts of parliament to the contrary notwithstanding: And the taking care faid commissioners shall take care that upon the importation that the same faild commissioners shall take care that upon the importation bedeposited in of such salted beef, pork, and butter, into this kingdom from the King's Is cland, the fame, and every part thereof, shall be deposited in storehouses. his Majefty's florchouses at or nearest the port where the same and applied shall be imported, there to be under the care and inspection accordingly; of the proper officers having the care of his Majesty's stores for and that an victualling ships and vessels in his Majesty's service, and shall account be kept thereof, be applied as is herein before directed; and the faid commission and how the fioners thall cause an account to be kept of all such salted beef, same is dispospork and butter, and how the same is disposed of.

II. Provided nevertheless, That if at any time it shall happen If any of the that any of the faid provisions which shall be imported under the said provisions authority of this act, shall be, by the faid commissioners, shall be deemdeemed unferviceable, then it shall and may be lawful for the ed unfervicefaid commissioners, or any three or more of them, to order and missioners may direct any person or persons they shall think proper, to sell the authorize the fame, for the best price or prices that can be got; and such same to be person or persons so authorized to sell the same shall, and he sold; and they is and are hereby required to give a certificate or certificates in writing to the purchaser or purchasers thereof, excate to the pressing the nature and quantity of the provisions so fold, the purchaser, of marks of the casks, or other packages, containing the same, thenature and and the time of selling thereof; which certificate or certificates quantity thall indemnify such purchaser and purchasers from all penalties, thereof, &c. for for citures, and punishments, for or upon account of such demnify the falted beef, pork, or butter, so purchased by them as afore-purchaser.

faid.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Limitation of if any action or fuit shall be commenced against any person or actions, persons for any thing done in pursuance of this act, the defendant or defendants, in any fuch action or fuit, thall and may plead the general issue, and give this act, and the special matter, Generalissue. in evidence, at any trial to be had thereupon; and that the fame was done in purfuance, and by the authority, of this act: And if it thall appear to have been to done, the jury shall find for the defendant or derendants; and if the plaintiff shall be nonfuited.

nonsuited, or discontinue his action, after the defendant or defendants shall have appeared; or if judgment shall be given. upon any verdict or demurrer, against the plaintiff, the defendant and defendants shall and may recover treble costs, and have the like remedy for the same, as any detendant digrefendants hath or have in other cases by law.

This act to be in force till 24Dec. 1762.

Treble costs.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefail, That this act shall continue and be in force from the Lid twenty fourth day of December, in this present year one thoufand seven hundred and fixty one, until the twenty fourth day of December, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand feven hundred and fixty two, and no longer.

#### CAP. VII.

An act for enabling his Majesty to raise a certain sum of money towards paying off and discharging the debt of the navy, and towards naval services for the year one thoufand seven bundred and fixty two.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

Preamble.

1,500,000 l. granted;

XTE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament affembled, for raifing the supply granted to your Majesty, towards paying off and discharging the debt of the navy, and also towards raising the supply granted to your Majesty for naval services, in the year one thousand seven hundred and fixty two; have refolved to give and grant unto your Maje-The fum of fly, the fum of one million five hundred thousand pounds; and do therefore most humbly beseech your Mujesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the King's most excellent Majesty by warrant or warrants, under his royal fign manual, to authorize and impower the commiffioners of his Majesty's treasury, now or for the time being, or any three or more of them, or the lord high treasurer for the time being, at any time or times before the fifth day of January, one thousand seven hundred and fixty three, to cause to be raised by or direct any loans to be taken or received at his Majesty's exchequer, from any person or persons, natives or foreigners, body or bodies politic or corporate; or any number of exchequer bills, to be made out there for any fum or fums of money, not exceeding in loans and exchequer bills together, in the whole, the faid fum of one million five hundred thousand pounds; in the fame or like manner, form, and order, and according to ner as loans or the fame or like rules and directions as in and by an act of this present session of parliament, intituled, An act for granting an aid to his Majesly by a land tax to be raised in Great Britain for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and sixty two, are enact-

ed and prescribed concerning the loans or exchequer bills to be

II. And

taken or made in pursuance of the said act.

in like manexchequer

loans or ex-

chequer bills,

bills authorized by the land tax of this sellion;

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That and all the all and every the clauses, provisoes, powers, privileges, advan-clauses and tages, penalties, forfeitures, and dilabilities, contained in the powers, &c. faid last-mentioned act relating to the loans or exchequer bills in the said authorized to be made by the same act (except such clauses as to the loans do charge the same on the taxes granted by the same act, and or exchequer except fuch clauses as limit the rate of interest to be paid for the bills, are exforbearance of money lent on the credit of the faid act, and also this act. except as is herein after-mentioned) shall be applied and extended to the loans and exchequer bills to be made in pursuance of Exception. this act, as fully and effectually to all intents and purpoles as if the fame loans or exchequer bills had been originally authorized by the faid last mentioned act; or as if the said several clauses or provisoes had been particularly repeated and re-enacted in the body of this act.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the autho- Exchequer rity aforefaid, That no exchequer bill or bills to be made out by bills islued to virtue of this act, shall, after the same hath or have been issued the treasurer and paid at the exchequer, to the treasurer of his Majesty's na- of the navy, vy for the time being, and applied by him for the purposes received again herein after-mentioned, be afterwards, at any time before the in payment twenty fixth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and of any of the fixty three, received or taken, or pass or be current to any re-public revenues, ceiver or collector in Great Britain, of the customs, excise, or or exchanged any revenue, supply, aid, or tax, whatsoever, due or payable before 26 to his Majesty, his heirs or successors, or at the receipt of the March, 1763. exchequer, from any fuch receiver or collector, or from any other person or persons, bodies politic or corporate, otherwise, or on any other account than for the discharge and cancelling of fuch bills, in case the same shall be in due course or order of payment before the faid twenty fixth day of March; nor shall any fuch receiver or collector exchange, at any time before the faid twenty fixth day of March, for any money of fuch revenues. aids, taxes, or supplies, in his hands, any exchequer bill or bills which shall have been issued and applied as aforesaid, by virtue of this act; nor shall any action be maintained against any fuch receiver or collector for neglecting or refuting to exchange any fuch bill or bills for ready money, before the faid twenty fixth day of March; any thing in the faid act made in this present session of parliament, intituled, An act for granting an aid to his Majesty by a land tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and sixty two, or this act, contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That The saidloans all fuch loans or exchequer bills, together with the interest, or exchequer premium, rate, and charges, incident to or attending the same, bills, and interest to be paid out of the be repaid or borne by or out of the first aids or supplies which first supplies shall be granted in the next session of parliament; and in case granted in the fufficient aids or supplies, for that purpose, shall not be granted be-next session;

otherwise to be charged on, and payable out of, the finking fund. fore the fifth day of July one thousand seven hundred and sixtythree, then all the faid loans or exchequer bills, with the interest, premium, rate, and charges, incident to or attending the fame, shall be and are hereby charged and chargeable upop fuch monies, ils. at any time or times, at or after the faid fifth day of This cath Sufand seven hundred and fixty three, shall be or remain in the receipt of the exchequer, of the surplusses, excesses, overplus monies, and other revenues, composing the fund common'y called The Sinking Fund (except fuch monies of the faid finking fund as are appropriated to any particular use or uses, by any act or acts of parliament in that behalf) and fuch monies of the faid finking fund thall and may be iffued and applied, as foon as the same can be regularly stated and ascertained, for and towards paying off, cancelling, and discharging, such loans or exchequer bills, interest, premium, rate, or charges, until the whole of them shall be paid off, cancelled, and discharged, or money fufficient for that purpose to be kept and reserved in the exchequer, to be payable on demand to the respective proprietors thereof.

Monies issued out of the finking fund for that purpose, to be replaced out of the first supplies.

V. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That whatever monies thall be so issued out of the said surplustes, excesses, overplus monies, or other revenues, composing the sinking sund, shall, from time to time, be replaced by and out of the sirst supplies to be then after granted in parliament; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Bank of England authorized to advance the faid fum.

VI. And be it declared and further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the governor and company of the bank of England, to advance or lend to his Majesty, in like manner, at the receipt of the exchequer, upon the credit of loan granted by this act, any sum or sums of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of one million sive hundred thousand pounds; any thing in an act made in the fifth and fixth years of the reign of king William and queen Mary, intituled, An act for granting to their Majesties several rates and duties upon tomage of ships and vessels, and upon beer, ale rates and duties upon tomage of ships and vessels, and upon beer, ale faid att mentioned, to such persons as shall voluntarily advance the sum of one million five hundred thousand pounds, towards carrying on the war against France, to the contrary thereof in any wise not-withstanding.

Act 5 & 6 Will. & Mar.

The fame to be applied, viz. 1,000,000/. towards difcharging the debt of the navy; and 500,000/. towards naval

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforcfaid, That the faid fum of one million five hundred thousand pounds, by this act granted, shall be appropriated, and is hereby appropriated for and towards the uses and purposes herein aftermentioned; that is to say, That out of the said sum, there shall and may be issued and applied any sum or sums of money not exceeding one million, towards paying off and discharging the debt of the navy; and any sum or sums of money not exceeding five hundred thousand pounds, towards the naval services herein as-

# \* Anno recundo Georgii III. e.y. A.

ter-mentioned; that is to fay, towards victuals, wages, wear and tear of the navy, and the victualling thereof, performed, and to be performed; and towards lea services in the office of ordinarce, performed, and to be performed; and towardscaleffeying the ordinary of his Majesty's navy, and halfpay to lea officers; and towards maintaining nineteen thousand and fixty one marines; and towards the buildings, rebuildings, and repairs of his Majesty's ships, for the year one thousand feven hundred and fixty two.

### CAP. VIII.

An all for granting to his Majesty several rates and duties upon windows, or lights.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

HEREAS by an act made in the twentieth year of the reign of Preamble rehis late Majefly, intituled, An act for repealing the several citing clauses rates and duties upon houses, windows, and lights; and for in the acts of granting to his Maichty other rates and duties upon house win. granting to his Majesty other rates and duties upon houses, win- ii. dows or lights, and for raising the sum of four millions four hundred thousand pounds, by annuities to be charged on the faid rates or duties; it was enacted, That there should be charged, raised, levied, and paid, unto his Majesty, his heirs, and successors, the several rates and duties upon houses, windows, or lights, in the faid act mentioned; which act was explained, amended, and enforced, by two other acts, one made in the same session of parliament, and the other in the twenty sirst year of the reign of his said late Majesty: And whereas by an act made in the thirty first year of the reign of his faid late Majesty, intituled, An act for granting to his Majesty se- and 31Geo. II. veral rates and duties upon offices and pensions, and upon houses, and upon windows, or lights; and for raising the sum of five millions, by annuities, and a lottery, to be charged on the faid rates and duties; it was enacted, That there should be charged, raised, levied, and paid, unto his Majesty, his heirs, and fuccessors, the several additional rates and duties upon houses, windows, or lights, in the said act mentioned: And whereas by an act of this session of parliament, the annuities payable in respect of the sum of twelve millions advanced upon the credit of the faid act, are charged upon the fund commonly called The Sinking Fund; we, your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain, in parliament assembled, towards making good the said annuities, or yearly payments, so charged on the said fund, have resolved to give and grant to your Majesty the several rates and duties upon windows, or lights herein after mentioned; and do most humbly beseech your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, The following That from and after the fifth day of April, one thousand seven rates and duhundred and fixty two, there shall be charged, raised, levied, place from and paid, unto his Majesty, his heirs, and successors, the several and after 5 rates and duties upon windows, or lights, herein after men- April, 1762; tioned; that is to fay,

Vol. XXV.

is, upon every window, or light, in liouses con-

For every window, or light, in every dwelling-house inhabited, or to be inhabited, within and throughout the whole kingdom of Great Britain, which shall contain eight or nine Joules con-taining 8 or g windows, or lights, and no more, the yearly film of one Inje-taining 8 or g window or light in fuch house. windows, and ling for every window, or light, in fuch houle.

And for every window, or light, in every dwelling-house 6d. additional as aforefaid, which shall contain ten or eleven windows, or on all contain-ing to or 11, lights, and no more, the yearly fum of fix pence for each and not more; window, or light in such house; over and above, and by way of addition to, the feveral and respective duties chargeable thereupon, by virtue of former acts of parliament made in that behalf.

1 s. additional on all containing 12, 13, or 14, and not more;

And for every window, or light, in every dwelling-house as aforesaid, which shall contain twelve, thirteen or fourteen windows, or lights, and no more, the yearly fum of one shilling for each window, or light, in such house; over and above, and by way of addition to, the feveral and respective duties chargeable thereupon, by virtue of former acts of parliament made in that behalf.

3d. additional 18, or 19, and not more.

And for every window, or light, in every dwelling-house on all contains as aforciaid, which shall contain fifteen, fixteen, seventeen, ing 15, 16, 17, eighteen, or nineteen windows, or lights, and no more, the yearly fum of three pence for each window, or light, in fuch house; over and above, and by way of addition to, the several and respective duties chargeable thereupon, by virtue of former acts of parliament made in that behalf.

Duties of this the like duties, granted

II. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the faid act to be rail- feveral duties by this act imposed within and throughout the ed and paid as faid kingdom of Great Britain, for and upon such windows or lights as aforefaid, thall be raifed, levied, and collected, and by the recited paid into his Majesty's exchequer, for the purposes in this act acts of 20, 21, expressed, in such and like form and manner, and with such and 31 Geo. 11. allowances, and under fuch penalties, forfeitures, and difare directed; abilities, and according to fuch rules, methods, and directions, as a e preferibed or appointed for raifing, levying, collecting, and paying the duties on houses, windows, or lights, in and by the faid several acts of parliament, made in the said twentieth, twenty first, and thirty first years of his late Majesty's reign, herein before mentioned; and all and every the powers, auers, &c. in the thorities, rules, directions, penalties, forfeitures, clauses, matters, and things, now in force, contained in the faid four feveral acts of parliament, or any of them, for the raising, levying, collecting, and paying the rates and duties thereby granted, shall be in full force, and be duly observed, practised, and put in execution, within and throughout the whole kingdom of Great Britain, for raising, levying, collecting, and paying the feveral rates and duties upon houses, windows, or lights, by this act granted, as fully and effectually, to all intents and purposes, as if the same, or the like powers, authorities, rules, directions, penalties, forfeitures, claufes, matters, and things, were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the body of this

prefent

and the powfaid acts for thosepurposes extended to this.

present act; and that all monies arising by the said rates and The monies duties by this aft granted, the necessary charges of raising and arising bythese accounting for the same excepted, shall from time to time, be paid into the paid into the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer at Westminster, exchequer. diffinctly and apart from all other branches of the public re- teparate and venue, and shall be carried to, and made part of, the fund apart from all commonly called The sinking fund, towards making good the of the public aid annuities or yearly payments, payable in respect of the revenue, faid fum of twelve millions charged upon the faid fund by an and to be carried into the

act of this fession of parliament.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the commissioners authorized for putting in execution the four ers for the faid former acts, or either of them, for all and every the respect former acts tive counties, shires, stewartries, ridings, cities, boroughs, to meet on or cinque ports, towns and places respectively, within Great before 18th April, 1762, Britain, shall meet together at the most usual and common and proceed place of meeting within fuch counties, shires, stewartries, ri- in the execudings, cities, boroughs, cinque ports, towns and places, respection of this tively, within Great Britain, on or before the eighteenth day act. of April, one thousand seven hundred and fixty two, and shall then divide themselves to act in separate districts, and proceed in the execution of this present act, for affesting, raising, levying, and collecting the duties hereby granted, in such and the same manner, to all intents and purposes, as is prescribed by the four former acts, or either of them, with respect to the rates and duties thereby imposed.

IV. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if any person or persons, shall at any time or times, be sued or profecuted for any thing by him or them done or executed in pursuance of this act, or of any matter or thing in this act contained, such person or persons shall and may plead the gene- General issue. ral issue, and give the special matter in evidence, for his or their defence; and if, upon the trial, a verdict shall pass for the defendant or defendants, or the plaintiff or plaintiffs shall become nonfuited; then such defendant or defendants shall have treble

costs to him or them awarded against such plaintiff or plaintiffs. Treble costs.

## CAP. IX.

An alt for charging certain annuities granted in the year one aboufand seven bundred and fixty, on the finking fund; and for carrying the duties therein mentioned to the said fund; and for making forth duplicates of exchequer bills, tickets, certificates, receipts, annuity orders, and other orders, lost, burnt, or otherwise destroyed.

WHEREAS in pursuance of an act of parliament made Prenmble, re-in the thirty third year of the reign of his late Majesty citing act King George the Second, intituled, "An act for granting to his 33 Geo. II. " Majesty several duties upon malt; and for raising the sum of eight " millions by way of annuities and a lettery, to be charged on the faid " duties; and to prevent the fraudulent obtaining of allowances in the

D 2

" gauging

" gauging of corn making into malt; and for making forth dupli-" cates of exchequer bills, tickets, certificates, receipts, annuity orders, " and other orders, loft, burnt, or otherwise destroyed;" several perfores, bodies politic or corporate, have advanced and lent the fum of eight millions, upon the credit of the several duties upon malt, by the said act granted, for the purchase of annuities transferrable at the bank of England, after the rate of four pounds per centumy per annum, for the certain term of twenty one years, and from the expiration thereof, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, redcemable by parliament: And whereas an additional capital of three pounds was by the faid att directed to be added to every one hundred pounds advanced towards the faid fum of eight millions, amounting to two hundred and forty thousand pounds, to be attended with like annuities, after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, and three pounds per centum per annum respectively: And whereas it is thought necessary that the said principal sum of eight millions, and likewife the faid additional capital amounting to two hundred and forty thousand pounds, together with the charges and expences attending the same, should be, with the consent of the proprietors thereof, to be fignified within the time herein after mentioned, charged upon, and paid out of the fund commonly called The finking fund; and that the several duties upon malt, which by the said all were made a fund for payment of the said four pounds per centum annuities, should be carried to, and made part of, the faid fund, commonly called The finking fund; May it theretherefore please your most excellent Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the fifth day of 7amary, one thousand seven hundred and fixty two, the said principal fum of eight millions, borrowed upon credit of the faid act, and the faid additional capital amounting to two hundred and forty thousand pounds, carrying an interest after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, for the faid term of twenty one years, and from the expiration thereof, an interest after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, together with the charges and expenses attending the fame, shall be charged upon, and paid out of, the fund commonly called The Sinking fund, until redemption thereof by parliament; any thing in the said act made in the thirty third year of the reign of his late Majesty, to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

pal fum of 8,000,000 1. borrowed on the credit of the recited act; and the additional capital of 240,000 l. directed to be added thereto; are to be charged upon, and payable out of the finking fund. Proprietors, who shall not fignify their diffent by 21 June next, in books to be opened at the to allent thereto. The monies

ariten by the

The princi-

who shall not fignify their such proprietors who shall not, on or before the twenty first day distent by 21 fune, one thousand seven hundred and sixty two, signify June next, in books to be opened at the bank, deemed to allent to the charging of their annuities on the sinking fund, in books to be opened at the bank of England for that purpose shall be deemed and taken to affent thereto; any thing to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all the monies which have arisen since the fifth day of January,

Fanuary, one thousand seven hundred and sixty two, or that said duties shall or may hereafter arise, of the several duties upon malt, since 5 Jan. which were made a fund, for payment of four pounds per cen- fail hereafter they per sommum as the bank of England; and also of three arise thereby pounds per centum per annum, in manner above-mentioned, on to be carried eight millions borrowed by virtue of the said act, made in the into, and thirty third year of the reign of his said late Majesty, towards of, the linking the supply of the year one thousand seven hundred and fixty, fund; and and on the additional capital amounting to two hundred and to be illued forty thousand pounds; shall be carried to and made part of, accordingly. the fund commonly called the Sinking Fund, and the same shall be deemed and taken to be part of the faid finking fund, and thall be issued and applied to such uses and purposes as the several exceffes, furpluffes, or overplus monies, composing the faid finking fund, are or may be iffued and applied; any thing in the faid act of the thirty third year of the reign of his faid late Majesty, to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

IV. And whereas leveral bills commonly called Exchequer Bills, Clause of refeveral tickets commonly called Lottery Tickets, several orders and lief for excertificates made forth in lieu of the faid lottery tickets, and likewife chequer bills lottery-tickfor annuities of divers kinds, payable at or near the receipt of his ets, certi-Majesty's exchequer, as also several receipts of the cashiers of the go-ficates, annui-vernor and company of the bank of England, or some of them, for ty-orders, &cmonies contributed there for the purchase of annuities transferrable in loft, burnt, or otherwise dethe books of the faid governor and company, or for other monies pay- froyed. able there in pursuance of acts of parliament, have, by casualty or mischance, been lost, burnt, or otherwise destroyed; which exchequer bills, lottery tickets, certificates, receipts, annuity orders, and other orders of the respective denominations aforesaid, were made forth by and in pursuance of several acts of parliament in that behalf; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in all cases where it shall appear, by affidavit, to be made before any or either of the barons of the exchequer for the time being (who shall interrogate the deponent thereupon) to the fatisfaction of fuch baron or barons, that any fuch exchequer bills, or any fuch tickets, certificates, receipts, annuity orders, or other orders as aforesaid, before the first day of June, one thousand seven hundred and fixty two have been, are, or shall be, lost, burnt, or otherwife destroyed, or that there be good reason to believe the same have been burnt, lost, or otherwise destroyed, it shall and may be lawful for the respective officers and persons appointed to iffue or make forth fuch exchequer bills, tickets, certificates, receipts, annuity orders, or other orders, or to pay or discharge the fame, or to lifue any monies due or payable thereupon, upon producing a certificate from any or either of the faid barons, of fuch affidavit made before him or them (which affidavit the faid barons, or any or either of them, is and are hereby authorised to take; and which certificate he or they is or are hereby required to make and grant without fee or reward) and on fecurity given to the said respective officers and persons to their

good liking, to indemnify them respectively against all other persons whatsoever, for or concerning the monies specified in, Anno Seundo Georgia M.E.g. w. [1764.

or due upon, fuch respective bill or bills, ticket or tickets, certificate or certificates, receipt or receipts, order or orders, they the faid persons respectively shall, and are he shy required, to make forth duplicates of the faid bills, tickets, contificates, receipts and orders, at the request of the respective owners, and to pay, fatisfy, and discharge the same, and all, fuch interest as is or shall be due on any of them carrying interest, or to make forth stock or transferrable annuities in lieu of fuch receipts, as he or they should have paid, satisfied, or discharged, or made forth on the faid original bills, tickets, certificates, receipts, annuity orders, or other orders, if the same had been produced, and shall be allowed all such payments, fum or fums of money, in their respective accounts; and in all cases where the figures of the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, or the lord high treasurer of Great Britain for the time being, that be necessary for making the faid duplicates, or any of them, effectual for the purposes aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid commissioners of his Majesty's treatury, or any three or more of them, or the lord high treafurer for the time being, to fign fuch duplicates accordingly.

#### CAP. X.

An act for raising by annuities, in manner therein mentioned, the sum of twelve millions, to be charged on the finking fund; and for applying the surplus of certain duties on spirituous liquors, and also the monies arising from the duties on spirituous liquors, granted by an act of this sespon of parliament.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

Preamble.

The fum of 12,000,000 [ granted to be raited by annuities.

Natives or for in purtuance of the commons, have tubscribed toium.

and have depointed 15% per witte in part of their A bilingtions,

ME, your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament affembled, towards raifing the necessary supplies to defray your Majesty's publick expences, have freely resolved to give and grant unto your Majesty the sum of twelve millions. to be raifed by annuities, in such manner and form as is herein after directed; and do therefore most humbly beseach your Majesty, that it inay be enceled; and be it enacted by the King's most excellent Majetty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assemhed, and by the authority of the same, That for or towards eigners, who, railing the faid fum of twelve millions, it shall and may be lawful to and for the feveral perfons natives or foreigners, and of a refolution bodies politic or corporate, who in pursuance of the resolution of the commons of Great Britain in parliament affembled, have, in books opened at the bank of England for that purpose, subwards the taid feribed and agreed to contribute to the payment of the faid fum of twelve millions, and who have, in pursuance of the faid resolution, deposited with, or paid to, the cashier or cathiers of the governor and company of the bank of England for the time being, the fum of fifteen pounds per centum, in part of the fums by them subscribed respectively, to advance

and pay unto the faid cashier or cashiers, who is and are hereby may pay the appointed the receiver or receivers of fuch contributions remainder, at (without any further or other warrant to be fued for, had, or the days, and in the proporobtained, in that behalf) the remainder of the several sums so tions followsubscribed, at or before the respective days or times, and in ing:

the proportions, in this act limited in that behalf. II. And whereas it is intended that every contributor to the

Jaid twelve millions shall, for every one hundred pounds constributed, be intituled to an annuity, transferrable at the bank of England, after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, for nineteer years, and then to fland reduced to three pounds per centum per annum, redeemable by parliament; and also to an annuity, transferrable at the bank of England, of one pound per centum per annum, to continue irredeemable for a certain term of ninety eight years, and then to cease; and that every fuch contributor shall, for every sum of eighty pounds per centum paid into the cashiers of the bank of England, upon account of his share in the said annuities, after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, be intituled to one hundred pounds capital in the faid stock of four pounds per centum annuities; and for every fum of twenty pounds paid in like manner, upon account of his share in the said annuities of one pound per centum, shall be intitled to an annuity of one pound, to continue for a certain term of ninety eight years, in manner above mentioned; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all such contributors who have fo made such deposit of fifteen pounds per centum, in part of the sums by them severally subscribed, as a fecurity for their making their future payments, shall make the same accordingly, at or before the respective times or days, and in the proportions, herein after limited and appointed on that behalf; that is to fay, in respect of their proportionable there of the fum of nine millions fix hundred viz. in refrect thousand pounds, to be attended with the said four pounds of the sum of per centum annuities for nineteen years, and afterwards to 9,600,000l. the further be reduced to three pounds per centum annuities as aforefaid, fum of 10l. the further fum of ten pounds per centum, being part of the by 10 Feb. faid fum so remaining, on or before the tenth day of February, one thousand seven hundred and fixty two; the further sum 10/. by 23 of ten pounds per centum, other part thereof, on or before the March, twenty third of March then next following; the further fum of ten pounds per centum, other part thereof, on or before the 10/1 by 21 twenty first day of April then next following; the further sum April, of ten pounds per centum, other part thereof, on or before the rol, by 26 twenty fixth day of May then next following; the further fum May, of ten pounds per centum, other part thereof, on or before the 10/1. by 22 twenty third day of June then next following; the further sum June, fifteen pounds per centum, other part thereof, on or before the 151. by 18 eighteeth day of August then next following; the further sum August, of ten pounds per centum, other part thereof, on or before the 10/. by 17 feventeenth day of September then next following; and the September, and the reremaining fum of ten pounds per centum, on or before the twen- maining role tieth by 20 Qa.

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2,400,000/.the e251. by 10 March.

30%. by 12 May, 30l. by 21 July,

Subscribers. fum of capital, and an annuity al. per cent. and after the expiration of 31, per cent. to commence on 5 Jan. 1762 :

towards the

Said fum of

annuity of 1/. for 98 years to 5 Jan. 1762. Annuities to be paid half-5 Jan. Subscribers paying in the whole of their **fubliciptions** towards the taid fum of 9,600,000/. hy 18 Sept. and towards the faid fum pf 2,400.000/. by 13 May 1762,

And in respect tieth day of October then next following: And in respect of of the sum of their proportionable share of the sum of two millions four hunfurther fum of dred thousand pounds, to be attended with the annuity of one pound per centum for ninety eight years, the further fum of twenty . five pounds per centum, being part of the fum fo remaining, on " or before the tenth day of March, one thouland seven hundred " and fixty two; the further fum of thirty pounds per centum, other part thereof, on or before the twelfth day of May there . next following; and the remaining fum of thirty pounds per centum, on or before the twenty first day of July then next following.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, for every 801. That the feveral subscribers or contributors, their executors, wards the faid administrators, successors, and assigns, shall be intituled for and upon every fum of eighty pounds by them respectively advanced 9,600,000. are and paid towards the faid fum of nine millions fix hundred intitled to 100. thousand pounds, to one hundred pounds capital stock at the bank of *England*, and to an annuity after the rate of four pounds thereupon of per centum per annum, during the term of nineteen years; and after the expiration thereof, to an annuity of three pounds per for 19 years; centum per annum, and no more, for and upon every one hundred pounds of fuch capital stock; which said annuity of four that term, to pounds per centum per annum, shall commence and be computed from the fifth day of January, one thousand seven hundred and fixty two; and from and immediately after the expiration of the faid term of nineteen years, there shall be paid, instead and in lieu of fuch annuity, an annuity of three pounds per And for every centum per annum, and no more: And that the faid feveral 201. advanced fubscribers or contributors, their executors, administrators, fuccessors, and assigns, shall also be intituled, for and upon 2,400,000/.are every sum of twenty pounds by them respectively advanced intitled to an and paid towards the faid fum of two millions four hundred thousand pounds, to an annuity after the rate of one pound for a certain term of ninety eight years; which faid annuity of commence on one pound shall commence and be computed from the fifth day of January, one thousand seven hundred and sixty two; and the faid respective annuities shall be paid by half-yearly payments, in even and equal portions, on the fifth day of July, yearly, ciz. ments, in even and equal portions, on t on 5 July, and and the fifth day of January, in each year.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all fuch subscribers or contributors, their executors, administrators, successors, and assigns respectively, paying in the whole of the fums by them respectively subscribed towards the faid fum of nine millions fix hundred thousand pounds, on or before the eighteenth day of September, one thousand seven hundred and fixty two; or paying in the whole of the fums by them respectively subscribed towards the said sum of two millions four hundred thousand pounds, on or before the thirteenth day of May, one thousand seven hundred and sixty two; shall be intituled to an allowance of so much money as the interest of the sum so compleating their contribution, on or,

before,

before the said eighteenth day of September, or the said thir- are intitled to teenth day of May, respectively, after the rate of three pounds an interest of of contum per annum, shall amount unto, from the day of com- from the pleating luch contribution to the twentieth day of October then times of next following, in respect of the monies paid towards the said compleating fum of nine millions ax hundred thousand pounds; and unto their paythe twenty first day of July then next following, in respect of ments to 20 the monies paid towards the faid fum of two millions four pect of the andred thousand pounds; such allowances respectively to be paid said sum of by the faid cashier or cashiers out of the monies contributed 9,600,000l. towards the faid fum of twelve millions, as foon as fuch re- and to 21 July, spective subscribers or contributors, their executors, admini- the said sum strators, successors, and assigns, shall have compleated such of 2,400,000/. payments.

V. And be it further enacted, That all the annuities afore- Annuities

faid shall be transferrable at the bank of England.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That at the bank. the cashier or cashiers of the governor and company of the give receipts hank of Fundard, who shall have received on the process of the give receipts. bank of England, who shall have received, or shall receive, any for the sums part of the faid contributions towards the faid fum of twelve paid in; the millions, shall give a receipt or receipts in writing to every such same made contributor for all such sums; and that the receipts to be given affignable before 5 Dec. shall be affignable by indorsement thereupon made, at any time 1762. before the fifth day of December, one thousand seven hundred

and fixty two, and no longer.

VII. Provided always, That such cashier or cashiers shall Cashiers to give fecurity to the good liking of any three or more of the give fecurity: commissioners of the treasury, or the high treasurer for the time being, for duly answering and paying into the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer, for the public use, all the monies which they have already received, and shall hereafter receive, from time to time, of and for the faid fum of twelve millions. and for accounting duly for the fame, and for performance of the trust hereby in them reposed; and shall, from time to time, monies to be pay all fuch monies as foon as he or they shall receive the same, paid over by or any part thereof, or within five days afterwards at the far-exchequer. thest, and shall account for the same in the exchequer, according to the due course thereof, deducting such sums as shall have been paid by him or them in pursuance of this act; for which lums so paid allowance shall be made in his or their accounts.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, The monies to be applied to be applied by the treanissioners of the treasury, or the high treasurer for the time sury to the being, to iffue and apply, from time to time, all fuch fums services voted of money as shall be so paid into the receipt of his Majesty's by parliaexchequer, by the faid cashier or cashiers, to such services as ment. shall then have been voted by the commons of Great Britain in

this present session of parliament.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Books to be in the office of the accomptant general of the governor and provided at company of the bank of *England* for the time being, a book or the bank for books

tributors names; to be inspected gratis.

Duplicate thereof to be tranfmitted into the auditor's office of the exchequer.

Contributors duly paying their fubscriptions, are intitled to a proportional thare of the annuities ;

payments within the times limited. they forfeit what they in.

Contri-butors compleating their to have credit in the books of the bank for the money fo paid;

which may be trans-Sterred,

books shall be provided and kept, in which the names of the contributors shall be fairly entered; which book or books the faid respective contributors, their respective executors, admir nistrators, successors, and assigns, shall and may, from time to time, and at all seasonable times, resort to, and inspect without any fee or charge; and that the faid accomptant general shall, on or before the fifth day of July, one thousand seven hundred and fixty four, transmit an attested duplicate fairly written on paper of the faid book or books, into the office of the audi(or of the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer, there to remain for ever.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That fuch contributors duly paying the whole fum or fums subscribed, at or before the respective times in this act limited in that behalf, and their respective executors, administrators, successors, and alligns, shall have, receive, and enjoy, and be intituled, by virtue of this act, to have, receive, and enjoy, their proportionable share of the annuities by this act granted, in respect of the fums fo subscribed, out of the monies appropriated by this act for payment thereof; and shall have good and sure interests and estates therein; subject nevertheless to redemption as is herein aftermentioned, concerning the faid annuities of three pounds per centum, according to the several provisions in this act contained; and that all the annuities by this act granted, shall be free from all taxes, charges, and impositions what loever.

XI. Provided always, That in case any such contributors but not mak- who have already deposited with, or shall hereafter pay to the ing good their said cashier or cashiers any sum or sums of money, at the times and in the manner before-mentioned, in part of the fum or fums so by them respectively subscribed; or the respective executors, administrators, successors, or assigns, shall not advance and pay to the said cashier or cashiers, the residue of the sum or sums so shall have paid subscribed, at the times and in the manner before-mentioned; then, and in every such case, so much of the respective sum or fums to subscribed as shall have been actually paid in part thereof, to the said cashier or cashiers, shall be forfeited for the benefit of the public, and all right and title to any annuity whatfoever in respect thereof shall be extinguished; any thing in this act contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That as foon as any contributors, their executors, administrapayments, are tors, fucceffors, or affigns, shall have compleated their payments of the whole fam payable by them respectively, towards the faid fum of nine millions fix hundred thousand pounds, and two millions four hundred thousand pounds, respectively; the principal fum or fums to by them subscribed and paid respectively, shall forthwith be, in the books of the bank of England, placed to the credit of such respective contributors, their executors, administrators, successors, and assigns, compleating fuch payments respectively; and the persons to whose credit, such principal

principal sums shall be so placed, their respective executors, administrators, successors, or assigns, shall and may have power o assign and transfer the same, or any part, share, or propornon thereof, to any other person or persons, body or bodies po-Little or corporate whatfoever, in the books of the bank of Eng- and made land; and fuch fums shall carry the respective annuities herein stock of. before-mentioned, and shall be taken and deemed to be stock transferrable, according to the true intent and meaning of this act.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, charged on That the several annuities which by this act are granted and the linking made payable, in respect of the sum of twelve millions, until redemption thereof by parliament, in manner herein mentioned. shall be charged and chargeable upon, and payable out of, the monies which shall from time to time arise, and be remaining in the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer, of or for the furplusses, excesses, overplus monies, and other revenues compofing the fund commonly called The finking fund; and the faid furplusses, excesses, overplus monies, and other revenues, are

hereby appropriated for that purpose accordingly.

XIV. And, for the more casy and sure payment of all the annuities play a chief established by this act, be it further enacted by the authority afore- cashier, and faid, That the faid governor and company of the bank of Enggeneral, for land, and their successors, shall, from time to time, during the the purposes continuance of the faid annuities, after the rate of four pounds of this act. for every one hundred pounds, capital stock, and until the said annuities, after the rate of three pounds for every such one hundred pounds capital stock, shall be redeemed, and until the faid annuities for the certain term of ninety eight years shall be determined, appoint and employ one or more sufficient person or persons within their office in the city of London, to be their chief or first cashier or cashiers, and one other sufficient person Treasury to within the same office, to be their accomptant general; and issue monies that fo much of the monies by this act appropriated for this upon account purpose, as shall be sufficient, from time to time, to answer the for payment of faid several and respective appointes, and other payments berein faid several and respective annuities, and other payments herein ties to the said directed to be made out of the faid monies, shall, by order of cashier; the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, without any further or other warrant to be fued for, had, and obtained, in that behalf, from time to time, at the respective days of payment in this act appointed for payment thereof, be iffued and paid at the faid receipt of exchequer, to the faid first or chief cashier or cashiers of the faid governor and company of the bank of England, and their successors, for the time being, by way of imprest, and upon who is to account, for the payment of the faid several and respective an- pay the nuities, payable by virtue of this act; and that such cashier or fame accorcashiers, to whom the said money shall from time to time be is account with fued, shall, from time to time, without delay, pay the same ac- the exchecordingly, and render his or their accounts thereof according quer. to the due course of the exchequer.

XV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid,

Annuities

Bank to em-

That

Accomptantgeneral to examine all receipts and payments of the calhier. with the vouchers. Annuities deemed a perfonal estate.

Annuities, with respect to the faid sum of 9,600,000%

are made one joint stock, transferrable at the bank, with those act of 33 Geo. Ц. &с.

**fubiect** to redemption by parliament.

Books to be kept at the accomptantgeneral's office for entering Method of transferring.

That the said accomptant general for the time being shall, from time to time, inspect and examine all receipts and payments of the faid cashier or cashiers, and the vouchers relating thereto. in order to prevent any fraud, negligence, or delay; and that all persons who shall be intituled to any of the annuities herebygranted, and all persons lawfully claiming under them, shall be possessed thereof as of a personal estate, which shall not be descendible to heirs, nor liable to any serieign attachment by the custom of London, or otherwise; any law, statute, or custom,-

to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all the monies to which any person or persons shall become intituled by virtue of this act, in respect of any sum advanced or contributed towards the faid fum of nine millions fix hundred thousand pounds, on which the said annuities of four rounds, or of three pounds per cent. per Annum shall be attending, shall be added to, and made one joint stock of transferrable annuities at the bank of England, with the annuities granted by an act made in the thirty third year of the reign of his late Majesty King George the Second; and which by an act made in granted by the this present session of parliament, intituled, An act for charging certain annuities granted in the year one thousand seven hundred and fixty, on the finking fund; and for carrying the duties therein mentioned to the said fund; and for making forth duplicates of exchequer bills, tickets, certificates, receipts, annuity orders, and other orders, lost, burnt, or otherwise destroyed; are charged upon and made payable out of the finking fund; and also with such other four pounds per centum annuities transferrable at the bank of England. as shall, by any other act of this present session of parliament, be charged upon, and made payable out of, the finking fund; subject nevertheless to redemption by parliament, in such manner, and upon fuch notice, as in the faid act made in the thirty third year of his late Majesty's reign is directed, with respect to the redemption of the annuities thereby granted; and that all and every person and persons, and corporations whatsoever, in proportion to the money to which he, she, or they, shall become intituled as aforefaid, by virtue of this act, shall have, and be deemed to have, a proportional interest and share in the said ioint stock of annuities.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That books shall be constantly kept by the said accomptant general for the time being, wherein all affignments or transfers of all sums advanced or contributed towards the said sum of nine millions fix hundred thousand pounds, and two millions four all affignments hundred thousand pounds respectively, shall, at all seasonable and transfers. times, be entered and registered; which entry shall be conceived in proper words for that purpose, and shall be signed by the parties making fuch affignments or transfers; or if fuch parties be absent, by their respective attorney or attornies thereunto lawfully authorized, in writing, under his or their hand and feal, or hands and feals, to be attefted by two or more credible wit-

nelles i

## 1761. Anno fecundo Georgii III. C. 6

nesses; and that the several persons to whom such transfers shall be made. shall respectively underwrite their acceptance thereof: and that no other method of affigning and transferring the faid mnuities; or any part thereof, or any interest therein, shall be

good or available in law.

XVIII. Provided affo, That all persons possessed of any shares or inor interest in either of the said stocks of annuities, or any es- terest in tate or interest therein, may devise the same by will, in writstand fooks ing, attested by two or more credible witnesses; but that no may be depayment shall be made upon any such devise, till so much of the vised by will. faid will as relates to fuch share, estate, or interest, in the said In detault of stocks of annuities, be entered in the said office; and that, in such transfer default of such transfer or devise, such share, estate, or interest, or devise, exein the faid stocks of annuities, shall go to the executors, ami-intitled nistrators, successors, and assigns; and that no stamp duties thereto. nistrators, successors, and amgis; and that no many any Transfers to whatsoever shall be charged on any of the said transfers; any Transfers to be without law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIX. provided always, and be it enacted by the authority Treasury imaforefaid, That out of the monies arising from the contributions powered to towards raising the said sum of twelve millions, any three or discharge all more of the commissioners of the treasury, or the high treasurer incident charges atfor the time being, shall have power to discharge all such incitending the dent charges as shall necessarily attend the execution of this act, execution of in such manner as to them shall seem just and reasonable; and this act; also to settle and appoint such allowances as shall be thought and to proper, for the service, pains, and labour, of the said cashier allowances for or cashiers, for receiving, paying, and accounting for, the taid the cashiers, contributions; and also shall have power to make, out of the and other finking fund, fuch further allowances as shall be judged reason-officers, able, for the service, pains, and labour, of the faid cashier or and accomptantcashiers for receiving, paying, and accounting for, the said annui- general; ties, payable by virtue of this act; and also for the service, pains, the same to and labour, of the faid accomptant general, for performing the be at trust reposed in him by this act; all which allowances to be the disposal, made as aforefaid, in respect to the service, pains, and labour, sec. of the of any officer or officers of the said governor and company, company of shall be for the use and benefit of the said governor and com- the bank. pany, and at their disposal only.

XX. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the au-Bank to conthority aforesaid, That the said governor and company of the tinue a corpobank of England, and their fuccessors, notwithstanding the re-ration, notbank of England, and their fuccenors, notwithstanding the re-withstanding demption of all or any of their own funds, in pursuance of the a redemption acts for establishing the same, or any of them, shall con- of their own tinue a corporation for the purposes of this act, till all the an-funds, till nuities payable in respect of the said sum of nine millons six the said annuihundred thousand pounds, shall be redeemed by parliament ties shall be redeemed and as aforesaid, and until the said annuities attending the said sum determined. of two millions four hundred thousand pounds, for the said term of ninety eight years, shall be determined; and that the faid governor and company of the bank of England, or any

stamps.

member

member thereof, shall not incur any disability, for or by reason of their doing any matter or thing in pursuance of this act.

No fee to be taken or demanded for receiving or paying the contributionmonies; or paying, &c. the feveral on penalty of zoh and full cofts of fuit.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That no fee, reward, or gratuity whatfoever, shall be demanded or taken of any or his Majesty's subjects, for receiving or paying the said con-tribution-monies, or any of them, or for any tallies or receipts concerning the fame, or for iffuing the monies for paying the faid feveral annuities, or any of them, or for any transfer of any fum great or small to be made in pursuance of this act; annuities, &c. upon pain that any offender, or person offending, by taking or demanding any such fee or reward, or gratuity, shall forfeit the fum of twenty pounds to the party aggricued, with full costs of suit; to be recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, privilege, or wager of law, injunction, or order of restraint, or any more than one imparlance shall be granted or allowed.

Recital of clause in act 16 Geo. II. concerning tpirituous liquors; &c.

XXII. And whereas by an act made in the fixteenth year of the reign of his late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, " In all for repealing certain duties upon spirituous liquors, " and on licences for retailing the fame, and for laying other duties " on spirituous liquors, and on licences to retail the said liquors;" certain rates and duties were laid upon spirituous liquors: And whereas by another act made in the fame fession of parliament, intituled, "An act for raising, by annuities and a lottery in manner therein

Lottery act of 16 G.o. II.

" mentioned, the sum of one million eight hundred thousand pounds, " at three pounds per centum per annum, for the service of the " year one thousand seven hundred and forty three," the said rates and duties upon spirituous liquors were charged with, and made subject and liable to, the payment of the annuities, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, transferrable at the bank of England, which by the faid att were granted, in respect of the principal sum of one million eight hundred thousand pounds, advanced upon the credit of the said rates and duties; and the surplus or remainder of the monies arifing by the faid rates and duties, after fatiffying, or reserving money sufficient to satisfy, the said several and respective annuities, and all arrears thereof, was by the faid att referved for the disposition of parliament: And whereas by an act made in the feventeenth year of his faid late Majesty's reign, intituled, " An " act for erenting to his Majesty the surplus or remainder of the " monies arifen, or to arife by the duties on spirituous liquors, granted by " an all of the last session of parliament, and for explaining and amend-" ing the faid at in relation to the retailers of fuch liquors; and for " cflablishing an agreement with the united company of merchants of England trading to the East Indies;" the faid furplus or remainder was charged with, and made subject and liable to the payment of an annuity or yearly fum of thirty thousand pounds to the united company of merchants of England trading to the East Indies, in manner therein mentioned: And whereas by

another act made in the fame fession of parliament, intituled,

" An

Spirituous liquers of 17 Geo. 11.

Lottery act of 17 Geo. 11.

" An act for raising by annuities and a lottery, in manner therein mentioned, the sum of one million eight hundred thousand pounds. at three pounds per centuin per annum, for the service of the we year one thousand seven hundred and forty four," the said surplus for remainder, after paying or reserving sufficient to pay to the united company of merchants of England trading to the East Indies, the faid annuity or yearly payment of thirly thousand pounds, was charged with, and made subject and liable to, the payment of the annuities transferrable at the bank of England, which by the faid act were granted, in respect of the principal sum of one million eight hundred thousand pounds, advanced upon the credit of the said surplus or remainder; and the surplus or remainder of the monies arising by or the laid rates and duties, after latisfying, or reserving money sufficient to fatisfy all the faid several and respective annuities, and all arrears thereof, was by the said last-mentioned act reserved for the disposition of parliament: And whereas by an act made in the nineteenth year of his said late Majesty's reign, intituled, " An act for granting to his Majesty several rates and duties " upon glass, and upon spirituous liquors; and for raising a certain Glass and " fum of money by annuities, and a lottery, to be charged on the faid spirituous rates and duties; and for obviating some doubts about making out liquors of 19 orders at the exchequer for the monies a wanced upon the credit of the falt duties, granted and continued to his Majefly by an act of the " last session of parliament;" certain rates and duties were laid upon glass and upon spirituous liquors, and the said rates and duties were by the said act charged with, and made subject and liable to, the payment of the annuities transferrable at the bank of England, which by the said act were granted in respect of the principal sum of three millions, advanced upon the credit of the fuid rates and duties; and were also charged with, and made subject and liable to, the payment of the yearly lum of forty five thousand pounds, for answering and paying the annuities for lives, payable at the exchequer, granted by the faid act: and the furplus or remainder of the monies ariling by the faid rates and duties, after satisfying or reserving money sufficient to satis-fy all the said several and respective annuities, was by the said act reserved for the disposition of parliament: and whereas by an act made in the twenty fourth year of his faid late Majesty's reign, intituled, Spirituous li-" An all for granting to his Majesty an additional duty upon spirituous quors of " liquors, and upon licences for retailing the same; and for repealing 24 Geo. II.; "the act of the twentieth year of his present Majesty's reign, inti-" tuled, An act for granting a duty to his Majesty to be paid by dif-" tillers upon licences to be taken out by them for retailing spirituous li-" quors; and for the more effectually restraining the retailing of distilled spirituous liquors; and for allowing a drawback upon the exportation of British made spirits; and that the parish of Saint Mary le Bon, in the county of Middlesex, shall be under the " inspection of the head office of excise;" certain additional rates and duties were laid upon spirituous liquors, and the said rates and duties were, by the faid act, made subject and liable to the same Hes and purposes as the then subsisting duties on spirituous liquors were at that time liable and appropriated unto: and whereas by an

act

Annuity act act made in the twenty fifth year of his faid late Majesty's reign. of 25 Geo. II.; intituled, "An act for converting the several annuities therein "mentioned, into several joint stocks of annuities, transferrable at the bank of England, to be charged on the finking fund; andalso for consolidating the several other annuities, therein men tioned, into several joint stocks of annuities, transferrable at the "South sea house;" all the said several and respective annuities transferrable at the bank of England, herein before mentioned to have been charged upon any of the several rates and duties upon spirituous liquors, were, from the time in the said agt men-. tioned, charged upon, and directed to be paid out of, the finking fund; and fuch of the faid rates and duties upon spirituous liquors as had been granted and appropriated by the several and respective acts, in the faid last-mentioned act before recited; that is to fay, by the acts which have been herein before mentioned to have been made in the fixteenth, seventeenth, and nineteenth years of his faid late Majesty's reign, for payment of the said several and respective annuities transferrable at the bank of England, as aforefaid, were directed to be carried to, and made part of, the faid finking fund, after reserving sufficient to pay the annuities for lives at the exchequer, and other charges and incumbrances charged on the faid rates and duties: and whereas the rates and duties on spirituous liquors granted by the faid act of the twenty fourth year of his faid late Majefly's reign, not being by the faid act of the twenty fourth year of his faid late Majesty's reign, directed to be carried to, and made part of, the finking fund, still remaining subject and liable, in common with the former rates and duties on spirituous liquors, to the payment of fuch charges and incumbrances originally charged upon the faid rates and duties on spirituous liquors, as had not been by virtue of the said act of the twenty fifth year of the reign of his faid late Majesty transferred to the sinking fund; that is to say, to the payment of the annuity of thirty thousand pounds to the East India company; and also to the yearly payment of forty five thou-sand pounds, for answering and paying certain annuities for lives, payable at the exchequer; and the surplus of the said rates and duties granted by the act of the twenty fourth year of the reign of his said late Majesty, still remained, by virtue of the several acts herein before recited, reserved for the disposition of parliament: and whereas by an act of the thirty third year of the reign of his faid late Majesty, intituled, "An act for preventing "the excessive use of spirituous liquors, by laying additional du-" ties thereon; for shortening the prohibition of making low wines " and spirits from wheat, barley, malt, or other grain, and from "meal flour, and bran; for encouraging the exportation of British made spirits; and for more effectually securing the duties " payable upon spirits; and preventing the fraudulent relanding or " importation thereof;" certain farther additional rates and duties were laid on spirituous liquors, and were, by the faid act. directed to be appropriated and applied to the same uses and purposes as the then subsisting duties on spirituous liquors were, at these time, applicable and appropriated unto; so that as well the surplus

Spirituous liquors of 33 G.o. II.

plus or returnater of the monies withen or to arife from the faid rates and duties upon specificous lequel's granted by the said act of the twenty source year of the reign of his said late Majesty, as from those granted by the said act of the twenty source by the said act of the thirty third year of his said late Majesty, after si styring the said annuties or yearly payments of thirty thousand pounds, and forty five thousand pounds, to the payment of which all the duties on spirituous liquors, granted by the feregal acts berein before mertioned, fland in the first place liable and appropriated, do, by v rive of the said several act, stand reserved for the desposition of parl ament and we creas the annait es payable by virtue of this act in respect of the sum of twelve milhons, are bereby charged upon, and directed to be paid out of the similing fund, be it therefore enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from Surplus of and after the fifth day of January, one thousand seven hundred the monies and after the fitth day or january, one thousand reven attended which arising by the and fixty two, the furplus or remainder of the thomes which arising by the shall, from time to time, arise by the faid rates and duties upon ip it uo is ipirituous liquors granted by the faid acts of the twenty fourth and liquors, thirty third years of his faid late Majesty's reign, after paying or granted by reserving, from time to time, at the receipt of his Majesty's ex the recited chequer, money sufficient to fatisfy and pay the faith annuity of 33 Geo II thirty thousand pounds, payable as aforelaid to the united com- after paying puny of merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and the annuity also the fand yearly payment of forty five thousand pounds for of 30 000 to answering the said annusties for lives, payable at the exchequer, pany, and shall be carried to, and made part of, the sinking fund, towards 45 000 for in iking good the interest or amuities charged by this act on the annuities for lives payable faid tund

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, at the extended XXIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, chequer, to be That the monies which shall, from time to time, ar se and be carried into remaining in the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer, of the at the inking ditional rates and duties on spirituous siquiors, granted to his stud Mones ar sing the light of the study of the inking of the study of the study

XXIV And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, I hat if any person or persons shall be sued, molested, or profecuted for any thing done by virtue or in pursuance of this act, such person or persons shall and may plead the general issue, and give this act, and the special matter, in evidence, in his or their defence or defences. And if, afterwards, a version shall pass for the defendant or defendants, or the plaintiff or plaintiffs shall discontinue his or their action or actions, or be nonfunted, for judgment shall be given against him, her, or them, upon demurrer, or otherwise, then such defendant or defendants shall have treble costs awarded to him, her, or them, against any such Treble costs, plaintiff or plaintiffs.

CAP.

Vot. XXV

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## CAP. XI.

An all for punishing mutiny and desertion; and for the better payment of the army and their quarters.

Preamble.

Number of forces 67,676,

including

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XI HEREAS the raising and keeping a standing army within this kingdom in time of peace, unless it be with consent of parliament, is against law : and whereas his Majesty is engaged in a just and necessary war against France and Spain: and wherea; it is judged necessary by his Majesty, and this present parliament, That a body of forces should be continued for the fafety of this fingdom, the defence of the possessions of the crown of Great Britain, and the preservation of the bullance of power in Europe; and that the whole number of such forces should consist of sixty seven thousand fix hundred and seventy fix, including four thousand and eight invalids: 4,008 invalids, and whereas no man can be forejudged of life or limb, or subjected in time of peace to any kind of punishment within this realin, by martial law, or in any other manner than by the judgment of his peers, and according to the known and established laws of this realm; vet nevertheless, it being requisite for the retaining such forces in their duty, that an exact discrpline be observed, and that soldiers who shall mutiny, or stir up sedition, or shall defert his Majesty's fervice within this realm, or the kingdom of Ireland, Jerley, Guernsey, Alderney, and Sark, or the islands thereto belonging, he brought to a more exemplary and speedy punishment than the usual forms of the law will allow; be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of

the same, That from and After 24 March 1762, during the continuance of this act, every officer and private man, who shall mutiny or defert, &c. or list in any other regiment, &c. or shall be found sleeping on, or shall defert his post, or hold illegal correspondence with the enemies of his Majesty, or shall strike, or dispat correspondence with the enemies of his Majerty, of man arrise, or disbey, his superior officer; shall suffer death, or such punishment as a court martial shall instict. — The King may grant commission to hold a court-martial, &c. — Court-martial may instict corporal punishment for immoralities, &c. — General court-martial not to consist of less than 15; and the prefident to be a field officer, or officer next in feniority, not under the degree of a captain. - May administer an oath to witnesse, Officers to be tworn. The oaths. — The judge advocate to be fworn. The oath. — In fentences of death, nine officers to concur, &c. Hours of trial. — The party tried, intitled to a copy of the fentence and proceedings of the court martial. - Original proceedings, &c of courts martial to be transmitted to the judge advocate general in London, &c. --- None to be tried a second time for the same offence, except in cale of appeal. - This act not to exempt foldiers from ordinary process, Penalty on falle certificates to excuse soldiers from musters. Penalty on officers making falle musters, &c. - Fictitious names allowed by his Majesty's order upon the muster-rolls for the maintenance of officers widows, not to be construed a false muster. - Muster-master to give notice of muster to a mayor, &c. Penalty on neglect. Muster-rolls to be signed by the mayor, &c. — Penalty on persons offering themselves to be falsly mustered. — Horses falsly mustered, to be forfeited, &c.— Forfeiture how to be levied. Officer embezzelling, &c. military flores, to be cashiered, and forfeit 100% and the damage to be made good by fale of his goods and chattels; for want of distress the person to be comsmitted. Application of the forfeiture. - Muster master taking a

muster, to make oath. The oath. - Muster-rolls, though transmitted without the oath indursed to the pay-masters general, to be good vouchers to the auditor. — Penalty on agents, &c. detaining officers or foldiers pay. Weekly fates. Penalty on agents disobeying orders. — Surgeon, &c. within ten miles of London, &c. to certify who are fick; and companding officers, who are employed in raising recruits. — Penalty on officers inufering persons by wrong names. — Constables, &c. to quarter officers and men in inns, alehouses, &c. but in no distillers houses, or shopkeepers, or in any private houses. Penalty on constables, &c. quartering foldiers in private houses, &c. and on officers quartering soldiers contrary to this act, &c. Perfors aggrieved by being quartered on, may complain to any justices and be relieved. — No justice having any military office. to be concerned in billeting his foldiers. - Officers and foldiers to pay rates for their provisions. — What inn-holders may allow men quartered on them instead of meat. — Penalty on officers taking money to excuse the quartering. - Dragoons, &c. and their horses to be hilleted in the fame house. — Manner of changing men and horses. — Clause relating to a soldier's settlement for his wife and children. — Officers, &c. to be quartered in Scotland, as the laws in force at the union direct. -No pay master, &c. to make deductions out of officers or soldiers pay .-Exceptions. - Treatury may iffue out the money due for clothing every two months. Pay matters to deduct the off-reckonings. - Officers to give notice to inn-keepers of subsistence-money in their hands. Rates of subsistence to be paid to inn-keepers, &c. for soldiers quarters. Penalty on officers not paying subsistence-money. —— On non-payment of quarters the officer to make up accounts, &c. —— No muster in Westminster, &c. but in the presence of two or more justices. - Constables, &c. may billet foldiers in Westminster, &c. Petty constables, &c. to quarter soldiers in their repective divisions. — Constables, &c. to deliver lists at quarterfessions, on oath, of inhabitants, and foldiers quartered in their respective divitions; to be inspected without fee. Copies of such his to be wrote by the clerk at 2d. per sheet, containing 150 words. Penalty on default. Penalty on giving defective lists. How to be levied. — This act to extend to Jersey, &c. — Muster-rolls to be closed on day of muster, and returned to the pay-master of the forces, &c. Penalty. — Justices may order constables to provide carriages. Rates for carriages. Penalty on officers forcing waggons to travel more than one day's journey, &c. --- Penalty on constables, &c. neglect. - Treasurers of the county to repay the constables extraordinary charges. — The money for those purposes how to be raised. — No waggon, &c. to carry above so hundred weight. — Carriages in Scotland how to be provided. - Soldiers wives, &c. not to be quartered without confent. Penalty. -- Penalty on officers or foldiers destroying the game. - How the account of every regiment shall be - Penalty on pay-mafter, &c. - Penalty on colonels. Non-commission officer embezzeling the soldiers pay, &c. to be reduced, &c. - Justices may commit deserters. - Reward for taking-up deferters. — Penaky on persons concealing deserters, or buying their arms, clothes, &c. — Penalty on officer breaking open house without warrant. — His Majesty empowered to make articles of war. — None to be adjudged of life or limb, but for crimes expressed to be so punishable by this act. - Deferters beyond fea, &c. may be tried here or in Ireland. - This act to extend to deferters, &c. in Ireland, &c. - Performs acquitted by the civil magistrate may only be cashiered by a court-martial. Persons accused of capital crimes, &c. to be delivered over to the civil magistrate, &c. — Pay-masters, &c. to account with executors.—Persons sued may plead the general issue. Treble costs.—All suits to be brought in some of the courts of record at Westminster, or Dublia, or the court of testion in Scotland. — Continuance of this acc. — Penaleics against the act & Geo. I. where to be sued for. - No volunteer liable to process, unless for some criminal matter, or unless for a real debt of the educ of 101. Oath of the debt to be made before a judge, and marked on the back of the process. Plaintiff may file a common appearance. -Penalty on taking money to excuse any person from quartering; or victuallers refusing to quarter soldiers. — Justices may order constables to give an account of the number of foldiers quartered, &c. troops

troops are to pay in passing over serries in Scotland. —— Clause for relief of persons hastily enlisting themselves. Persons retusing the said relief, to be proceeded against, as if duly listed. —— Offences against former mutiny acts punishable by this act: - None liable to be tried or punished for offences against former acts, unless committed within three years; except for defertion. - Officers, &c. of the train of artillery subject to this act. - American troopsacting in conjunction with British torces, liable to the same martial laws. - Officers and soldiers of the American troops fent over to Great Britain, to be quartered and billetted as the British forces, and under the same regulations and penalties. — This act not to extend to the militia farther than is directed by the militia laws.

CAP. XII. An all for the regulation of his Majesty's marine forces while on lhore. WHEREAS it may be necessary for the safety of this kingdom,

Preamble.

VV and the defence of the possifions of the crown of Great Britain, That a body of marine forces should be employed in his Majesty's fleet and naval service, under the direction of the lord high admiral, or commissioners for executing the office of lord high admiral of Great Britain: and whereas the Juid marine forces may frequently be quartered on shore, where they will not be subject to the laws relating to the government of his Majesty's forces by sea; yet nevertheless, it being requisite for the retaining of such forces in their duty, That an exact discipline be observed, and that marines who shall muting, or stir up fedition, or shall defert his Majetiv's service. be brought to a more exemplary and speedy punishment than the law will allow; be it enacted by the King's most excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the twenty fifth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and fixty two, if any person being entered, or in pay as an officer of marines, or who is, or shall be listed, or in pay as a private man, in any company of marines in his Majesty's service, and on the twenty fifth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and fixty two, shall reman, on shore, main in such service, or during the continuance of this act, shall be voluntarily entered, and in pay, as a marine officer or private man in his Majesty's service, and being ordered or cmployed in such service, at any time, during the continuance of this act, on thore, in any place within the realm of Great Britain, or in the kingdom of Ireland, or in any of his Majesty's dominions beyond the seas respectively, shall begin, excite, cause, or join in any mutiny or fedition, in the company to which he doth or shall belong, or in any other company, troop, or regiment, either of marine or land forces, in his Majesty's service, or shall not use his utmost endeavours to suppress the same, or coming to the knowledge of any fuch mutiny, or intended mutiny, shall not without delay give information thereof to his commanding officer, or thall defert his Majesty's service; or being actually entered as a marine, in any company, shall list himself in any other company, troop, or regiment, in his Majesty's service, without first having a discharge in writing from the officer commanding in chief the company in which he last ferved as a marine; or shall be found sleeping upon his post, or shall leave it before

After 25 March 1762, during the continuance of this act, every marine officer and private

who shall mutiny or detert, &с.

or lift in any other regiment, Sec.

or shall be

before relieved; or shall hold correspondence with any rebel, or found sleeping enemy of his Majesty, or give them advice or intelligence of any on, or shall defer his post, kind, by any ways or means, or in any manner whatsoever; or or hold illegal shall treat with such rebels or enemies, or enter into any condi-correspondtion with them, without his Majesty's licence, or licence of the ence with the lord high admiral of Great Britain, or of three or more of the chemies of commissioners for executing the office of lord high admiral of or shallstrike, Great Britain for the time being; or shall strike, or use any vio- or disober his lence against his superior officer, being in the execution of his superior ofoffice; or shall disobey any lawful command of his superior of fuffer death, feer; all and every person and persons so offending in any or or such pueither of the matters before-mentioned, on thore, in any part of nithment as a this kingdom or Ireland, or any of his Majesty's dominions be-court-martial yond the seas, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as shall instict. by a court martial shall be inflicted.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That it The lord high shall and may, from time to time, during the continuance of this admiral, or act, be lawful to and for the faid lord high admiral, or three or commissioners more of the faid commissioners for executing the faid office of that office, lord high admiral for the time being, to grant a commission un-may grant a der his or their respective hand or hands, to any officer of marines in his Majesty's service, not under the degree of a field ofcourts may ficer, for the holding a general court-martial at any place or pla-tial, &c. ces on shore, in this realm or in Ireland, or in any of his Majesty's dominions beyond the seas; in every of which courts-martial, all or any of the offences aforefaid, and all or any other of the offences herein after specified, shall be tried and proceeded

against in such manner as by this act is directed.

III. And be it also enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to Courts-marand for such courts-martial respectively, by their sentence or flict corporal judgment, to inflict corporal punishment, not extending to punishment life or limb, on any marine for immorality, misbehaviour, or ne- for immoraglect of duty on shore, in any place or places within this realm lities, &c. or Ireland, or any of his Majesty's dominions beyond the seas,

during the continuance of this act.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforcsaid, That Lords, &c. of it shall and may be lawful to and for the said lord high admiral, the admiralty or three or more of the commissioners for executing the said of make articles fice of lord high admiral, at any time during the continuance of for punishthis act, to make and establish rules and articles in writing un-ment of muder his or their respective hand or hands, for the punishment of tiny and demutiny and defertion, immorality, misbehaviour, and neglect of fertion, &c. duty, in any of his Majesty's marine forces while on shore in any part of this realm or Ireland, or any of his majesty's dominions beyond the feas, and for bringing offenders against the same to justice, and to erect and constitute courts-martial, with power to and to constitry, hear, and determine, any crimes or offences specified in such ture courtsrules and articles, and inflict punishments by sentence or judgment martial. for the same, according to the true intent and meaning of this act.

V. Provided always, That no person or persons shall be adjudged to fuffer any punishment extending to I fe or limb, by the faid None to be rules or articles within the kingdom of Great Britain or Ireland, lite or limb,

except but for crimes

Anno secundo Georgii III. 2.12 [1761]

expressed to be except for such crime or crimes as is or are expressed to be so

fo punishable punishable by this act.

by this act. General and the prefident to be a field officer, in feniority, not under the degree of a captain. May adminiwitnesles. Officers to be

VI. And it is hereby further enacted and declared, That no fe-Court-martial neral court-martial which shall have power to sit by virtue of this not to confile act, shall confilt of a less number than thirteen, whereof none to of less than 133 be under the degree of a commission officer of marines; and the prefident of fuch court-martial shall not be under the degree of a field officer of marines, unless where such field officer cannot or officer next be had; in which case, the marine officer next in seniority to fuch field officer, not being under the degree of a captain, shall prefide at fuch court-martial; and that such court-martial shall have power and authority, and are hereby required to admining an oath to every witness, in order to the examination or trial of fer an oath to any of the offences that shall come before them.

VII. Provided always, That in all trials of offenders by general courts-martial, to be held by virtue of this act, every officer prefent at such trial, before any proceedings be had thereupon, shall take the following oaths upon the holy evangelists, before the court, and judge advocate, or his deputy (who are hereby authorized to administer the same) in these words; that is to say,

The oath.

iworn.

**ITOU** shall well and truly try and determine, according to the evidence which shall be given in the matter now before you, between our sovereign lord the King's Majesty, and the prisoner to be tried: So help you God.

The eath.

A. B. do favear, Trat I will duly administer justice, according to A anact of parliament new in force for the regulation of his Majesty's marine forces while on share, and according to the rules and articles made in pursuance of the said act of parliament for the punishment of muting and descrition, and other crimes therein respectively mentioned, without partiality, favour, or affection; and if any doubt shall arise, which is not explained by the faid att of parliament, or the faid rules and articles, according to my confcience, the best of my understanding, and the custom of war in like cases. And I further swear, That I will not divulge the sentence of the court until it shall be approved by the lard high admiral, or three or more of the commissioners for executing the office of lord high admiral of Great Britain; neither will I, upon any account, at any time what foever, difile fi or discover the vote or epinion of any particular member of the court-martial, unless required to give evidence thereof, as a witney, by a court of justice in a due course of law: So help me God.

The judge advocate to be tworn.

And so soon as the said oaths shall have been administered to the respective members, the president of the court is hereby authorizdand required to administer to the judge advocate, or to the perfon officiating as such, an oath in the following words:

The oath.

A. B. do fivear, Trat I will not, upon any account, at any time L what sever, disclose or discover the vote or opinion of any particular member of the court-martial, unless required to give condence thereof, as a witness, by a court of justice in a due course of law: So help me God.

In fentences of death, nine officers to concur. &c.

And no fentence of death shall be given against any offender by any fuch general court-martial, as aforefaid, unless nine officers prefent

present shall concur therein; and if there be more officers prefeat than thirteen, then the judgment shall pass by the concurrefice of two thirds of the officers prefent; and no proceeding or trial shall be had upon any offence, but between the hours of Hours of trial, eight of the clock in the morning and three in the afternoon, except in cases which require an immediate example.

· VIII. Provided always, That the party tried by any general The party tri-\*court-martial to be held as aforefaid, shall be intitled to a copy of ed, intitled to the fentence and proceedings of fuch court-martial, upon demand a copy of the the cof made by himself, or by any other person or persons on his proceedings of behalf (he or they paying reasonably for the same) at any time the courtnot sooner than three months after such sentence, whether such martial. fentence be approved or not; any thing in this act to the contra-

ry notwithstanding.

IX. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That every Original projudge advocate, or person officiating as such at any general ceedings, &c. court-martial, to be held as aforefaid, do, and he is hereby re- of courts-martial, to be quired to transmit, with as much expedition as the opportunity transmitted to of time and diffance of place can admit, the original proceedings the fecretary and fentence of such court-martial to the secretary of the admi- or the admiralty for the time being; which original proceedings and fen-ralty, &c, tence thall be by him carefully kept and preferved in the office of the admiralty of Great Britain, to the end that the persons intitled thereto may be enabled, upon application to the faid office, to obtain copies thereof, according to the true intent and meaning of this act.

X. Provided always, and be it hereby declared and enacted, None to be That no marine, either officer or private man, being acquitted or tried a second convicted of any offence at any fuch court-martial as aforefaid, tame offence, solution of any ordered a second time by the same or any other court-martial for the same offence; and that no sentence given to be revised by any court-martial, and figned by the prefident thereof, be li-more than able to be revised more than once.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any officer or private man Deferters beshall defert his majefty's service in any of his dominions beyond youd sea, &c. may be tried the seas, or elsewhere beyond the seas, and shall escape and come here or in heinto this realm, or Ircland, before he be tried by a court-martial land. for such offence and shall be apprehended for the same, such officer or private man shall be tried for the same as if the said of-

fence had been committed within this realm. XII. Provided always, That nothing in this act contained shall This act not

extend, or be construed to extend, to exempt any marine, either to exempt any officer or private man whatsoever, while on shore, from being ordinary proproceeded against by the ordinary course of law. XIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no person Persons ac or persons being acquitted or convicted of any capital crimes, vio-quitted by the

lences, or offences by the civil magifrate, thall be liable to be puttrate, may nished by a court-martial for the same otherwise than by cashiering, only be ca-XIV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any marine shiered by a

officer, non-commission officer, or private man, shall be accused court-maining of any capital crime, or of any violence or offence against the edot capital person, estate, or property, of any of his majesty's subjects, which crimes, &c. t

E 4

be delivered vi magnitrate, S.c.

is punishable by the known laws of the land; the commanding over to the ci- officer or officers of every company, or party, is and are hereby required to use his and their utmost endeavours to deliver over fuch accused person to the civil magistrate; and shall also be aiding and affilting to the officers of justice in the seizing and apprehending such offender, in order to bring him to trial: and if any fuch commanding officer shall wilfully neglect or refuse. upon application made to him for that purpose, to deliver over any fuch accused person to the civil magistrate, or to be aiding and affifting to the officers of justice in the apprehending such offender; every fuch officer to offending, and being thereof convicted before any two or more justices of the peace for rece county where the fact is committed, by the oath of two credible witnesses, shall be deemed and taken to be ip/o fallo cashiered, and shall be utterly disabled to have or hold any civil or military other or employment within this kingdom, or in his Majesty's tervice; provided the faid conviction be affirmed at the next quarter sessions of the peace for the said county, and a certificate thereof be transmitted to the judge advocate, who is hereby

obliged to certify the fame to the next court-martial.

XV. And whereas his Majesty hath been graciously pleased, in compassion to the distressed condition of several widows of officers of the army, who have loft their lives in the fervice of the late war, or during the late rebellion, by orders made under his royal fign manual, to direct his commissary general of the musters, to allow upon the muster-rolls of all the regiments, troops, and companies, a number of fictitious names therein mentioned, instead of private men, in order to raise and settle a fund for the maintenance of fuch widows of officers as are or shall be intitled to his royal bounty: therefore, for the more effectually fulfilling his Majesty's said gracious intentions, with respect to the allowing of fictitious names upon the muster-rolls of the said marine forces while on shore, for the purposes aforesaid; be it surther enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful, during the continuance of this act, to and for the faid lord high admiral, or three or more of the faid commissioners for executing the said office of lord high admiral for the time being, by orders in writing under his or their respecnot to be con- tive hand or hands, to direct the person for the time being authorized to pay the faid marine forces, to pay over the full pay of fuch fictitious private men as shall be allowed on the musterrolls of the faid marine forces while on shore as aforesaid, to the proper receiver appointed by his majesty, according to such orders and inftructions as his majesty shall be pleased to make under his fign manual, for the purpose aforesaid; and that no allowance of any fuch fictitious name upon any muster-roll of the faid marine forces while on shore as aforesaid, shall be construed to be a false muster; any thing in this or any former act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

names allowed by his Majefty's order upon the mutter-rolls, tor the maintenance of officers widows, Strued a false muiter.

**Fictitious** 

Paymaster to pay the full pay of fuch men to the receiver.

> XVI. And whereas there is and may be occasion for the marching and quartering of the faid marine forces in feveral parts of this kingdom; be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That

for and during the continuance of this act, and no longer, in Constables, pursuance of an order or orders, in writing in that behalf, under ac. to quarter the hand of the faid lord high admiral, or under the hands of men in inns, three or more of the commissioners for executing the office of ale houses, lord high admiral for the time being, it shall and may be lawful &c. to and for the conflables, tythingmen, headboroughs, and other chief officers and magistrates of cities, towns, and villages, and other places, within England, Wales, and the town of Berguick upon Tweed, and in their default or absence, for any one justice of the peace inhabiting in or near any fuch city, town, village, or place, and for no others; and fuch constables, and other ci-I magnifrates as aforefaid, are hereby required to quarter and

billet the marines, both officers and private men in his Majestv's fervice, in inns, livery stables, ale-houses, victualling-houses. and the Houses of sellers of wine by retail to be drank in their own houses, or places thereunto belonging, and all houses of persons felling brandy, strong waters, cyder, or metheglin, by retail, to be drank in houses, other than and except the house or houses of any distillers, who keep houses or places of distilling brandy But in no difand strong waters, and the house of any shopkeeper, whose prin-tillers houses cipal dealings shall be more in other goods and merchandises, or shopkeepthan in brandy and strong waters (so as such distillers and shop-private keepers do not permit or fuffer tippling in his or their houses) houses. and in no other, and in no private houses whatsoever, without the confent of the occupier; nor shall any more billets at any time be ordered, than there are effective marines present to be quartered: and if any constable, tythingman, or such like officer or magistrate as aforesaid, shall presume to quarter or billet any fuch officer or private man in any fuch private house, without the confent of the occupier; in such case, such occupier shall have his or their remedy at law against such magistrate or officer, for the damage that such occupier shall sustain thereby: and if any marine officer shall take upon him to quarter private men otherwise than is limited and allowed by this act, or shall penalty on use or offer any menace or compulsion to any mayors, constables, officers quar-or other civil officers before mentioned, tending to deter and dif-vate men courage any of them from performing any part of their duty here-contrary to by required or appointed; such marine officer shall for every such this act, &c. offence (being thereof convicted before any two or more of the next justices of the peace of the county, by the oath of two credible witnesses) be deemed and taken to be ipio facto cashiered, and shall be utterly disabled to have or hold any military employment within this kingdom, or in his Majesty's service; provided the faid conviction be affirmed at the next quarter sessions of the peace of the faid county, and a certificate thereof be transmitted to the judge advocate, who is hereby obliged to certify the same to the next court-martial; and in case any person shall find persons aghimself aggrieved, in that such constable, tythingman, or head-grieved by beborough, chief officer, or magistrate (such chief officer or ma-ingquartered softrate not being a justice of the peace) has quartered or billet- on, may comed in his house a greater number of marines than he ought to justices and

be relieved.

bear in proportion to his neighbours; and shall complain thereof to one or more justice or justices of the peace of the division. city, or liberty, where such marines are quartered; or in case fuch chief officer or magistrate shall be a justice of the peace. then on complaint made to two or more justices of the peace of fuch division, city, or liberty, such justice or justices respectively shall have, and is or are hereby declared to have power to relieve fuch person, by ordering such and so many of the said marines to be removed, and quartered upon such other person or persons, as they shall see cause; and such other person or persons hall be obliged to receive such marines accordingly.

Officers and marines to be furnished at the rates hereprovisions.

XVII. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby enacted, T. fat the marine officers and private men fo quartered and billeted as aforefaid, shall be received and furnished with diet and small beer by in let for their the owners of the inns, livery stables, ale-houses, victuallinghouses, and the houses of sellers of wine by retail, to be drank in their own houses, or places thereunto belonging, and other houses in which they are allowed to be quartered and billeted by this act; paying and allowing for the same the several rates herein after-mentioned to be payable out of the subsistence-money for diet and small beer.

What mn ters may w men itered on

XVIII. Provided always, That in case any innholder or other person on whom any non-commission officers or private men shall be quartered by virtue of this act (except on a march, or employed in recruiting; and likewise except the recruits by them raised, for the space of seven days at most, for such non-commission them, instead officers and private men who are recruiting, and recruits by them raised) thall be desirous to furnish such non-commission officers or private men with candles, vinegar, and falt, and with either small beer or eviler, not exceeding five pints for each man per Diem, gratis, and allow to such non-commission officers or private men the use of fire, and the necessary utensils for dressing and eating their meat, and shall give notice of such his defire to the commanding officer, and shall furnish and allow the same accordingly; then, and in such case, the non-commission officers and private men so quartered shall provide their own victuals: and the officer to whom it belongs to receive, or who shall actually receive the pay and subsistence of such non-commission officers and private men, shall pay the several sums herein aftermentioned to be payable out of the sublistence-morey for diet and small beer, to the non-commission officers and private men aforesaid, and not to the innholder or other person on whom fuch non-commission efficers and private men are quartered; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Penalty on taking money toexcuseany perion from quartering.

XIX. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if any marine officer shall take, or cause to be taken, or knowingly fuffer to be taken, any money of any person for excufing the quartering of officers or private men, or any of them, in any house allowed by this act, every such officer shall be cashiered, and be incapable of ferving in any military employment włiatiocycr.

# 1761.1 Anno secundo Georgii III.

XX. And whereas it may be for the benefit of the service, for the commanding officer to have a power to exchange the billets or quarters of marines, quartered in the fame town or place; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the command- Commanding ing officer of marines, in any town or place where such marine officer may forces are quartered, shall, and he is hereby declared to have exchange mapower, from time to time, to exchange any marine or marines qualters. quartered in such town or place, for any other marine or marines questered in the same town or place, provided the number of men do not exceed the number at that time billeted on such houles' respectively, where such men shall be exchanged; and the capitables, tythingmen, headboroughs, and other chief of- Constables to ficers and magistrates, of the cities, towns, and villages, or other places where any of the said marine forces shall be quartered, accordingly. are hereby required to billet fuch men to exchanged accordingly.

XXI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That No paymaster from and after the twenty fifth day of March, one thousand se- &c to make ven hundred and fixty two, no paymaster, or other officer or per- deductions fon whatfoever, shall receive any fees, or make any deductions out of officers whatfoever out of the pay of any marine, either officer or private men's pay. man, in his Majesty's service, or from their agents, which shall grow due from and after the faid twenty fifth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and fixty two, other than the usual de- Exceptions. ductions for cloathing; and twelve pence in the pound to be disposed of as his Majesty shall think sit; and the one day's pay in the year for the use of the royal hospital at Chelsea; and such other necessary deductions as shall from time to time be directed by the faid lord high admiral, or three or more of the commisfigures for executing the office of lord admiral for the time being. by order in writing under his or their respective hand or hands.

XXII. And that the quarters both of the faid marine officers and private men, while on shore, as aforcsaid, may, during the continuance of this act, be duly paid and fatisfied, and his Majesty's Officers to duties for excise better answered, be it enacted by the authority give notice to aforesaid, That from and after the said twenty fifth day of imprepens of March, one thousand seven hundred and fixty two, every officer subsistenceor other person to whom it belongs to receive, or that shall ac-money in tually receive, the pay or subsistence-money, for one or more their hands. particular company or companies of the faid marine forces, or otherwise, shall immediately, upon each receipt of every particular fum which shall, from time to time, be paid, returned, or come to his or their hands, on account of pay or sublistence, give public notice thereof to all persons keeping inns, or other places where officers or private men are quartered by virtue of this act; and thall also appoint the said innkeepers, and others, to repair to their quarters at fuch times as they shall appoint for the diffribution and payment of the faid pay or subsistence-money to such officers or private men, which shall be within four days at the farthest after the receipt of the same as asoresaid; and the said unkeepers, and others, shall then and there acquaint such officer or officers with the accounts or debts (if any shall be) between

them

Rates of fubfistence to be paid to inn Leepers, &c. for matines quarters.

Officers not giving notice of tublistencemoney, and paying quai ters,

paymafter to fatisty them. out of the company's next pay,

be cashiered.

On moving from quarters, the officer to make up accounts, and give certifiney due, &c. Paymailer to pay the fum certified for.

them and the officers and private men so quartered in their respective houses; which accounts the faid officer or office is or are hereby required to accept of, and immediately pay the same, before any part of the faid pay or sublistence be distributed either to the officers or private men: provided the faid accounts exceed not, for one marine commission officer under the degree of a captain, for fuch officer's diet and small beer, per diem, one shiping; and if fuch officer should have a horse or horses, for each fuch horse or horses, for their hay and straw, per diem, six perse; nor for one private man's diet and fmall beer, per diere, four pence: and if any officer or officers, as aforefaid, shall not give notice as aforesaid, and shall not immediately, upon producing such account stated, satisfy, content, and pay the same; upon complaint and oath made thereof, by any two witneffes, at the next quarter fessions for the county or city wherein such quarters were (which oath the justices of the peace at such sessions are hereby authorized and required to administer) the paymaster or person for the time being authorized to pay the said marine forces is hereby required and authorized (upon certificate of the faid justices before whom such oath was made, of the sum due upon such accounts, and the persons to whom the same is owing) to pay and fatisfy the faid fums out of the arrears due to the faid marine officer or officers, upon penalty that fuch paymafter or person shall forfeit their respective place or places of paymaster or otherwise, and be discharged from holding the same for the future: and in case there shall be no arrears due to the said officer or officers, then the faid paymafter or person for the time being authorized to pay the faidmarine forces, is hereby authorized and required to deduct the fums he shall pay, pursuant to the certificate of the faid justices, out of the next pay or subfiftence-money of the company to which fuch officer or officers and officer to fhall belong; and fuch officer or officers shall, for fuch their offence, or for neglecting to give notice of the receipt of fuch pay or subsistence-money, as aforesaid, be deemed and taken, and are hereby declared ipso fasto cashiered. And where it shall happen that the subsistence-money due to any marine officer or private man shall, by occasion of any accident, not be paid to such officer or private man, or such officer or private man shall neglect to pay the fame, so that quarters cannot be, or are not paid, as this act directs; in every fuch case, it is hereby further enacted, That every such officer shall, before his or their departure out of his or their quarters, where fuch company shall remain for any time whatfoever, make up the accounts, as this act directs, with every person with whom such company shall have cates for mo- quartered, and fign a certificate thereof, and give the faid certificate, so by him figned, to the party to whom such money is due, with the name of luch company to which he or they shall belong; to the end the faid certificate may be forthwith transmitted to the proper paymaster of the marines, who is hereby required immediately to make payment thereof to the person or person's to whom fuch money shall be due, to the end the same may be applied

applied to fuch company, under pain as is before in this aft di-

rected for nonpayment of quarters.

XXIII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it Officers, &c. shall and may be lawful to quarter officers and private meh of his to be quarter-Majesty's marine forces in Scotland, in such and the like places and land, as the houses as officers and private men of the land forces might have laws in force heen quartered in by the laws in force in Scotland at the time of at the union the union; and that the possessors of such houses shall only be direct. lia to furnish the faid marine officers and private men quartered there, as by the faid laws in force at the time of the union was provided, with respect to the officers and private men of the land forces; and that no fuch marine officer shall be obliged to pay for his lodging, where he shall be regularly billeted, ex-

cept in the fuburbs of Edinburgh.

XXIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Justices to or-That for the better and more regular provision of carriages for der constables to provide his Majesty's marine forces in their marches, or for their arms, carriages tor clothes, or accourrements, in England, Wales, and the town of the marine Berwick upon Tweed, all justices of the peace, within their seve-forces on ral counties, ridings, divisions, shires, liberties, and precincts, their march. being duly required thereunto by the faid lord high admiral, or three or more of the commissioners for executing the office of ford high admiral for the time being, by an order in writing under his or their respective hand or hands, shall, as often as such order shall be brought and shewn unto one or more such justices, by the officer or officers of the company or companies of marines so ordered to march, issue out his or their warrant or warrants to the high constables or petty constables of the division. riding, city, liberty, hundred, or precinct, from, through, near, or to which fuch company or companies shall be ordered to march; requiring them to make such provision for carriages with able men to drive the same, as shall be mentioned in the faid warrant, allowing them sufficient time to do the same, that the neighbouring parts may not always bear the burthen: and in case sufficient carriages cannot be provided within any such riding, city, liberty, hundred, division, or precinct; then the next justice or justices of the peace of the county, riding, or division, shall, upon such order as aforesaid being brought or shewn to one or more of them, by any of the marine officers aforesaid; issue his or their warrant or warrants to the high constables or petty constables of such next county, riding, liberty, division, or precinct, for the purposes aforesaid, to make up fuch deficiency: and the aforesaid officer or officers, who by virtue of the aforesaid warrant or warrants from such justice or justices of the peace, is or are to demand the carriage or carriages therein mentioned, of the high constable or petty constable to whom the warrant is directed, is and are hereby required at the same time to pay down in hand to the said constable of petty constable, for the use of the person who shall provide such carriages and men, the sum of one shilling for every Rates for carmile any waggon with five horses shall travel; and the sum of riages.

Penalty on officers forcing waggons to travel more than one day's journey, &c.

one failling for every mile any wain with fix oxen, or four oxen with two horses, shall travel; and the sum of nine perce for every mile any cart with four horses shall travel; and so in proportion for less carriages; for which respective sums so received, the faid constable or petty constable is hereby required. to give a receipt in writing to the person or persons paying the fame: and such constable or petty constable shall order and ap point fuch person or persons, having carriages within their respective liberties, as they shall think proper, to provide and the nish such carriages and men, according to the warrant aforestid, who are hereby required to provide and furnish the same accordingly: and if any marine officer or officers, for the use of whose company or companies the carriage was provided, Itall force and constrain any waggon, wain, cart, or carriage, to travel morethan one day's journey, or shall not discharge the same in due time for their return home, or thall fuffer any marine or fervant (except fuch as are fick) or any woman to ride in the waggon, wain, cart, or carriage aforefaid, or shall force any constable or petty constable, by threatenings or menacing words, to provide faddle horses for themselves or servants, or shall force horses from the owners by themselves, servants, or private men, every fuch officer, for every fuch offence, shall forfeit the sum of five pounds; proof thereof being made upon oath before two of his Majesty's justices of the peace of the same county or riding, who are to certify the same to the proper paymaster of his Majesty's marine forces, who is hereby required to pay the aforefaid tum of five pounds accordingly, to the order and appointment under the hands and feals of fuch justices of the peace, and is also hereby impowered to deduct the fame out of fuch officer's pay.

Penalty on conitables, &c. neglect.

XXV. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any high constable or petty constable shall wilfully neglect or refuse to execute any such warrant of the said justice or justices of the peace, as shall be directed unto such constable or petty constable for providing carriages as aforefaid; or if any person or persons, appointed by fuch constable or petty constable to provide or furnish any carriage and man, shall refuse or neglect to provide the fame; or any other person or persons whatsoever shall wilfully do any act or thing, whereby the execution of any fuch warrant or warrants shall be hindered or frustrated; every such constable, or other person or persons so offending, shall, for every fuch offence, forfeit any fum not exceeding forty shillings, nor less than twenty shillings, to the use of the poor of the parish where any such offence shall be committed: and all and every fuch offence and offences shall and may be enquired of, heard, and fully determined, by two of his Majesty's justices of the peace, dwelling in or near the place where such offence shall be committed, who have hereby power to cause the said penalty to be levied by diffress and sale of the offender's goods and chattels, rendering the overplus (if any) to the owner.

XXVI. And whereas the respective sums of money by this act appointed to be paid to the constables by the officers demanding

# 1761.] Anno fecundo Georgii III. C./2.

fuch carriages, may not, in many cases, be sufficient to answer the charge and expence of providing the fame, whereby the faid confit bles may be frequently at great charges, over and above what is received by them of the faid officers, to the great burthen of the township of which they are respectively constables. or elfe the persons furnishing such carriages may be grievously oppressed; to prevent which, and that such overplus charge may be borne by each county or riding, at the general charge of such county or riding, be it further enacted by the authority aformaid, That the treasurer or treasurers of each respective county or riding shall, without see or reward, pay unto such contrable all and every fuch reasonable sum or sums of money, Treasurers of fo by him paid or laid out for fuch carriages, over and above the county to what was or ought to have been paid by the marine officer re- repay the conquiring such carriages, out of the public stock of such county stables extraor riding, according to such rates, orders, rules, and directions, charges. as the faid justices of the peace, in their quarter sessions assembled, within their respective jurisdictions, shall, from time to time, during the continuance of this act, make, direct, and appoint (which orders shall be made without fee or reward) regard being always had to the feafon of the year, and the length and condition of the roads through which fuch carriages are to travel.

XXVII. And in case the said public stock of the county or riding be not sufficient (over and above the other purposes for which it was raifed) to fatisfy the extraordinary charge of carriages before-mentioned; it is hereby further enacted, That the faid juf- The money tices of the peace in the general quarter fessions shall have power, for those purfrom time to time, to raise monies upon the respective counties poses how to or ridings in such manner as they now raise monies for building or repairing county gaols and bridges, to fatisfy the faid extraordinary charge of carriages.

XXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no No waggon. waggon, wain, cart, or carriage, impressed by authority of this act, &c, to carry shall be liable or obliged, by virtue of this act, to carry above above 20 huntwenty hundred weight: any thing in this act contained to the dred weight. twenty hundred weight; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIX. And beit further enacted, That the carriages for the fer- Carriages in vice of the marine forces quartered or marching in Scotland, shall be Scotland Low provided in like manner, and at the rates, and the furnither of to be profuch carriages shall be paid, as was directed by the law in force vided. in Scotland, at the time of the union, with regard to the furnishing carriages for land forces.

XXX. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if any Marines officer, military or civil, by this act authorized to quarter marines wives, &c. in any houses hereby appointed for that purpose, shall at any not to be time during the continuance of this act, quarter any of the time during the continuance of this act, quarter any of the without conwives, children, men, or maid-fervants of any officer or marine in fent. any fuch houses, against the consent of the owners; the party offending, if an officer of the marines, shall, upon complaint Penalty. and proof thereof made to the commissioners for executing the

office

office of lord high admiral, or judge advocate, be info facto cathiered, and if a constable, tythingman, or other civil officer. he shall forfest to the party aggreed twenty shillings, upon complaint and proof thereof made to the next justice of the peace, to be leved by warrant of fuch justice, by diffres and fale of his goods, rendering the overplus to the party, after deducting reasonable charges in taking the same

Penalty enof ficers o ma rines deftroy

ing the game

XXXI And for the better prefervation of the game, in orr gar fuch place, where any officers or foldiers shall at any time be a 1/21tered, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if, fron and after the faid twenty fifth day of March, one thousand fiven hundred and fixy two, any officer or marine shall, without leave of the lord of the manor, under his hand and ical, first nad and obtained, take, kill, or defiroy, any hare, coney, phengint, partridge, pigeon, or any other fort of fowls, poultry, or life, or his Majesty's game, within the kingdom of Great B ain, and upon complaint thereof thall be, up in oath of one of more gredible witness or witnesses, convicted before any justice or justices of the peace, who is and are hereby impowered and authorized to hear and determine the tame, (that is to fay) every officer to offending shall, for every such offence, fortest the sum of five pounds, to be diffusured among the poor of the place where tuch offence shall be committed, and every offe er commanding in chief upon the place, for every such offence committed by any marine under his command, shall forfeit the lum of twenty shillings, to be paid and distributed in manner storcinid, and if, upon conviction made by the justices of the peace, and demand thereof also made by the conflable or overfeers of the poor, such officer shall retuse or neglect, and not within two days pay the faid respective penaltie, such officer so retuin, or ne lecting shall forfest, and is hereby declared to have forte ted, his commission, and his commission is hereby declared to be rull and void

Confiables may appre hend defert ers and carry them before a mitice

XXXII And whereas feveral marines who bein rduly entered may afterwards defert, and be found windering, or otherwiseabfenting themselves ille\_ally from h s Majesty sscrvice, it is hereby further enacted, I hat it shall and may be lawf I to and for the constable, headborough, or tythingman of the town or place, where any person, who may be reasonably suspected to be such a deserter, shall be found, to apprehend, or cause hum to be ap prchended, and to cause such person to be brought before any justice of the peace, living in or near such town or place, who is hereby impowered and required to examine such suspected person, and if he his confession, or the testimony of one or more witness or witnesses upon oath, or by the knowledge of fuch suffice of the peace, it shall appear or be found, that such suspected person is a marine duly entered, and ou to be with the company to which he belongs, fuch justic of the peace shill forthcor mit il em, with cause him to be conveyed to the gool of the county or place where he shall be found, or to the house of correction, or other public pitton in fuch town or place where fuch deferter shall be apprehended,

Juff ce to

apprehended, or to the Sacor, in case such deserter shall be anprehended within the cities of London or Highway'er, or places adjacent; and transmit an account thereof to the secretary of and transmit the admiralty for the time being, to the end fuch perion may be an account to proceeded against according to law; and the keeper of such the eccetary gaol, house of correction, or proton, shall receive the full tub halty. filtence of every fuch deferter, during the time he shall continue Gaol keeper in his custody, for the maintenance of such deferter; but shall to receive the not be intituled to any fee or reward, on account of the imprison- desirters, but racht of any fuch deferter; any law, ulage, or cuftom, to the no other tee, contrary notwithflanding.

XXIII. And, for the better encouragement of any person or perforato fecure or apprehend fuch deferters; be it further enacted by the authority aforetaid, That fuch justice of the peace shall also Reward for iffue his warrant in writing to the collector or collectors of feeters. the land tax money of the parish or township where such deferter thall be apprehended, for paying out of the land tax money, arifen or to arife in the year one thoutand feven hundred and fixty two, into the hands of fuch perion or perions who thall apprehend, or cause to be apprehended, any such deserter from his Majefly's fervice, the funi of twenty thillings for every fuch deferter that shall be fo apprehended and committed; which fun of twenty fhillings thall be fatisfied by fuch collector or collectors to whom fuch warrant thall be directed, and allowed upon his or their account.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall har-Penalty on bour, conceal, or affift any deferter from his majetty's marine fer- perfors convice, knowing him to be fuch, the perion fooffending thall forest, ers, or buying for every fuch offence, the fum of five pounds; or if any per-their arms, fon shall knowingly detain, buy, or exchange, or otherwife re-clothes, &c. ceive, any arms, clothes, caps, or other furniture belonging to the King, from any marine or marine deferter, upon any account or pretence whatfoever, or cause the colour of such clothes to be changed; every fuch person so offending in each, any, or either of the cales aforefaid, thall forfeit for every fuch offence the tum of five pounds; and upon conviction by the oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, before any one or more of has Majefty's juffices of the peace, the faid respective penalties of five pounds, and five pounds, shall be levied by warrant under the hands of the faid juffice or juffices of the peace, by diftrefs and fale of the goods and chattels of the offender; one moiety of the faid first-mentioned penalty of five pounds to be paid to the informer, by whose means such deferter shall be apprehended; and one movery of the faid last-mentioned penalty of five pounds to be paid to the informer; and the refidue of the faid respective penalties to be paid to the officer to whom any fuch deterter or marine did or doth belong: and in case any fuch of ender, who shall be convicted, as aforefaid, of harbouring or allifting any fuch deferter or deferters; or having knowingly releived any arms, clothes, caps, or other furniture belonging to the King: or having cauled the colour of such clothes to

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taking up de-

be changed, contrary to the intent of this act, shall not have sufficient goods and chattels, whereon diffress may be made, to the value of the penalties recovered against him for such offence, or shall not pay such penalties within four days after such conviction; then, and in fuch case, such justice or justices of the peace shall and may, by warrant under his or their hand and seal, or hands and feals, either commit fuch offender to the common gaol, there to remain without bail or mainprize for the space of three months, or cause such offender to be publicly whipt, at the diferetion of fuch justice or justices.

This act to extend to deferters, &c. in Ireland.

XXXV. Provided always, That to much of this act as relates to the punishment of such who shall harbour, conceal, or affist deserters, or shall knowingly detain, buy, exchange, or otherwiser ceive, any arms, clothes, caps, or other furniture belonging to the King, from any marine or marine deferter, or cause the colour of such clothes to be changed, shall extend, to all ends and purposes whatfoever, to Ireland, and shall be put in execution in that kingdom, by all juffices of the peace, and other officers respectively, according to the tenor, and during the continuance of this act.

Continuance of this act.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That this act, and every thing herein contained, thall be and continue inforce from the faid twenty fifthday of March, in the year of our Lordone thousand seven hundred and fixty two, until the twenty fifth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thouland feven hundred and fixty three.

No volunteer liable to promatter, or unless for a real debt of the value of ıol. Oath of the debt to be

made befor**e a** 

judge,

XXXVII. And to prevent, as far as may be, any unjust or fraudulentarrefts that may be made upon marines, whereby his majefty and the public may be deprived of their fervice; it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That no person whatsoever, who is entered, or shall enter himself as a volunteer in his Maects, unless for jefty's fervice, as a marine, during the continuance of this act, tome criminal thall be liable to be taken out of his Majesty's service by any process or execution whatsoever, other than for some criminal matter, unless for a real debt, or other just cause of action; and unless, before the taking out of such process or execution (not being for a criminal matter) the plaintiff or plaintiffs therein, or fome other person or persons on his or their behalf, shall make affidavit before one or more judge or judges of the court of record, or other court, out of which fuch process or execution shall iffue, or before some person authorized to take affidavits in fuch courts, that to his or their knowledge the original fum, justly due and owing to the plaintiff or plaintiffs from the defendant or defendants, in the action or cause of action on which fuch process shall iffue, or the original debt for which such execution shall be issued out, amounts to the value of ten pounds at least, over and above all costs of furt in the same action, or in any other action on which the fame thall be grounded a memorandum of which oath shall be marked on the back of such ed on the back process or writ; for which memorandum or oath no fee mail be of the process; taken: and if any person shall nevertheless be arrested contrary

to the intent of this act, it shall and may be lawful for one or more judge or judges of fuch court, upon complaint thereof made by the party himfelf, or by any his superior officer, to examine into the fame by the oath of the parties, or otherwise, and otherwise prin by warrant under his or their hands and feals, to difcharge fuch force to be marine to arrested contrary to the intent of this act, without with colls. paying any fee or fees, upon due proof made before him or them, that such marine so arrested, was legally entered as a marine in this Majesty's service, and arrested contrary to the intent of this are, and also to award to the party so complaining, such costs as such judge or judges shall think reasonable: for the recovery whereof, he thall have the like remedy that the person who takes out the faid execution might have had for his cofts, or the plaintiff in the like action might have had for the recovery of his costs, in case judgment had been given for him with costs against the defendant in the faid action.

XXXVIII. And to the end that honeft creditors, who aim only at the recovery of their justs debts due to them from persons entered as marines in his Majetty's fervice, may not be hindered from fuing for the tame, but on the contrary may be affifted and forwarded in their feits; and inflead of an arreft, which may at once hurt the fervice, and occasion a great expense and delay to themselves, may be enabled to proceed in a more speedy and cheap method; be it further enacted by the authority aforetaid, I hat it shall and Phintiff sive may be lawful to and for any plaintiff of plaintiffs, upon notice in gnotal, first given in writing of the cause of action to such person or per after the a fons to entered, or left at his or then laft place of rendence Le- Common casfore fuch entering, to file a common appearance in any acrea. to be brought for or upon account of any debt whatforver, to co to intitle such plaintiff to proceed therein to judgment and meaning more ed lawry, and to have an execution thereupon, other than a land by where the body or bodies of him or them fo entered as aforefaid; this tions act, or any thing herein, or any former law or flatute, to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefail, Penalty on That if any high conftable, conflable, bedel, or other officer or conflables, co. perfon whatfoever, who, by virtue or colour of this act, shall quarter quarter maor billet, or be employed in quartering or billeting, any matine of - times. ficers or private men, thall neglect or refuse, for the space of two hours, to quarter or billet fuch officers or marines when thereunto required, in such manner as is by this act directed, provided fufficient notice be given before the arrival of fuch forces; or shall receive, demand, contract, or agree for any turn or Penalty on fums of money, or any reward whatfoever, for or on account of taking money excuting, or in order to excute any person or persons whatsoever person from from quartering or receiving into his, her, or their houle or quartering, houses any such officer or marine; or in case any victualler, or any other person, hable by this act to have any officer or marine billeted or quartered on him or her, thall refuse to receive or and on vic-. Truit any such officer or marine so quartered or billeted upon tuallers resufhim or her as a oretaid; or shall refuse to furnish or allow, ac- ing to receive

cording marines.

cording to the directions of this act, the several things herein before respectively directed to be furnished or allowed to notcommission officers and marines so quartered or billeted on him or her as aforefaid, at the rate herein before-mentioned, and shall be thereof convicted before any one or more justice of justices of the peace of the county, city, or liberty, within which fuch offence thall be committed, either by his own confession, orby the oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses (which oath the faid justice or justices is and are hereby impowered the administer) every such high constable, constable, bedel, or other officer or person so offending, thall forfeit, for every such offence, the fum of five pounds, or any fum of money not exceeding five pounds, nor less than forty shillings (as the said justice of justices, before whom the matter shall be heard, shall, in his or their difference, think fit) to be levied by diffress and sale of the goods of the person offending, by warrant under the hand and teal, or hands and feals, of fuch juffice or juffices, before whom such offender shall be convicted, or of one or more of them, to be directed to any other conflable within the county, city, or liberty, or to any of the overfeers of the poor of the parish where the offender shall dwell; and the said sum of five pounds, or the faid fum not exceeding five pounds, nor less than forty shillings, when levied, to be paid to the overfeers of the poor of the parish where the offence shall be committed, or to some one of them, for the use of the poor of such parish.

To prevent abuses in quartering, justices may order confiaaccount of the number of officer. and private men, and where quartered.

XL. And, for the better preventing abuses in quartering or billeting the marines, in pursuance of this act; be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That it thall and may be lawful to and for any one or more judice or justices of the peace, within bles to give an their respective counties, cities, or liberties, by warrant or order under his or their hand and feal, or hands and feals, at any time or times during the continuance of this act, to require and command any high constable, constable, bedel, or other officer, who shall quarter or billet any marines in pursuance of this act, to give an account in writing unto the faid juffice or juffices requiring the fame, of the number of officers and private men who shall be quartered or billeted by them, and also the names of the housekeepers or persons, upon whom every such officer or piivate man shall be quartered or billeted, together with an account of the fireet or place where every fuch houtekeeper dwells, and the figns (if any) belonging to their houses; to the end it may appear to the faid justice or justices where such officers and private men are quartered or billeted, and that he or they may thereby be the better enabled to prevent or punish all abuses in the quartering or billeting of them.

XLI. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby declared by the authority atoresaid, That from and after the twenty fifth day of Clause for re- March, one thousand seven hundred and sixty two, when sind as otten as any person or persons shall be inlisted as a maline or marines in his Majesty's service, he and they shall, within soil !... days, but not fooner than twenty four hours, after fuch inlifting

respectively,

liet of pertons hattily litting themicives.

respectively, be carried before the next justice of the peace of any county, riding, city, or place, or chief magistrate of any city or town corporate (not being an officer of marines) and before fuch suffice or chief magistrate, he or they shall be at liberty to declare his or their diffent to fuch inlifting; and upon fuch declaration, and returning the inlifting-money, and also each perfon fo differting paying the fum of twenty thillings for the charges expended or laid out upon him, fuch person or persons 'sq'mlisted shall be forthwith discharged and set at liberty, in the presence of such justice or chief magistrate; but if such person or persons shall refuse or neglect, within the space of twenty four hours, to return and pay such money, as aforesaid, he or they shall be deemed and taken to be inlisted, as if he or they had given his or their affent thereto before the faid justice or chief magistrate; or if such person or persons shall declare his or their having voluntarily inlifted himself or themselves, then such justice or chief magistrate shall, and he is hereby required forthwith to certify under his hand, that fuch person or person is or are duly inlifted; fetting forth the place of the birth, age, and calling of him or them respectively (if known) and that the second and third fections of the articles of war for the better government of his Majesty's marine forces while on shore in Great Britain or Ireland, were read to him or them, and that he or they had taken the oath of fidelity mentioned in the twelfth fection of the faid articles of war; and if any fuch person or perfons, to to be certified as duly inlifted, shall refuse to take the faid oath of fidelity before the faid justice or chief magistrate, it shall and may be lawful for fuch officer, from whom he has received fuch money as aforefaid, to detain or confine fuch person or perfons, until he or they shall take the oath before required; and every officer of marines that shall act contrary hereto, or offend herein, upon proof thereof upon oath made by two witnesses before a general court-martial to be thereupon called, thall, for fuch offence, be forthwith cashiered and displaced from such his office, and shall be thereby utterly disabled to have or hold any civilor military office or employment within this kingdom, or in his Majesty's service.

XIII. Provided always, and it is hereby declared, That all his Marine forces Majesty's marine forces, as well officers as private men, shall, from being borne time to time, during their being respectively borne as part of the as part of the complement of any of his Majesty's ships or vessels, be subject or complement liable in like manner, in all respects, as any officers or seamen of any ships of employed in his Maiesty's sea service are subject and liable to be war, are liable employed in his Majesty's sea service are subject and liable to be to be governgoverned and proceeded against and punished for offences ed by the committed by them during the time they shall be borne as part rules establishof the complement of tuch ships or vessels, according to the pur-ed by act port, timor, effect, and true intent and meaning of an act of parliamend made in the twenty fecond year of the reign of his late Medicity King George the Second, intituled, an act for amending, Explaining, and reducing into one all of parliament, the laws relating to the government of his Majesty's Ships, vessels, and forces by Jea z

feas; this present act, or any thing herein contained notwith-standing.

CAP. XIII.

An all for appointing commissioners for putting in exaction an all of this session of parliament, intituled, An all for granting an aid to his Majesty by a land tax, to be raised in Great Britain, for the service of the year One thousand seven hundred and sixty-two.

THE commissioners herein named, are impowered to put the land tax act of this fellou in execution, as fully as if they had been specially named in, and appointed by the said act; and they are to be subject to the like qualifications, penalties, and torfeitures.

## CAP. XIV.

An act to prevent vexaticus proceedings against brewers, vittuallers, and others, with respect to the prices of beer and ale; for better securing the revenue upon strong beer and ale, by preventing fraudulent mixing thereof; to repeal so much of an act made in the first year of the reign of his present Majesty, as extends certain provisions relative to the expertation of spirituous liquors to the expertation of strong beer and ale; and for the more effectual preventing the re-landing of beer, ale, cyder, and mum, shipped for exportation as merchandize.

Preamble.

WHEREAS brewers, an-keepers, victuallers, or other retailers of firing beer or ale, have been threatened with, and may be fubicet to, weathous profecutions for advancing, or having advanced, the price of firing bear or ale, however justly and reasonably: now, in order to prevent fuch reactions proceedings, may it pleade your most exceive Managy, that it may be emacked; and be at therefore enacted by the King's most excellent Majerly, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same. That no brewer, inn-keeper, victualler, or other retailer of strong beer or ale shall, at any time hereafter, be sucd, impleaded, or molested, by indictment, information, popular action, or otherwise, for advancing, or having advanced, the price of strong beer or ale in a reasonable degree; any law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And whereas the mixing firong beer, ale, or firong worts, with small beer or small worts, or with water, either by the brewer, after the gauge thereof hath been taken, or by the victualier, after such strong beer, ale, or strong worts, shall be fold and delivered to him or her, is greatly detriment to his Majesty's revenue, and is an imposition upon the consumer, and hinders the sale of genuine strong beer and ale; and the constitutions already established by law are found to be insufficient. O prevent the same, for remedy thereof, and for the more effectual

prevention

I be price of flrong beer and ale may be reatonably advanced, without fubjecting the vender to protectation.

prevention of fuch frauds, be it hereby enacted by the authority foresaid, That from and after the passing of this act, if any sol. penalty common or other brewer, inn-keeper, victualler, or retailer of on mandubeer or ale, shall mix, or cause or suffer to be mixed, in any lently mixing strong beer, veffel, web, measure, or otherwise howsoever, any strong beer, ale, or strong ale, or flieng worts, with any finall beer or finall worts, or worts, with with water, after the gauge of fuch strong beer, ale, or strong other liquors, worts, shall have been taken by an officer of excise, every such person so offending, for every such offence, shall respectively

to feit and lose the sum of rifty pounds.

III. And whereas by a clause in an act of parliament passed in Recital of the first year of the reign of his present Majesty, intituled, Anall clause in act beer and 1 Geo. . for granting to his Majefiy dist Ar. ale; and for railing the fum of twolve medicus by way of annuities, and a lostery, to be charged on the faid duty; and for further encouraging the exportation of strong beer and ale; it was provided and enacted, That all the rules, regulations, directions, powers, penalties, forfeitures, claufes, matters, and things, which, by an act made in the then last session of parliament (intituled, An art for preventing the excessive use of spirituous liquors by laying additional duties thereon; for shortening the prohibition of making low wines and pirits from wheat, barley, malt, or other grain, and from meal, flour, and bran; for encouraging the exportation of British made spirits, and for more effectually securing the duties payable upon spirits, and preventing the fraudulent re-landing or importation thereof) were provided, fettled, established, and inflicted, for and in respect to the paying and allowing the drawback and bounty thereby granted upon spirits exported as merchandize. and for preventing, detecting, and punishing, frauds and abuses in the relanding the same, and all other frauds and abufes previous to the thipping, or relating to the exportation of fuch spirits, and the obtaining such drawback and bounty, not otherwise thereby altered, should, except such parts as relate to the fize of the casks, and burden of the ships or vessels, be exercifed, practifed, applied, levied, recovered, and put in execution, for paying and allowing the drawback and bounty thereby granted upon beer and ale, and for preventing, detecting, and punishing, frauds and abuses in the re-landing such beer or ale, and all other frauds and abuses previous to the shipping, or relating to the exportation thereof, and the obtaining of the faid drawback and bounty, as fully and effectually, to all intents and purpofes, as if all and every the faid rules, regulations, directions, powers, penalties, forfeitures, claufes, matters, and things, were particularly repeated, and again re-enacted, in the body of the faid recited act: and whereas it is found by experience, that the like rules, regulations, and directions, which are established for enforcing the due exportation of spirits, are not necessary to enforce the due exportation of strong beer or ale, but are found to be inconvenient; be it therefore enacted and declared by the authority aforefaid, That, from and after the patting of this act, the faid recited clause, and every article, F 4. matter.

The recited clause repealed.

Provision in act 1 Will. & Mary.

matter, and thing, therein contained, shall repealed, and made null and void.

IV. And whereas the provision established or ment made in the first year of the reign of which King IV illiam and Queen Mary, intituled, An. of beer, ale, cyder, and num; for preventing hiquers shipped in any vessel for exportation, as no only to the re-landing such liquors within the land, dominion of IVales, and town of E and whereas it is necessary that the said pre-

All beer, ale, cyder, and mum, which shall be relanded, &c. after being shipped to exportation, is to be forteited, with 501, to every cask thereof.

mended and enforced, and extended to all parts of ofthe process. be it therefore enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from and after the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-two, if any merchant or mafter of a ly thip or vessel, or other person, shall cause or suffer any of the said liquors, which flight be thipped for exportation as merchandize, to be unflapped, unladen, or laid on land, or put into any other ship or vessel within the kingdom of Great Britain, he, the, or they shall forfeit the same, together with the casks and package containing the same, and also the sum of fifty pounds for every cask of such respective liquor he, she, or they shall so unduly unship, unlade, or lay on land, or put on board any other thip or vessel; which faid respective liquors so unduly unthipped, unladen, or laid on land, or put on board any other thip or veffel, thall and may be feized by any officer or officers of the cuftoms or excise.

Recovery and application of penultics.

V. And be it further enacted and declared by the authority aforefaid, That all fines, penalties, and forteitures imposed by this act, shall be sued for, levied, recovered, or mitigated, by such ways, means, and methods, as any fine, penalty, or forfeiture, is or may be recovered or mitigated by any law or laws of excise or other duties, under the management of the commissioners of excise, or by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westmassler, or in the court of exchequer in Scotland respectively; and that one moiety of every such fine, penalty, or forfeiture, shall be to his Majesty, his heirs, and successors, and the other moiety to him or them who shall discover, inform, or sue for the same.

VI. And be ithereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid,

That if any person or persons shall be sued, molested or profecuted for any thing done by virtue or in pursuance of this act, General issue, such person or persons shall and may plead the general issue, and give this act and the special matter in evidence, in his or theb

defence or defences; and if afterwards a verdict thall hale for the defendant or defendants, or the plaintiff or plaintiffs there discontinue his, her, or their action or actions, or be nonlinear or judgment shall be given against him, her, or them, we are

demurrer, or otherwife; then fuch defendant or defendant final have treble costs awarded to him, her, or them, a with fuch plaintiff or plaintiffs.

Treble costs.

CAL

CAP. XV. Vinfeminisce with fifth, and to reduce the present exorbiand to protest and encourage filher-

7336 A better supplying the cities of London and Preamble.

Western with fish, and encouraging fishermen, and

the react confestives in fishing on the sea coasts, and the mile of of Great Britain, will tend to reduce the present exorument for of fish: may it therefore please your Ma-General li-testy that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most cence to any excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the person, though lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present par- not a fishliament affembled, and by the authority of the fame, That from and after the passing of this act, it shall be lawful for any perfon, although not brought up in the trade of a fithmonger, to coatt, or river, buy (subject to, and under, the restrictions herein after con- &c. tained) at any market, sea coast, creek, port, haven, bank of any sish in any river, or place, in Great Britain, any fish in featon, which featon, and shall not be unfizeable, or under the dimensions of the same refpectively, by the laws now in force, are allowed to be fent to paying the acthe city of London, paying the usual and accustomed dues at at the place of the places where any fuch fish shall be so purchased; and after-purchase; wards to fell again all fuch fifth in public or fixed thops, stalls, and to tell the or houses, in any other market in Great Britain, where fish or same again in flesh are or usually have been told, in manner by this act pre- any his or stells market, paying only the usual stallage or market dues paid at every such market, without incurring any penalty or forfeiture; usual market usual market any law, statute, custom, or usage, to the contrary thereof in dues; any wife notwithflunding.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority afore- Covent Garfaid, That nothing herein before contained thall extend, or be den norket, and the pre-construed or taken to extend, to permit, impower, or authorize, cind-thereof, any person or persons to fell, or expose to or for sale, any fith excepted. in Covent Garden market, or in any of the precincts thereof, in

the county of Middlefex.

Mis.

136 1

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That Such fifti not no filh allowed to be bought as aforefaid, shall be fold again by the first purchaser thereof, or any of his or her agents or fer-chaser, before vants, before fuch fish shall have been conveyed by land car- the tame shall , or otherwise, to the cities of London or Westminster, or be brought to fur other places in *Great Britain*, as the proprietor or proprietors thereof shall think fit, from time to time, to configure the westmander, or to where fare to; under pain that every one who shall offend in the pre-configued, . thall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay the sum of under penalty / 1 ounds, to be recovered and applied in manner herein of 201. man prelitioned.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That . Fig. 1, fifth, allowed to be purchased as asoresaid, shall be permit-

veved to the places configned, without being haprd, and expoted to fale on the way.

Carriages employed in the fervice are to and to be marked on the outfide. Fift Machine Ouly;

and are to be office for licenfing hackney coaches. paying 15, for the regulering;

of 40s. and are not hable to be dermed common stage waggons, & c. permitted to travilwi 14

hories in pairs, or with r horse; or thories in length; the' with narrow wheels a

and thall only pay the like toll as postcharles, &c. orawn by a like number of horfes;

and thall be vel on inndays and ho-Ivdays; as thail alfo the returned Califa, 2 5

and to be con- ted to be, from time to time, fent and conveyed to the conplaces to which the proprietor or proprietors thereof from the fit to confign the fame, without being subject or liable : 1. stopped, in any city, market town, or place, in ord in its ble to be stop- fold or exposed to fale there, under pretence or and of the

ulage whatfoever.

V. And, for the more expeditious conveyar it of hills by lare carriage, he it also enacted by the authority and the same every carriage which thall be used for the convenience of fish as aforefaid, thall only carry fish, allowed At the last of earry fith only, aforetaid, therein, with the necessary package ..... applements which shall belong to such carriage; and shall be marked on the outfide Fills Macking Only; and shall have the name or names, and place or places of abode, of the respective owner or owners thereof, entered at the office of the commissioners for licenfing hackney coaches; and for every fuch entry, only one entered at the thilling shall be paid to the clerk there; and the faid commisfioners are hereby required to receive every fuch respective entry, and to caule the fame to be registered in the faid office; and afterwards the respective number of every such respective carriage thall be marked on some conspicuous part of the outfide thereof, in large tigures, painted, or elfe fhall be put on and number- lead or other metal, and thall be fixed in the front, or on one ed, on penalty of the thafts, or fome other confpicuous part of every fuch refpective carriage; and that no fifth carriage thall be deemed or taken to be a common (lage waggon, wag, or cart: and if any one thall neglest to comply with and perform what is herein before directed, touching the marking, registering, numbering, and keeping the number of every fuch respective carriage on They shall be some part thereof, and shall be convicted of any such neglect, in manner herein after-mentioned, he shall forfeit and pay, for every fuch neglect, the fum of forty thillings; to be levied, recovered, and applied, as herein after is directed.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That every fuch fifth carriage numbered and marked as aforefaid, shall be permitted to travel, pals, or be drawn on any turnpike road, by any number of horfes in pairs not exceeding four, or by any fingle horfe, or by any number of horfes at length not exceeding three, although the fellies of the wheels of any fuch fith carriage shall not be of the breadth or gauge of nine inches from fide to fide; and that every such fish carriage shall only pay the like toli, at every turnpike-gate or bar through which every fuch fifn carriage shall pals, as post chaifes, or other chaifes, drawn by a like number of horfes, or by a fingle horfe, allowed to tra- by the laws now in force, are subject and liable to pay there.

VII. And be it also enacted by the authority aforefaid, That every fuch fish corriage as atorefaid shall be allowed to travel, pass, and be drawn, on fundays and holydays, on any road, whether laden or returning empty; and that the horse or horses which Fortes of such shall return from drawing any such fish carriage, although role on by any driver of any fuch fith carriers, or drawing back any

paper that correspond to Molo be allowed to pass on fundays and are any seed, without any driver of any such fish car-Below any real way fuch horse as aforesaid, incurring any The state of the s ierewith.

nd be it enacted by the authority afore- and neither at any time be paid for any fuch fish carriages or horses from the fish, or for any horse or horses turning important the back empty, for passing on any ty, shall be have me back empty, for passing on any ty, thail be hah any turnpike-gate or bar, or for any big to pay ; from drawing any such fish carriage toll;

laden as aforelaid, although fuch horle or horses, or any of them, shall be rode on by any driver of any such tish carriage, and although fuch horse or horses shall not draw back any such

empty fish carriage.

Try Blook

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That and if any if any person shall put any game, or any other thing except fish game, or as aforefaid, and the baskets and other necessary package in besides fills which the fame shall be packed, and the necessary implements and the neof every fuch fish carriage, into any such fish carriage to be con-cellary impleveyed thereby; every person, other than the driver of any such ments of the fish carriage, who shall so put any game or other thing than put therein fith, and the balkets and other necessary package and imple- for conveyments as aforefaid, into any fuch fish carriage, and to be there- ance, by conveyed, thall, on being convicted thereof in manner the person herein after mentioned, forfeit and pay for every such offence putting in the the sum of tive pounds, to be levied, recovered, and applied, tent 51. in manner herein after specified: and if the driver or any such and if the drifish carriage shall take up, or suffer any passenger, game, or ver shall take other thing except fish, and the baskets and other necessary up, or tuffer package and implements as aforefaid, to be at any time carried any pattenger. or conveyed in or by any such sish carriage; every driver of game, or other every such tish carriage, who shall so offend in the premisses, carried thereand be thereof convicted in manner herein after mentioned, in. shall, for every such offence, forsest and pay the sum of forty be shall fortest fhillings, to be recovered and applied in manner herein after 428. mentioned: and if, on the conviction of any driver of any such and on nonfish carriage, the sum forseited shall not be forthwith paid, the payment, shall fish carriage, the fum fortested man not be formwith paid, the becommitted, justice or justices before whom any such driver of any such fish and kept to carriage thall be convicted, shall, by warrant under his hand hard labour and feal, or their hands and feals, commit every fuch driver of for any time any fuch fifth carriage, who shall be so as aforetaid convicted, to not exceeding the house of correction of the county, city, or place, in which one month. the offence for which any fuch driver was convicted, or where any fuch driver shall be apprehended, there to remain and be kept to hard labour for any time not exceeding one month, as any justice or justices shall order, unless the money forseited shall be sooner paid.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That It bulk thail if the owner or any other person who shall have the care or be to be of Separature of any fuch fifth carriage as aforefuld, which after the any fifth car-Aufling this act shall be loaded with fish as aforesaid, and con-ring confign-

figned ed for the Lon-

bills of mortality, or fale made of the fift before they are exposed in the faid markets, the offender thall forfeit

being fo brought up, is to be forthwith forted. and exposed public market the next morning, Sundays excepted; fish is so exthereof is to be fold by retail, on penalty of 10 l. but mackrell brought up by fuch carriages may be told on Sundays. All contracts

mon and lobiters, are vacated after 1 May, 1762, and the parties discharged from the penalties of their contiacts; and persons contracting after the faid time for buy-

ing up fish,

other than falmon and

lobiters, be-

fore the lame

don markets, figned for the supply of the cities of London or least the break bulk before the same shall have been brought within the weekly bills of mortality, or sell, or expose to late, and the same shall have been brought within the weekly bills of mortality, or sell, or expose to late, and the same shall be same to be same fish which shall be loaded in any such fish carriage, fame shall have been brought to the cities of L minster, or within the weekly bills of mortality, and there to or for fale in manner herein after directed, he are they, who thall so offend in the premisses, shall, on being these of convicted in manner herein after mentioned, forfelt and pay for every such offence the sum of ten pounds, to be levied, recovered, and applied, in manner herein after mentioned.

XI. And be it also enacted by the authority aforesaid. That The fifth, after all fifth as aforefaid which shall be brought by land carriage to the cities of London or Westminster, or to any other place within the weekly bills of mortality, thall, with all convenient speed after the same shall be so brought there, be sorted, and, the next morning at farthest after the same shall be so brought there, to fale in some shall be openly and publicly offered and exposed to sale in some public market or markets within the weekly bills of mortality (except such next day shall happen to be a Sunday, and in such case, then on Monday morning next following) and that, until fuch fish as aforesaid shall be so exposed to sale in some public and until such market or markets as aforesaid, no part thereof shall be sold, or offered to or for sale, by retail, upon pain that every person who posed, no part thall offend in the premisses, and thall be thereof convicted in manner herein after-mentioned, shall forfeit and pay, for every fuch offence, the fum of ten pounds, to be levied, recovered, and applied, in manner herein after-mentioned.

XII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this act contained thall be construed to prohibit the felling any mackrell, which shall be brought by any such fish carriage as

aforesaid, before or after divine service on a Sunday.

XIII. And be it likewise enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all contrac's made by or with any person or persons for made for fifth, any fifth, except falmon and lobiters, from and after the first except for fal-day of May, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-two, shall be, and are hereby declared to be, void, fo far as the same shall relate to, or be intended to take effect at any time subsequent to, the faid first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-two; and the party and parties to every fuch contract and contracts is and are hereby respectively discharged from all penalties and forfeitures he or they may incur by reason of the non-performance of any such contract or contracts: and if, from and after the faid first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-two, any person or persons shall enter into or make any contract or contracts for buying up any fifth, except falmon and lobiters, before the fame shall be first brought to an open market, or fome usual place for the sale of fish, and before the same thall be there expoted in the ordinary manner, and for the utual time fish shall be there exposed for public sales. every fuch contract and contracts is and are hereby declared to

and every party thereto shall forfeit and pay, shall be first contract which he or she shall be a party to, or brought to construed in, on being convicted thereof in manner herein duly exposed after transformed, the sum of fifty pounds, to be recovered, leto sale there, vied, and applied, in transfer herein after-mentioned.

XIV Provided always, and be it also enacted by the autho- and the consity after clad, That after the faid first day of May, one thousand tract is detwen hundred and fixty-two, no contract or agreement which twen hundred and rikty-two, no contract or agreement which And after 1 lobsters which shall be taken in any river, or in any of the seas, contract for orton any of the sea coasts of Great Britain, shall be or continue British salmon in force for any longer time than for one year, to be computed and lobsters from the date of every such respective contract or agreement shall be in which shall be entered into in writing; and if not entered into than 1 year; in writing, then only for one year, to be computed from the and the like time of the making or entering into every fuch paroll contract rule is to take

or agreement respectively.

XV. And be it likewise enacted by the authority aforesaid, spect to any That no person or persons shall, at any time after the said first tracts. day of May, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-two, employ, Atter , May, or be employed by, any other person or persons in buying, or 1762, no perto buy, in or at any market in the city of London, or in the city fon may emof Westminster, or essewhere within the weekly bills of mortality, ploy, or be any fish which shall be brought there to be fold, to be divided buying at the by lots or in shares amongst any fishmongers or other persons, markets of in order to be afterwards put to fale again, or fold by retail; London or nor shall any fishmonger or other person at any time after the Westminster, faid first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and sixty-two, &c. buy in any market in London, or in the said city of Westminster, there for sale, or elsewhere within the weekly bills of mortality, any fish, but to be afterwhat shall be for his own sale or use only, upon pain that every wards divided person who shall be convicted of any such offence, in manner amongst fishhereby directed, shall forfeit and pay the sum of twenty pounds mangers, or for every fuch offence, to be levied, recovered, and applied, in fold; the manner herein after directed.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, person buy That if any proprietor of fish, or any salesman or person intrust- in the said ed or employed to fell any fish in any public market, shall refuse markets any to fell, or shall enter into any agreement or confederacy not to shall be for his fell, to or for the use of any particular person or persons, any own sale or fish which shall be brought or exposed to or for sale at or in any use, fuch public market; then, and in every fuch case, every person on penalty of who shall so offend in the said premisses, and shall be thereof 201. convicted in the manner by this act directed, shall, for every No salesman such offence, forseit and pay the sum of twenty pounds, to be son may relevied, recovered, and applied, in manner hereby directed.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, enter into an ' That all fish of any of the respective sorts herein after specified, agreement not which, after the said first day of May, one thousand seven hun- for any partidred and sixty-two, shall be brought for sale to the cities of cular person's Longion or Westminster, or within the weekly bills of mortality, use, any fish that be openly and publicly exposed for sale at the first hand; exposed to sale

place with re-

nor may any

fuse to fell, or

at a public market, on penalty of the respective torts specified in the act, brought after 1 May, 1762,

for fale to the London markets, shall be the first hand, and in no greater number or quantity in a lot than is piefcribed; and every lot

one for tot fifh

tity the reof allowed to be Billingfgate, or other markcts.

and shall be fold in no greater number or quantity of fifl any one lot or parcel, or by any greater weight of fish in one lot or parcel, in Billing sate market, or within one hun And all fifth of and fifty yards of Billing gate dock, or in any other barket within the weekly bills of mortality, than herein after is directed and prescribed touching the same respectively; and that every lot or parcel of such fish as aforesaid, shall consist only of one fort of fish, and shall not be composed of woo or more different.

All fresh salmon, sturgeon, large fresh cod, skait, pike, ceropenly fold at bot, bret, bril, pearl, kingston, ling, and dorys, by the su gle fish; all half fresh cod, not exceeding two in any one lot; all

forts of fish; that is to fay,

quarter fresh cod, not exceeding four in any one lot; all mullets, cole tith, falmon trout, and other trout, not exceeding two in any one lot; all small cod, not exceeding twenty-four in any... one lot; in Billing/gate market, or within one hundred and fifty yards of Billing/gate dock; and, in any other market within the is to confift of weekly bills of mortality, not exceeding eight in any one lot:

All fmall pike, not exceeding fix in any one lot, in Billingfonly.

gate market, or within one hundred and fifty yards of Billings.

The species of sorte docks, and in the species of sorte docks. fill, and num- bale dock; and, in any other market within the weekly bills of ber and quan- mortality, not exceeding four in any one lot:

All large haddock, not exceeding four in any one lot, in Billing sate market, or within one hundred and fifty yards of fold in a lot at Billing gate dock; and, in any other market within the weekly bills of mortality, not exceeding two in any one lot:

All fmall haddock, not exceeding twenty-four in any one lot, in Billing gate market, or within one hundred and fifty yards of Billing gate dock; and, in any other market within the weekly bills of mortality, not exceeding eight in any one lot:

All perch, above fix inches long from the eye to the fork of the tail thereof, not exceeding twelve in any one lot, in Billing [gate market, or within one hun fred and fifty yards of Billing/gate dock; and, in any other market within the weekly bills of mortality, not exceeding eight in any one lot:

All carp, gurnet, tench, and fea bals, not exceeding fix in any one lot, in Billingsgate market, or within one hundred and tilty yards of Billingsgate dock; and, in any other market within the weekly bills of mortality, not exceeding four in any one lot:

All thornbacks, not exceeding two in any one lot, in Billing fgute market, or within one hundred and fifty yards of Billingigate dock; and, in any other market within the weekly bills of mortality, not exceeding one in any one let:

All large foals, not exceeding four pair in any one lot, in Raingigate market, or within one hundred and fifty yards of Wiling/gate dock; and, in any other market within the weekly bills of mortality, not exceeding two pair in any one lot:

All fmall toals, not exceeding eight pair in any one lot, in Billing/gate market, or within one hundred and fifty vards of Billingsgate dock; and, in any other market within the weekly, bills of mortality, not exceeding four pair in any one lot:

All

All mackrell, whitings, whiting pouts, plaice, dabbs, herrings, pilchards, garb fish, flounders, and maids, not exceeding fixty in any one lot, in Billing sgate market, or within one hundred and they yards of Billing/gate dock; and, in any other market within the weekly bills of mortality, not exceeding thirty in any one lot:

All smelts, not exceeding fifty two in any one lot, in Billing fgate market, or whilen one hundred and fifty yards of Billing fdocke and, in any other market within the weekly bills of

hortality, not exceeding twenty fix in any one lot:

All cels, not exceeding twenty pounds weight in any one lot, Billing frate market, or within one hundred and fifty yards of filling sgate dock; and, in any other market within the weekly fills of mortality, not exceeding ten pounds weight in any one lot, unless any fingle fish shall exceed that weight:

All large lobiters and crabs, not exceeding, of either fort, in any one lot, twenty, in Billing sgate market, or within one hundred and fifty yards of Billing gate dock; and, in any other market within the weekly bills of mortality, not exceeding ten of

either fort in any one lot:

All finall lobiters and crabs not exceeding, of either fort, None of the in anyone lot, forty, in Billing sate market, or within one hundred and fifty yards of Billing sate dock; and, in any other market, may be bought ket within the weekly bills of mortality, not exceeding twenty or fold at the of either fort in any one lot:

And if any person or persons shall sell or buy any of the fish examination or associated, at the first hand, in any market or markets in the city of quantity in a London, or within one hundred and fifty yards of Billing feate lot, thomas dock; or in any market in the city of Wellminster, or within the prescribed, weekly bills of mortality, in any lot or parcel, containing any nor more than greater number of any fort of fifth as aforefaid in any fuch lot fifth in alot, or parcel, or any greater weight of eels in any lot or parcel, be fold, or ofthan is herein before directed and appointed to be fold in any fered to tale, one lot or parcel; or if any one shall fell, or offer for fale, in on penalty of any fuch lot or parcel, more than one fort of any of the fish But a finaller herein before specified; he, she, or they, who shall so offend in number of the premisses, and be convicted of any such offence in manner any of the faid the premities, and be convicted or any juen onence in manner fifth, than a herein after mentioned, shall, for every such offence, forfeit and lot consists of, pay the fum of five pounds, to be levied, recovered, and appli-if it contains ed, in manner herein after directed.

XVIII. Provided always, That, notwithstanding any thing one; herein before contained it shall be lawful for any person to expose and also a lefto or for sale, and to sell in Billing state market, or in any other cels than market within the weekly bills of mortality, any of the faid herein makes one before-mentioned respective forts of fish, where more than one lot, may be is to be contained in any lot, as aforefaid, in any smaller num
normal to the ber; or any cels by any leffer weight than herein before is in the find prescribed for the selling, in any one lot, any of the said respectively. tive forts of fish herein before specified.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforciaid, That No fish may be ns person or persons, from and after the said first day of May, one sold again, thousand or exposed to

first band in the faid mar-

fale the fame day, in the fame market may fell the faine, whilft tound and wholetome, in any other place.

at the nift hand in any of the faid markets, be exposed to fale, an account of the forts, and legible characters, is to be put up at the fill Itand,

the number of flounders. plaice, dabbs, excepted; and also of mackiell, maids, herrings, and pil chards; and it any other fish of the forts mentioned in the act he brought for tale, betore the market of the day is over, ed to the account, before they are expoted to fale; and the faid accounts are to be kept up fold, or the market be over;

thousand seven hundred and fixty two, shall a second time sell or expose to or for sale in Billing gate market, or with the fire type of one hundred and fifty yards from Billing before fold, on other market in the city of London, or with penalty of rol. mortality, any fish which, in the same day, frame heart better but the buyer fold in the same market; but any buyer of his any of the faid markets may feel the fame again, whilst found and wholefome, in any other place or places whatfoever, any law, custom, or usage, to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding upon pain that every one who shall offend in the remisses, and shall be thereof convicted in manner hereby prescribed, shall it is every such offence, forfeit and pay the sum of ten pounds, to sidfith, to be fold levied, recovered, and applied, in manner herein after me tioned.

XX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That from and after the faid first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and fixty two, no person shall sell, or expose to or for falc, at the first hand, in any market in the cities of London or Westminster, or within the limits of the weekly bills of mortality. any of the feveral forts of fish herein before specified, before he, each, m large the, or they, shall have, from time to time, first placed or put up, in some conspicuous manner, on or over the form, bench, stall, or place, at which he or she shall intend to offer or expose for fale, or shall offer or expose for fale any of such fish in any fuch market, a true particular or account, and in a large, fair, and legible character, and either wrote or printed, diffinguishing therein the feveral species or forts of all such fish as aforefaid, and the quantity of every fort thereof respectively which he, the, or they, shall then have, or have been intrusted with or employed to fell in any fuch market, except as to the number of flounders, plai e, dabbs, mackrell, maids, herrings, and pilchards, which thall be brought to any fuch market for fale: and if, at any time of the morning or day in which any fuch account shall have been so placed up, and before the market of that day shall be ended or over, any other fish of the species or forts herein before mentioned, except as before excepted, shall be brought or fent to any such market as aforefaid to be fold, the person who thall be employed or intrusted to fell the fame, before he or the shall sell, or offer or expose to or for sale, all or any of such other fish, shall add a true account or particular thereof to the they are like- account before put up, if he or the had before put up any fuch wife to be add-account, and if not, thall put up fuch account thereof as is herein before directed; and the party or parties hereby directed to put up such account and accounts as arorefaid, shall take care that every fuch account and accounts shall continue up, where the same shall have been first placed, until all the fish specified therein shall be fold, or the market of the day shall be over or undefaced, till ended, without being defaced or obliterated, upon pain that all the fifth be every one who shall neglect to put up any such account or shall not continue up such account as hereby is directed, during the time fuch account ought to continue up, and thall be convicted

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in manner herein after prescribed of any such offence, shall, for on penalty of every such offence, forseit and pay the sum of sive pounds, to one is any perbe levied, recovered, and applied, in the manner herein after son before mentioned; and that every person who shall be convicted, in such time manner herein after directed, of wilfully taking down, defacing, shall wilfully obliterating, or altering, or causing to be taken down, defaced, take down, obliterated, or altered, any such account hereby directed to be ter, the acplaced up as aforesaid, at any time whilst the same, according to counts so put the intent of this act, ought to continue up, shall, for every such up, or cause the same to be done, here to be done, and applied, in manner herein after-herostess. No sisterman, No sisterman, No sisterman, No sisterman.

\*\*XXI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That &c. after the no fisherman, mariner, or other person, who shall be employed on board any fishing ship, sloop, smack, vessel, or boat, shall, after sishing, may her arrival from sishing, wilfully destroy, or throw or cast away destroy, or cast any sish, which any such sishing ship, sloop, smack, vessel, or away, any of boat, shall have brought from sea, or caught in any navigable river, that is not unwholesome, perished, or unmarketable, except speats, which shall remain unsold when the market, to do, or unmarket, the same shall be fent for sale, shall be ended; and if any ketable, resuch sisherman, mariner, or other person, shall offend in the spremistes, and be thereof convicted in manner herein after prescribed, every such sitherman, mariner, or other person, who over; on shall be so convicted, shall be committed to the house of correction of the county, city, or place, in which any such offender shall be convicted, shall order.

ender shall be convicted, inall order.

XXII. And be it also enacted by the authority aforesaid, That less than r from and after the passing of this act, all and every the person week. and persons within the four degrees or descriptions herein after All persons specified, who shall be employed in the fisheries of these kingdoms, coming under thall be freed and exempted from being impressed into the service of the four following dehis Majesty, his heirs, or successors, other than and except in the scriptions, cases herein after excepted; that is to say, first, every master who employed in thall have the care or conduct of any fifthing thip, floop, finack, the fiftheries veffel, or boat, which shall be employed in the listery on any of doms, are exthe sea coasts of Great Britain, or in any of the navigable rivers empted from within Great Britain; and who, or some owner of which fish-being impressing ship, sloop, smack, vessel, or boat, shall have, or within fix- ed into the calendar months before the applying for any protection, as here- King's fervice in after is allowed, shall have had, one or more apprentice or ist, masters of apprentices, under the age of fixteen years each, bound to him, filling vefor to any such owner as aforesaid, for a term not less than five sels, who, eior to any fuch owner as atoretaid, for a term not less than are ther them-years; and which apprentice or apprentices, in pursuance of such selves or their binding, actually shall be, or have been, in the service of such owners, have, Vol. XXV.

No fisherman. ceeding 2 master, or within 6

applying for a protection, shall have had, one or more apprentices, under 16 years of age, bound for 5 years, and employed in the businessof fishing; adly, all such apprentices, not exceeding 4 to every—

master or owner of a fishing vetics of 30 tuns burthen, or upwards: and 2 to every vessei under 30 tuns; during the time of their apprenticeship, and till the age of 20 years, they the time in the business of fishing only; 3dly, one mariner, belides apprentices, to every fishing veffel of rotuns burthen or upwards, emprojection the iea coalt, during his continuance in fuch te 4thly, any łandman entering, and employed on board fuch veilel, for 2 y cars from his first going the end of the voyage then engaged in, it he io in tuch fer-VICE. On affidavit being made before fome juttice, and laid before the admiralty; that the perfons therein named and described, come within

mafter or owner, in the business of a fither name is condly, every such apprentice, not exceeding the number of four apprentices to every fuch mafter or owner as more and of any fifting thip, floop, finack, or veffel, of or above the birther of thirty tuns; and not exceeding the number of two apprentices to every such master or owner as aforesaid, of any fishing floop, imack, veilel, or boat, under the laid burthen of thirty tuns, during the time every such respective apprents cas aforefaid shall continue as an apprentice in the actual for the of them his mafter only, or of his representatives or affiguration the be ness of a fisherman, and in no other service, and pective age of twenty years of every fuch apprentice who inany continuing for fo long continue in the fifthing trade: thirdly one mariner, be fides the mafter and his apprentice or apprentices as more and, who shall be employed to navigate or fish, in any fishing sup. floop, fmack, or veffel, of the burthen of ten tuns or upwards, on any parts of the fea coasts of Great Britain, during the time, the matter and fuch mariner thall continue and be to actually and truly employed in the faid fifthing fervice: and, fourthly, any landman who thall enter on board any fuch fithing thip, floop, fmack, or veffel, of the burthen of ten tuns or upwards, and be actually employed in navigating or fithing therein, on any part of the fea coasts of Great Britain, for and during the space of two years, to be computed from the time of his first going to sen, employed as aforefaid in any fuch fithing thip, thoop, fmack, or veffel, of the burthen of ten tuns or upwards, as aforefaid, and to the end of any fishing voyage he may then be engaged in, and if he shall continue and be so long really and truly employed in such fervice.

XXIII. And, to fecure to the feveral persons herein before defcribed, the benefit intended for them respectly ely by this act, and to punish the perions who shall act contrary to the true intent and meaning hereof, be it further enacted by the authority aforeto fea, and to faid, That on an affidavit two in before some justice or justices of the peace, making out that the perion or perions named and deferibed in such affidavit come, or is or are within some or one of the deteriptions herein before specified, and interting therein the long continue tunnage of every fuch fifting thip, 100p, Imack, veffel, or boat, and the port or place to which the belongs, and the name and defeciption of every fuch mailer, and the age of every fuch apprentice, and the term for which every fuch apprentice shall be bound, and the date of his indenture, and the name, age, and description, of every fuch mariner and landman respectively, and the time of every fuch landman's first going to sea, being offered to the lord high admiral of Great Britain, or to the commiffigurers for executing the office of lord high admiral of Great Britain, for the time being, or any three or more of them, or left

forme or one of the above elections, (inferting the tunnage of the veffel, and port the belongs to; the name and description of the master, the age of every such apprentice, and term he is bound for, with the date of his indenture; and the name, age, and description of every such mariner and landman, with the time of such landman's first going to lea) ·

at the office of admiralty, the faid lord high admiral, or com- the admimissioners of the admiralty for the time being, is and are hereby ralty shall directed and required, with all convenient speed after every such unless they affidavit shall be tendered to him or them, or left at the admi-suspect the ralty office (unless he or they shall have reasonable cause to suf- truth of such peet the truth of any fuch affidavit, and in every fuch cafe he affidavit, and they is and are hereby directed to cause inquiry to be made case they are into the truth of the matters contained in every fuch affidavit) directed to enin time to time, to grant a separate protection to every such quite into) fon as appreciate respectively, during the time he is allowed grant, without any fee or reward to be aleparate propressed contrary to the intent of this act, shall, on producing the ry such perprotection which shall have been granted to him in pursuance on producing of this act to the commanding officer, who shall have in his whereof, they custody, or under his care, any such impressed person as aforesaid, are to be touchbe forthwith discharged and released by such commanding with released, officer.

XXIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, It any fuch That if, during the continuance of any protection which thall be fon shall be granted under this act, any person who shall be thereby protected impressed, exthall be impressed to serve his Majesty, his heirs, or successors, other cept in the than and except in the case of an actual invasion of these king fion, or immidoms, or immiuent danger thereof, and signified by some order nent danger of his Majesty, or his heirs, or of his or their privy council, to thereof, the lord high admiral, or to the commissioners for executing the and on prooffice of lord high admiral of Great Britain for the time being; ducing, or ofand on producing the protection which shall have been so grant- sering to proed to him, to the commanding officer of the party or gang who duce, his prothall impress any such person protected as aforesaid; or if offer-techon, the ing to produce the same for the inspection of such the command-officer shall ing officer, any fuch commanding officer thall refuse or neglect not examine, to fee or examine fuch protection, or shall detain the same pro- or shall withtection from the party intituled thereto, and shall not forthwith hold such prodischarge the party who shall be so impressed; or if the party so not release impressed shall be carried on board any ship or vessel of or in the him; fervice of his Majesty, his heirs, or successors, and the captain, or it, being or any officer, who shall have the command on board any fuch carried on thip or veffel of or in the fervice of his Majefty, his heirs, or the King's fucceffors, shall not, on any such protection granted as aforesaid ships, the being produced or tendered to him; or if such protection shall commanding have been taken away from the party to whom it was fo granted, officer there at or after his having been so impressed, then, if on an affidavit that other charge him on being made before fome justice or justices, of the peace that such such protecprotection was fo granted, and continues in force, and was tion being taken away from the party to whom the fame was fo granted, produced; or either at or after the time he was impressed, and being tendered it taken away to the captain or officer who shall have the command on board on tendering

any to him an af-

before some justice, that such protection was granted, and in force, and was taken away, then be used to make was taken away, when he was imprefied, ----

or if any commanding officer, or any et the crew under him thall take afuch protection; the offender, in any of the faid cales, fhall forfeit 20l. to the an apprenapprentice, then to his mastér. owner of any fishing vessel, knowingly harbouring, from the King's fervice, forfeits 201. Inflices are impowered to hear and determine all offences comthis act within their refpective jurifdictions; miary penalties, where the time is not otherwise limited, are to he paid in 24 hours;

and for want oi lufficient diftiels. rate of the driver of a tifa carriage)

and fale,

a justice;

any fuch ship or vessel as aforesaid, such captain or sticer have the command as aforefaid, thall not forthwith the party who shall have been so impressed and broaght on thip posted. as aforefaid; or if any captain or officer having command as aforefaid, or any of the crew or company under him, that takes way, or detain, away or detain any fach protection granted as storefaid; then every person who, in any of the said cases, shall so offend, green in the cases herein before excepted; small respective pay to the party impressed, if not an apprentice prentice, then to the respective master of every su -ppwentia in lik the fum of twenty pounds, to be recovered and party impress- manner as other forfeitures incurred by this act at herein after ed, not being directed to be recovered and levied.

· That XXV. And be it further enacted by the authori' tice, and it an if any matter or owner of any fuch fifthing thip, ft mack, veffel, or boat, shall knowingly harbour, entertail employ, in any fuch fithing thip, floop, finack, veffel, or boat, any feaman The master or or landman, who shall have deserted from his Majesty's service; every fuch mafter or owner as aforefaid, on being convicted of any such offence in manner herein after-mentioned, shall, for every find offence, forfeit and pay the fum of twenty pounds, to &c. a deferter be levied, recovered, and applied, in manner herem after specified.

XXVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all justices of the peace, within their respective jurisdictions, shall hear and determine all offences committed against the true intent of this act; and that all pecuniary penalties and forieitures inflicted and made payable by this act, whereof the time for payment is not herein before directed, it is be paid within twenty four mitted against hours after the conviction of the offender, either by his or her confession, or by the oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses; which oath every justice, within his respective jurisdiction, is hereby authorized and required to administer; and and the pecu- that any justice or justices, within his or their respective jurisdiction, may iffue a warrant under his hand and feal, or their hands and feals respectively, directed to any peace officer within their respective jurisdiction, to levy the same by distress of the goods and chattels of the respective person and persons who shall be so convicted, and which thall be found within the jurisdiction of any fuch justice or justices; and if, within five days from any and may be levied by diffres such diffres being taken, the money forfeited shall not be paid, together with the costs of such diffress, the goods so distrained together with shall be appraised and fold, rendering the overplus, if any, after all charges, as deducting the penalty or forfeiture, and the costs and charges of afcertained by the diffress and fale, to the owner or owners thereof; which charges shall be ascertained by some justice or justices of the county, city, riding, division, or place, in which the offender or offenders thall have been convicted; and if fufficient diffress (except in the cannot at any time be found, whereby the money which thall be forfeited by any offender or offenders against this act (other than the driver of any fish carriage as aforesaid) can be levied

ore his, her, cotteer goods and chattels, then, and in every fuch proof tereof upon oath before some justice or justices. whole refrestive jurisdiction any such offender or offenles in the relide or be, fuch justice or justices shall, on the ap- the offender, all arion of any projecutor or projecutors of any fuch offender or on the applimaders, iffice a warrant under the hand and feal, or hands and cation of the any fact justice or justices, directed to some peace shall be comfig. 2. Apprehend every fuch offender or offenders, mited to ry fuch of ender and offenders to the house of correction of time not excounty, city, or place, where any fuch offender or offenders ceeding a hall be found and apprehended, there to remain and be kept months, to hard labour fer any time not exceeding two months, as any unless the fuch justice or justices shall order, unless the money which shall feiture be fooner paid. be forfeited by fuch offender or offenders shall be sooner paid.

Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That no person Profecutions shall suffer any punishment for any offence committed against to be commenced withthis act, unless the profecution for the same be commenced with- in 3 months in three callendar months after fuch offence committed; and after the ofthat where any person shall suffer imprisonment, pursuant to this tence; act, for any offence contrary thereto, in default of payment of and persons fullering immy penalty hereby imposed, such person shall not be liable after-prisonmention

wards to pay fuch penalty.

XXVII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority a- are not liable forefaid, That it any perion who shall contract for fith contrary to to pay the pethe intent of this act, shall, before information shall be made against Any of the him for having to contracted for the fame, inform against any parties conother party who shall have entered into any such contract, and cerned in conthe party or parties who shall be so informed against shall after-tracking for wards, on any such information, be duly convicted of any such to this act, offence in manner herein preicribed, then, and in every fuch giving the first case, the person who shall have so informed against and prose-information cuted to conviction any fuch other person as aforefaid, shall be against, and acquitted and released from all penalty and forfeiture which the convicting party to informing had incurred by having entered into, or been is indemnified a party to, any fuch contract, and shall be intituled to and have himself, one moiety of the penalty which shall be fortested by reason of and intituled the conviction of the party informed against.

XXVIII And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Evidences That if it shall be made out, by the oath of any credible person or may be sumpersons, to the satisfaction of any justice or justices of the peace, moned, and that any one, within the jurisdiction of any such justice or justi- examined on ces, is likely to give or offer material evidence on behalf of the half of the profecutor of any offender or offenders against the true intent profecutor as and meaning of this act, or on behalf of the person or persons gainst offendaccused, and will not voluntarily appear before such justice or cis; pattices, and be examined, and give his, her, or their, evidence concerning the premiffes, every fuch justice or justices is and are hereby authorized and required to iffue his or their fummons, to convene every fuch witness and witnesses before any fuch justice or justices, at such seasonable time as in such summons shall be

any offence, to a moiety of the penalty.

fixed a

and on their nonappear nce, without aufe thewn, or refutal, be iffued against them

fixed; and if any person so summoned shall neglect or result to appear at the time by fuch fummons appointed, and to take cause shall be offered for such neglect or regular, the after proof by oath of fuch fummons having been duly forced upon warrants thall the party or parties to furnmoned, every furth inflice and millions is and are hereby authorized and required to iffine his or their warrant under his hand and feal, or their hands and fealer was bring every fuch witness or witnesses before any foun justice or influes; and, on the appearance of any fuch witness or before any such justice or justices, every such justice or justices is and are hereby authorized and impowered to extinine, up oath, every fuch witness; and if any fuch witness on his or help appearance, or on being brought before fuch inflice or justices, thall refule to be examined, on oath, concerning the premifies, without offering any just cause for such refusal, any such justice or justices, within the limits of his or their jurisdiction, may, by warrant under his hand and feal, or their hands and feals, commit any person or persons so refusing to be examined to the public prilon of the county, riding, divition, city, liberty, or place, in which the perion or perions to refufing to be examined shall be, there to remain for any time not exceeding fourteen days. nor less than three days, as any such justice or justices shall direst.

ind on their refuting to b examined,

may be committed for any ime not exreeding 14 lays, nor leis than 3.

Offender efcaping out of the jurisdiction of the juffice grantagainit him,

the justice for the county back fuch warrant, proof being made of the original figning thereof; and may hear complaint,

as if it had originally arose within his te rifdiction;

or he may return the ofmarie accessed

XXIX. And be it also enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in case any person against whom a warrant shall be issued by any justice or justices of the peace for any offence against this act, thall go into, refide, or be, in any other county, riding, division, ing a warrant city, liberty, town, or place, out of the jurisdiction of the justice or juffices who fliall have granted any tuch warrant or warrants as aforelaid, it thall and may be lawful for any justice or justices of the peace of the county, riding, division, city, liberty, town, where he shall or place, into which such offender or offenders against this act escape to, may shall go or be, to indorse his or their name or names on such warrant (proof being first made, on oath, of such warrant having been figned by fuch other justice or justices) and every warrant so indorfed shall be sufficient authority to all persons to execute fuch warrant in fuch other county, riding, division, city, liberty, town, or place, out of the jurifdiction of the justice or and determine Justices who find granted such warrant; and every such justice the matter of and juffices respectively, as the case shall happen, after indorsing any such warrant as aforefaid, may, on the offender or offenders therein named being apprehended and brought before any such justice or justices within his or their respective jurisdictions, hear and determine the matter of the complaint contained in every such warrant, in the same manner as if such complaint had originally arose within the jurisdiction of such justice or justices who thall have to backed any fuch warrant; or may direct the oftender to his fender or offenders to be carried before a justice or justices withoriginal coin in whole jurish ction the offence was committed, there to be ty, to be dealt dealt with recording to law,

and Le it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That

one moiety of all money which shall be forfeited for any offence One moiety of which hall be committed against this act (and not herein other-wise appropriated) shall, when recovered, go and be paid to the appropriated person or persons who shall profecute to conviction any such of-shall go to the \*fender or offenders, and the other moiety thereof shall go and be prosecutor, paid to the treasurer of Greenwich hospital for the time being, for and the other to Greenwich

the banefit of the same hospital.

XXXI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall be Persons ag-Land framy person or persons who shall think him, her, or them- greeted by res aggritued by any order or determination of any justice or or determination of any justice or or determination of any offence committed, or any justice, upposed to be committed, against this act, to appeal to the ge-may appeal to heral or quarter fession of the peace which thall be held for the the next quarcounty, city, riding, division, or place, where any such offence ter tellion, shall have been committed, next after the conviction of any of-giving 8 days fender or offenders for any offence committed against this act; notice to the the person or persons so appealing first giving security in double parties, and the fum forfeited, before such justice or justices, to profecute feeting to fuch appeal with effect, and to abide by the order or orders which appeal with shall be made on such appeal, and giving eight days notice in effect; writing of his, her, or their intention to appeal, to the party or parties on whose prosecution any such conviction shall be made, if there shall be so many days within the time of such conviction and fuch general or quarter fession, and, if not, then the party or and if there be not time parties who shall deem him, her, or themselves aggrieved by any to give such fuch conviction, thall and may be at liberty to appeal to the notice, apnext general or quarter fession but one which shall be held next real may then after any fuch conviction for the county, city, or place, where any fuch conviction shall be made; and the justices in their faid session; general or quarter fession are hereby authorized and required to and the juhear and determine the matter of every fuch appeal, and to flices are make such order therein, and to award such costs, as to them then to de-shall appear just, and to cause to be levied, under the order of termine the any such settion, the costs which shall transported to a thorne in any fuch fether, the costs which shall be awarded, together with ward costs; fuch money as any fuch court of fellion, on the hearing of any to be levied, fuch appeal, shall adjudge to be forfeited, by distress and sale of together with the goods and chattels of the person or persons who shall refuse adjudged to be to pay fuch cofts and money forfeited; and if sufficient goods or forfeited, chattels of any fuch offender or offenders cannot be met with to by diffrets and fatisfy such costs and money forfeited, then by diffress and fale of sale, on the the goods and chattels of the perion or perions who shall have offices can become furety or fureties as aforefaid for the party or parties who be found, shali have so appealed.

XXXII. Provided likewife, and be italfo enacted, That no order then on his or preceedings to be made or had by or before any jutilice of the No order or peace in relation to the premifies, shall be quashed or vacated proceedings tor want of form and the state of the premifies. for want of form only; and that the order which shall be made of justices in the plemiffes by the juffices at their general or quarter fession may be vacate of the peace as aforefaid, shall be final; and that no proceedings ed for want of any such justice or justices out of selsion, or in their faid getermoved by Agral or quarter fession, in pursuance of this act, shall be remove- Certinangae.

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nor order of the court of fession be apealed from actions.

able by Certiorari, letters of advocation or of full enforce or otherwise. XXXIII. And be it enacted by the authority aforefait. That if

Limitation of any action or fuit shall be brought or commenced against any person or persons, for any thing which shall be done where the state of this act, every such action or suit shall be bri-within the space of six calendar months new Dinced of action thall have accrued, and not afterwards brought, laid, and tried in the county, city, or place in with the cause of action shall have arisen, and not essewhere; and but the defendant and defendants in every fuch action and fuit General iffue. plead the general iffue, and give this act and the special matter in evidence, at any trial to be had thereupon, and that the fame was done in pursuance and by the authority of this act: and if the same shall appear to have been so done, or if any such action or fuit shall not be commenced within the time before limited, or shall be laid or brought in any other county, city, or place, than where the cause of action shall have arisen; then, and many of such cases, the jury shall find a verdict for the defendant or defendants; and upon such verdict, or if the plaintiff or plaintiffs in any fuch action or fuit shall become nonfuit, or discontinue his, her, or their action, after the defendant or defendants therein shall have appeared, or if, on any demurrer, judgment shall be given for the defendant or defendants; then, and in any of the faid cases, every such defendant or defendants shall have and recover treble cofts, and shall be intituled to pursue and take fuch remedy for recovering of the same, as any defendant or defendants hath or have to recover his or their costs in other cases by law.

Treble costs.

Provisions in the act touching the fale or buying of fish within the bills of mortality, and penalties for non-oblervance thereof, are extended to the parith of Saint Mary le bone in Middlefex.

The prombicontracts, are falt or dried fish, oysters,

tion may be received by a

XXXIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all the provisions and regulations herein before contained and enacted, with respect to places within the weekly bills of mortality, touching the fale or buying of fish, and all penaltics for the non-observance thereof, shall extend, and be construed to extend, to the parith of Saint Mary le bone in the faid county of Middlefex, and finall in like manner to all intents and purposes take place, and be in force, with respect to the said parish of Saint Mary le bone.

XXXV. Provided further, and it is hereby also enacted and detory clauses in clared by the authority aforesaid, That nothing in this act contained shall extend, or he construed to extend, to make void any connot to extend tract already made, or to prevent any contract from being made, to those made, after the said first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and or to be made, fixty two, by or with any person or persons, in regard to salt or dried fith, oysters, carp, or tench, or any of them.

XXXVI. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted and carp or teach. declared by the authority aforetaid, That no justice or justices of the peace shall receive any information against any person or perfons, by reason of being a party to, or concerned in, any conjustice against tract for buying up fish to be fold again contrary to the intent of this act, but that all money which shall be payable or forfeited

by

be reason of any 'uch contract being made or entered into, shall any person, be recoverable only, together with double costs of suit, by the for being conperson who shall inform and sue for the same in one of his Macontract for being contract for being contract for buying up of law, or protection, shall be allowed; and one moiety of the fish to be fold money fo forfeited, shall, when recovered, go and be paid to the again contratreasurer of Greenwich hospital for the time being, for the bene-but the penalat of the ame hospital, and the other moiety thereof to the per- ty for enterfor previous who shall inform for and recover the same.

ing into fuch contract, shall

overable on ly, with double costs, in one of the courts at Westminster; one moiety to Greenwich pipital, and the other to the protecutor.

#### CAP. XVI.

An all for the encouragement of seamen, and the more speedy and effectual manning his Majesty's navy.

WHEREAS the King of Spain has lately been induced, with- Preamble. out any provocation on his Majetly's part, in effect, to declare war against his Majesty; which has necessarily engaged his Majesty in actual war with the faid King of Spain, in defence of his subjects, and the rights and peffessions of his crown: and whereas his Majesty has been pleased to notify the same by proclamation, and a public declaration thereof, on the Jecond day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven bundred and fixty two: Now, for the better carrying on the faid war with vigour; and for the encouragement of the officers and feamen of his Maiefly's flips of war, and the officers and Jeamen of all other British Ships and veffels, having commissions and letters of marque, and for inducing all British feamen who may be in any foreign fervice to return into this The officers kingdom, and become serviceable to his Maiesty; and for the board the more effectual securing and extending the trade of his Maiesty's King's ships, fubjects; be it enacted by the King's most excellent Majesty, by are initialed to and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and tempo- the sole proral, and commons, in this prefent parliament affembled, and by captures of the authority of the same, That the flag officers, commanders, the enemy's and other officers, feamen, marines, and foldiers, on board veffels and every thip and vessel of war in his Majesty's pay, shall have the effects, during fole interest and property of and in all and every ship, vessel, spain, as shall goods, and merchandifes, which they shall take, from and after be made after the fecond day of January, one thousand seven hundred and 2 Jan. 1762, fixty two, during the continuance of this war against Spain (be- and be ading first adjudged lawful prize in any of his Majesty's courts of judged lawful admiralty in Great Britain, or in his Majesty's plantations in to be divided America, or elsewhere) to be divided in such proportions, and among them after such manner, as his Majesty, his heirs, and successors, shall as his Majesty, after such manner, as his Majerry, his nears, and successors, than by proclamathink fit to order and direct by proclamation or proclamations, shall hereafter to be iffued for those purposes.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That And all vefany the or thips, veffel or veffels, arms, ammunition, flores fels, arms, of war, goods and merchandifes whatfoever, with all their fur-ammunition, niture, tackle, or apparel, taken, or to be taken, during the goods and prefent

merchandizes, taken by private thins duly licenied,

being first adjudged lawful prize, shall and their owners, to be divided as by agreement among themicives,

paying only able duties.

The provisions and regulations m

as explained and amended by act 32 Geo. II.

granting commitlions, or letters of marque; the persons act ing, and captures made, under authority thereof, and alto the clautes and provided in

present war with Spain, by or with any private owner or owing thip or veffel, according to any commission or letter of mara to be granted as herein after is directed by the lord high admin of Great Britain, or the commissioners for executing the of of lord high admiral of Great Britain, for the time being, any three or more of them, or any person or person of or them impowered and appointed (being first adjudged towar prize in any of his Majesty's courts of admiralty as atoresaid belong wholly thall wholly and entirely belong to, and be divided to been to the captors and among, the owner and owners of fuch thin or veffel and the feveral persons who thall be on board it whee, and be iting and affifting to the taking thereof, in ft. . stare and proportions as shall be agreed on with the owners i swners of fuch thip or veffel as thall be the captor thereof, their as "firs or factors," as the proper goods and chattels of fuch owner or owners, and the persons that shall be thus intituled thereto by virtue of such agreements among themselves; and that neither his Majesty, his heirs, or fuccessors, or any admiral, vice admiral, governor, or other person commissioned by, or claiming under, his Majefty, his heirs, or fucceffors, or any perfon or perfons whattoever, other than the owner or owners of such thip or vessel being the captain of fuch prize thip or veffel, arms, ammunintion, flores of war, goods, and merchandifes, and the person claiming under him or them, shall be intituled to any part or the accustom- share thereof (except as to the customs and duties) any custom, statute, or other law, to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And whereas by an act made in the twenty ninth year of the reign of his late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An act for the encouragement of framen, and the more speedy and effectual manning his Majelly' nace, teveral provisions and reguact 29 Geo. II. lations were established for the better carrying on the salutary purposes by the faid act intended in the prosecution of the war against France: and whereas by another act made in the thirty second year of his said late Majesty's reign, intituled, An act to explain and amend an act made in the twenty ninth year of his prefent Majelly's reign, intituled, An act for the encouragement of feamen, and the more speedy and effectual manning his Majesty's navy; and for the better preventing of piracies and robberies by crews of private ships of war; the said act made in the twenty ninth year of the reign of his faid late Majesty was explained and amended, and several further provisions and respecting the regulations were established to continue during the war with France; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the feveral regulations and provisions respecting the grant of commissions or letters of marque, the persons acting, and the captures made, under the authority of fuch commissions or letters of marque, and all other clauses, provisoes, matters, and things, contained in the faid act made in the twenty nighth year of the reign of his faid late Majesty, as the same were explained and amended by the faid recited act of the thirty fecond year or his faid late Majesty's reign; and also all clauses, provisoes,

matters,

eters, and things, contained in the faid last-mentioned act the last menthe thirty second year of the reign of his said late Majesty, tioned act; are extended extend, and be construed and deemed to extend, to the to the grant It of commissions or letters of marque to the persons acting, of commisthe captures made, under the authority of fuch commissions sions, or letletters of marque, and all other matters or things whatfo-marque, &c. war with Spain, as fully, amply, and effectually, to all act: ts and purpoles, as if the fame regulations, provitions, provisoes, matters, and things, had been particularly

eper ed and re-enacted in this act.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, And the pro-That the feveral provisions and regulations respecting any prize regulations and regulations founty monies, contained in an act of the thirty third year in act 33 Geo. of the reign of his late Majesty King George the Second, inti- II, respecting, ulog, An all for the more efficient fecuring the payment of fuch prize and prize and bounty monies as were apprepriated to the use of Green-bounty mowich hospital by an act made in the twenty ninth year of the reign nies, of his prefent Ministry, intituled, An act for the encouragement of arc to be in learners, and the more speedy and effectual manning his Majelly's navy, force during thall be in full force with regard to any prizes to be made during the picting the continuance of the present war with Spain, or any bounty was with Spain. money to be paid in respect of such prizes.

### CAP. XVII.

An all for the relief of the vassals of the several estates which are or may be annexed to the crown, by virtue of an act passed in the twenty sistly year of the reign of his late Majesty, and for carrying the purposes of the said att more effectually into execution; and for enforcing and carrying into execution so much of an act, passed in the first year of the reign of his present Majesty, as relates to the paying and discharging the Wadsetts affecting the estate of Lovat.

WHEREAS by an act made in the twenty fifth year of the reign Preamble reof his late Majelly King George the Second, intituled, An in act 25 " act for annexing certain forfeited eflates in Scotland to the crown un- Geo. II. " alienably; and for making satisfaction to the langful creditors there-" upon; and to establish a method for managing the jame; and applying " the rents and profits thereof, for the better on lizing and improving " the highlands of Scotland, and preventing diforder there for the fa-" ture;" it is, among other things, enacted, That the work well heretiges which became forfeited to his late Majefty by the attander s' Sumon late lord Lovat; John Drummond, taking upon hime, the stile or title of lord John Drummond, brother to James Drummond, taking upon himself the title of dalle of Perth; George lete earl of Cromarty; and Archibald Mac Donald, for of Coll Mac Do fald of Barrifdale; and alfo the barony of Strowan; and all other lands and hereditaments which formerly belonged to Alexander Robertson of Strowan, and became for feited is the orecen, by device or sentence of susseiture passed in the furliament of Scotland in

the year one thousand six hundred and ninety, shall, from and after? twenty fifth day of December, one thouland seven hundred and & two be annexed to the imperial crown of this realm, and shall being remain for over unalienable from the same; and it is thereby acted. That it shall be lawful to and for his Majesty, his heirs, fuccessors, by commission under the privy seal of Scotland, to auth w and impower such person or persons as his Majesty, his heirs, wast fuccessors, shall think fit, from time to time, to be commissioners trustees for managing the said estates, and applying the product for the ends and purposes appointed by the said act: and wher his late Majesty, by his commission dated the twenties of March, one thousand seven hundred and fifty five, did authorize and impower the persons therein mentioned to be trustees and commissioners for managine the faid annexed effaces; and which commission was passed under the privy feal of Scotland the tenth day of May, in the faid year one thoujand seven hundred and fifty five; and his present Majesty by his committion dated the truenty fifth day of July, in the year one thousand seven hundred and fixty one, did also authorize and impower the persons therein named to be trustees and commissioners for managing the faid annexed effates; and which commission also was passed under the pricy feal of Scotland upon the third day of August, in the faid year one thousand seven hundred and sixty one; and whereas there are many [mall vaffals, who, before the forfeiture of the faid effates, held their lands and other benitages of the aforefuld attainted persons and their predecessors respectively, and who now hold the same of his Majefly, his heirs, and fucceffors: and whereas it would be a very gricuous burden upon the faid vallals to make up the titles and infooffments of their fixeral lands, by precepts from the Chancery, or by charters under the great teal of Scotland, and to be fubjected to the expenses after sing the fame, as required by law in lands belden of the coun; be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent Majetly, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the fame, That it shall and may be lawful to his Majesty, his heirs, and fucceffors, to authorize and impower the commissioners and trustees for managing the said estates, named or to be named by his Majesty, his heirs, and successors, in pursuance of the act above recited, to receive refignations, and grant new charters containing precepts of Saline, and also to grant all other charters, precepts of Clare Cinflat, and other writings whatfoever, necessary or competent for compleating the titles of the foresaid vailals, their heirs, and fingular fucceffors, in their lands and other heritages respectively, to be holden feu or blench of his Majesty, his heirs, and successors, in the same way and manner as the faid lands and heritages are now holden, or may be holden, of his Majesty; and which charters, precepts of Safine, and precepts of Clare Conflat, to be granted by such commissioners and truftees, are hereby declared to be as valid and effectual to the faid validis, their hears, and fingular faceeffors, for compleating

The King may impower commissioners and trustees nominated for the faid torfeited estates, to receive refignations, and grant new charters, &c. for compleating the titles of the vailals; and the charters, &c. 10 granted are declared to be valid;

ting their infeoffments in their lands and heritages aforeid, as if the faid infeoffments had proceeded upon charters ecepts under the seal appointed by the treaty of union to kept in Scotland, in place of the great feal, or upon precepts m Chancery; any thing in the law and practice of Scotland to e contrary notwithstanding.

And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and are to be high charters, precepts of Safine, and precepts of Clare Constat, entered on to be a served by the said commissioners and trustees, shall, before delivery thereof to the vassals, be duly entered and recorded to the vassals, in a book to be knot for that purpole; and that the faid vaffals, who are to shall be liable to ply, and be chargeable with the same compo- pay the usual fixing for their encies, as are in use to be paid in the court of compositions trackequer by his Majesty's other vassals, to be applied by the to the purposhaid commissioners and trustees for the same uses and purposes es of the as the other rents, profits, and cafualties, of the faid annexed of- truft) tates, and shall further be liable to pay the writer, agent, or o- and moderate ther officers of the said commissioners and trustees, employed in peding the expeding the aforefaid titles, fuch moderate fees, as the faid titles. commissioners and trustees shall ascertain, by a table to be made by them for that purpofe.

III. Provided always, That it shall and may be competent to The vasfals the vaffals of the faid effates, their heirs, and fingular fucceffors, may make up or any of them, if they shall think fit, to make up their titles to their titles by or any of them, if they mail think fit, to make up their titles to precepts from their respective lands, by precepts from the *Chancery*, or charters the Chancery, under the great feal, in the fame way and manner as is compe- or charters tent to the other vaffals of the crown; and that fuch titles only, under the and no other, shall be deemed and taken to be a freehold quali- great feal; fication, and to entitle the vaffals of the faid estates to be enrolldeemed a ed amongst the freeholders, and to vote in the election of a freehold quamember to ferve in parliament for the county, shire, or stewartry, lincation, and where their lands lie; any thing in this act to the contrary not- intitle them

withflanding.

election of IV. And whereas by the act of the twenty fifth year of his members. late Majesty, in part above recited, it is provided, That no Clause in act person shall be capable of taking or enjoying, directly or indi- 25 Geo. II. rectly, any lands or tenements, other than mines and fishings, fioners and by virtue of any leafe or leafes to be granted by the faid com- truffees may missioners of greater annual rent than twenty pounds at the ut- grant leades most: and whereas the reason for excepting mines and fithings of woods and from the above provisoe, does equally apply to woods and mills, mills lands be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That it shall and may usually let be lawful to the commissioners and trustees named, or to be therewith, named, by his Majesty, his heirs, and successors, for managing though the the faid estates, to grant leases of woods and of mills, with the tent exceed milln lands usually let with the same, for such yearly rent as 20l. per Ann, can be obtained for the fame, though exceeding twenty pounds sterling; any thing in the said act to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And whereas by an act made in the first year of his pre- Recital of fent Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for enabling his Mujesly to clauses in act

to vote in the

raife 1 Gco. III.

raife the fum of one million for the uses and purposes therein mentioned : and for further appropriating the supplies granted in this selfion of . parliament; and for exempting any annuities or fums of money granted or to be granted to the royal family, from payment of taxes; certain aids or supplies granted to his Majesty, are thereby appropriated for and towards the leveral uses and purposes therein expressed; and particularly it is thereby enacted, That out of all or any of the aids or supplies therein mentioned, there shall and may be fued and applied any fum or fums of money not exceeding wirry eight thousand five hundred and fifty three pounds, twelve the ings, and one penny, and three fourths of a penny, upon account, for paying and discharging the debts and wadset sums, with the necessary expences attending the payment of the same, claimed and fustained upon the lands and estate which became forseted to the crown by the attainder of Simon late lord Lovat, or for much of the faid debts and fums as shall be remaining unsatisfied. according to the feveral decrees in that behalf respectively made by the lords of fession in Scotland, and pursuant to the act of the twenty fifth year of the reign of his late Majesty King George the Second, above recited; and for the better and more easy payment of the taid debts and wadfer fums, it is thereby enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, or any three or more of them, to iffue, or cause to be iffued, in such proportions as they shall think fit, to either or both of the banks of Sectiond, at Edinburgh, a fum not exceeding thirty eight thousand five hundred and herv three pounds, twelve thillings, and one penny, three fourths of a penny, to be applied in paying and discharging the said debts and turns, with the necessary expense attending the payment of the fame; and the feveral creditors, whose claims have been suftained upon the faid lands and effates as aforefaid, are thereby directed and required on or before the fifth day of July, one thousand seven hundred and fixty one, to produce, or cause to be produced, in his Majesty's court of exchequer in Sectional, the decree or decrees of the court of fellion, fullaining the faid claims; and, upon producing of every fuch decree or decrees, the barons of the faid court of exchequer are thereby impowered and required to make out debentures or certificates, under their hands, for the feveral funis of money which thall appear to be due by and under the faid decrees respectively; and the several fams contained in the faid debentures or certificates, are directed to be paid, at fight, by the faid bank or banks, out of the money aroretaid, to the perfon or perfons intituled by the faid debentimes to receive the fame: provided always, That if the decree or decrees, fuffaining the claim or claims of any creditor or creditors atcrefaid, shall not be produced in his Majetty's faid court of exchequer, on or before the fifth day of July, one thousand feven hundred and fixty one, as aforefaid, fuch claim or claims thall not carry any farther interest after the faid first day of Fuly. one thou and feven hundred and fixty one: and whereas, in purfuance of the act last above-recited, the fum of thirty feven thousand

and in aft 25 Geo. II.

# Anno secundo Georgii III. 2.17.

thousand three hundred and forty eight pounds, nine shillings, and five pence, was issued by the commissioners of his Majesty's treefury, and lodged in the royal bank of Scotland, at Edinburgh. preceding the faid fifth day of July, one thousand seven hundred and fixty one, for paying and discharging the debts and wadset fums aforefaid, and has, in part, been applied in paying and difcharging the feveral creditors upon the faid estate, who produced the decrees of the court of fession, sustaining their several claims in the faid court of exchequer, according to the directions of the aferesaid statute: and whereas the wadsetters upon the said estate whose claims have been sustained for their several wadset sums. by decrees of the faid court of tession, are in possession and receipt of the rents and profits of the lands wadfetted to them respectively, for payment of their several wadset sums, and cannot be removed from that possession until their wadsets are redeemed by payment or confignation of their feveral wadfer fums, according to the order of redemption prescribed in their feveral wadfet rights, whereby the truftees and commissioners for managing the faid annexed effates, are kept out of the possession and receipt of the rents and profits of the faid wadfet lands, and, in the mean time, the money provided by parliament, and lodged in the faid bank for discharging these wadsets, remains a dead flock bearing no interest and whereas the prosecuting of feparate declarators of redemption, and removing against each of the faid wadictters, would be attended with great delay, and One action of unnecessary expense to the public; be it therefore enacted by declarator of the authority aforesaid, That one action of declarator of re-redemption, deniption, containing a conclusion of removing, may be brought containing a conclusion of his Majesty's advortemoving, cate, against the whole wadsetters upon the said estate, which may be may and shall be served against the defendants under the general brought in description of The wadsetters upon the estate of Lovat, by one the name of edictal citation upon oath, thirty days notice to be affixed on the advocate, walls of the inner and outer house of the said court of session, against the where the rolls of causes in that court are usually affixed, con-whole wadsetcluding to have it found and declared, that the lodgement of ters upon the the sums aforesaid in the royal bank at Edinburgh, for paying I ovat, and discharging their several wadsett sums, is and shall be deemed the lodgment and taken to be a legal and proper confignation of their feveral of the money wadlett funs, to all intents and purpoles, as if the order of re\_ in the bank at demption prescribed in their several wadlett rights had been tor paying of complied with and followed out against each of them separately; the wadset and that the lands and other heritages wadletted to them re- fums, being spectively, shall be held, deemed, and taken to be redeemed, deemed a leand out quit from them, their heirs, and fucceffors respectively; gal confignaand they, and their tenants, fervants, and other dependants, be and the lands removed from the possession of the said lands and other here- to be theretages wadletted to them as aforefaid, at the respective terms of upon reremoving specified in their several wadsett rights, and decrees of deemed, and the occuthe court of session sustaining their claims, or at such other term piers removor terms as to the faid court shall feem just, so as that the faid ed,

missioners and trustees, and their tenants. to enter into possession : The court to proceed in the faid action in a fummary way. Wadfetters their titles,

by obtaining

charters, &c.

miffioners,

and the com- commissioners and trustees, and their tenants, may have free access to enter to the possession of the said wadsett lands in time coming; and the faid court of fession is hereby authorized and required to proceed in the aforefaid action in a fummary manner, without abiding the course of any roll, and to give the like decree or decrees therein, as would have been competent in law in a separate action of declarator and removing against each of. the faid wadfetters, proceeding upon the order of redemption laid down and prescribed in their several wadset rights. VI. And whereas it may happen that fome of the faid wad-

may compleat fetters may not be duly vested and seised in the said wadsett lands, so as to be enabled to discharge and renounce their wadsett right in a habile and proper manner; be it therefore from the com- enacted by the authority aforefaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for all and every person or persons having right to fuch wadfetts, and to the decrees of the court of fession fustaining the fame, to compleat their titles in the wadfett lands respectively, by obtaining charters, precepts of Clare Conflat, or other warrants for infeoffment, from the faid commissioners and trustees, in the same way and manner, and upon payment of the same sees, as by this act is made competent to the vassals of the faid annexed estates.

VII. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That upon the lame; and compleating such titles, and granting the proper discharges and granting dif. renounciations of the faid wadfett rights, or of any of them, and producing the same before the barons of the said court of Exproducing the chequer, together with the decree or decrees of the court of fession fustaining the claim or claims of such wadsetter or wadsetters, the barons of the faid court of Exchequer, or any three or more of them, shall, and they are hereby impowered and required, to make out debentures or certificates for the feveral fums of money which shall appear to be due by and under the faid decrees respectively, in the same form, and to be issued, delivered, shall make out and paid, to the faid wadletters, or others in their name, in the fame way and manner as is provided for, and directed by, the act above recited, with respect to the payment of the other crediwhich shall be tors upon the faid estate; and the faid debentures or certificates discharges to shall be to the said royal bank at Edinburgh sufficient discharges for fuch payment.

VIII. And he it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That the whole provitions of this act touching the entry of the vaffals of the annexed effates aforefaid to their respective lands and heritages, shall extend to the vasfals of all such other estates as now are, or may be, annexed to the imperial crown of this realm, in pursuance of the aforesaid act of the twenty fifth year of his late Majesty's reign, from and after the time that such as are, or may other estates shall become subject to the administration and mabe, annexed to nagement of the commissioners and trustees appointed, 'or to be the crown, in appointed, by his Majefty, his heirs, and fuccessors, in pursuance act 25 Geo. 11. of the faid act; and that in all cases, and so often as it shall happen, that provision shall be made by parliament for paying

and

paying the ufual fees : And upon charges; and fame to the barons of the Exchequer, with decrees of the court **fustaining** the claims; the barons debentures for the money due; the bank. The provisions touching the entry of the valials of the faid annexed estates, thall extend to all fuch

other estates

Æ¢.

ad discharging the wadsetts affecting any such other estate and the like ch now is, or hereafter may be, annexed to the crown in action facility fuance of the aforesaid act, the like action against the wad-in like cases ars of each estate respectively small be competent to his Ma-against the jeth's advocate, and shall proceed in the same form and manner, wadietters of and to the same effect, and that the like method of compleating such effects; the titles of the wadletters upon fuch other estates, and of re-have like menouncing and discharging the same, shall be competent to thod of com them, and take place in the same form and manner as herein pleating their is above provided with respect to the wadietters of the estate titles, and of of Lovat.

the fame.

### CAP. XVIII.

An act for rendering more effectual an act made in the twelfth year of the reign of her late Majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for providing a publick reward for such person or persons as shall discover the longitude at sea, with regard to the making experiments of propulais made for discovering the longitude.

IXTHEREAS by an act of parliament made in the twelfth year Preamble, the of the right of her late Majelly Queen Anne, intituled, "An citing clauses of the re gr of ner ente wantery zueen ranne, matter, in act to act for pro iding a publick re end for such person or persons as Anne, ball discover the longitude at lea," the commissioners therein cam d. or any five or more of them, have full power to hear and receive any proposal or proposals that shall be made to them for discovering the fail long ude; and in case the fail commissioners, or any twe or more of them, shall be to far latisfel f the probability of any such discovers. as to think it pr per to nake experment thereof, they shall entify the same, under their lands and leals, to the commissioners of the nivy for the time being, together with the perfores names who are authors of fuch proposals, and upon producing such certificate, the fail commissioners are thereby authorized and required to make out a bill or bi 's for any fuch fum or fums of money, not exceeding two thousand pounds, as the faid commissioners for the discovery of the said longitude, or any five or more of them, shall this k necessary, for making the experiments, proable by the treasurer of the naves, which sim or sums the treasurer of the navy 15, by the fire cft, required to pry immediately to fuch person or perfons as shill be appointed by the said commissioners to make those experiments, out of any money that shall be in his hands unapplied for the use of the nury and whereas, for a due and sufficient encouragement to any such person or persons as shall discover a proper method for finding the fund longitude, it is likewise enacted by the said act. That the first author or authors, discoverer or discoverers, of any such method, bus or their executors, administrators, or assigns, shall be intituled to, and have, such reward as in the said act is particularly mentioned and whereas by anciler act of parlsament made in the fourteenth year 14 Geo II. of the reign of his late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, "An all for surveying the chief ports and head lands on the coasts of " Great Britain and Ireland, and the islands and plantations thereto

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belonging, in order to the more exact determination of the longitude " and

" and latitude thereof," it was enacted, That the faid commission for discovering the said longitude, or any five or more of them, thou have full power to apply such part of the said sum of two thous pounds, mentioned in the faid first recited act, as had not then laid out in experiments, as they should think necessary for the mfuch survey, and determining the longitude and latitude of the ports and head lande on the coasts of Great Britain and Ireland the islands and plantations thereto belonging; and that such fine or fums, part of the fuid two thousand pounds, which the fuid comissfioners, or any five or more of them, should think necessary, should be paid immediately by the treasurer of the navy, to such person or persons as should be apppointed by the faid commissioners to make such survey. and determine Juch longitude and latitude, out of the money that should be in the hands of such treasurer unapplied for the use of the and 26 Geo. II. navy : and whereas by an act made in the twenty fixth year of the reign of his late Majefly King George the Second, intituled, . An all to render more effectual an all made in the twelfth year of the " reign of her late Majefiy Queen Anne, intituled, An act for " providing a publick reward for such person or persons as shall "discover the longitude at fea," with regard to the making experiments of proposals made for discovering the longitude, and to enlarge the number of commissioners for putting in execution the said act, the further sum of two thousand pounds was directed to be applied in fuch manner as the commissioners for the discovery of the longitude should think nearsfary, for making further experiments. and whereas the faid commissioners have, by virtue of the powers vested in them by the faid feveral acts before-mentioned, heard and received fever proposals made to them, at different times, for discovering the fall longitude, and have, accordingly, certified the Jame, from time time, to the commissioners of the navy for the time being, whereuped bills have been made out for several sums of money, amounting, in the whole, to four thousand pounds; all which respective sums have be paid to several persons by the treasurer of the navy, pursuant to to directions of the faud acts of parliament; which the faud commissioners for discovering the longitude, thought necessary for making the fall experiments: and whereas by reason of the several payments made the treasurer of the navy to the several persons as aforesaid, the commissioners have, by virtue of the said acts of parliament, expenses the whole of the sums thereby granted for the purposes aforesaid whereas, from the experiments which have already been made in juance of the powers vested in the said commissioners as afor and, there is great reason to expect that, by continuing to encourage nious persons to invent and make further improvements and exeriments, in order to discover the faid longitude, such discoveries ay at length be produced as will effectually answer that end, and bereby contribute very much to the advantage of the trade and honour This kingdom: therefore, for enabling the faid commissioners to cause such further experiments to be made as they shall think proper for the purposes aforesaid, be it enacted by the King's most excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament affembled.

embled, and by the authority of the fame, That the faid com- The commisfioners, constituted by the said several acts of parliament stores constituted under tured under the recited examining, trying, and judging, of all proposals, experi-acts, are imts, and improvements, relating to the fame, or any five or powered to of them, shall have full power to hear and receive any hear and re-proposal or proposals that have been, or shall hereafter be, made sals tor discoo them for discovering the faid longitude at fea; and in case the vering the lonaid commissioners, or any five or more of them, shall be so far gitude at sea a athiled of the probability of any fuch proposal or discovery, as and being to o think it proper to make experiment thereof, they shall certify the probabilihe fame, under their hands and seals, to the commissioners of ty of any such he havy for the time being, together with the perfens names proposal, as to thall be the authors of fuch proposals; and, upon production make experience fuch certificate, the said commissioners of the navy are runent theresereby authorized and required to make out a bill or bills for of, they are to they fuch furn or furns of money, not exceeding two thousand centry the sounds, as the said commissioners for the discovery of the said same, with the authors engitude, or any rive or more of them, shall think necessary names, to the making any experiments in purfuance of this act, or any of commissioners He faid former acts above-mentioned, payable by the treasurer of the navy; the navy; which fum or fums the treasurer of the navy for who are to make out bilist time being is hereby required to pay immediately to fuch thereupon tor refon or perfons as shall be appointed by the commissioners for any sum or he discovery of the faid longitude, to make those experiments, sums not exaut of any money that shall be in his the faid treasurer's hands ceeding a collinapplied for the use of the navy.

effary; to be paid by the treaturer of the navy out of any money in his

ands unapplied.

## CAP. XIX.

Great Britain called England.

OR the better prefervation of the game in this kingdom, may it Preamble. OR the better prefervation of tre game in this kinguom, may a Alter I June, please your most excellent Majesty, that it may be enacted; and 1762, noperson it enacted by the King's most excellent Majesty, by and with may take, kill, he advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and buy, or sell, or ommons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the au-haveinhis cushority of the same, That no person or persons, after the first idge, between layer June, one thousand seven hundred and sixty two, shall, 12 Feb.&1Sep. any pretence whatfoever, take, kill, deftroy, carry, fell, or pheafant, or have in his, her, or their possession or use, any partridge, between 1 Feb. and 1 Oct. or heath fowl, or heath fowl, in any year; or any pheasant, between the first day of between 1 Jan. Thomasy and the first day of October, in any year; or any heath and 20 Aug. owing commonly called Black Game, between the first day of or grouse, becommonly called Biack Game, between the line way tween r Dec. round, commonly called Red Game, between the first day of in any year,

Datember and the twenty fifth day of July, in any year.

Pheasants take.

II. Provided always, That nothing in this act shall extend to en in the pro-

my pheafant which shall be taken in the season allowed by this per season, and kept in mews,

.cf, and kept in any mew or breeding-place.

III. Pro or breeding places, except-

as thalf be thoublit ne-

Pheafants tak .

This act not to extend to Scotland.

III. Provided also, That nothing in this act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to that part of Great Britain called Scotland.

Persons ofof the cases atorefaid, forfeit 5 l. per bird, to the profecutor,

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That fending in any if any person or persons shall transgress this act in any of the aforefaid cases, and shall be lawfully convicted thereof by the oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, every such person shall, for every partridge, pheasant, heath fowl, or grouse, so taken, killed, destroyed, carried, sold, bought, or found in his, her, or their possession or use, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this act, forfeit and pay the fum of five pounds to the person or persons who shall inform or sue for the same: and to be recoverit shall and may be lawful to and for any person or persons to sue and profecute for, and recover, the faid penalty of five pounds, with full costs of fuit, by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster; and in fuch action or fuit, no effoin, wager of law, or more than

ed, with full cofts, in any of the courts at Westminfter.

one imparlance, thall be allowed.

Recital of clause in act 8 Geo I.

V. And whereas by an act passed in the eighth year of the reign of his late Majesty King George the First, intituled, An act for the better recovery of the penalties inflicted upon persons who destray the game; it was enacted. That wherefoever any person shall, for any offence to be hereafter committed against any law now in being for the better preservation of the game, be liable or subject to any pecuniary penalty or sum of money, upon conviction before any justice or justices of the peace, it shall and may be lawful for any other person whatsoever, either to proceed to recover the faid penalty by information and conviction, before a justice or justices of the peace, in such manner as is in such law contained, or to fue for the fame by action of debt, or on the case, bill, plaint, or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record: and whereas, a moiety or portion of the faid pecuniary penalty is, by feveral acts of parliament, directed to be applied to and for the use of the poor of the parish wherein fuch offence thall be committed, by reason whereof inhabitants of the faid parith have been difallowed to give evidence touching fuch offences: and whereas fuits by action of debt, or on the case, bill, plaint, or information, are often attended with great The whole of costs and charges to the profecutor, by means whereof the end the pecuniary or intentions of the faid act have been, in a great measure. frustrated; for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from and after the passing of this act, it shall and may be lawful for any person whatsoever, to sue for and recover the whole of fuch penalty for his own use, by action of the tole use of debt or on the case, bill, plaint, or information, in any of his the protecutor, Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, wager of law, or more than one imparlance, shall be allowed; and wherein the plaintiff, if he recovers, shall have his double costs; and that no part of the said penalty, recovered in any fuch that or action, shall be paid, or applied to or for the use of

penalties un der the faid act, may be aued for, and recovered to with double •ste; and no part thereof to go

the

The poor of the parish wherein such offence shall be committed; the poor of

arty law or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no fuch action, Profecutions fuit, bill, plaint, or information, shall be brought or exhibited, to be within 6 but within the space of six months next after the matter or thing months after the fact comdone, for which the same shall be commenced or exhibited as mitted. aforesaid.

### CAP. XX.

An act to explain, amend, and reduce into one act of parliament, the several laws, now in being, relating to the raifing and training the militia within that part of Great Britain called England.

TYPEREAS a well regulated militia has been found to be of Preamble. great utility, and is of the utmost importance to the internal defence of this country: And whereas the laws now in force for the training and regulating thereof, are in some respects describe; be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, The King to and commons, in parliament affembled, and by the authority islue forth of the same, That from and after the passing of this act, his commissions Majesty, his heirs, and successors, may and shall issue forth of lieutenancy for the respeccommissions of lieutenancy, for the respective counties, ridings, tive counties; and places, herein after mentioned; and the respective lieute- the lord heanants thereby appointed shall have full power and authority, tenants imand they are hereby required to call together all fuch persons, powered thereby required to call together all fuch persons, thereupon to and to arm and array them at fuch times, and in fuch manner, affemble and as is herein after expressed; and such respective lieutenants shall, arm the milifrom time to time, constitute and appoint such persons as they tia, and apshall think fit, qualified as is herein after directed, and living point deputy within their respective counties, ridings, and places, to be their being first apdeputy lieutenants; the names of fuch perfons having been first proved of by presented to, and approved by, his Majesty, his heirs, or suc- his Majesty; ceffors; and shall, before the times appointed for holding and grant the third meetings of the deputy lieutenants and justices of to a proper peace within their respective subdivisions, for choosing by lot number of ofthe persons to serve in the militia as herein after mentioned, ficers, before appoint a proper number of colonels, lieutenant colonels, majors, the third meetings of and other officers, also qualified as is herein after directed, to the deputy train and difcipline the persons so to be armed and arrayed, ac-lieutenants, for cording to the rules, orders, and directions herein after provided, choosing the and shall certify to his Majesty, his heirs, or successors, the men by lot: names and ranks of fuch officers, within one month after they to be certified thall be so appointed; and in case his Majesty, his heirs, or suc- to his Majesty ceffors, shall, within one month after such certificate laid before within a his Majesty, his heirs, or successors, signify his or their disap- month after i probation of any person to be such officer in the militia, his sand if he shall Majesty's lieutenant shall not grant a commission to such person, approbation but shall grant commission to such person, approbation but shall grant commissions to such persons to appointed, who of anyof them. shall not be disapproved of by his Majosty, his heirs, or succei- no commission fors, as aforefaid. H 3

is to be grant-II, And col to fuch,

The lord heutenant being ablent out of vacant commiflions.

Commissions deputations, and otter committions ed, to fland qualified.

ficers comnuffions, not revocation. &c. of the commission of

lieutenancy.

Lord lieutenant to have the chief command of the militia of the county. Twenty or more deputy Leuteamisto be appointed

for every county, if so many can be found qualified. Qualification.

of a deputy lieutenant and colonel, 400l. per Ann. colonel and maior. 300l. per Ann.

of a captain,

II. And be it enacted, I hat when the lieutenant of a county. riding, or place, thall be abfent out of the kingdom of Great abient out of Britain, it shall and may be lawful for his Majesty, his heirs, the King may and fucceffors, to authorize and appoint three deputy lieutenants authorize the to grant commissions to officers serving or to serve in the militia deputy beute- for fuch county, riding, or place, upon any vacancy that shall nants to fill up happen during the absence of the faid lieutenants; which commissions shall be good and valid in like manner as if they had been granted by the lieutenant himself.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein of lieutenancy, contained, thall be confirmed to vacate any committion of lieutenancy already grant d by his Majesty, nor any deputations granted to deputy lieutenants, nor any commissions granted to already grant- officers; but that the same shall continue in full force and vigour, for the purposes of this act, to as the faid deputy lieutegood; if the nants and officers be qualified as is herein after directed,

IV. Provided also, and be it enacted, That no deputation Deputation of of any deputy heutenant, not any commission of any officer in deputy house- the militia, already granted or to be granted by any lieutenant nants, and of- for any county, riding, or place respectively, shall be vacated by reason of the revocation, expiration, or discontinuance, of the vacated by the commission by which such respective lieutenants were or shall

be appointed.

V. And be it enacted, That his Majesty's lieutenant of every county, riding, or place, thall have the chief command of the militia thereof which thall be raised by virtue of this ast; and in every county, riding, or place, in Earland (except as is herein after excepted) there thall be appoint a twenty or more deputy heutenants, if to many perions qualified as is herein before and after exprefied, can be therein found; and if twenty perfors to qualified cannot be therein found, then there shall be appointed to many perions as can be therein found; and each perfor to to be appointed a deputy heutericat or colonel, thall be feded or possessed, either in law or equally, for his own use and benefit, in possession of a freehold, copyhold, or customary effate for life, or fer feme greater effate, or of an chate for fome long term of years, determinable on one or more life or lives, in manors, medicages, lands, tenements, or hereditaments, in England, Wales, or the town of Berwick aper Tweed, of the yearly value of four hundred pounds, or that be heir apparent of some perion who thall be, in like manner, seifed or possessed of a like citate as aforefaid, of the yearly value of eight hundred of alieutenant pounds: and each perfon to be appointed a lieutenant colonel, or major, thall be, in like manner, feifed or possessed of a like eflate as aforefaid, of the yearly value of three hundred pounds; or shall be heir apparent of some person who shall be, in like manner, feifed or possessed of a like estate as aforefaid, of the yearly value of fix hundred pounds: and 2001, per Ann, each person so to be appointed a captain, shall be, in like manner, feifed ..., offerfed of a like efforte as aforefaid, of the yearly value of two hundred pounds; or shall be heir apparent of fome person who shall be, in like manner, selfed or possessed "of a like estate as aforesaid, of the yearly value of four hundred pounds; or shall be a younger fon of some person who shall be, or, at the time of his death, was, in like manner, seited or possessed of a like estate as aforesaid, of the yearly value of lieutenant. -fix hundred pounds: and that each person so to be appointed a 1001, per Ann. lieutenant shall be, in like manner, seited or possessed of a like and ensign, citate as aforefaid, of the yearly value of one hundred pounds; rol. per Ann. or shall be fon of some person who shall be, or, at the time of Amoiety of his death, was, in like manner, feifed or poffessed of a like estate quite to their as aforefaid, of the yearly value of two hundred pounds: and feveral qualifieach person so to be appointed an entign, shall be, in like man- cations, except ner, feifed or pollefied of a like effate as atorefaid, of the yearly thole of the jubaltern outvalue of twenty pounds; or shall be fon of some person who cers, to be shall be, or, at the time of his death, was, in like manner, feifed within the or pofferfed of a like effate as aforefaid, of the yearly value of county for fifty pounds: one moiety of which faid effates, required as qua-which they lifications for each deputy lieutenant, colonel, lieutenant colonel, major, and captain respectively, shall be fituate or atiting within such respective county or riding in which he shall be ap- What shall be politted to ferve.

VI. Provided always, and be it enasted, That for the par- roof per Ann. poses of the respective qualifications required by this act, the and so in proimmediate reve fron or remainder of and in manors, medianes, poetion, relands, tenements, or hereditaments, which are leated for one, qualification, two, or three life or lives, or for any term of years determinable upon the death of one, two, or three life or lives, on referved A leuchold rents, and which are to the lence. In the soft the clear yearly thate only value of three hundred pounds, shall be deemed equal to an independent effact herein before described as a qualification of the yearly value equal in an of one hundre jounds, as proportion, be the faid qua- mial value to

lification of a organer or lefs degree.

VII. And he it enacted, That a person possessed either in law quired for the or equity, for his own use and benefit, in possession of an educe of a deputy for a certain term originally granted for twenty years, or more, heutenant of an annual value, of er and above all rents and charges payable and commifout of or in respect of the same, equal to the annual value of non officer, fuch an efface as is required for the qualification of a deputy neight quali-bentement, and compation officer of the militia referred heutemant, and commutation officer of the militia respectively, fication. and fituate as aforefaid; shall be, and is hereby deemed and c' - live or more clared to be, duly and sufficiently qualified to bet and serve under deputy ligutefuch respective commission.

VIII. And be it enacted, That in the feveral counties of counties of Combining, Heating and Manmouth, Willmoreland, and Ruthin!, Combining and of every county and place in the dominion of Wake respectively, there shall be five or more deputy lieutenants appointed Westmore. (if fo many perfons qualified as herein after expressed can be lind, Rat, and, therein found) and the effates requifite for the qualification of and principathe respective deputy lieutenants and officers of the militin lity of Wales, Onalification therein, shall be as follows; that is to say, a deputy lieutenant cra deputy or colonel shall be, in like manner, feifed or possessed of a like house an or estate as aforciaid, of the yearly value of three hundred pounds; colonel for or shall be heir apparent of a person who shall be, in like man-those counties,

deemed equal to an effate of

ner sost per Ann.

il 4

200l. per ann.

captain, r sol. per ann.

lieutenant. 70 l. per ann. and enfign, 201. per ann. A moiety of teveral qualifications, except for lieutenants and enfigns, to be within the county for which they ferve.

In those counries where 20 deputy Leutenants cannot be found duly qualified, and fo many with a qualification of 200l. per ann. may be appointed, as will make up that number. The whole number to: fuch county not to exceed Qualification of deputy lieutenants and officers for the ifle of Ely, viz. of a deputy lieutenant,

of a captain,

ner, seised or possessed of a like estate as aforesaid, of the yearlyof alieutenant value of five hundred pounds: a lieutenant colonel, or major. shall be, in like manner, seised or possessed of a like estate as aforefaid, of the yearly value of two hundred pounds; or shall be heir apparent of a person who shall be, in like manner, seised. or possessed of a like estate as aforesaid, of the yearly value of four hundred pounds: a captain shall be, in like manner, seised or possessed of a like estate as aforesaid, of the yearly value of one hundred and fifty pounds; or shall be fon of a person who shall be, or, at the time of his death, was, in like manner, seised or possessed of a like estate as aforesaid, of the yearly value of three hundred pounds: a licutenant shall be, in like manner, feifed or possessed of a like estate as aforesaid, of the yearly value of feventy pounds; or shall be fon of a person who shall be, or, at the time of his death, was, in like manner, feifed or possessed of a like estate as aforesaid, of the yearly value of two hundred quifite to their pounds : an enfign shall be, in like manner, seised or post. sed of a like estate as aforesaid, of the yearly value of twenty pounds; or shall be son of a person who shall be, or, at the time of his death, was, in like manner, feifed or possessed of a like estate as aforefaid, of the yearly value of fifty pounds; one half of all which respective estates, except those for the qualifications of licutenants and enfigns, shall be fituate or arising within such respective county or riding, in which such officers shall be respectively appointed to ferve.

IX. Provided always, That in fuch counties where twenty persons cannot be found qualified as aforesaid, and willing to act as deputy lieutenants, it may and thall be lawful for his Majefty's lieutenant of any fuch county, and he is hereby required, after having appointed so many persons as can be found qualified as aforefaid, to appoint such number of persons to be deputy willing to act, ligutenants as shall be requisite to make up the number twenty, who shall respectively be sensed or possessed of a like estate of the yearly value of two hundred pounds, and fituate as aforefaid: provided, that the persons so appointed shall not make the whole number of deputy heutenants for the faid county to excoed the number of twenty; and every fuch person shall be, and is hereby deemed and declared to be, duly and fufficiently qualified to act and ferve under fuch respective commission.

X. And be it enacted, That the effates requifite for the qualification of the deputy lieutenants and officers of the militia in the ide of Ely, in the county of Cambridge, shall be as follows; a deputy lieutenant shall be seised or possessed of a like estate as aforefaid, of the yearly value of two hundred pounds; or shall be heir apparent of some person who shall be, in like manner, feifed or possessed of a like estate as aforesaid, of the yearly value of four hundred pounds: a captain shall be, in like manner, feifed or possessed of a like estate as aforesaid, of the yearly value of one hund:ed pounds; or shall be heir apparent of a person 2001, per ann. who shall be, in like manner, feifed or pessessed of a like estate as aforciai!, of the yearly value of two hundred pounds; or shall rook per ann, be a vounger fon of fome person who shall be, or, at the time of

his

his death, was, in like manner, seised or possessed of a like estate as aforefaid, of the yearly value of three hundred pounds: a lieutenant shall be, in like manner, seised or possessed of a like lieutenant, estate as aforesaid, of the yearly value of fifty pounds; or shall 50 l. per ann. be son of some person who shall be, or, at the time of his death, and ensign, was, in like manner, seised or possessed of a like estate as afore- A moiety of faid, of the yearly value of one hundred pounds: an enfign shall the estates rebe, in like manner, feised or possessed of a like estate as aforesaid, quisite to of the yearly value of twenty pounds; or shall be fon of some qualifications, person who shall be, or, at the time of his death, was, in like except for manner, seised and possessed of a like estate as aforesaid, of the lieutenants yearly value of fifty pounds: one half of all which estates, ex- and ensigns, yearly value of fifty pounds: one nam of an which charles, that to be in the cept those for the qualifications of lieutenants and enfigns, shall like of Ely, or be fituate or arising within the faid isle of Ely, or some other Com. Campart of the county of Cambridge.

XI. And be it enacted, That in all cities or towns which are Five or more counties within themselves, and have heretofore been impower- deputy lieued, by law or antient use, to raise and train a separate militia tenants to he within their several precincts and liberties, and which are by this for such cities act united with, and made part of, any county or counties for and towns as the purposes of this act only; his Majesty's lieutenants of such are counties cities or towns, or, where there is no lieutenant appointed by within themselves; his Majesty, the chief magistrate of such city or town, shall appoint five or more deputy licutenants (if fo many persons and officers qualified as is herein after expressed can therein be found) and proportionathall also appoint officers of the militia, whose number and rank ble to the thall be proportionable to the number of militia men which fuch quota of men. city or town shall raise, as their quota, towards the militia of the All powers county to which such city or town is, by this act, united for in the act rethe purpoles aforefaid; the qualification of which officers re- specting counspectively shall be as is herein after-mentioned; and all powers ties at large, given, and provisions made, by this act, with respect to counties extended to at large, and the militia thereof, and the registering the qualiti- and towns; cations of deputy lieutenants and officers, shall take place and except, that be in force with respect to the faid cities and towns, and the after the militia thereof, and the registering the faid qualifications, except number of only as to the particulars herein expressed and otherwise provided to furnish, is for; that is to fay, after the number of perions which fuch city appointed. or town is to furnish to the militia shall have been appointed, as two deputy is herein after directed, by his Majesty's lieutenant and the de-lieutenants . puty lieutenants, or by the deputy lieutenants of the county at may exercise all the powers large of the militia whereof the militia of fuch city or town is, conferred by by this act, made a part; any two or more of the deputy lieu- the act on tenants, within fuch city or town, shall have and exercise all the 3 deputy powers conferred by this act on any three deputy lieutenants, or &c. any two deputy lieutenants together with any one justice of the The qualifipeace, or any one deputy lieutenant together with any two justices cation for of the peace of any county at large: and the value of the re- fuch cities spective qualifications of the deputy lieutenants and officers of and towns, the militia of such cities or towns, shall be as follows; every of a deputy deputy lieutenant and field officer shall respectively be seised or lieutenant,

bridge.

possessed

and field officer, 300 l. per ann. of a captain, lieutenant or enfign, 50 l. per ann. A motety of the citates recations, except tor lieutefigns, to be within the Jame, or the county at ed; and the militia thereor to join that of the county, and to be exer cited together with them at the general exercife; and when embodied, to be deemed part thereof. Officers may he promoted tary merit in time of actual invation, or rebellion. though they want a proper qualification; but none to be promoted higher than a captum, who want a qualification for that rank. Recited quali- captain. fications not to extend to commutions granted by the conttable of the tower, or heutenant of the t

hamic...

possessed of a like estate as aforesaid, of the yearly value of three hundred pounds; or shall be possessed of a personal citate alone, or feifed or poffeffed of real and personal citate together, to the 1501, per ann, amount or value of five thouland pounds: and the qualification of a captain shall be a like estate as aforesaid, of the yearly value of one hundred and fifty pounds, in manors, meffuages, lands, tenements, or hereditaments, or perfonal citate alone, or feifed or possessed of real and personal estate together, to the amount quifite to their or value of two thousand five hundred pounds: and the qualifeveral qualifi- fication of a lieutenant or enfign shall be a like estate as aforesaid, of the yearly value of fifty pounds, in manors, meffuages, lands, nants and en- tenements, or hereditaments, or personal estate alone, to the amount or value of feven hundred and fifty pounds: one half of all which real effates respectively (except those for the qualifications of lieutenants and enfigus) shall be fituate or arifing within large to which such city or town, or within the county at large to which such they are unit-city or town is, by this act, united for the purposes aforesaid; and his Majefly's lieuenants and the chief magistrates of such cities or towns, being counties in themselves, respectively, shall, and they are hereby required to put the powers conferred by this act, for raiting and training the militia within fuch cities or towns, into execution; but the militia of fuch cities and towns as aforefaid being, by this act, declared to be part of the militia of the counties to which fuch cities and towns are united for the purposes aforefaid, the militia of such cities or towns shall join drawn out and the militia of the county to which fuch cities or towns are fo united for the purpoics aforefuld; and the whole militia for joined together, thall be exercised together at the general exercife, and thall then, and -17 when drawn out and embodied, be deemed the militia of the county to which fuch cities or for their mili- towns are united for the purposes aforefuld. XII. And be it enacted, That when any regiment or battalion

of militia thall be drawn out and embodied, his Majesty's lieutenant of the county, riding, or place, for which tuch regiment or battalion thall ferve, may, upon account of military merit thewn in time of actual invation or actual rel " n, promote any officer therein from a lower to a higher committion, inclutive of that of lieutenant colonel, notwithflanding he thould not have the qualifications requifite for his first admittance into such higher rank in fuch regiment or battalion; provided, that no persons not having the qualification herein before directed for a captain, shall be promoted to an higher rank than that of

XIII. And be it enacted, That the qualifications above recited to enable any person to be a deputy lieutenant, lieutenant colonel, major, captain, lieutenant, or enfign, thall not extend to fuch commissions as shall be granted by his Majesty's constable of the tower, or lieutenant of the tower hamlets.

XIV. And be it enacted, That his Majesty, his heirs, and fucceffors, thail, from time to time, as he and they that think fit, fignify his and their pleafure to his and their fleutenants of Deputy dente.

any county, riding, or place, to displace all or any such deputy he displaced lieutenants and officers; and thereupon his Majesty's respective at the King's licutenants shall appoint others within the fame county, riding, and others to or place, under the like qualifications, to ferve in their flead.

XV. And he it enacted, That no deputy lieutenant or com- in their room. million officer in the militia shall act as such, until he shall have Qualifications left with the clerk of the peace of the county, riding, or place, to be figued, in and for which he shall be so appointed, his qualification in the clerk of writing, figned by himfelf; and fuch clerk of the peace is hereby the peace to required to enter the fame upon a roll to be kept for that pur- be molled. pole: and every deputy lieutenant and commission officer not before they having already taken and fubicribed the oaths, and made, re-prefume to peated, and subscribed, the declaration, as required by the faid and they are former acts relating to the militia, shall, at some general quarter to take the fessions, or in one of his Majesty's courts of record at H commenter, oaths apwithin its months after he thall have accepted his committion, pointed by take the oaths in and by an act parfed in the first year of the room of his Mojerty King George the First, intituled, the art for tre fixther fearety of his Manefly's perfor and government, and the forcell on of the crown on the heirs of the late princes Soplia, It of for Collants, and for extinguishing the hopes of the pretended prime of Wales, and his open and fearet abetters, appointed to be taken, and and make and fliall also make, repeat, and subjectibe, the declaration in the find declaration act directed to be made, repeated, and subscribed, by all officers therein ap-

XVI. And be it enacted. That if any person shall execute Deputy lieuany of the powers hereby conferred on deputy lieutenants, co-tenant, and lone's, heuterant colone's, or majors (not being qualified as other field ofaforetaid) or shall not deliver in such qualification, and take the not being oaths, and make, repeat, and fubicities, the declaration afore-qualified, or faid, as is herein before required, every fully perion thail forteit not complyand pay the fam of two hundred pounds; and if any perion mg with the thall execute any of the powers hereby conferred on captains, lation, to test lieutenants, or enfigns (not being qualified as aforefaid) and 2001. shall not deliver in such qualification, and take the oaths, and and captains make, repeat, and fubicibe, the declaration aforefaid, as is undfubalterns herein before required, every fuch perion shall forfeit and pay to be recoverthe fum of one hundred pounds: fuch feveral penalties to be ed many of recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information, in any the courts at of his Majefly's courts of record at Wefinantler; wherein no Wellminster; effoin, wager of law, or protection, or more than one imparlance thall be allowed; one moiety whereof thall go to the use one moiety of the person who shall sue for the same, and the other molet, thereof to go to the uses herein after directed.

cive and military.

XVII. And be it enacted, That in every action, fuit, or in- Proof of quaformation, brought against any person for acting as a deputy inication in lieutenant, colonel, lieutenant colonel, major, captain, lieute- al fuits to nant, or enfign, not being qualified as herein before is directed, he en the the proof of his qualification shall lie upon the person against detendant. whom the fame is brought.

Peers, and qualification to be left with the clerk of the peace; they may act without being otherwife qualified.

a commission does not vacate a feat in parliament.

Where the militia is not raised, the lord lieutenant is to advertise the want of officers, a month before the quarter fessions at Christmas. and Midfummer, refpec. tively; and

Where the militia has not been raifed in purfuance of the acl of other fublequent acts relating thereto, or shall not be raised in purfuance of this act, 51. per man, annually, is to be paid by every fuch county, &c.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in heirs apparent this act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to reof peers, may frain his Majesty's lieutenant of any county, riding, or place, deputy lieute- from appointing any peer of this realm, or heir apparent of any nants or com- fuch peer, to be a deputy lieutenant, or commission officer in million officers the militia, within the county, riding, or place, wherein such for the county where they re- peer, or heir apparent of fuch peer, shall respectively have some side; and their place of residence; or to oblige any peer of this realm, or heir apparent of such peer (so appointed a deputy lieutenant or comnot necessary mission officer respectively) to leave with the clerk of the peace for the county, riding, or place, for which he shall be appointed, any qualification in writing as aforefaid; but it shall be lawful but on taking for every peer of this realm, or heir apparent of fuch peer, fo the oaths, &c. appointed, and taking the oaths, and making, repeating, and fubscribing, the declaration aforesaid, to act as a deputy lieutenant or commission officer respectively, although he shall not be feifed or poffeffed of any fuch estate, in manors, messuages, Acceptance of lands, tenements, or hereditaments, as is required by this act.

XIX. Provided also, and be it enacted, That the acceptance of a commission in the militia shall not vacate the seat of any

member returned to ferve in parliament.

XX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That in every county where the militia thall not be raifed, the lord lieutenant of fuch county shall, within one month before the general quarter fessions to be held at Christmas, and within one month before the general quarter fessions to be held next after Midjummer, in every year, cause advertisements to be published in the London Gazette, and the news paper of such county, fignifying the want of officers; and all persons qualified to serve as officers, and willing fo to do, shall at any time return their names and intention to the lord lieutenant, or, in his absence, to any general quarter fessions for the county in which they propole to ferve.

persons qualified, and willing to serve, are thereupon to return their names, &c. XXI. And whereas in feveral counties and places the militia have not been raifed in such manner as was authorized by an act made in the thirtieth year of the reign of his late Majesty King George the Second, and several subsequent ass, relative to 30 Geo. II. and the raising of the militia forces, by reason that a sufficient number of persons, qualified to act as officers in the militia, did not tender themselves to accept commissions in that service; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforefaid, That in all counties and places where the militia have not been raifed by virtue and in pursuance of the said former acts, and where it shall not be raised by virtue and in pursuance of this act, the sum of five pounds shall be annually paid for and in lieu of every private militia man herein mentioned to be raifed within the fame: and that his Majesty's lieutenant of every such county and place respectively, or any three or more deputy lieutenants, at the expiration of every year in which the militia for fuch county and place thall not have been raifed from and after the passing

of this act, shall, from year to year, certify the same in writing and certifiunder his or their hands, and also the whole amount of the se-cates thereof, veral sums of five pounds per man to be raised on such county sums thereas aforesaid, to the justices of the peace at their general or quar- upon due, are ter fessions next held after the full end and accomplishment of to be returned the faid year for such respective county or place; and the justices at the end of of the peace, so assembled at such general or quarter sessions, to the Questions to the Questions of the peace, so assembled at such general or quarter sessions. where such certificate shall be produced, shall forthwith rate and sions; affefs on the faid county the fum and fums mentioned in fuch and the juffices certificate: and fuch fum and fums shall be rated and affessed in are forthwith fuch and the same manner, and according to such and the same to rate and asproportions, upon every town, parish, and place within the said so certified, in county, and be collected, received, levied, and paid, and be ac-like manner counted for by the persons making such collections, in such as county manner, and by fuch means, with fuch powers of diffress, and rates, other remedies for enforcing the collection and payment thereof, and for punishing all persons whose duty it shall be to collect or account for the fame, and shall make default therein, as the county rates have been usually, or may, by an act made in the twelfth year of the reign of his late Majesty, intituled, An act by act 12 G.H. for the more culy affeffing, collecting, and levying of county rates, or may be rated by any other act or acts of parliament, be affessed, collected, and affessed, received, levied, paid, and accounted for, within the faid county: and the treaand fuch rates or affestiments, when received, shall be from time surer of the to time paid by the treasurer or treasurers of such counties to the county is to receivers general thereof; and the receipt of such receiver ge-pay over the neral shall be a full and sufficient discharge to such treasurer or receiver getreafurers for the payment of fuch monies.

XXII. Provided always, That the rates or affestinents which The faid rate shall be made by such justices of the peace at the faid general or to be made, quarter sessions in pursuance of this act, shall be made, assessed, levied, and collected, received, levied, and paid, feparately and diffinctly paid, diffinctfrom all the other county rates affessed and raised upon and with- other county in the faid county; any thing in the faid act made in the twelfth rates. year of his late Majesty's reign, or any other act or acts of parliament, or any custom or usage, to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, After notice That the several and respective parochial officers, or other peramount of fons, who shall pay or be liable to pay the rates or affessments, the rates, the which shall be made and rated for the purpose of this act, upon parochial ofany parith, town, and place; and also all such parochial officers ficers, &c. are and persons, upon whom any such rate or assessment shall be to rate and levied; shall and may, from time to time, after notice shall be nies by a digiven of the amount of the rate or affeffment, upon fuch town, stinct rate parish, or place, either before the payment thereof by such pa- and assessment rochial officers or persons, or after the same shall have been ac- upon the reftually paid by, or levied upon, such officers or persons, rate persons, rate parishes and and levy such monies, by a separate and distinct rate and affest-places; ment, upon every fuch respective town, parish, or place, in such manner and proportion, and with fuch powers for recovery thereof, as any other county rate may be affeffed or levied: and

and tenants and occupiers paying the fame, aicto be allowed. what they shall to pay in their rent.

that every tenant or occupier of any house, land, tythe, tenement, or hereditament, who shall pay any rate or afferiment to be made in pursuance of this act by such respective parochial officers or persons, within any such town, parith, or place, or unon whom any fish rate or affeliment thall be levied, thall and may deduct the same out of his or her rent, and shall be acquirted and discharged for so much money as such rates or affestments shall, from time to time, amount unto, as fully and effeetually as if fuch money had been actually paid to the perfon or persons to whom such rent is or shall be payable; and fuch perion or perions is and are hereby required to allow, from time to time, such deductions, upon receipt of the residue of the rent.

Agreement lord and tenant not va cated, where fed is not let at rack rent; and landlord to allow only in proportion to the rent he receives.

XXIV. Provided always, That nothing herein before containbetween land- ed, thall vacate any covenant or agreement contained in any lease between landlord and tenant, where the estate leased is not let at rack rene; and that no landlord of any effate which shall the effate leas not be let at rack rent, shall be obliged or compellable to allow to any tenant any money which he or the thall pay towards any county rate, which thall be made in purtuance of this act, but in proportion only to the rent fuch landlord shall receive from his tenant.

Where the militia for any county, together with any city or town being acounty of ittelf, is not raited, the Jum of 51. per man isto be apportioned between them, in fach proportion as their respective Quotas to the land tax bear to each other; but if an ap-

XXV. Provided always, and be it enacted. That in all cases where a certain number of private militia men are directed to be raifed for any county, together with any city or town being a county of ittelf, and the militia has not been, or thall not be, raifed, for fuch county, and city or town, the payment of the faid fum or five pounds per man, upon the whole number of private militia men to directed to be raifed as aforeiaid, thall be divided and apportioned between tuch county, and tuch city or town being a county of right, in such proportion as the respective Dustan paid to the land tax by the faid county, and by the faid city and town being a county of itself, bear to each other; unless an apportionment of the faid number of private militia menthall actually have been made in purfuance of the lift directed to be returned by the faid former acts, or by this prefent act, in which case the full full of five pounds per man thall be berne by such county, and by fuch city or town being a county of ideli, in fuch proportion as the respective numbers of men to apportioned to be raifed by fuch county, and by fuch city or town, bear to each other.

portionment of the men thall have been made, the faid fum is to be borne them in their proportion as the numbers of men to be raifed by them respectively bear to each other.

Receiver general to pay over the laid county rates, together with the land tax, into the exchequer, di-Ringuithias the monics

XXVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the receiver general of the land tax for fuch respective counties or places, to whom fuch money shall be paid by the treafurer or treafurers of fuch counties as aforefaid, shall pay the fame, together with the monies arifing from the land tax in fuch county, into the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer at Westminifter, and diffinguish upon every such payment the monies received by virtue of this act; and the monies fo paid into the re-

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ceint of his Majesty's exchequer shall be kept separate and a payable on part from all other monies, and shall be paid by the lord high this act; treasurer, or by the commissioners for executing the office of kept separatelord high treasurer, or any three or more of them, for the time h, and paid being, to the treasurers of such counties as have raised or shall over by the raise their militia, in proportion to the number of men raised or treatures to be raised by each county respectively, to be by them made or such county part of the county flock; and the lord high treasurer, or the ties as thall commissioners for executing the office of lord high treasurer for have tailed the time being, or any three or more of them, are hereby im-their militia, in proportion powered and required to apportion and iffue the faid money to their numreceived accordingly; and no allowance or deduction thalf be per of men, made from or out of the faid fums of money to paid into the to be made exchequer on any account whatfoever.

No deduction to be made from the monies to paid into the exchequer.

XXVII. Provided nevertheless, That if the militia shall be Where the raifed in the manner appointed by virtue of this act, for all or milita of any county &c. any of the faid counties or places, fuch respective counties and shall be raised places thall, during the time the militia are to raised, be exon- as this act dicrated, freed, and discharged, from the payment of the said sums, rects, such and the affeilments to be made in respect thereof shall, during county is to be exonerated fuch time, be suspended; any thing herein contained to the con- from payment trary notwithflanding.

XXVIII. And be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the lieu-fums. tenant of any county, riding, or place, to act as a colonel of any Ld. lieuteregiment or battalion of militia for fuch county, riding, or place, nant may act for and during fuch time or times as there thall not be any co- as colonel to lonel appointed for the command of the fame regiment or bat- any regiment, &c. for which talion, but no heutenant shall at any one time act as a colonel to no colonel is

more than one regiment or battallion.

XXIX. And be it enacted, That where his Majefly's licute-but may not nant of any county, riding, or place, shall, under the powers then one at a given by this act, ferve as colonel to any body of militia by this time; act deemed a battalion only, he shall not, when such battalion And if the shall be embodied and in actual service, be intituled to or re-command be ceive any other pay than that of a lieutenant colonel; and that a battalion, no other person whatsoever shall serve or be intituled to pay as a he istoreceive heutenant colonel in such battalion, during the time that his pay as heu. Majefty's faid lieutenant thall ferve therein as colonel.

XXX. And he it enacted, That his Majesty's lieutenant person is to together with any three deputy licutenants of any county, riding, ferve, or be in-or place, and on the death or removal, or in the absence of his as lieu, colo-Majesty's lieutenant, any five deputy lieutenants, shall, at the nel, while he end of every four years, at their annual meeting in case the mi- serves as cololitia of fuch county, riding, or place, shall not be then embodied, nel. discharge some one field officer of each regiment or battalion, and At the end of fuch a number of officers of each inferior rank as thall be equal every 4 years, one field officer to the number of perions who shall have given notice in writ- of each regiing to his Majefly's lieutenant one month at least before such ment, &c. and meeting, that they are willing to ferve as field officers, captains, a number of licutenants, or enfigns, as the cafe may require.

part of the county flock.

appointed,

and no other

othcersot each interior rank, XXXI. Pro- equal to the

number of persons who shall have been returned as willing to serve, are to be discharged.

The number in each rank. Officer who has ferved 4 years, may offer to ferve in a higher

rank, if qua-

lified.

An adjutant may be ap-King to each regiment, Majesty's other forces. or embodied militia; ed out of his Majesty's other forces, he is to keep his rank

Militia officer exempted from ferving as theriff.

Officers quittingtheir half-pay to ferve in the militia, upon quitting the to be reflored to half pay again.

Serjeants may be appointed by the King out of his Majesty's other forces. or embodied proportion of s ferjeant to 20 private men,

XXXI. Provided. That the number of vacancies to be made of fuch vacan- shall not exceed one third of such officers, who shall have serceed one third ved for the space of four years in each rank respectively.

XXXII. Provided, That nothing herein contained shall prevent any officer who has ferved four years, from offering himfelf to serve in an higher rank, if he be qualified as this act requires

to ferve in fuch higher rank.

XXXIII. And be it enacted, That his Majesty, his heirs, and fuccessors, may and shall appoint one proper person who shall have ferved, or thall, at the time of fuch appointment, actually ferve in some of his Majesty's other forces, or in any corps of militia that has been drawn out and embodied, to be an adjuointed by the tant to each regiment, battalion, or independent company of militia, in each county, riding, or place respectively; and such &c. out of his adjutant, if appointed out of his Majesty's other forces, shall. during his service in the said militia, preserve his rank in the army, in the same manner as if he had continued in that service: and it shall and may be lawful for his Majesty's lieutenant of any and if appoint county, riding, or place, to grant unto the adjutant to each regiment, battalion, or independent company, a commission of lieutenant, or any inferior commission therein, although such adjutant shall not have an estate to qualify him for such commission as is required by this act.

therein, and may hold a fubaltern commission without a qualification.

XXXIV, And be it enacted, That no person, during the time he is acting as a militia officer, shall be obliged to serve the office of theriff.

XXXV. And be it enacted, That any person who has quitted. or shall quit, his half-pay, to serve as a commissioned officer in any regiment, battalion, or independent company of militia. thall, upon his quitting the laid regiment, battalion, or independent company of militia, or upon the unembodying thereof, be restored to his half-pay; such half-pay to recommence from the imbodied, are last quarter-day, or day of payment next preceding.

XXXVI. And be it enacted, That his Majesty, his heirs, and fucceffors, may and shall appoint, according to the proportion of one serjeant to twenty private men, two or more proper persons to be serjeants to every company in the said militia. out of and from his Majesty's other forces; such persons having ferved in the taid forces for the space of one year next preceding militia, in the their appointment to be ferjeants; or may appoint fuch other persons to be sericants, as have formerly served for the space of one year in his Majesty's said forces; or out of or from any corps s or more toe. of militia that has been drawn out and embodied; which fervery company, jeants fo appointed shall take the following oath; that is to fav,

A.B. do sincerely promise and swear, That I will be faithful and Qath to be taken by ferjeants. bear true allegiance to his Majesty King George, his heirs, and successors: and I do swear that I am a protestant, and that I will faithfully serve as a serieant in the militia, within the kingdom of Great Britain, for the defence of the fame, until I shall be legally discharged.

And the service in the militia of such persons so appointed out of Serjeants aphis Majefly's faid other forces, thall intitle them to the benefit of pointed out of Cheller Bathital in the fame manner as if they had continued to his Majefly's Chelled holpital, in the same manner as if they had continued to other forces. ferve in the faid forces; and every person appointed to be a ser-are intituled to jeant out of the pentioners on the establishment of Ch. Hea helpi- Chellea holpi-[14], shall be intituled to be, and shall be, put again upon the said tal; tal, shall be intituled to be, and than be, put again upon the find pension-establishment, after he shall be discharged from the service of easy the said the militia; provided he brings a certificate of his good beha-hospital, made viour, under the hand of the colonel, or commanding officer of Lipeants, are the regiment or battalion in which he shall have ferred; and his to be re-ad-Majefly's lieutenant shall, from time to time, as occasion shall mitted, on prorequire, appoint a clerk to each regiment or battalion; and the neates of good colonel of the regiment or battalion, or, where there is no co-behaviour, lonel, the lieutenant colonel, or where there is no colonel or Ld. heutenant lieutenant colonel, the major, shall appoint a serjeant major out to appoint a of the ferjeants, and a drum major out of the drummers.

XXXVII. And be it enacted, That no perfon who shall keep and the coloany house of public entertainment, or who shall tell any ale, nel, &c. a wine, brandy, or other fpirituous liquors by retail, thall be capa- lor, and ble of being appointed or continuing a ferjeant in the militia.

XXXVIII. And be it enacted, That the captain of every com- to each regipany of nultia may and shall appoint two persons to be drum- ment. mers or fifers to his company, who, when so appointed, and Alchousehaving received any pay as fuch, thall be deemed to be engaged, keepers dif-and thall be compellable to ferve in the fame regiment or batta-being ferhon, until legally decharged; and may and thall appoint cor- scants. porals out of the private men of his company, in the proportion Captain may or one corporal to twenty private men; and may displace such appoint 2 drummers, filers, and corporals respectively, for mulbehaviour, drummers or and appoint others in their room, from time to time, as he shall hers to his fee occasion; and may and shall appoint, (with the approba- and a corpotion of the colonel, or, where there is no colonel, the lieutenant rul to 20 men; all or lienter inteclored at a and may difcolonel, or, where there is no the major of the regiment or battalion) ferjeants out of the pri- place them tor vate men of the regiment or battalion, to fill up fuch vocancies he may also, of ferguants as Amy happen therein; which ferguants to appointed, with leave of thall take the like outh as is herein before required to be taken the colonel, fill by ferjeants appointed by his Majorly (which oath any one de- of terjeants puty lieutenant, or in case the regiment or battahon then hap- out of the pening to be embodied thould be in any other county, riding, or tanks. place, any one juffice of the peace thereof, are hereby respect Such serjeants tively authorized to administer) and that it shall be lawful for to take the the commanding officer of any regiment or bottal on of militie, ed. being a field officer, upon the application of the captain, to dif- They may be place fericants.

XXXIX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That any perion on application who is or shall be appointed out of or from any company of his of the captain. Majesty's other forces, to be a serjeant in the militia, and shall serjeants from the truly bebe for any mifbehaviour reduced into the ranks, and thall not in nog reduced one month's time after fuch reduction be reflored, he shall be for misbehareturned to the company from which he was taken in his Ma-viour, and not Vol. XXV.

drum major.

im behaviour:

difplaced up-Jeily's 'estored within a month, are to he returned to the corps from whence they were taken. and ferve in the ranks. Serjeantsmade from the mireduced into the ranks for misbehaviour.

jesty's other forces, and shall there serve as a private man: and any person who is or shall be appointed a serjeant in the militia. out of or from any company of militia, shall and may be reduced into the ranks for misbehaviour, and shall serve in the ranks of fuch company wherein he ferved before fuch appointment, for such further time as shall compleat his three years service as a private militia man; and in case there be no vacancy in such company, he thall ferve in any other company in the regiment. htia may be or battalion.

The inlifting of a serjeant, drummer, or fiter, into his Majetty's other forces,

Number of private men to be raited in each coun. ty, &c.

XL. And be it enacted, That if any serjeant, drummer, or fifer, thall inlift in any of his Majesty's other forces, such inlisting thall be, and is hereby declared to be, null and void.

XLI. And be it enacted, That the number of private men to be raifed by virtue of this act, in that part of Great Britain declared void, called England, the dominion of Wales, and town of Berwick First Tweed (exclusive of the places herein after excepted) thall be,

For the county of Bedford, four hundred.

For the county of Beiks, five hundred and fixty. For the county of Bucks, five hundred and fixty.

For the county of Cambridge, four hundred and cighty.

For the county of Cheller, with the city and county of the city of Chefter, five hundred and fixty.

For the county of Cornwell, fix hundred and forty.

For the county of Cumberland, three hundred and eventy.

For the county of Derby, five hundred and fixty.

For the county of Decen, with the city and county of the city of Exeta, one thousand fix hundred.

For the county of Derlit, with the town and county of the town of Pool, fix hundred and forty.

For the county of Durham, four hundred.

For the county of  $F/f_{ex}$ , nine hundred and fixty.

For the county of Glouceper, with the city and county of the city of Glancester, and the city and county of the city of Brisks, nine hundred and fixty.

For the county of *Hereford*, four hundred and eighty. For the county of Hertford, five hundred and fixty.

For the county of *Huntingdon*, three hundred and twenty.

For the county of Kent, with the city and county of the city of Cantertucy, nine hundred and fixty.

For the county of Languiller, eight hundred.

For the county of Lengter, five hundred and fixty.

For the county of Linceln, with the city and county of the city of Linesh, one thouland two hundred.

For the county of Midlisfex, exclusive of the tower division, commonly called The Tower Hamlets, one thousand fix hundred.

For the county of Monmouth, two hundred and forty. For the county of Norfolk, with the city and county of the city

of Norwich, nine hundred and lixty.

For the county of Northumpton, fix hundred and forty. For the county of Nor: humber and, with the town and county

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## 1761.] . Anno fecundo Georgii III. c. 20

of the town of Nervealle upon Tyne, and the town of Berwick. five hundred and fixty.

For the county of Nottingham, with the town and county of

the town of Nottingham, four hundred and eighty. For the county of Oxford, five hundred and fixty.

For the county of Rutland, one hundred and twenty.

For the county of Salap, fix hundred and forty.

For the county of Smerfet, eight hundred and forty.

For the county of South-impton, with the town and county of the town of Szathamptzn, nine hundred and fixty.

For the county of Stafferd, with the city and county of the

city or Litelificial, five hundred and fixty.

For the county of Suffelk, nine hundred and fixty.

For the county of Surry, eight hundred. For the county of Suffex, eight hundred.

For the county of *Harwick*, with the city and county of the city of Coventry, fix hundred and forty.

For the county of *Weftmerchind*, two hundred and forty.

For the county of H reclier, with the city and county of the city of Himether, five hundred and fixty.

For the county of H ' ts, eight hundred.

For the Well Riding of the county of York, with the city and county of the city of 1 ork, one thousand two hundred and forty:

For the North Riding of the faid county, feven hundred and

twenty:

And for the East Riding of the faid county, with the town and county of the town of Kingkin upon Hull, four hundred.

For the county of Angleta, eighty,

For the county of Briefnick, one hundred and fixty.

For the county of Can light, one hundred and twenty.

For the county of Camuillan, with the county borough of nmarrea, two hundred.

For the county of Canaraga, eighty.

For the county of Deubligh, two hundred and eighty. For the county of *Flint*, one hundred and twenty.

For the county of Glamsigan, three hundred and fixty.

For the county of Mericueth, eighty.

For the country of Montgemery, two hundred and forty.

For the county of Pembroke, with the town and county of the Where the own of Hav rford West, one handred and fixty.

For the county of Radn r, one hundred and twenty.

XLII. And be it enacted, That in all counties, ridings, and ingistobeheld places, where the militia has not been raifed, his Majefty's lieu- by the lord tenant or every fuch county, riding, and place, together with heutenant and any two or more deputy lieutenants, and, on the death or re- a deputies; or, in the lordlieumoval, er, in the abience of his Majesty's lieutenant, any three tenant's abor more deputy lieutenants, thall meet at fome city or principal fen e, by 3 detown of the county, riding, or place, for which they shall be putie, on the commissioned, on the fecond The flav in May in every year; and second Tuefif there thould happen to be no fuch meeting on that day, then annually;

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of meeting. then a meeting is to be held by fummons and advertisement. At their first general meeting, the fubdivilions of the deputy lieuts. and the times and places for their first meetings therein, are to be fettled; and also a second general meeting appointed. Orders to be then issued to the constables. to return lifts of all persons within their districts, between the ages of 18 and 45 years; diffinguithing their respective ranks and occupations, &с. Copy of the lift to be affixed on the door of the church, on Some Sunday, a days before the return is made, the day and place of meeting; that perfons aggrieved may then ap. peal; after which no appeal will be received. Constables to rify the fame and fettled,

his Majer, and lieutenant, or, on his death or remoin his absence, any three or more deputy lieutenants, she mon, or cause to be summoned, another meeting to be his Majer de lieutenant, or, on his death or remo at the same city or principal town, on a day to be fixed by fummons; of which day and place notice shall be given in London Gazette, and also in any weekly paper usually circulated (if any such there be) within the same county or riding. teen days at least before the holding of such meeting randing Majesty's said lieutenant, or, on his death or removal, or, in his absence, any three or more deputy lieutenants, shall, at their first general meeting, appoint subdivisions of the deputy lieutenants within their respective counties, ridings, and places, and the times and places for their first meetings within the said subdivisions respectively; and the time and place for a second general meeting; and shall issue out their orders to the chief constable, and, where there is no chief constable, to some other officer of the feveral hundreds, rapes, laths, wapentakes, or other divisions, within their respective counties, ridings, and places, to require, by orders under their hands, the constable, tythingman, headborough, or other officer of each parith, tything, or place, within their respective hundreds, rapes, laths, wapentakes, or other divisions, to return to the deputy lieutenants within their respective subdivisions, at the place and on the day appointed at the faid first general meeting, fair and true lifts, in writing, of the names of all the men ufually, and, at that time, dwelling within their respective parishes, tythings, and places, between the ages of eighteen and forty five years, diffinguithing their respective ranks and occupations; and where the true names of fuch persons cannot be procured, the common appellation of fuch perfons shall be sufficient; and which of the persons so returned labour under any infirmities, incapacitating them from ferving as militia men; having first affixed a true copy of fuch lift on the door of the church or chapel belonging to such parish, tything, or place, and if any place shall have no church or chapel belonging thereto, on the door of the church or chapel of some parish or place therefy adjoining, on with notice of fome Sunday morning before they shall make sugar return, which Sunday shall be three days at the least before the said meeting; and also notice in writing, at the botton of such life of the day and place of such meeting, and that all person who stall thing themselves aggrieved, may then appeal and the programmed well be afterwards received: and on the day and at a part of respectively appointed as aforesaid, for the return of constables, tythingmen, headboroughs, or acher with the respect tively, shall attend and verify the faid return after and attend the re- the faid deputy lieutenants, or any there of more of them, or turns, and ve- any two deputy lieutenants together with any the fame peace, or any one deputy lieutenant together on oath.

After the ap. justices of the peace, so affembled ir, their suid. peals are heard (after hearing any person who shall think himself teens having his name inferted in such lists, or by any others omitted)

and direct fuch lifts to be amended as the case shall require, and persons names of all persons by this act respectively exercited by the act struck out of the said lists, and shall a point the out, the depution places for their second meetings within their respectively lieutenants of the said struck out, the second general meeting are to direct the said of said struck out. all the for the several parishes, tythings, and places, so the lists to be at which faid fecond general meeting his Majesty's amended; and many together with any two or more deputy licutenants, times and on the death or removal, or in the absence, of his Ma-places for jeffy's tentenant, any three or more deputy lieutenants, shall their 2d sub-order copies to be made of all the said lists, and such copies to division meet-order copies to be made of all the said lists, and such copies to ings; and rebe returned to the deputy lieutenants at their fecond meetings turn the awithin their fubdivisions, wherein the parishes, tythings, and mended lifts places, for which fuch lifts are made and returned, are respect to the 2d getively fituate; and shall appoint what number of men in each netal meeting; respective hundred, rape, lath, wapentake, or other division, shall pies of the lists ferve in the faid militia, towards raifing the number of militia are to be made men by this act directed to be raifed for fuch respective county, out, to be reriding, or place, in proportion to the whole number contained deputy lieurin fuch lifts: and the faid deputy lieutenants, or any three or tenants, more of them, or any two deputy lieutenants together with any at their 2d one justice of the peace, or any one deputy lieutenant together subdivision with any two justices of the peace, assembled at their said second meetings; and the nummeetings within the faid subdivisions, shall appoint what num-ber of men ber of men shall serve for each parish, tything, and place, or which shall parithes, tythings, and places, in proportion to the number ap-ferve out of pointed at the second general meeting to serve for each hundred, the respective hundreds, &c. rape, lath, wapentake, or other division; and, if a proper num- is to be then ber of officers be then appointed, shall appoint another meeting appointed. to be held within three weeks in the fame subdivision, and shall issue out an order to the chief constable, or other officer of the Deputy lieuts. respective hundreds, rapes, laths, wapentakes, or other divisions, at their 2d require them to give notice to the constable, tythingman, meetings, are heart and the officer of each parish, tything, or place, to appoint the or each and the concer or each parint, tything, or place, to appoint the or each parint, tything, or places, within their respective hundreds, number of reliable appearances, or other divisions, of the number of men that shall succeed appearance to feter for such respective parish, tything, or parish, &c. in parish, &c. in proportion to the control of the respective parish, and the fail deputy the number of the respective parish and the fail deputy the number of the respective parish and the fail deputy the number of the respective parish and the fail deputy the number of the respective parish and the fail deputy the number of the respective parish and the fail deputy the number of the respective parish and the fail deputy the number of the respective parish and the fail deputy the number of the respective parish and the fail deputy the number of the respective parish and the fail deputy the number of the respective parish and the fail deputy the number of the respective parish and the fail deputy the number of the respective parish and the fail deputy the number of the respective parish are respectively. renteratus and see or more of them, or any two deputy appointed for the mants together. A grany one justice of the peace, or any &c. deputy Later and begether with any two judices of the and if a prohave affected in pursuance of fuch appointment, shall cause per number of the number o

der orders islued,

of the number of men appointed to ferve, and of the time of the number of men appointed to be chosen by lot out

and orders iffued for giving timely notice to the persons chosen, then to appear; and the constables are to attend to avouch the notices : and the men to take the oath following.

der to the chief constable, or other officers of the respective hundreds, rapes, laths, wapentakes, or other divisions, to divisions, the constable, tythingman, headborough, or other officer of each parish, tything, or place, to give notice to every man so chosen to ferve in the militia, to appear at fuch meeting; which notice shall be given or left at his place of abode, at least seven days. before fuch meeting; and fuch constable, tythingman, head borough, or other officer, shall attend such meeting, and make a return upon oath of the days when such notice was served; and every person so chosen by lot shall, upon such notice, appear at fuch meeting, and there take the following oath; that is to fay,

A.B. do fincerely promise and swear, That I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to his Majesty King George, his heirs, and successors: and I do swear that I am a protestant, and that I will faithfully serve in the militia within the kingdom of Great Britain, for the defence of the same, during the time for which I am involled, unless I shall be sooner discharged.

and to be inrolled for 3 years, or provide fit fubftitutes. the faid oath, and fign their consent to ferve for the faid term. Those who refuse to attend and be inrolltutes, not baing quakers, forfest 16 l. of 3 years are vide a lubititute.

Specification of persons exempted from fervice in the militia by . themselves or substitutes.

(Which oath any one deputy lieutenant is hereby authorized to administer) and shall be inrolled to serve in the militia of such respective county, riding, or place, as a private militia man, for the space of three years, in a roll to be then and there prepared who shall take for that purpose; or shall provide a fit person, to be approved by the faid deputy licutenants, or any three or more of them, or by any two deputy lieutenants together with any one justice of the peace, or by any one deputy lieutenant together with any two justices of the peace, then met, to serve as his substitute; which substitute so provided and approved, shall take the faid oath, and fign on the faid roll his confent to ferve as his ed, or to pro- fubflitute during the faid term: and if any person so chosen by vide fit substi- lot to serve in the militia (not being one of the people called Quakers) shall refuse or neglect to appear and take the said oath, and ferve in the militia, or to provide a substitute to be apand at the end proved as aforesaid, who shall take the said oak, and sign his consent to serve as his substitute, every such person so refusing again, or pro or neglecting shall forfeit and pay the sum of teg pounds, and at the expiration of three years be liable to fary again, or provide a substitute.

XI.III. And be it enacted, That no peer of this realm, nor any person who shall serve as a commission of the r in any regiment, troop, or company, in his Majesty's other forces, or in any one of his Majesty's castles or forts; nor any non-com-million officer or private man serving in any of his Majesty's other forces; nor any commission officer serving, or who has ferved, four years in the militia; nor any person being a member of either of the univerfities; nor any clergyman; nor any licenfed teacher of any separate congregation; nor any constable, or other such peace officer; nor any articled clear, apprentice, seamon, or seafaring man; no any person muttered, trained, and doing duty, in any of his Mijesty's docks, for the service thereof;

rest's nor any person being free of the company of watermen the river Thames; nor any poor man who has three children in wedlock; shall be compelled to serve personally, or

the state of the militia.

It is a substitute to ferve in the militia.

It is any three or more deputy lieutenants, or any two deputy 2 or more palieutenants together with any one justice of the peace, or any rishes may be one deputy lieutenant together with any two justices of the deputy lieutenant together with any two justices of the deputy lieutenant together with any two justices of the deputy lieutenant together with any two justices of the deputy lieutenant together with any two justices of the deputy lieutenant together with any two justices of the deputy lieutenant together with any two justices of the deputy lieutenant together with any two justices of the deputy lieutenants. peace, within their respective subdivisions, to add together, tenants, and whenfoever they shall think necessary, the lists for two or more proceeded parishes, tythings, or places, and proceed upon such lists, added upon as if together, in like manner as if they had been originally returned turned for one parish. for one parish, tything, or place, so as to make the choice of one parish, militia men by lot, within fuch fubdivision, as equal and impar-

tial as possible.

XLV. And be it enacted, That if the churchwardens or Churchwaroverfeers, or churchwarden or overfeer, of any parish, tything, dens, &c. with or place, or of two or more parishes, tythings, or places, fo content of the added together as aforesaid, shall, with the consent of the inha-provide and bitants of the parish or parishes, township or townships, hamlet tender volunor place, taken at a vestry, or at any other meeting for such pa-tiers; rish, township, hamlet, or place, to be holden for that purpose, provide and produce to the faid deputy lieutenants, or any three or more of them, or to any two deputy lieutenants together with any one justice of the peace, or to any one deputy lieutenant together with any two justices of the peace, at their meetings within their respective subdivisions for choosing the militia men by lot, any voluntier or voluntiers, and such voluntier or volun- and such of tiers shall be approved by the said deputy lieutenants and justices he approved, fo met as aforesaid, they, or such of them as shall be approved, shall be then thall be then and there tworn in and inrolled; and the faid de-tworn in, and puty licutenauts and justices, within their respective subdivisions, involled; thall cause only such a number of persons to be chosen by lot persons only out of the lift at the returned for fuch parish, tything, or place, shall be chosen or pariffices, sydings, or places, as aforefaid, as shall be then out of the wanted to make up the whole number to ferve for such parish, hits, as shall be tything, or place, or parishes, tythings, or places, as aforesaid to compleat and if such the wanted to compleat and if such the characters or overseer, or churchwardens or the number the effects, final give to fuch voluntier or voluntiers any fum or to lerve for lum, of rioleyho ferve in the militia for fuch parith, tything, such parith. or place, or paidlies, tythings, or places, it may and shall be lawful for such churchwarden or overseer, or churchwardens or Money paid overicers, trake a rate upon the inhabitants of fuch parish, to voluntiers tything, place, or parishes, tythings, or places, by the rate for strving, to they now the making the rates for the relief of the poor; the church-which rate being approved by two justices of the peace, it may wardens by a and shall be lawful for fuch churchwarden or overseer, or church- parochial wardens or overfeers, to collect fuel rate, and reimburse them- iate: felves such here and ferms of money as they shall have paid with the confine the inhabitants of facts parish or parishes, townthips or places, affembled a dordaid, to fuch voluntier or voluntiers

Overplus of the rate to be applied to the poors rate. fale; but balferving, by themselves or are exempted tute, in the militia, shall be liable to pay to such rates. from paying thereto. Persons ag-

grieved by

appeal.

The churchpay within a raonth to the persons who rolled, or shall provide fit fubilitutes, (if the regiment be then embodied) fuch fum not exceeding 51. judged one half of the current price paid for a voluntier; the voluntier rate, or a rate made for that purpose.

If the person chosen by lot and inrolled, within the month, the money shall next perion chosen in his stead; and the

voluntiers as aforesaid; and the overplus, if any, sha plied as part of the poors rate: and if any person she to pay the fum of money he shall be so rated, it may The faid rate be lawful for any one justice of the peace, upon for may be levied thereof made by such churchwarden or overseer, by by diffress and wardens or overseers, by warrant under his hand an loted persons levy the same by distress and sale of the offender's goods who have ferv- chattels, rendering the overplus, if any, after the faid rate, and ed, or shall be the charges of such distress and sale, shall be paid; but no balloted person who shall have served himself, or by substitute, by substitutes, three years, or who shall be then serving himself, or by substi-

XLVI. Provided always, That it shall be lawful for any person who shall think himself or herself aggrieved by any such rate as aforefaid, to appeal to the next general quarter fellions, such rates may in like manner as is provided in the case of appeals against rates

for the relief of the poor.

XLVII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority wardens are to aforesaid. That in case any person shall be chosen by lot to serve in the militia for any parish, tything, or place, or parishes, tythings, or places, and fuch person shall be sworn and inrolled, or shall be chosen shall provide a fit person to serve as his substitute who shall be by lot and in- fworn and inrolled, the churchwarden or overfeer, or churchwardens or overfeers, of fuch parish, tything, or place, or parishes, tythings, or places, thall, within one month after the time of fuch fwearing or inrolling of the man to chosen by lot, or of the substitute respectively, pay to every such person so chosen by lot, if the regiment or battalion in which he, or his fubilitute, shall serve, shall be then embodied, any such sum of as shall be ad money not exceeding five pounds, as three deputy lieutenants, or two deputy licutenants and one juffice, or one deputy lieutenant and two justices, in whose presence such person shall be chosen by lot, thall adjudge to be, as near as may be, one half the money to of the current price then paid for a voluntier in the county or be paid out of riding where such person shall be so chosen by to; which said fum of money shall be taken out of the rate to be made as aforefaid for providing and producing voluntiers; of in case no voluntiers thall be provided or produced by the courchwardens or overfeers, or churchwarden or overfeer, of any parish, tything, or place, or parishes, tythings, or places, the two of a rate to be made by the rule aforefaid.

XLVIII. Provided nevertheless. That if such man so chosen by lot, and ferving for himfelf, shall within one much after his and infolied, inrolment, be disapproved of and discharged by the ficer comproved of, and manding the regiment or battalion, no such sum tall be paid discharged to the person so chosen by lot, but shall be paid in manner abovesaid, to the next person chosen by lot in his sead; and if the substitute he shall have found be disapproved in manner not be paid to abovefaid, then no fuch fum to be paid to the man so chosen by him, but to the lot, in manner abovefaid, unfess he shall serve himself, or shall find another substitute.

same rule is to be observed in the case of substitutes

XLIX. Pro-

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rovided always, That no person so chosen by lot and no money shall be intituled to one half of the said current price is to be paid on that head, ier, without the order of the persons aforesaid, but by an orthe faid person chosen by lot, expressed under der of the dep.

e chosen. That if any fervant hired by the year, Hired fervants for otherwise, shall serve in the militia, it shall and may be law- serving in the ful for one justice of the peace, upon complaint made to him militia, upon on oath by such servant, to order so much of his wages, as shall a justice, shall appear to fuch justice to be due to such fervant, to be imme-recover the diately paid him by his master or employer, in proportion to wages then the service he has performed, under the contract or agreement due to them. the fervice he has performed, under the contract or agreement Justice to promade between them at the time such servant was hired; and ceed therein the faid justice shall proceed therein in the same manner as is as directed by directed by an act passed in the twentieth year of the reign of his act 20 Geo. II. late Majesty, intituled, An act for the better adjusting and more easy recovery of the wages of certain jervants; and for the better regulation of fuch fervants, and of certain apprentices.

LI. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That from None but and after the passing this act, it shall not be lawful for any churchwar-person or persons whatsoever (other than such churchwardens densand over-feers may and overfeers as aforefaid, for the purpofes aforefaid) to contract, make any peundertake, or agree with any perion or perions, for any fum or cuniary confums of money, or any other confideration or reward, to indem-tract to innify or infure any person or persons liable to serve in the militar, sure persons against serving therein, or in like manner to contract, undertake, from serving or agree, to provide a substitute or substitutes for any person or in the militia, persons who may be chosen by lot to serve in the militia, or to pay or to provide the penalty of ten pounds by this act laid upon any person chosen pay the 10l. in by lot to serve in the militia, and who shall refuse or neglect to heu thereof; appear, and take the oath, and serve in the militia, or to pro- on penalty of vide a substitute; and if any person shall offend herein, every territing fuch person shall, for every such contract, undertaking, or rool. agreement, for at and pay the fum of one hundred pounds, to thereof to go he are wered in any of his Majesty's courts of record, by action to the profetebr, bill, flato, or information, wherein no effoin, pro-cutor, and the tertion, wager of law, or more than one imparlance, shall be other to the poor of the allowed; one money of which penalty shall be applied to the parish, and the of the parish, and the of the parish, and the other moiety to the use of the contract to be poor of the parish wherein the offence shall be committed; and voidplaced to be solutely null and void, to all intents and purposes whatfoeve ...

Lif Privided, That nothing herein before contained, shall The above extend to present any person who shall have been actually clause not to chosen by 15t to serve in the militia, from procuring, by him-sons chosen by felf or others, a proper person to serve as his substitute.

LIII. Provided also, That nothing in this act shall extend to curing substiprevent persons of the same parish, township, tything, or tutes for place, or of two or more parished, tythings, or places, added, themselves; or which may be added together for the purposes of this act, the same, or

lot from profrom

*lubscribing* ing jointly for lot may fall.

neighbouring from entering into subscriptions amongst themselves." In parilles, from ing jointly for any substitute or substitutes who may be for any one or more of the fubscribing persons, or substitutes, in the room of such of them as shall be chosen by lot.

LIV. And be it enacted, That if any person swort and

have received any fum of money from any person whatsoever

for such service, and shall be inlisted to serve in his Majesty's

other forces, such inlisting shall be, and the same is hereby

Hired voluntier or tubitirolled to serve in the militia as voluntier or substitute. tute inlifting in the army, fuch inlifting is declared void. unless the money be returned to the overicers of the parish, laid out by them in providing anothey are to be reimburfed expence by arate, and account and tuch hired voluntier or substitute so inlitting, not informing the officer of his being in the militia, is to be committed to the house of currection not exceeding 2 months. Serieant,

drummer, or fifer, beating up for voluntiers for the militia, the perion who gave the orders forfeits 20 l. One moiety er, and the

to the informother to the regimental flock; and the ferjeant, &c. not

declared to be, null and void, until the faid militia man, or the officer with whom he shall inlist, shall have paid to the overseer or overseers of the parish or place, parishes or places, for which the faid militia man ferved, the full fum he received which is to be for fuch his fervice; which fum shall be laid out by fuch overscer or overseers, in or towards the providing another fit person to ferve in the militia, for the space of three years, in the place therfit person; of the militia man so inlisted into his Majesty's other forces: and if the turn and in case the money so received shall not be sufficient to probe infufficient, vide another fit perion to serve as aforesaid, such overseer or overfeers shall be reimbursed such further sum of money as the additional he shall pay for providing such other fit person, in the same manner as is directed by this act upon the providing of voluntiers: and in case the money so received shall exceed the sum forthe furplus; expended in providing such fit person as aforesaid, the surplus shall be accounted for by such overseer or overseers, as so much money in his or their hands for the purpoles of providing voluntiers for such parish or parishes, place or places: and in case such militia man shall not, at the time of his inlisting, inform the officer with whom he inlifts, that he is a militia man, and for what parish, tything, or place, or parishes, tythings, or places, he serves, and shall be thereof convicted upon oath, before any one justice of the peace, it may and shall be lawful for fuch justice, and he is hereby required, by warrant under his hand and feal, to commit fuch mattia man to the house of correction for any time not exceeding three months. LV. And be it enacted, That if any fer ant, drummer, or fifer, serving in the militia, shall, in an city, town, or place, beat up for voluntiers to serve in the militia, the person who shall give such serjeant, drummer, or filer, orders for so doing, shall upon proof of such beating up and such orders given, upon oath, before any justice of the peace, forfeit and pay the fum of twenty pounds; one moiety whereof shall be applied to the use of the person who shall make formation

warrant declaring who g we tuch orders, is to be committed to the house of correction not exceeding 3 months.

thereof before any justice of the peace of such beating up for

voluntiers, and the other moiety thall be applied as part of the

flock belonging to the regiment or battalion to which fuch fer-

jeant, drummer, or fifer shall belong: and if such serjeant,

drummer, or tifer, shall refuse to declare, upon oath, before

fuch justice, from whom he received such orders, it may and

shall be lawful for such justice, and he is hereby required, by

## Anno fecundo Georgie!

t under his hand and feal, to commit such serieant. or fifer, to the house of correction, for any time not

exceeding three months.

EVI. And be it further enacted and declared, That no officer While the minute of the same little is out of of commission officer in the militia shall, during the time litia is out of refinent, battalion, or independent company, in which he its proper fault be out of the county, riding, or place, to which person may be they belong, engage any person to serve as a militia man in engaged to luch regiment, battalion, or independent company, unless serve therein, such person so engaged shall be a native of the county to the county to which the faid regiment, battalion, or independent company which fuch

belongs.

LVII. And be it enacted. That in the feveral counties, ridings, longs. and places, where the militia has been or shall be raised, his A general Majesty's lieutenant of every such county, riding, and place, meeting of together with any two or more deputy lieutenants, and on the and deputies, death or removal, or in the absence, of his Majesty's lieute- to be held annant, any three or more deputy neutrinants, man much and last Tuesday in last Tuesday in May, or on the last Tuesday in May, or nant, any three or more deputy lieutenants, shall meet an-nually on the October, as they shall think most convenient for the due exe- October, as cution of this act; and shall appoint the times and places for shall be judged holding four or more subdivision meetings of deputy lieutenants most conveand justices of the peace in every year; and shall cause new nient; lifts in the feveral parishes, tythings, and places, to be made and places to and returned to the deputy lieutenants and justices of the peace be then apat the first of the said subdivision meetings, in the same manner pointed for as lifts are herein before directed to be made and returned in more subdivi-counties, ridings, and places, where the militia has not been raised. more subdivi-sion meetings, as lifts are herein before directed to be made and returned in holding 4 or and for the returns of new lifts to the first of those meetings.

LVIII. And be it enacted, That if the lift of any parish, Where any tything, or place, shall be lost or destroyed, it may and shall list shall be lost be lawful for any three deputy lieutenants, or any two deputy or destroyed, the dep. lieuheutenants together with any one justice of the peace, or any one tenants are to deputy lieutenant pogether with any two justices of the peace, order new in their fubdivisions, to cause a new list in such parish, tything, ones to be or place, to be made, and returned to them at their next fub-made and redivision meeting, in the same manner as the list lost or destroyed next subdiviwas caused to be made and returned to them by direction of son meeting. the general meeting of lieutenants and deputy lieutenants.

LIX. And be at enacted, That the faid deputy lieutenants, Dep liente. or any three or more of them, or any two deputy lieutenants to- nants are to gether with any me justice of the peace, or any one deputy lieute- hold their subnant togethe with any two justices of the peace, shall meet in their division meetfeveral fubdivisions at the times appointed at the general mect-ings pursu ings of his Majesty's lieutenant and deputy lieutenants: And pointment it any private militia man shall shew just cause for his discharge, the general and, being embodied, shall likewise produce a regular discharge meetings; and, being embodied, that likewise produce a regular discharge and militia from his commanding officer, the faid deputy lieutenants, or man appearant lieutenants. any three or more of them, or any two deputy lieutenants ing thereat,

to- and thewing

canse for his discharge, and producing afterbodied, a discharge from his commanding officer,-

they are to ditcharge him. and fill up all vacancies ocby, or otherwile, after having amended the to draw the lots, unless the ed shall be otherwise provided; and the peror their fubstitutes are to be involled for 3 years.

A fubdivision meeting may be held on 7 days notice, for filling up vacancies by death, or otherwife.

Vacancies occationed by the death, promotion to a halberd, or fubilitute, to be filled up as in cales of death, or difions ferving forthemielves. Substitute may be tworn in and imolled before a dep. **lieute**nant in his subdivision, on producing his having been feen and approved of

together with any one justice of the peace, or any ligutenant together with any two justices of the peace may, at such subdivision meetings, discharge such casionedthere- serving in the militia; and in the stead of the per charged, and also if there should be any other vacan or otherwise, such deputy lieutenants, or any three them, or any two deputy lieutenants together wit justice of the peace, or any one deputy lieutenant to by proceeding with any two justices of the peace, shall, after having amended the lifts in the fame manner as the deputy lieutenants and justices, in their subdivisions, are to amend the lists in the number want- several counties where the militia has not been raised, cause a like number of other persons to be chosen by lot out of the lists of such parishes, tythings, or places, where such vacancies shall happen, unless such number of persons shall be otherwise fons so chosen provided as is by this act directed; which persons so chosen, or their substitutes provided and approved as aforesaid, shall take the oath required by this act to be taken; and every person to chosen shall be involled, and every substitute so provided shall subscribe his consent to serve, and shall serve in the said militia for the space of three years, subject to the directions, provisions, and penalties in this act contained.

> LX. Provided nevertheless, That it shall and may be lawful for any three deputy licutenants, or any two deputy lieutenants together with any one justice of the peace, or any one deputy licutenant together with any two justices of the peace, upon any vacancy or vacancies in the militia, by death or otherwise, to appoint a subdivision meeting for the filling up such vacancy

or vacancies, giving seven days notice thereof.

LXI. And be it enacted, That when any substitute shall, after having been approved by any three deputy lieutenants, or by any two deputy lieutenants together with any one justice of the peace, or by any one deputy lieutenant together with any discharge of a two justices of the peace, and before the expiration of the term for which he was to serve, die, or be appointed a serjeant in the militia, or be legally discharged, the person for whom he ferved as substitute shall not be obliged to serve himself, or to find charge of per- another substitute; but such vacancy shall be filled up in like manner as is directed by this act, in case of vacancies occasioned by the death or discharge of persons serving for themselves.

LXII. And be it enacted, That for the purpose of swearing and inrolling men to ferve in the militia, it shalkand may be lawful for any one deputy lieutenant, at any place in the subdivision he usually acts in, to swear and inrol any substitute to serve for any place in such his subdivision; provided such substitute shall produce to such deputy lieutenant a certificate under the a certificate of hands and scals of any two other deputy lieutenants, or of any one justice of the peace together with any one deputy lieutenant, or of any two justices of the peace acting in the same subdivision, by 2 dep lieu or residing near the same, critifying they have seen, and do approve of, such substitute us a proper person to serve in the K-4-21 militia,

Mich person shall and may be sworn and involled and the clerk aty lieutenant only: Provided nevertheless, That of the subdionging to such subdivision shall and do attend with vision meeting h fwearing and inrolling.

byided always, and be it further enacted, That if the time, man shall, during the time that the regiment or Militia man barranon in which he serves thall be embodied, be discharged embodied, and by the officer commanding such regiment or battalion, such the commanddischarge shall be sufficient to prevent such man from being ing officer, liable to be apprehended as a deferter, but shall not extend to is not liable to cause another man to be chosen to serve for the parish, tything, be apprehend-or place, or parishes, tythings, or places, for which such man so ed as a de-discharged did serve, unless he be likewise regularly discharged ferter; nor shall anby the deputy lieutenant or deputy lieutenants and justices of the other be peace as aforefaid.

room, unless he be discharged also by the dep. lieuts.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That all fuch militia men, whose time of service in the militia shall be near expiring, du-whose time ring the time the regiment, battalion, or independent company, of fervice in which they served, shall be absent from the county, riding, or shall be near place, to which they belong, shall be returned by the command-expiring, are ing officer of such regiment, battalion, or independent compated to their ny, to the county, riding, or place, for which they served, so as propercounty, that they may reach the said county by the expiration of their term. So as they may make the same but the same reach the same by the expiration of their term.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be Subdivision lawful for his Majesty's lieutenant together with any two or meetings may more deputy lieutenants, and on the death or removal, or, in be altered at a the absence of his Majesty's lieutenant, for any three or more general meeting, held afdeputy lieutenants, at a general meeting to be held after reason-ter reasonable able notice thereof given, to change or alter any subdivision meet-notice; ing or meetings, whenever they shall find it convenient so to do. but the sub-

LXVI. And be it further enacted, That, in order to fave the division meettrouble of appointing subdivision meetings every year in the fe-appointed are veral counties, ridings, and places aforefaid, the feveral fubdi- to lemain unvision meetings therein now appointed, shall remain and con-til they shall tinue until the fame shall be altered by his Majesty's lieutenant be by a genetogether with any two or more deputy lieutenants, or, on the altered. death or removal, or, in the absence of his Majesty's lieutenant, by any three or more deputy lieutenants, at some general meeting.

LXVII. And be it enacted, That every militia man shall, if Removal of a he changes the place of his abode from one parish, tything, or private man place, to another parish, tything, or place, the militia whereof parish, &c. shall serve in the same regiment or battalion, such militia man the militia shall continue to serve in such regiment or battalion for the whereof serves place from whence he removed, and shall not occasion a va-in the same cancy, for such parish, tything, or place, but shall be trained, does not alter exercised, and paid, by the officer of the company to which his service. the militia of such parish, tything, or place, to which he re- nor occasion a moved shall belong; and that every militia man, who shall vacancy in his change former parish;

in different regiments. he shall ferve his time out in the regiment of that ~place, upon the first vacancy; and he is to give previous notice of his removal to the D. lieutenants, and receive a certificate of his fervice: and if given by D. lieut. is to be certified to the next fubdivifion meeting; and the certibe produced at the fubdivision meeting for the place to which he shall remove. On neglect of giving fuch notice, and producing certificate, he forfeits 208. to be levied

Clerk of the **tubdivition** meeting is to give notice of fuch militia man's change of abode,

No fubititute is to be excused

Copies of the the fubdivision

but if the re- change the place of his abode from one county moval be into another county, or from one parish, tything, or place, to another parish tything, or place, the militia whereof shall serve in the parish tything, or place, the militia whereof shall serve in the parish tything. the militia giments or battalions, such person shall serve, upon the whereof serves cancy that shall happen, in such regiment or battalions service shall be compleated: and every such militia man before he changes the place of his abode, give notice the cof toany three or more deputy lieutenants, or to any two deputy lieutenants together with any one justice of the peace, or to any one deputy lieutenant together with any two justices of the peace, at, fome subdivision meeting, or to one deputy lieutenant, who shall give to such militia man a certificate of the time he shall have served in the militia for the respective parish, tything, or place, from his involment to serve in the same; and if such certificate shall have been given by one deputy lieutenant only, such deputy lieutenant shall certify the same to the deputy lieutenants and justices of the peace at their next meeting within such subdivision, and such militia man shall produce the said certificate to the deputy lieutenants and justices at the next meeting for the subdivision wherein he shall then dwell, or to one deputy lieutenant residing near the parish, tything, or place, to which he shall remove, who shall certify the same to the deputy lieutenants and justices of the peace, at their next subdivision meeting: and if any militia man so changing the place of his abode shall not give notice, and produce his certificate as aforesaid, ficate itself to such militia man so neglecting, and thereof convicted on oath before one or more justice or justices of the peace, shall forfeit and pay the fum of twenty shillings; and if such offender shall not immediately pay fuch penalty, the fame shall be levied by diffress and fale of his goods and chattels, by warrant under the hand and feal, or hands and feals, of fuch justice or justices, rendering the overplus (if any) on demand, after deducting the charges of such distress and sale, to such offender upon whom fuch diffress shall have been made, as aforesaid; and for want of fufficient diffress, such justice or justices shall commit such offender to the house of correction for any time not exceeding one month.

by diffress and fale; and for want of diffress, he is to be committed not exceeding 1 month. LXVIII. And be it enacted, That the clerk to the subdivision meeting thall, upon notice given by any minia man of the changing of his place of abode, and of a certificate granted him as aforefaid, forthwith give notice thereof to the clerk of the meeting for the subdivision to which the paidh, tything, or place, where he then refides shall belong.

&c to the clerk for the division to which he shall remove.

LXIX. Provided always, That no militia man having ferved as a substitute, shall, by such service, be excused from serving for himself when he shall be chosen by lot. from ferving for himself when chosen.

LXX. And be it enacted, That the clerks of the subrolls figued at division meetings shall, within fourteen days after each subdivi-

sing, transmit to his Majesty's lieutenant of the county, meetings to be dies or place, fair and true copies of the rolls figned at the transmitted to

And be it enacted. That if any chief constable or days after credicers of any hundred, rape, lath, wapentake, or other each meeting. fion, or any constable, tythingman, headborough, or other Constables or officers of any parith, tything, or place, shall refuse or neglect to other officers return such lists, from time to time, in manner aforesaid, or to neglecting to comply with such orders and directions as he shall, from time to lists, or comtime, receive from his Majesty's lieutenant, and the faid deputy ply with lieutenants, or any three or more of them, or any two deputy their orders, lieutenants together with any one justice of the peace, or any or being one deputy lieutenant together with any two justices of the guilty of fraud one deputy lieutenant together with any two justices of the or partialty in peace, in pursuance of this act, or shall, in making such return, their returns, be guilty of any fraud or wilful partiality; any three or more de- to be impriputy lieutenants, or any two deputy lieutenants together with foned for one any one justice of the peace, or any one deputy lieutenant to- month, gether with any two justices of the peace, are hereby impowered and required to imprison, in the common gaol of the respective county, riding, or place, fuch chief conftable or other officer of any hundred, rape, lath, wapentake, or other division, or such conftable, tythingman, headborough, or other officer of any parish, tything, or place, there to be kept, without bail or mainprize, for the space of one month, or, at their discretion, to fine or fined not fuch officer in any fum not exceeding five pounds, nor under exceeding 51. forty shillings; such fine to be levied by distress and sale of the nor less than offender's goods and chattels, by warrant under the hands and 40s. to be lefeals of any three or more deputy lieutenants, or of any two de- firefs and fales puty lieutenants together with any one justice of the peace, or of any one deputy lieutenant together with any two justices of the peace; rendering the overplus (if any) on demand, after deducting the charges of such distress and sale, to such officer upon whom such distress shall have been made as aforesaid: and Dep. lieuteit may and shall be lawful for the deputy lieutenants, or any nants may ifthree or more of them, or any two deputy lieutenants together fue their orwith any one justice of the peace, or any one deputy lieutenant der, comtogether with any two justices of the peace, within their respect occasional attive subdivisions, from time to time, to issue out their order or tendance of warrant, under their hands and feals, commanding the attend- the conflable, ance of the contrable, tythingman, headborough, or other officer rish officer; of any parish, tything, or place, within their several subdivisions, and on his at fuch times and places as in fuch order or warrant shall be ex-disobeying preffed; and if fuch conftable, tythingman, headborough, or fuch order, other officer! shall refuse or neglect to appear according to such imprison him. order or warrant, such constable, tythingman, headborough, or other officer, shall suffer the pains and penalties aforesaid.

LXXII. And be it enacted, That any person who shall, by Persons tamgratuity, gift, or reward, or by promise thereof, or of any in-the constables demnification, or by menaces, endeavour to prevail on any to make false chief constable, or any constable, tythingman, headborough, or returns, or to other officer, of any parish, tything for place, to make a faile re-erale, &c, the

the Ld. lieu-

name of any person out of the lifts, forfeit sol. to the profecutor: and persons refusing to declare their own names, or those of their lodgers, &c. fortest 101.

Dep. lieutenants being informed of, or suspecting, the fraudulent binding-out turned in the lift as apprentices, in ferving, may fummon and examine witneffes upon oath touching the fame; and if any fraud shall appear, they are to appoint fuch person to ferve immediately, or upon the first vacancy that shall happerion was fo bound shall forteit rol. to be levied fale : One moiety thereof to go to the informer, if any. Ld. lieutenant is to wanimit, from

torn of any list for any parish, tything, or place, leave out of any fuch lift the name of any fuch per to be returned, every such person shall, for every forfeit and pay the furn of fifty pounds, to be recoved of debt, bill, plaint, or information, in any of courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, or protection, or more than one imparlance, shall be all all which penalties shall go to the use of the person or persons

who shall sue for the same: and if any person shall refuse to tell his christian and surname, or the christian and surname of any man lodging or refiding within his or her house, to any constable, tythingman, or other officer, authorized by this act to demand the same, every such person shall forfeit and pay the sum

of ten pounds.

LXXIII. And be it enacted, That if anythree or more deputy lieutenants, or any two deputy lieutenants, together with any one justice of the peace, or any one deputy lieutenant together with any two justices of the peace, shall, at any of their subdivifion meetings, receive information, or shall suspect, that any perof persons re- son inserted in any lift, described as an apprentice, has been fraudulently bound apprentice in order to avoid ferving in the militia, it may and shall be lawful for any three or more deputy order to avoid lieutenants, or any two deputy lieutenants together with any one justice of the peace, or any one deputy lieutenant together with any two justices of the peace, to make inquiry into the binding out fuch person apprentice, and to summon such persons as they shall think necessary to appear before them, at such time and place as they shall appoint, and to examine such persons, upon oath, touching the matter in question: and in case any such fraud shall appear in the binding out such person apprentice, it may and thall be lawful for fuch deputy lieutenants, or deputy lieutenants and justice, or deputy lieutenant and justices, to appoint such person, so bound apprentice, to serve immediately in the militia for the parith, tything, or place, for which fuch lift shall have been returned, if there shall be a vacancy; and if there shall be no vacancy at that time, then upon the first vacancy that shall happen therein: and the person to whom such apprentice shall be so bound, shall forfeit and pay the sum of ten and the master pounds; which penalty, in case the same shall not be forthwith to whom fuch paid, thall be levied by diffress and sale of the offender's goods and chattels, by warrant under the hands and feals of fuch deputy lieutenants, or deputy lieutenants and justice, or deputy lieutenant and justices, or any three or more of them, returning by diffres and the overplus, if any, after all charges paid, to the person whose goods and chattels shall be so distrained; one moiety whereof shall be applied to the use of the informer, if any, and the other moiery, or, if there shall be no informer, then the whole of such penalty, shall be applied in manner herein after-mentioned.

LXXIV. And be it enacted, That his Majesty's lieutenant of every county, riding, and place, thall, and he is hereby required to transmit to his Majesty's prfyy council, from time to time, a true

flate

numbers of persons fit to serve in the militia for the time to time. thing, or place, of which he is lieutenant; and that af to the privy he laid numbers shall be transmitted to his Majesty's flate of the mountail, according to the directions aforesaid, it may and numbers of he lawful for the faid council, and they are hereby required persons in the settle, as near as may be, the number of private mili-county fit to the analytic, as hear as may be, the number of private and ferve; the private and ferve; and the private and t mace, within the part of Great Britain aforelaid, by the propor-council is tion which the numbers returned for each county, riding, or thereupon to place, bear to the whole number of private militia men by this fettle the quota of men act directed to be raised within the part of Great Britain afore—to serve, faid, and forthwith to transmit accounts of the numbers so fixed by the proporand settled, to all his Majesty's lieutenants of counties, ridings, tion the reand places, within the part of Great Britain aforefaid, respective- turns for each ly; and where the number of private militia men fo fixed and county bear to settled as aforesaid, shall be respectively greater than the num-number to be ber of private militia men who shall be by virtue of this act ap- raised within pointed to serve for any county, riding, or place, then, and in the kingdom; such case, his Majesty's lieutenant together with any two or and are forthmore deputy lieutenants, and on the death or removal, or in the mit accounts absence of his Majesty's lieutenant, any three or more deputy of the num-lieutenants, shall, at a general meeting to be held for that pur-bers so settled pose, appoint what number of private militia men shall serve to the Ld. for each respective hundred, rape, lath, wapentake, or other di- and where the vision, within the county, riding, or place, to which they be-number shall long; and the additional number of private militia men to make be greater up the whole number so fixed and settled as aforesaid, shall be pointed by the provided or chosen in the same manner as all other private mi-act, litia men are by this act directed to be provided or chosen: and a general all the additional men so provided or chosen, or their substitutes meeting is to (to be appointed as substitutes are required to be by this act) be held by the and voluntiers, shall take the oath by this act required to be ta- deputies, ken, and shall respectively be inrolled, or sign their consent to and the addiferve in the militia, in the same manner as is directed, and shall tional men be subject, in case of refusal, to the same penalties as are in like provided or cases inflicted by this act: and where the number of private mi-chosen in litia men so fixed and settled as aforesaid, shall be respectively like manner as less than the number of private militia men who shall be, by is directed in virtue of this act, appointed to serve for any county, riding, or other cases; place, then, and in such case, his Majesty's lieutenant together number setwith any two or more deputy lieutenants, and on the death or tled shall be removal, or in the absence of his Majesty's lieutenant, any three less than is apor more deputy lieutenants, shall, at a general meeting to be pointed by the or more deputy neutenants, man, at a general meeting to be act, held for that purpose, discharge by lot proportionably out of the supernueach respective hundred, rape, lath, wapentake, or other divi- meraries shall fion, so many private militia men as shall exceed the number so be discharged fixed and fettled as aforefaid.

LXXV. And be it enacted, That in case it shall at any time ap- Where the pear to his Majesty's lieutenant and any two or more deputy numbers to be lieutenants, or on the death or removal, or in the absence of his raised shall ap-Majesty's lieutenant, to any three or more deputy lieutenants, of neral meeting Vol. XXV.

to have been unequally or erroneouily apportioned amongst the feveral hundreds or divifions of the county; or that by alteration of circumstances the fame is become unequal, the Ld. lieutenant and deputies may make a new and more equal diftribution: and raife and discharge men conformable thereto.

Serieant and militia man exempted from Statutework and parish offices; ing obliged

Militia man falling fick on a march, or annual exercife, is to be provided for by an order from the magiftrate, or justice of the place; and the exreinburfed by his proper parith. No person

The same lied to militia men being married and embodied, to

years, is

any county, riding, or place, at their general meets distribution by them made of the whole number of military charged upon such county, riding, or place, among the live hundreds, rapes, laths, wapentakes, or other divisions, either anequally and erroneously made, or, from any fulfill alteration of circumstances, is become unequal and disprise on the contract of onable, it may and shall be lawful for his Majesty's said helder nant and any two or more deputy lieutenants, or on the death or removal, or in the absence, of his Majesty's lieutenant. for any three or more deputy lieutenants, to make a new and more equal distribution of such number as aforesaid among the said several hundreds, rapes, laths, wapentakes, or other divisions. according to the method prescribed by this act for making the original distribution, and to cause such additional number of men to be provided or chosen, or such number to be discharged out of those before provided or chosen for each respective hundred, rape, lath, wapentake, or other division, as shall become necesfary in confequence of such new distribution, in like manner as is by this act prescribed to be done, where the same shall become necessary in consequence of the accounts transmitted from his Majesty's privy council.

LXXVI. And be it enacted. That no ferjeant or private man ferving in the militia shall, during the time of such fervice, be liable to do personally any highway duty, commonly called Statute-work, or be appointed to serve as a peace officer or parish officer, or be liable to ferve in any of his Majesty's land or sea

and from be- forces, unless he shall consent thereto.

to serve in his Majesty's land or sea forces.

LXXVII. And be it enacted, That in case any private manserving in the militia, shall on the march, or at the place where he at the place of shall be called out to annual exercise, be disabled by sickness, it shall and may be lawful for any one justice of the peace of the county, or any mayor or chief magistrate of any city, town, or place, where such man shall then be, to order him such relief as he shall think reasonable, by warrant under his hand and seal; and the officers of the parish, tything, or place, for which such man shall serve as a militia man, shall reimburse the same to the officers of the parish where such militia man shall then receive pence is to be fuch relief, which shall be allowed in their accounts, upon producing the above order.

LXXVIII. And be it enacted, That no person having served personally or by substitute three years in the militia, shall be having served obliged to serve again, until by rotation it comes to his turn.

liable to ferve again but in rotation.

LXXIX. And be it enacted, That every man having served in berty is grant- the militia when drawn out and embodied, being a married man, may fet up and exercise any such trade as he is apt and able for, in any town or place within the kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland, without any let, fuit, or moleftation, of any person or perions

efficie whatloever, for or by reason of the using such trade, as set up trades crip, and with the fame provisions, and under the fame regula- within Great tions, and with the like exception in respect to the two universi-land, ther of that part of Great Britain called England, as any mariner as by act of foldier may do by an act passed in the twenty second year of 22 Geo. II. is his late Majesty's reign, intituled, An act to enable such officers, granted to mariners, and soldiers, as have been in his Majesty's service fince his soldiers. accession to the throne, to exercise trades.

LXXX. And be it enacted, That no private militia man shall if unembobe intituled to his clothes for his own use, until he shall have died, is not ferved for the space of three years, if the regiment or battalion intituled to in which he serves shall be unembodied; but if such regiment his clothes, till in which he serves shall be unembodied; but if such regiment he has served or battalion in which he ferves shall be drawn out and embo- 3 years; died, the clothes shall, at the end of one year, be applied in but if embofuch manner as the colonel or commanding officer of his regi- died, they are ment or battalion shall judge best for the use of such militia to be applied man.

LXXXI. And be it enacted, That if any militia man who shall year. have been accepted and inrolled as a substitute, hired man, or Overseers are voluntier, before the twenty fecond day of May one thousand se- to pay out of ven hundred and fixty, or if any militia man who shall have the poor rates, by orbeen chosen by lot, whether before or after the twenty second day der of some of May, one thousand seven hundred and sixty, shall, when em- justice, a bodied, and called out into actual fervice, and ordered to march, weekly alleave a family unable to support themselves, the overseer or dustress da overfeers of the poor of the parish, tything, or township, where miles of such the family of fuch militia man thall dwell, thall, by order of men embedisome one justice of the peace, out of the rates for the relief of the ed and called poor of such parish, tything, or township, pay to such family a out, as shall weekly allowance, according to the usual and ordinary price of chosen by lot, labour in husbandry within the faid county, riding, division, dif- and of such trict, or place, where such family shall dwell, by the following substitutes, rule; that is to say, for one child under the age of ten years, hired men, and volunany fum not exceeding the price of one day's labour; for two tiers, as were children under the age aforesaid, any sum not exceeding the inrolled beprice of two days labour; for three or four children under the fore 22 May, age aforesaid, any sum not exceeding the price of three days laaccording to bour; for five or more children under the age aforesaid, any the usual price fum not exceeding the price of four days labour; and for the of labour in wife of fuch militia man, any fum not exceeding the price of one husbandry day's labour; and in every parish, tything, or township, where within the the money arising by such rates shall not be sufficient for the the number purpose aforesaid, a new rate or rates shall be made for raising a and age of ium sufficient for that purpose: and every such weekly allow- the children: ance shall be forthwith reimbursed to the overseer or overseers of viz. for of fuch parish, tything, or township, by the treasurer of the collection of the so years, I county, riding, or place, where fuch parish, tything, or town-day's labour; thip shall be fituate, out of the public stock of such county, ri- 2 ditto, 2 days , labour; ding, or place. K 2

Militia man. the end of a

LXXII. And 3 or 4 ditto,

bour; 5 or more ditto, 4 days labour: for the wife : day's labour: and where the faid rates shall be insufficent, a new rate is to be made; and the overseers are to be reimbursed forthwith out of the county stock,

Treasurer of the county is to keep an account of the monies lo reimburfed to the overfeers, and return faid accounts ceived from the city treafarer, &c. into court of exchequer. the exchequer. Where any city or place shall not be Hable by act 12 Geo. II. to contribute to the justices may appoint a treafurer, usual poors rate, ficient to reimburie the overfeers the weekly alby them; furer is to reimburfe the faid overfeers, and keep an account of the monies paid by him, and transmit yearly to the county trea-

LXXXII. And be it enacted, That the treasurer of every county, riding, division, and place, shall and is hereby required to keep exact and distinct accounts of all the monies that shall have been so by him reimbursed, to such overseer or overseers as afore. faid, in pursuance of the directions of this act; and shall at the end of seven calendar months from the passing of this act, and half yearlythe afterwards at the end of every fix calendar months, return the faid accounts, together with the accounts which he shall have with those re- received from the several treasurers of the cities, towns. liberties. or places, to the office of the treasurer's remembrancer of the

LXXXIII. Provided always, and be it enacted. That in all cities, towns, liberties, divisions, and places, which are not liable to contribute to county rates by virtue of an act made in the twelfth year of his late Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the more easy assessing, collecting, and levying of county rates, the justices of the peace for every such city, town, liberty, division, county rates, and place, at any fessions or meeting, or the major part of them then and there affembled, may and shall appoint a treasurer, and shall assess upon every parish, tything, township, hamlet, or vill, and affels each within the limits of their respective jurisdictions, in such proparith, propor- portions as the rates heretofore made for the relief of the poor tionate to their have been usually affested; and shall cause to be paid out of the money collected and levied for the relief of the poor of every in a fum fuf. fuch parish, tything, township, hamlet, or vill, into the hands of fuch treasurer, such sum or sums of money as they in their discretion shall think sufficient for reimbursing to the overseer or overseers of the several parishes, tythings, townships, hamlets, lowances paid or vills, within the limits of their respective jurisdictions, the amount of the weekly allowances paid by fuch overfeer or overand such trea- seers to the families of the militia men residing within their respective jurisdictions as aforesaid; and every such treasurer shall forthwith reimburse the same to every such overseer or overseers accordingly: and fuch treasurer is hereby required to keep exact and distinct accounts of all the monies that shall have been fo paid into his hands, and fo by him reimburfed to fuch overfeer or overfeers as aforefaid; and shall, at the end of every fix the same half-calendar months, transmit the said accounts to the treasurer of the county or riding which fuch city, town, liberty, division, and place, is, by this act, united with and made part of for the purpoles of this act: provided that the treasurer of the city of

Lincoln and county of the faid city, shall transmit his accounts

accounts to thetreasurer of Linsey division.

Lincoln.

furer.

Treasurer of

the city, &c.

transmit his

Allowances LXXXIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That within made within the city and county of the city of Exeter, all allowances to be the city and county of the made by virtue of this act to the families of persons serving in city of Exeter, the militia, shall be paid by the treasurer or treasurers of the are to be paid corporation of the governor, deputy governor, affiftants, and guardians.

of Lincolnisto to the treasurer of the division of Linsey, within the county of

guardians, of the poor of the city and county of Exercity and by the treatment chartche same shall be ascertained, assessed, raised, collected, and error the guar-levied, by such and the same ways and means as the money poor, and to be raised for the relief of the poor within the said city and county is, assessed and leby virtue of two acts of parliament, the one of them made in vied as their the ninth and tenth years of King William the Third, and the poors rate is other of them in the thirty first year of his late Majesty King by acts o Will. Genre the Second, directed to be raised: and it shall and may Geo. II. directo e lawful for the feveral persons authorized to put the said acts ed; in execution, to cause to be raised and levied such sum or sums and to be adas shall be necessary for that purpose, over and above what they ditional to what they are are already authorized to raise for the relief of the poor of the authorized to faid city and county; and all and every person and persons who raise for their are by the said acts, or either of them, required to do any act, poor rate; matter, or thing, for the ascertaining, assessing, confirming, or altering of affeilments, collecting and levying the fums thereby directed to be raised for the relief of the poor, are hereby required and authorized to do all fuch and the like acts, matters, and to be raifand things, for the ascertaining, assessing, confirming, or alter- ed and levied and things, for the alcertaining, aneming, confirming, or after-ing affeilments, collecting and levying the money hereby directed nalties; to be raised, and shall be subject to all such forfeitures and pe- and the monalties, in case of their neglect or refusal to perform the same, as ney already are imposed upon offences of the like nature by the above men- advanced and tioned acts, or either of them; and also in the same manner, said treasurer and by the same ways and means, to raise and levy, or cause to towards the be raised and levied, such further sum and sums of money as said allowshall have been advanced and paid by the treasurer of the corpo-ances is to be ration of the poor for the maintenance of fuch wives and fami- raifed and lelies, and shall cause the same to be repaid to the treasurer of the manner. faid corporation.

LXXXV. Provided also, and be it enacted, That all monies to Monies to be be levied by parish rates to be made within the city and county levied by this of the city of Briftel, by virtue of this act, shall be paid, ascer-act, by parish tained, affeffed, raised, collected, levied, and repaid, in such folmanner, and by fuch and the same ways and means, as are pres- are to be raiscribed to be observed in raising money for the relief of the poor ed and paid, within the said city and county of the city of Briftel, by virtue of &c. as the any act or acts of parliament relating thereto; and that it shall there; and may be lawful for the several persons authorized to put the and to be adfaid acts in execution, to cause to be raised and levied such sum ditional to or sums, over and above what they are already authorized to what is alreatiable for the relief of the poor of the faid city and county, and to be raised also in the same manner, and by the same ways and means, to there: raile and levy, or cause to be raised and levied, such further sum and the moand fums of money as shall have been advanced and paid by the new already treasurer of the corporation of the poor, and shall cause the same the treasurer to be repaid to the treasurer of the said corporation; and that of the corpoall and every person and persons, who are by the said acts, any ration of the or either of them, required to do any act, matter, or thing, for poor is to be the ascertaining, assessing, confirming or altering of assessing, and leveling the sums thereby directed to be miled for collecting and levying the sums thereby directed to be raised for and all acts

K 3

réquilite thereto, are to he done, under like penalties, as are prescribed with respect to officers neglecting their duty in execution of the poor laws there

the relief of the poor, are hereby required and authorized to do all such and the like acts, matters, and things, for the ascertaining, affelling, confirming, or altering affellments, collecting and levying the money hereby directed to be raised, and shall be subject to all such forseitures and penalties, in case of their neglect or refusal to perform the same, as are imposed upon officers. of the like nature by the above mentioned acts, any or either of them.

Where trea-· imburfe to overfeers any money, on account of the weekly allowance to the families of militia men ferving in any counthat wherein fuch families dwell, they are to transmit an account thereof, figned by a juflice, to the treasurer of the county wherein fuch men ferve, who is to reimburfe them the same. If a quaker be chosen, and refusesto serve, or provide a substitute, the dep. lieutenants may provide one, and levy the expence by diffress and fale :

LXXXVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the treasurers shall re- surer of any county, riding, city, town, liberty, division, or place, within the part of Great Britain aforesaid, who shall, after the passing of this act, reimburse to any overseer or overseers of the poor of any parish, tything, township, hamlet, or vill, any sum or lums of money, in pursuance of the directions of this act, on account of the weekly allowance to the family of any militia man, serving in the militia of any county, riding, city, town, liberty, division, or place, other than the county, riding, city, town, liberty, division, or place, where such family shall dwell, ty, other than shall deliver or transmit an account of such money as he shall have so reimbursed as aforesaid, signed by one or more justice or justices of the peace for the county, riding, city, town, liberty, division, or place, where such family shall dwell, to the treasurer of the county, riding, city, town, liberty, division, or place, in the militia whereof fuch militia man shall serve; and thereupon the treasurer, to whom such account shall have been delivered or transmitted as aforesaid, shall, and is hereby required to pay to the treasurer who shall have so delivered or transmitted fuch account, the fum or fums so by him reimbursed to such overseer or overseers, and shall be allowed the same in his accounts.

LXXXVII. And be it enacted, That if any person, being one of the people called Quakers shall be chosen by lot to serve in the militia, and shall refuse or neglect to appear, and to take the oath, and serve in the militia, or to provide a substitute, to be approved as aforesaid, who shall take the said oath, and subscribe his consent to serve as the substitute of such quaker; then, and in every fuch case, any three deputy lieutenants, or any two deputy lieutenants together with any one justice of the peace, or any one deputy lieutenant together with any two justices of the peace, shall, if they think proper, upon as reasonable terms as may be, provide and hire a fit person, who shall take the said oath, and subscribe his consent to serve in the said militia for the space of three years, as the substitute of such quaker; and any three deputy lieutenants, or any two deputy lieutenants together with any one justice of the peace, or any one deputy lieutenant together with any two justices of the peace, are hereby impowered and required to levy by diffress and sale of the goods and chattels of fuch quaker, by warrant under their hands and feals, fuch fum or fums as shall be necessary to defray the ex-

pence

penge of providing and hiring fuch person to serve in the militia, but if any op for the space of three years, as the substitute of such quaker, so pressive mea-refusing or neglecting, as aforesaid; rendering the overplus, if in making any, after deducting the charges of fuch diffress and sale, to such such diffress. quaker, upon whom fuch diffres shall have been made as afore- he is to be refaid: and in case any measures shall be used in making distress dress'd, upon faid: and in cale any measures mair be used in making districts complaint as aforefaid, which may be by any fuch quaker thought oppref- made by him: five, it shall be lawful for such quaker to complain thereof to The deputy lieutenants and justices of the peace, at their next meeting, who are hereby impowered and required to hear and finally determine the fame.

LXXXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the And where authority aforesaid, That in every parish, tything, or place, or shall refuse to two or more parishes, tythings, or places, so added together as pay to the aforefaid, in which any fuch rates shall be made, where the rates authochurchwardens or overfeers shall make complaint to a justice of rized by this the peace, that a quaker or quakers refuse to pay the sum or made. fums of money he or they shall be rated at, such justice may the justices. and shall order such cost and charges, for levying such distress, upon comas he shall think reasonable, not exceeding the sum of ten shill- plaint of the ings on each of the faid quakers where there are no more than deus, may ortwo of them, and, where there are a greater number, not ex-der reasonaceeding five shillings on each of the said quakers.

levying the distress, in proportion to the sums here allowed.

LXXXIX. And be it enacted and declared, That it may and Dep. lieuteshall be lawful for any deputy lieutenant or justice of the peace nantsand juto act in the execution of this act, in any and every subdivision in any and within the county, riding, or place, for which he is or shall be every subdicommissioned; and that each and every such deputy lieutenant vision of the and justice of the peace hath and shall have the same power and county for authority therein, as is by this act given to any deputy lieute-which they are nant or justice of the peace, within the subdivision to which he is or shall be particularly appointed.

XC. And be it enacted, That his Majesty's lieutenant for A clerk for any county, riding, or place, may and shall appoint a clerk for the general the general meetings within such county, riding, or place, and to be appointmay displace such clerk if he shall think fit, and appoint another ed by the Ld. in his room; and the deputy lieutenants within their respective lieut. fubdivisions, or the major part of them present, may and shall and clerks appoint a clerk for their subdivision, and may displace such clerk, division meetif they or the major part of them present shall think fit, and ap- ings by the point another in his room.

XCI. And be it enacted, That any two deputy lieutenants 2D. lieuts. together with any one justice of the peace, or any one deputy and i justice, lieutenant together with any two justices of peace, within the and s justices, counties of Cumberland, Huntingdon, Monmouth, Westmorland, may exercise and Rutland, and within all the several counties and places with- the same in the faid dominion of Wales, respectively, shall have and ex-powers in the ercise all and every the powers conferred by this act on any three Counties of deputy lieutenants of any county, riding, or place, within that

ble coft and charges for

D. licuts.

part

Hautingdon. Monmouth. Westmorland, part of Great Britain called England; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Rutland, and Wales, as are conferred on 3 deputy lieutenants of any other county.

Where a fuffiappear at any **fubdivition** meeting, the clerk is to give 5 days notice of another meeting to be held

XCII. And be it enacted, That if it shall happen that cient number there shall not appear at any subdivision meeting, a sufficient to act shall not number of deputy lieutenants and justices of the peace to act. the clerk of fuch meeting thall, by notice given in writing to all the deputy lieutenants within such subdivision, or left at their respective places of abode, appoint another meeting to be held within fourteen days at the same place where such meeting had been before appointed to be held, giving at least five days notice thereof.

within 14 days after the former meeting.

Fines for not ferving are to be applied in providing lubstitutes ;

XCIII. And be it enacted, That all sums of money arifing by forfeitures paid by, or levied upon, perfons refusing to ferve in the militia personally or by substitute, shall be applied, in the first place, by any three deputy lieutenants, or by any two deputy lieutenants together with any one justice of the peace, or by any one deputy lieutenant together with any two justices of the peace, within their respective subdivisions, in providing a substitute for the person who shall have paid such penalty; and if any part of fuch penalty shall remain after such as part of the substitute shall be provided, the same shall be paid to the colonel or commanding officer of the regiment or battalion, and be applied as part of the regimental stock.

and the furplus, if any, to be applied regimental flock.

Persons liable

XCIV. And be it enacted, That every person liable to ferve in the militia, having more than one place of refidence, ing more than shall be deemed to reside only and shall serve as a militia man. within the county, riding, or place, where his name shall have been first inserted in a list, and returned as herein directed, subed torefide in, jecling him to fuch fervice; and the clerk to the subdivision and shall serve meeting to which such list shall be returned, shall, if any such person require the same, grant a certificate gratis, under his hand, that fuch person's name was inserted in such list, specifying the in the lift; and times when such lift was made and returned.

to ferve, havone place of refidence, shall be deemonly in the county where

certificates, if required, shall be granted gratis of such returns.

A general deputies, &c. within a month after the return of the rolls from the deputy (if not already) into

XCV. And be it enacted, That within one month after meeting is to the faid rolls are so returned from the deputy lieutenants and be need or the justices of the peace as aforefaid, his Majesty's lieutenant together with any two or more deputy lieutenants, and on the death or removal, or in the absence of his Majesty's lieutenant, any three or more deputy lieutenants, shall meet together, and form and order the militia for their respective counties, ridings, or places (where the fame has not already been formed and orderlieurenants to ed) into regiments, confifting, where the number of militia men form the men, will admit the fame, of twelve, but in no case of less than eight, companies of eighty men at the most, and fixty men at regiments of the leaft, of persons living as near to each other as conveniently 12 but not left can be; and shall post to each company proper officers com-

millioned and qualified aforefaid: (that is to fav) the field offi- than 3 comcers of a regiment shall be, one colonel, one lieutenant colonel, panies of to and one major; and where the number of private men shall most, and 60 amount to five companies, or to any number under eight com-men at the panies, such militia shall be formed into a battalion, with one least, and lieutenant colonel, and one major, and no other field officer; post the officers, wize, and where the number of private men shall amount to three 1 colonel, companies, or to any number under five companies, fuch militia i lieutenant shall also be formed into a battalion, with one lieutenant colonel colonel, and or major, and no other field officer: and in each regiment or i major, to or major, and no other field omeer: and in each regiment of each regi-battalion of militia, a number of captains, lieutenants, and en-ment; figns, equal to the number of companies in such regiment or and where battalion, grenadier companies excepted, wherein there shall be the number one captain and two lieutenants.

more companies, but less than 8, they are to be formed into battalions, with 1 lieut. colonel, and 1 major; and to a battalion of 3 companies, or less than 5, 1 lieut. colonel or major; and I capt. lieut. and enfign to each company, grenadier companies excepted, wherein are to be 1 captain and 2 lieutenants.

XCVI. And be it enacted, That where the militia of any Where the county, riding, or place, has been already formed and ordered, militia has his Majesty's lieutenant together with any two deputy lieute-been already nants of such county, riding, or place, shall, if the said militia ordered, they shall be then disembodied, within two months after the passing are, within this act, reform the same, according to the rules by this act pre- 2 months afscribed for the first forming and ordering the militia; and if the ter being disfame shall be embodied, then within two months after it shall to be re-formbe difembodied and returned to the respective counties. to the rules prescribed for the first forming and ordering them.

XCVII. And be it enacted, That in every county, rid- where the ing, and place, and in every city and town being a county, number of within the part of Great Britain aforesaid, where the number of men shall not private militia men shall not be sufficient to form a regiment or be sufficient to battalion, according to the intent and meaning of this act, the regiment following establishment shall take place therein; (that is to fay) or battalion; the militia of fuch counties, ridings, places, cities, and towns, they are to be shall be formed into independent companies, each company to independent confist of eighty private men at the most, and fixty private men companies at the least, with one captain, one lieutenant, and one ensign, to from 60 to 80 each company; and it shall be lawful for his Majesty, his heirs, men each, and successors, to join together any number of such independent with 1 capt. companies, and therewith to form a battalion or battalions, or 1 ensign; to incorporate them with any regiment or battalion, regiments and they may or battalions of militia, but so as the number of companies in be joined, and any fuch regiment or battalion do not exceed, or fall thort of, formed into the number of companies of which a regiment or battalion of be incorporatmilitia is herein before respectively allowed to consist.

regiment or battalion, so as the number of companies therein does not exceed, or fall thort of, the number a regiment or battalion ought to confift of.

XCVIII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, When a regi-That when any regiment or battalion of militia shall be unem-ment or bat-bodied, talion shall be

make 5 or

ed, according

unembodied, the commanding officer

badied, the colonel, or, where there is no colonel, the commanding officer, shall and may appoint a regimental clerk to fuch regiment or battalion.

may appoint a regimental clerk thereto.

The militia ed and exercised, by regiment or battalion, twice a year, 14 days each time, or once a year, for 28 days together, at the most convenient times and places; during which time all the provisions in the act for punofficers and men;

XCIX. And be it enacted, That the militia shall be is to be train- trained and exercifed in the manner following; (that is to fav) by regiment or battalion twice in a year fourteen days at each time, or once in a year for twenty eight days together, as shall be directed by his Majesty's lieutenant and any two or more deputy lieutenants, and on the death or removal, or in the absence, of his Majesty's lieutenant, by any three or more deputy lieutenants, at fuch time and place, or times and places, as shall be least inconvenient to the public, to be by them appointed at a general meeting; and that, during fuch time as the militia shall be so trained and exercised, all the provisions contained in any act of parliament which shall be then in force for the punishing mutiny and defertion, and for the better payment of the army and their quarters, shall extend to, and take place in respect of, the officers and private militia men of every regiment or battalion, but not to extend to life or limb.

ishing mutiny and desertion, not extending to life or limb, are to take place for the

who are to be civil magi-Strate, in inns, livery stables, and publick houses, application for that purpole being made by the commanding officer :

C. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for quarter'd and the mayors, bailiffs, conflables, tythingmen, headboroughs, and billeted by the other chief magillrates and officers, of cities, towns, parishes, tythings, villages, and other places, within that part of Great Britain called England, dominion of Wales, and town of Berwick upon Tweed, and in their default or absence, for any one justice of the peace inhabiting within or near any fuch city, town, parith, tything, village, or place, and for no others, and they are hereby required, to quarter and billet the officers and private men serving in the militia, at the times when they shall be called out to annual exercise, in inns, livery stables, ale-houses, victualling-houses, and all houses of persons selling brandy, strong waters, cyder, wine, or metheglin, by retail, upon application to them made by the lord lieutenant, or by the colonel or commanding officer of the militia of the county, riding, or place.

Serjeants, drummers, and fiters, are to be manner:

CI. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the mayors, bailiffs, constables, tythingmen, headboroughs, and other chief magistrates and officers of cities, towns, parishes, quarter'd and tythings, villages, and other places, within that part of Great billeted in like Britain called England, the dominion of Wales, and the town of Berwick upon Tweed, and in their default or absence, for any one justice of the peace inhabiting in or near any such city, town, provided with parith, tything, village, or place, and for no others, and they are hereby required to quarter and billet serjeants, drummers, lodgings only, and fifers, ferving in the militia, in inns, livery stables, alehouses, victualling-houses, and all houses of persons selling wine, brandy, strong waters, cyder, or metheglin, by retail, the been made for occupiers whereof are hereby required to provide for such serjeants,

but are to he convenient at fuch times as no provition that purpo'e.

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jeants, drummers, and fifers, at fuch times for which no provition has by law been made for that purpose, convenient lodgings only.

CII. And be it enacted, That the colonel or commanding A return is officer of every regiment or battalion of unembodied militia to be made to shall, and he is hereby required, as often as the regiment or the lord lieubattalion shall be called out to exercise, to return to his Majesty's state of the lieutenant of the county, riding, or place, for which such regi- regiment, &c. ment or battalion shall serve, a true state of such regiment or while unem-bodied, when

CIII. And be it enacted, That notice of the time and place, exercise. or times and places, of exercise to which the militia men of each parish, tything, or place, are to refort, shall be sent by the clerk Notice of the of the general meeting to the chief constables or other officers of the several hundreds, rapes, laths, wapentakes, or other diviercite to be fion, with directions to forward the fame to the constables, fent to the tythingmen, headboroughs, or other officers of the feveral pa-chief confrarithes, tythings, or places, within their respective hundreds, bles, to be forwarded by rapes, lathes, wapentakes, or other divisions; which constables, them to the tythingmen, headboroughs, or other parish officers, shall cause parish, &c. fuch notice to be fixed on the doors of the churches or chapels and to be afbelonging to their respective parishes, tythings, or places, or if fixed on the any place, being extraparochial, shall have no church or chapel of the respecbelonging thereto, on the door of the church or chapel of some tive parishes: parish, tything, or place, thereunto adjoining; and all such and if any militia men shall duly attend at the times and places of exercise militia man so to be appointed: and if any militia man (not labouring under disabled) negany infirmity incapacitating him) shall not appear at such time leet to appear and place, or times and places, so appointed in such notice as according to and place, or times and places, to appointed in title rather fuch notice, aforesaid, every such militia man being convicted thereof, upon such he forteits 201. oath, before one justice of the peace, shall forfeit and pay the and on nonfum of twenty pounds; and if fuch militia man shall not im-payment, is to mediately pay fuch penalty, the justice of the peace, before be committed whom fuch militia man shall be so convicted, shall, by warrant, for 6 months, commit fuch militia man to the common gaol of the county, riding, or place, where he shall have been so convicted, there to or until he remain without bail or mainprize for the space of fix months, shall have paid or until he shall have paid the penalty aforesaid.

CIV. And be it enacted, That the captain of each com- The captain pany of militia shall keep in his own custody, or leave and is to have deposit with the several serjeants belonging to his company, or the charge of with such person or persons as the said captain shall appoint for the arms, clothes, and that purpose, the arms, clothes, and accourtements, provided accourtefor his company of militia; and the churchwardens of every ments of his parish or place where the faid arms, clothes, and accourrements, company; are so deposited, or one of them, is and are hereby required to and the provide, at the expence of such parish or place, a chest, in which ens are to fuch captain, serjeant, or other person so appointed as aforesaid, provide chests shall keep the faid arms in some dry part of his house or dwell- for the sate ing, under lock and key, and another cheft in which he shall keeping keep, under lock and key, the faid clothes and accourrements;

the men return them in good order

and care is to and the ferjeant, or such other person as shall be appointed to be taken that train and discipline the men, is hereby required to take care that, after exercise, every militia man cleans and returns his arms, clothes, and accoutrements, to his captain, or to fuch after exercise, person or persons as shall be appointed as aforesaid to receive the fame.

The lord fence, may feize and remove the arms, &c. when neceffary to the publick peace;

and lodge

CV. And be it enacted, That his Majesty's lieutenant of lieut, or depu- any county, riding, or place, or, in the absence of his Majesty's ties in his ab- lieutenant, any three or more deputy lieutenants, is and are hereby authorized, by warrant under his hand and feal, or their hands and feals, to employ fuch person or persons as he or they shall think fit, to seize and remove the arms, clothes, and accoutrements, belonging to the militia, whenever his Majesty's faid lieutenant or deputy lieutenants shall adjudge it necessary to the peace of the kingdom, and to deliver the faid arms. clothes, and accourrements, into the custody of such person or persons as his Majesty's said lieutenant or deputy lieutenants shall appoint to receive the same, for the purposes of this act.

them with other persons. Persons inthe arms, &c. less for exercife, or by proper command, may for 6 months. fix months.

CVI. And be it enacted, That if any serjeant, or any other trusted with person intrusted by the captain with the custody of any arms, the custody of aloshor clothes, or accourrements belonging to the militia, shall deliver delivering out out any fuch arms, clothes, or accoutrements, unless for exerthe same, un- cising the men, or by the command of his superior officer, it may and shall be lawful for any two or more justices of the peace to commit such offender to the common gaol of the county, riding, or place, where the offence shall be committed, there to be committed remain without bail or mainprize for any time not exceeding

No pay, arms, or clothing, are to be iffued, nor adjutant or ferjeants appointed, till 3 fifths of the men and officers have and taken out missions. their commif-

CVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no pay, arms, accourrements, or clothing, shall be issued, and that no adjutant or serjeant shall be appointed, for the militia of any county, riding, or place, until it shall appear by a return figned by his Majesty's lieutenant, or on the death or removal, or in the absence, of his Majesty's lieutenant, by any three deputy lieutenants, that three fifths of the militia men of the faid county, riding, or place, have been inrolled, and been inrolled, that three fifths of the officers have taken out their com-

with an (M)

fions.

CVIII. And be it enacted, That all muskets delivered for the service of the militia shall be marked distinctly in some visithe militia are ble place with the letter M, and the name of the county, riding, to be marked or place to which they belong.

and the name of the county, &c.

Militia man clothes, or account e-3 l.

CIX. And be it enacted, That if any militia man shall sell, who shall fell, pawn, or lose, any of his arms, clothes, or accoutrements, and pawn, or lofe, shall be thereof convicted upon oath before any one justice of his arms, the peace, such militia man shall forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding three pounds; and if fuch militia man shall not immements, torfeits diately pay fuch penalty, the justice of the peace before whom fuch militia man shall be so convicted as aforesaid, shall, by war-

rant.

rant, commit fuch militia man to the house of correction for the and on nonspace of one month, and until satisfaction be made for the same; payment, is to and if he shall not be of ability to make such fatisfaction, then to the house for the space of three months: and if any militia man shall re- of correction fuse or neglect to return his arms, clothes, and accoutrements, for a month, in good order to his captain, or to such person as shall be ap- and until fa-pointed as aforesaid to receive the same, whenever demanded, tissaction be fuch militia man, being thereof convicted as aforesaid, shall, not of ability for every such offence, forfeit and pay the sum of ten shillings; to pay, he is and if such militia man shall not immediately pay such penalty, to be com-the justice of the peace before whom such militia man shall be mitted for so convicted as aforesaid, shall, by warrant, commit such militia and if he negman to the house of correction for any time not exceeding four- lest to return teen days.

order when

demanded, he forfeits to s. and on non-payment, is to be committed for any time not exceeding 14 days.

CX. And be it enacted, That if any person shall knowingly If any person and willingly buy, take in exchange, conceal, or otherwise shall knowing. receive, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this act, ly and unlaw-any arms, clothes, or accourtements belonging to the militia, fully buy, exupon any account or pretence whatfoever, the perfon fo offend- ceal, or reing, being convicted thereof, upon oath, before one or more ceive any of justice or justices of the peace, shall forfeit and pay, for every the faid arms, further or justices of the peace, than torich and pay, and cred furth offence, the furm of five pounds: and if such offender clothes, or shall not immediately pay such penalty, the justice or justices of ments, he forthe peace before whom such offender shall be so convicted as seits 51. for aforefaid, shall, by warrant under the hand and feal, or hands every such and feals, of fuch justice or justices, levy the fame by distress offence, to be levied by and fale of the offender's goods and chattles, rendering the distress and overplus (if any) on demand, after deducting the charges of fale; fuch diffress and sale, to such offender, upon whom such diffress and for want fuch diffress and sale, to such offender, upon whom such diffress, of diffress, hall have been made as aforesaid; and for want of such diffress, he may be shall commit such offender to the common gaol of the county, committed for riding, or place, where the offence shall have been committed, 3 months, or there to remain without bail or mainprize, for the space of three be publickly months, or shall cause such offender to be publickly whipped, whipt, at the at the discretion of such justice or justices.

CXI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no officer of the militia, or private militia man, shall be liable to any penalty ble to penalty or punishment, for or on account of his absence during the for absence, time he shall be going to vote at any election of a member to during the ferve in parliament, or during the time he shall be returning time of go-from such election ing to vote from fuch election.

for a member of parliament, or returning.

CXII. And be it enacted, That if the ferjeant, or other person, If the person appointed by any captain of the militia to receive and keep in intrusted with his custody the arms, clothes, and accourrements thereto be-the arms, &c. longing, shall not complain, within three days, to some neigh-shall not withbouring justice of the peace, of any militia man's not having in a days returned his arms, clothes, and accoutrements as before directed, complain to

fuch

any judice of any militia man not having duly returned the fame, he forfeits 20 8. to be levied by distress and fale.

The serieants their military orders from the adjutant, and fuperior officers; and are to re-

Non-commiffion officer being negligent in his duty, or infolent, or difobedient to his superior officer, forfeits anv fum not exceeding 30 s. and on nonbe committed for 14 days;

Chief conftaare required to be aiding the lord heutenants, deputies, and juffices, &c. in the execution of this act.

tual invation, or imminent danger thereof, or of rebellion, the King, having hift commu-

fuch ferjeant or other person appointed as aforesaid, being thereof convicted on oath before one of his Majesty's justices of the peace, shall forfeit and pay the sum of twenty shillings; which penalty, if the offender shall not immediately pay the same, shall be levied by diffress and sale of the offender's goods and chattles, by warrant under the hand and feal of the justice of the peace before whom such offender shall be so convicted as aforesaid, rendering the overplus (if any) on demand, after deducting the charges of fuch diffress and sale, to such offender, upon whom fuch diffress shall have been made as aforesaid.

CXIII. And be it enacted, That the several serieants shall reare to receive coive all their military orders, with respect to the training the militia men under their care, from the adjutant and their superior officers; and are hereby required to report, from time to time, all crimes and misdemeanors of the several militia men under their command, to their adjutant or superior officers, or to any two or more deputy lieutenants, or to fome civil magiport to them, or to a deputy firste, as the case shall require.

lieutenants, or a civil magistrate, the crimes and misdemeanors of the men.

CXIV. And be it enacted, That if anymon-commission officer shall be negligent in his duty, or infolent or disobedient to the orders of the adjutant, or other his superior officer, and be thereof convicted as aforefaid, upon the oath of the adjutant, or other superior officer, before one or more justice or justices of the peace, such non-commission officer shall forseit and pay any fum not exceeding thirty shillings, at the discretion of such justice or justices; and if such non-commission officer thall not inunediately pay fuch penalty, the justice or justices of the peace before whom such non-commission officer shall be so convicted as aforefaid, shall, by warrant, commit such non-commission officer payment, may to the house of correction for the space of sourteen days; and his Majetty's lieutenant, or the colonel or commanding officer and is hable to of the regiment or battalion, may discharge such non-commission be discharged. officer, if he shall think sit.

CXV. And be it enacted, That all chief constables, petty conbles and others stables, tythingmen, headboroughs, and other officers, of hundreds, rapes, laths, wapentakes, parishes, tythings, and places, within that part of Great Britain called England, and the domiand affilting to nion of Wales, shall, and they are hereby required to be aiding and affifting to his Majeffy's faid respective Leutenants, and their deputy lieutenants, and to the justices of the peace, and to any of them, and to all to whom any power or authority is by this act given, in the execution thereof.

CXVI. And be it enacted, That in case of actual invasion, or In case of ac- upon imminent danger thereof, or in case of rebellion, it may and shall be lawful for his Majesty, his heirs, and successors (the occasion being first communicated to parliament, if the praliament thall be then fitting, or declared in council, and notified by proclamation, if no parliament shall be then sitting or in being) to order and direct his or their lieutenants, and on their

death

death or removal, or in their absence from their respective coun-nicated the ties, ridings, or places, any three or more deputy lieutenants, occasion to with all convenient speed, to draw out and embody all the reitting, and if giments and pattalions of militia of their respective counties, not, to the ridings, or places, already raifed, and not yet embodied, or council, and herein appointed to be raised and trained, or so many of them notified the as his Majesty, his heirs, and successors, shall, in his or their same by progreat wildom, judge necessary, in such manner as shall be best may order the adapted to the circumstances of the danger; and to put the said militia to be forces under the command of such general officers as his Majesty, drawn out and his heirs, or successors, shall be pleased to appoint over them; or so many of and to direct them to be led by their respective officers into any them as he parts of this kingdom for the suppression of such invasions and shall judge rebellions: and the officers of the militia and private militia necessary; men of the regiments, battalions, and independent companies, and put them already embodied, or hereafter to be embodied, thall from the under comalready embodied, or hereafter to be embodied, shall, from the mand of getime of their being drawn out and embodied as aforefaid, and neral officers; until they shall be returned again, by order of their command- and direct ing officers, to their respective parishes or places of abode, rethem to be led main under the command of fuch general officers, and shall be of the kingintitled to the same pay as the officers and private men in his dom for the Majesty's other regiments of foot receive, and no other; and suppression of Majetty's other regiments of 100t receive, and no other, and invalions and the officers of the militia shall, during such time as aforesaid, rebellions; rank with the officers of his Majesty's other forces of equal de- and they are gree with them, as the youngest of their rank; and, during to receive pay such time, all the provisions contained in any act of parliament as the King's which now is or shall be then in force for the punishing mutiny other regiand desertion, and for the better payment of the army and their till they shall quarters, shall extend to, and take place in respect of, the officers be returned and private militia men of every such regiment, battalion, or again; and independent company of militia respectively (excepting only as the officers to such particulars as are or shall be otherwise especially provided with those of for by this or any act or acts of parliament, hereafter to be equal degree made, for regulating the militia forces within the part of Great in his Ma-Britain aforesaid) and when they shall be returned again to their jefty's other respective parishes or places of abode, they shall be under the youngest of fame orders and directions only, as they were before they were their rank; drawn out and embodied as aforefaid; and if any non-com- and are to be million officer of the militia or private militia man shall be under all the maimed or wounded in actual fervice, he shall be equally intitled provisions of the mutiny to the benefit of Chelles Holpital with any non-commillion act; excepting officer or private foldier belonging to his Majesty's other forces; where it is and his Majesty's heutenant of every such county, siding, or otherwise speplace, and on the death or removal, or in the absence of his cially provided to the death or removal, or in the absence of his cially provided to the death or removal, or place, any three when returnor more deputy lieutenants, shall issue his or their order to the ed to their chief constables or other officers of the respective hundreds, own parishes, rapes, laths, wapentakes, or other divisions, with directions to be under the forward the same immediately to the constables, tythingmen, same orders headboroughs, or other officers of the feveral parithes, tythings, and direction: and places, within their respective divisions; and such consta only, as bebles, fore they were

embodied: And any noncommissioned officer or private man being maimed or wounded in the fervice, are equally intitled, with those of his Majesty's other forces. to Chelsea Hospital. or deputies, are to iffue orders of the stables, to be forwarded to the petty constables. upon to give notice to the and any man, to appear and march. forfeits 40 l. and on nonpayment, is to be committed for 12 months, or

be publickly whipped.

In case of invalion, or imminent danger thereof, or of rebellion, the parliament if adjourned, or prorogued, above 14 days, is to be fummoned to to ut and act as

drawnout and bles, tythingmen, headboroughs, or other officers, are hereby required, upon receipt thereof, forthwith to give or leave in I writing, notice, or cause such notice to be given to the several militia men, or left at the usual places of their respective abodes within their respective parishes, tythings, or places, to attend at the time and place mentioned in fuch order; and if any milities man so ordered to be drawn out and embodied as aforesaid (not labouring under any infirmity incapacitating him to ferve as a militia man) shall not appear and march in pursuance of such order, every fuch militia man being convicted thereof, upon oath, before two or more justices of the peace, shall forfeit and pay the fum of forty pounds; and if fuch militia man shall not immediately pay such penalty, the justices of the peace, before The lord lieut. whom such militia man shall be so convicted, shall, by warrant, commit fuch militia man to the common gaol of the county, riding, or place, where he shall have been so convicted, there to embodying to remain without bail or mainprize for the space of twelve months, the chief con- or until he shall have paid the penalty aforesaid: and if any person shall harbour or conceal any militia man, not attending when ordered out into actual fervice, knowing him to be a militia man, and shall be thereof convicted upon oath, before who are there- any justice of the peace, every such person shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay the fum of five pounds, to be levied by men to attend; diffress and sale of the offender's goods and chattles, by warrant under the hand and scal of such justice, rendering the overplus, not being dif- if any, after deducting the faid penalty, and the charge of such auled, refuling distress and sale, to the party whose goods and chattles shall be fo diffrained and fold; and for want of sufficient diffress, it may and shall be lawful for such justice, and he is hereby required, to commit such offender to the house of correction for the space of two months, or to cause such offender to be publickly whip-

until payment of the penalty: And any person knowingly harbouring or concealing any militia man, abiconding when called out into actual fervice, forfeits 51. to be levied by differs and fale; and for want of diffres, he may be committed for 2 months, or

CXVII. And be it enacted, That if at any time (in case of actual invalion, or upon imminent danger thereof, or in case of rebellion) the parliament shall happen to be separated by such adjournment or prorogation as will not expire within fourteen days, it shall be lawful for his Majesty, his heirs, and successors, to iffue a proclamation for the meeting of the parliament upon fuch day as he or they shall thereby appoint, giving fourteen days notice of such appointment; and the parliament shall accordingly meet upon fuch day, and continue to fit and act in like manner to all intents and purposes, as if it had stood adjourned meet; and are or prorogued to the same day.

it adjourned, or prorogued, to the day of such meeting.

ped, at the discretion of such justice.

CXVIII. And be it enacted. That the officers of the militia and Officers and private militia men, who shall be drawn out and embodied, shall men are inti-

be intitled to pay from the day of the date of his Majesty's war- tled to pay, from the date rant for that purpofe. of the King's

warrant for their being embodied.

CXIX. And have enacted, That when any regiment or bat- When a regitalion of militia shall be drawn out and embodied, and during ment, &c. is the time they shall continue embodied, the colonel, or, where drawn out and there's no colonel, the commanding officer of such regiment or commanding battalion, shall and may appoint an agent to such regiment or officer is to

the commanding officer, shall be and is hereby made subject agent thereto, and liable to make good all deficiencies that may happen upon taking fecuaccount of the pay, clothing, or publick stock of such regiment liable to make or battalion: and fuch colonel, and, where there is no colonel, good any dethe commanding officer, shall take security from the agent so ficiencies of appointed.

pay, clothing.

CXX. And be it enacted, That when the militia of any county, flock. riding, or place, thall be ordered out into actual fervice, it shall and may be lawful for the captain of any company of militia to A captain augment his company, by incorporating, with the confent of may, with his Majesty's lieutenant, or, in the absence of his Majesty's ment his comlieutenant, with the confent of two or more of the deputy lieu-pany, when tenants, any number of persons who shall offer themselves as order dout voluntiers, and who shall appear to him to be sufficiently trained into actual fervice, with and disciplined, and provided with proper clothes, arms, and voluntiers, if accourrements, and who shall take the oath appointed to be properly diftaken by this act, and fign their confent to ferve in the militia ciplined, and for the time of such actual service, and to submit to the same provided, rules and articles of war as militia men are by this act liable to take the oath during the time of their continuing in actual fervice. and fign the rolls, and be subject to the articles of war.

appointed,

CXXI. And be it enacted, That no officer ferving in the militia Officers of the shall fit in any court martial upon the trial of any officer or fol-militia and his dier ferving in any of his Majesty's other forces; nor shall any other forces officer ferving in any of his Majesty's other forces, sit in any are not to sit court martial upon the trial of any officer or private man ferving indifcrimiin the militia.

tirds for offences committed by the different corps.

CXXII. And be it enacted, That when the militia of any Receivers gecounty, riding, or place, shall be ordered out into actual fer-neral of the vice, or shall be out in actual service, the receiver or receivers land tax are general of the land tax for such county, riding, or place, shall, captain or and he or they is and are hereby required to pay, or cause to be commanding paid, to the captain or other commanding officer of each com- officer of such pany of militia fo ordered out, or being out in service for such company county, riding, or place, one guinea for each private militia man out into actual belonging to his company, whether such militia man marched service, with the company when first drawn out, or was ordered out a guinea per afterwards to join such company, to be paid over by such cap- man for each tain or other officer to every such private militia man who belonged to his company at the time fuch militia was ordered out thereto. Vol. XXV.

whether fuch man marched with the company when first drawn out, or was afterwards.

into actual fervice, on or before the day appointed for marching; and to fuch militia man, who shall be afterwards ordered out, when he shall join his company; and such receiver or receivers general shall be allowed the same in his or their accounts.

ordered to join it; to be paid over by the captain to the men before they march; and to such as shall be afterwards order'd out, when they shall join the companies.

When the militia shall be called out to be trained. on an order from the lord lieutenant or deputy, or commanding officer, are to issuc warrants for providing fuch carriages for the use of the troops, as are order'd, with able men to drive them; and where a *i*ufficient number cannot be provided within the county, &c. the neighbouring juflices are to issue warrants for turnithing what thall be so wanted. Officer is to pay down to the constable the following rates for the use of fuch carriages, s. for every with 5 hories, or a wain with 6 oxen, 2 horfes; od. for every cart with 4 horses; and so for which a receipt is to

CXXIII. And be it enacted. That when the militia shall be called out to be trained and exercised, it may and shall be lawful for any justice of the peace of any county, riding, or place, bethe justices of ing duly thereunto required by an order from his Majesty's lieuthe peace, up- tenant, or from any deputy lieutenant of the county, riding, or place, or from the colonel or other chief commission officer upon the place of any regiment, company, or detachment of militia, to issue out his warrant, under his hand, to the chief constables of hundreds, rapes, laths, wapentakes, or divisions, or to the constables, tythingmen, headboroughs, or other officers of the parishes, tythings, or places, from, through, near, or to which any fuch regiment or company of militia men, or any detachment thereof, shall be ordered to march, requiring them to make such provision for carriages of the arms, clothes, accoutrements, powder, match, bullets, or other warlike materials, with able men to drive fuch carriages, as is and are mentioned in the faid order; but in case such sufficient carriages and men cannot be provided within any fuch county, riding, hundred, rape, lath, wapentake, division, parish, tything, or place, then the next justice or justices of the peace shall, upon such order as aforefuld being shewn unto him or them, iffue his or their warrant to the chief conflables, conflables, tythingmen, headboroughs, or other fuch officers of the next county, riding, hundred, rape, lath, wapentake, division, parish, tything, or place, for the purposes aforesaid, to make up such deficiency of carriages: and fuch lieutenant, deputy lieutenant, colonel, or other chief commission officer upon the place, who, by virtue of the aforesaid warrant from the faid justice of the peace, thall demand such carriages of such chief constable, constable, tythingman, headborough, or other officer, is and are hereby required, at the fame time, to pay down in hand to the chief constable, conflable, tythingman, headborough, or other officer, for the use of the person who shall provide such carriages and men, the mile a waggon fum of one thilling for every mile any waggon with five horses shall travel; and the sum of one shilling for every mile any wain with fix oxen, or with four oxen and two horses, shall or 4 oxen and travel; and the fum of nine pence for every mile any cart with four horses shall travel; and so in proportion for carriages drawn by a less number of horses or oxen; for which respective fums to received, the faid chief constable, constable, tythingin proportion; man, headborough, or other officer, is hereby required to give a receipt in writing to the person or persons paying the same; and fuch chief constable, constable, tythingman, headborough,

or other officer, shall order and appoint such person or persons be given him; having carria es within their respective hundreds, rapes, laths, and the con-wapentakes, parishes, tythings, or places, as they shall think order car-proper, to provide and furnish such carriages and men according riages to be to the warrant atorefald; which persons so ordered are hereby sunished acrequired to provide and furnish the same accordingly for one cordingly; day's justiney, and no more: and in case the chief constables, for one day's constables, tythingmen, headboroughs, or other officers, shall journey only a be at any charges for fuch carriages, over and above what is so and any addireceived by them of his Majesty's said lieutenant, the said deputy tional exreceived by them or his Majerry's laid neutenant, the laid deputy pences incur-lieutenant, colonel, or other chief officer, as aforefaid, fuch red thereby, overplus shall be borne by each county, riding, or place, where are to be refuch additional expence shall be incurred, and be repaid to them paid out of without fee or reward by the treasurer of each respective counting ty, riding, or place, out of the publick flock.

CXXIV. And be it enacted, That if any such chief constable, Constables, constable, tythingman, headborough, or other officer, shall wil- &c. neglectfully neglect or refuse to execute any such warrant of any justice ing their duty of the peace; or if any person appointed by such chief contable, in surnishing such carriages, such carriages, conflable, tythingman, headborough, or other officer, to provide or furnith any fuch carriage and man, shall wilfully neglect or refuse to provide the same; every such offender shall forseit a forseit not less fum not exceeding forty shillings, nor less than twenty shillings, than 208, nor to the use of the poor of the parish, tything, or place, where more than fuch offence shall be committed: and every such offence shall use of the and may be heard and determined by two justices of the peace pear; within the county, riding, or place, where such offence shall be committed; which justices shall, by warrant under their hands to be levied and feals, cause the said penalty to be levied by diffress and sale by diffress of the offender's goods and chattels, rendering the overplus (if and fale. any) on demand, after deducting the charges of fuch diffreis and fale to fuch offender, upon whom fuch diffress shall have been made as aforefaid.

CXXV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That neither the No part of militia of this kingdom, nor any corps, detachment, or draught the militia thereof, shall, on any account, be transported or carried out of may be transthe island of Great Britain.

CXXVI. And be it enacted, That all the powers given, and Provisions, provisions made by this act, with respect to the county of &c. in the Northumberland, and the militia thereof, shall in like manner act respecttake place, and be in force, with respect to the town of Berwick ing Com. Norupon Tweed, except only as to the particulars herein expressed, are to take and otherwise provided for; and that out of the persons re-place with returned in the lifts for the faid town, a number of private militia spect to Rermen shall be provided or chosen by lot to serve for the said noted upon town, in the same proportion with the private militia men ap—Tweed, except pointed to serve for the other respective hundreds, wards, and otherwise other divisions, within the said county of Northumberland; and provided for; if persons can be found within the said town and liberties there- and the numof, with such qualifications as are required for deputy lieute- ber of men to nants, and officers, within cities and towns which are counties faid town,

ported out of

is to be in proportion to the number appointed for the other within the county; and the chief magistrate is to appoint 5 deputy lieuts. if so many shall be found qualified, and officers proportionable to the quota of men; who

of themselves, the chief magistrate of the said town of Berwick upon Tweed shall appoint five deputy lieutenants, and such number of officers of the militia as shall, be proportionable to the number of militia men which the said town that raise, as their hundreds, &c. quota, towards the militia of the county of Northamierland; and the faid lieutenants and officers are hereby required to put the powers conferred by this act, for raising and training the moitia, into execution, within the faid town and liberties, subject to such penalties as are inflicted upon deputy lieutenants and officers of the militia for acting, not being duly qualified according to the directions of this act; and that the faid militia shall join the militia of the county of Northumberland, and be exercised together, and shall then, and also in time of actual service, be deemed part of the militia of the county of Northumberland, for the purpose aforesaid.

are to carry the act into execution; subject however to the penalties of non-qualification; and the men are to join, and be exercised with the militia of the county, and be deemed part thereof.

When the number of men is fettled that the Ifle of Wight is to furnish, the governor of the island is to appoint the officers: and he is to act as lords lieuts. of eounties are impowered and required; and is to appoint 5 or more deputies; who are leverally to be qualifed, and act, with respect to deputy lieutenant s and officers tor Wales; and the militia is to be raifed as in the Com. Southampton, and deemed a part thereof; and there to

CXXVII. And whereas the ordering the militia in the Isle of Wight, has always been in the governor or lieutenant governor of the faid island: and whereas, from the length of time fince the militia thereof was raised, the raising the same in manner heretofore accustomed may be attended with many difficulties; be it enacted. That after the number of persons which the said island is to furnish to the militia of the county of Southampton shall have been appointed, as by this act is directed, by his Majesty's lieutenant and the deputy lieutenants, or by the deputy lieutenants of the faid county at large, the governor of the faid island shall appoint the officers of the militia to be raised in the faid island, and shall and is hereby impowered and required to act in the execution of this act, in the same manner as his Majesty's lieutenants of counties are hereby impowered and required to act, and shall appoint five or more deputies to act with him, in and for the faid island; which deputies and officers of the militia shall be qualified in the same manner, and are hereby impowered and required to act in the execution of this act in the fame manner, and under the fame directions, proviasisprescribed sions, and penalties, as deputy lieutenants and officers of the militia, in the several counties within the dominion of Wales, are by this act subject to; and the militia of the said island shall be raised in the same manner as the militia of the county of Southampton, and shall be deemed a part of the militia of the faid county: and after the fame shall be so raised, the said governor, lieutenant governor, and deputies, shall order and direct the training and exercifing the faid militia within the faid island in the fame manner as his Majesty's lieutenants and the deputy lieutenants are by this act authorized and directed to do in any county within that part of Great Britain called England; and the be trained and militia fo raised within the said island, shall be continued and reexercised in the main within the said island as an internal defence thereof. Tame manner, and continue there as an internal defence.

CXXVIII And be it enacted, That all fines, penalties, and All fines, peforfeitures by this act imposed, the manner of recovery where-nalties, and of is not in his act impoled, the manner of recovery where names, and of is not in his act particularly provided for, shall, on proof foreitures upon oath of the offeree before any justice of the peace of the therwin dicounty, riding, or place, where the offence shall be committed, rected, are to be levied by distress and sale of the offencer's goods and chattels, he recovered by variety under the hand and seal of such justice, rendering on part of the blackgrounds of the charges o the overolus (if any) on demand, after deducting the charges offence before of fuch diffress and sale, to the offender upon whom such diff- ajustice for tress shall have been made; and where the goods and chattels the county, of such offender shall not be sufficient to answer such distress, and sale; Juch justice is hereby required to commit such offender to the and where common gaol of the county, riding, or place, where the of- fufficient difence shall have been committed, for any time not exceeding stress cannot three months: and all fines, penalties, and forfeitures, by this offender is to act imposed, the application whereof is not otherwise parti- be committed cularly provided for, shall be paid to the clerk of the regiment for 3 months; or battalion, and shall be made a common stock; and the said and where not or battalion, and shall be made a common nock, and the late otherwise di-clerk shall give a particular account thereof, as it shall arise, recled, they to the colonel or commanding officer of the regiment or batta- are to be paid lion, who shall cause butts to be erected in some convenient to the regiplace or places, and shall direct the clerk of the regiment or batta-mental clerk, lion to buy and provide, with fome part of the money fo ariling, and made a a proper quantity of gunpowder and ball, to be used at proper stock, and be times by the militia men in shooting at marks, and to apply accounted for and dispose of such other part of the money aforesaid, as he by him to the shall think reasonable, in some prize or prizes to be given to commanding fuch militia man or men as shall, by the commanding officer officer of the then present, be adjudged to be the best marksman or marksmen, regiment; and to apply the refidue thereof to other contingencies relating and are to be to the regiment or battalion.

applied in ci ccting butts,

providing powder and ball, and in prizes to the best marksinen, and to other contingencies of the regiment.

CXXIX. And be it enacted, That in all cases when any per- Where any fon shall be committed to the house of correction by virtue of person shall this act, he shall, during the time of such commitment, be to the house kept to hard labour in such house of correction. he is to be kept to hard labour there.

of correction.

CXXX. And be it enacted, That in all cases where his Ma- Lord lieuts. or the respective deputy lieutenants by them deputies, and appointed, or his Majesty's justices of the peace, are, by this justices, in all amine, hear, and determine, all witnesses tried before upon oath; which oath fuch lieutenants, them, imand justices, or any one of them, is and are powered to

hereby impowered to administer.

CXXXI. And be it enacted, That no order or conviction made witnessupon by any of his Majesty's lieutenants, or by any three or more And no order deputy lieutenants, or by any two deputy lieutenants together or conviction with any one justice of the peace, or by any one deputy lieu- which shall be tenant together with any two justices of the peace, or by any made by them

examine the

justice

shall be removed, or superfeded, by writ of certiorari.

justice or justices of the peace, by virtue of this act, shall be removed by certiorari out of the county, riding, division, place, city, or town, wherein such order was made, into any court, and that no writ or writs of certificars shall super ede execution, or other proceedings, upon any such and in pure fuance of this act; but that execution, and other iffoceedings, shall and may be had and made thereupon, any sigh write writs, or allowance thereof, notwithstanding.

Where a paor ridings than one, the &c. wherein the parish

CXXXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the rish shall be in authority aforesaid, That where any parish shall lie in more more counties counties or ridings than one, the inhabitants of fuch parith shall serve in the militia of that county or riding wherein that menshall serve church belonging to such parish is situated; and that such in the militia parish shall be deemed as part of that county, and shall be subof the county, ject to the jurisdiction and authority of the deputy lieutenants, justices of the peace, and other officers of that county or riding, church stands, to all the intents and purposes of this act. and be subject to the same jurisdiction.

The inhabi-**I**hall ferve in the militia for the north riding of York, to the fame jurifdiction.

CXXXIII. And be it enacted. That the inhabitants of the tants of Craike constablery of Craike, a parcel of the county of Durham, surrounded by the north riding county of York, thall ferve in the militia for the faid north riding; and the deputy lieutenants and justices of the peace for the said north riding, shall and are and be subject hereby impowered to act in the said constablery.

The inhabitants of Maker parish shall ferve and be

CXXXIV. And be it enacted, That the inhabitants of that part of the parish of Maker, that lies in the county of Cornwall, shall serve in, and be trained and exercised with, the militia of the county of Cormvall, and shall, to all intents and purposes, be deemed, taken, and accepted as part thereof. trained with the militia of Cornwall, and be deemed part thereof;

and those of Wokingham. with the militta of Com. Berks;

CXXXV. And be it enacted, That the inhabitants of the town and parish of Wokingham shall serve in, and be trained and exercised with, the militia of the county of Berks.

of Filey, to derve in that of the east riding of York. of Threapewood, in that of Flint; and

CXXXVI. And be it enacted, That the inhabitants of the township of Filey shall serve in the militia of the east riding of the county of York. CXXXVII. And be it enacted, That the inhabitants of Threap-

wood shall ferve in the militia of the county of Flint, and shall be trained and exercised with the militia of the parish of Worthenbury, within the faid county.

to be exercised with that of Worthenbury;

and of Saint Stamford Baron, in that of Lincoln.

CXXXVIII. And be it enacted, That the inhabitants of and Martin, called in the parish of Saint Martin, called Stamford Baron, in the suburbs of the borough and town of Stamford on the fouth fide of the waters there, called Welland, shall serve in the militia of the county of Lincoln.

The tinners in Devon and Cornwall are to be under the lord warden or the Manifolics.

CXXXIX. And be it enacted, That nothing in this act contained thall extend to the tinners in the counties of Devon and Corme il; but the lord warden of the stannaries for the time being, in purfuance of his Majesty's commission in that belials, and tuch as he shall commissionate and authorize under him,

may and That have and use the like powers, and array, affess, arm, muster and exercise, the said tinners within the said counties, an either of them, as hath been heretofore used, and according to the arcient privileges and customs of the faid

CXL. And be it enacted, That his Majesty's lieutenants Lieutenants who are or shall be commissioned for the militia of the city of for Lordon are Lardon, may and shall continue to list and levy the train bands to list and levy

and auxiliaries of the faid city, in manner as heretofore.

CXLI. And whereas the militia of the Tower Division in heretofore. the county of Middlefex, commonly known by the name of The Tower Hamlets, is, and always has been, under the command of his Majesty's constable of the Tower, or lieutenant of the Tower Hamlets, for the service and preservation of that royal fort; be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for his The constable Majesty's said constable, or lieutenant, for the time being, from of the Tower time to time to appoint his deputy lieutenants, and to give dep. lieuts. commissions to a proper number of officers to train and and officers, to discipline the militia to be raised within and for the said train and disdivision or hamlets, pursuant to an act of the thirtcenth ciplinethemiand fourteenth years of the reign of King Charles the litia of the Second, intituled, An att for ordering the forces of the sever Ilamcounties of this kingdom, and to form the same into two regi- to act 13 & 14
ments of eight companies each, in such manner as the said Car. II. which constable, or lieutenant, hath used to do; and also for defray-are to be to ming the necessary charges of trophics, and other incident expences giments of 8 of the militia of the same division or hamlets, it shall be lawful companies for his Majesty's said constable, or lieutenant, to continue to each; and he raife, in every year, the proportion of a fourth part of one is to raise no-month's affeliment of trophy money within the faid division nually, to deor hamlets, in such manner as he hath used to do by virtue fray the inciand in pursuance of the said act of the thirteenth and sourteenth dent charges years of the reign of King Charles the Second.

CXLII. And be it further enacted, 'That his Majesty's faid and appoint constable of the Tower, or lieutenant of the Tower Hamlets, shall treasurer, appoint a treasurer of the said trophy money, for receiving and paying fuch monies as shall be levied by virtue of the faid act of the thirteenth and fourteenth years of the reign of King Charles the Second; which faid treasurer shall yearly account who is to renin writing and upon oath, for the fame, to the faid lieutenant, der upon oath or his deputy lieutenants, or any three or more of them; which an account oath they shall have power to administer; and which accounts yearly, which for the same shall be certified to the justices of the peace for the fied to the faid division at their next general or quarter sessions; and that the quarter sesfaid constable, or lieutenant, shall not issue out warrants for sions; and no raising any trophy money, until the justices of the peace, or money may be the major part of them, at fuch fessions, shall have examined, accounts of stated, and allowed, the accounts of the trophy money raised, the preceding levied, and collected, for the preceding year, and certified the years are palsame under the hands and seals of four or more of such justices, fed by the juunless in case where it shall appear to such justices, that, by rea-stices;

lon

unless by the fon of the death of such treasurer, or otherwise, thich accounts death of the cannot be passed. treasurer, fuch accounts cannot be paffed.

CXLIII. And be it enacted, That the lard arden of the The ld. warden of the cinque ports, two ancient towns and their members, and in

cinque ports, and his lieuts, his absence, his lieutenant or lieutenants, may and shall make are to execute in execution within the said ports, towns, and me there, all the powers and authorities given and granted by any former therein the powers grant- act or acts, and may and shall execute and perform all and ed them by every the things therein contained, in like manner as his Maformer acts. jefty's respective lieutenants of counties, and their deputy heain like manner as the tenants, may do; and may keep up and continue the idual Ids. lieuts. number of foldiers in the faid ports, towns, and members, unand deputies less he or they find cause to lessen the same; and the multir of of counties may do; and the faid ports, towns, and members, thell temain feparate may continue from the militia of the feveral counties within which the fad theufual num- ports, towns, and members, are fituate; any thing herein conber of fuldiers tained to the contrary notwithstanding; and that it shall and therein; and may be lawful for the lord warden, or his licutement or licuthe militia tenants, in pursuance of orders from his Majesty, his heirs, thereof is to remain sepaand fucceffors, and in the manner preferibed by an act made in rate from that thirteenth and fourteenth years of the reign of King Charles the of the counties Second, intituled, An act for ordering the forces in the feweral counties of this kingdom, notwithstanding one or more months pay are fituate; and they may advanced be not reimbursed, to raise and draw out the soldiers raife and draw into actual fervice, and to cause the persons charged as by the ance of orders said act, to provide their soldiers with pay in hand, not exfrom the King, ceeding one month's pay, in tuch manner, as if all the pay conformable advanced and provided had been reimburfed; and to use the to the act of 13 like powers, and to orray, affels, and arm, muster, and ex-& 14 Car. II. the inilitia thereof, not- rants for the affestments made or to be made for railing any withstanding trophy money, and for defraving the necessary chances of the pay ad-vanced be not reimburfed; and provide the foldiers with a month's pay in hand; and may exercise the usual powers for arraying, assessing, arming, and

exerciting, &c. the men, and railing trophy money, &c. All former

militia acts are repealed, except in cales fubjected to provisions in the faid acts;

CXLIV. And be it enacted, That all former acts relating to the raising of the militia within that part of Great Britain called England, and the dominions of Wales, shall, from and after the passing this act, be, and are hereby repealed, except in fuch cases as are herein specially directed to be subject to the provisions of the faid former acts, or any of them; and the militia raised by virtue of the said former acts, shall be subject to all the same, rovisions and regulations as the militia directed to be raised by virtue of this act are subjected to.

ercise the said soldiers, and to make affestiments, and iffu wer-

trophies, and other incident expences of the militia of the faid ports, towns, and members, as hath been heretofore wed,

and according to their ancient privileges and customs; any thing

in the faid act to the contrary notwithstanding.

and nothing in thus all is to vacate any

CXLV. And be it enacted, That nothing in this act contained shall in any wife extend to annul or make void any thing

already dong in pursuance of the former acts relating to the thing done in militia forces, or any of them, or to prevent the comthe former
pieating any proceedings already commenced in pursuance of acts; or prethe faid acts.

codings commenced in pursuance thereof.

CXLVI. And whereas in the feveral counties, ridings, pursuance of pr places where the militia has been already raised, several the former ecepts have iffued for the returning lifts of the names of acts, the mieveral persons liable to serve in the militia, many of which lists raised, and have been returned, and feveral proceedings had thereon, in precepts ifpursuance of the laws for the better ordering of the militia forces fued for reof that part of Great Britain called England: and whereas it turning lifts, is necessary that some provision should be made to impower ings had the deputy heutenants and justices of the peace in their respect thereon, the tive subdivisions, and the justices of the peace in the faid se-dop lieuts. veral counties, ridings, and divisions, in that part of Great and justices are to pro-Britain called England, to proceed on such lists, and other mat-ceed, as those ters relative thereto; be it therefore enacted, That the said acts direct, in deputy lieutenants and justices of the peace may and shall con-execution of deputy lieutenants and justices of the peace may and man continue to act and put in force the several acts of parliament made all matters and things in the thirtieth, thirty first, thirty fecond, and thirty third, subsequent to years of the reign of his late Majesty, and in the first year of such precepts, the reign of his present Majesty, relating to the better ordering and the lists of the militia forces, and the pay thereof, in that part of Great returned or Britain called England, in all matters and things subsequent ed thereon; to the precepts so issued, and the lists returned or to be return- and levy the ed thereon; and that the justices of the peace of the said several fines and pecounties, ridings, and places, may and shall cause to be levied nalties incurthe fines, penalties, and forseitures, already incurred, or which account, as may be incurred, in pursuance of the said militia laws, as are those laws in and by the faid laws directed; any thing in this act to the direct. contrary notwithstanding.

CXLVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any fuit Limitation of or fuits, action or actions, shall be brought or commenced against actions. any person or persons for any thing done in pursuance of this act, the action or actions, fuit or fuits, shall be commenced within fix calendar months after the fact committed, and not afterwards; and shall be laid in the county where such action or actions, fuit or fuits, did arife, and not elsewhere; and the defendant or defendants in such suit or suits, action or General issue. actions, to be brought, may plead the general issue, and give this act, and the special matter, in evidence: and if the jury shall find for the defendant or defendants in such suit or suits, action or actions; or if the plaintiff or plaintiffs shall be nonfuited, or discontinue his or their suit or suits, action or actions, after the defendant or defendants shall have appeared; or if, upon demurrer, judgment shall be given against the plaintisf or plaintiffs; the defendant or defendants shall have treble Treble costs, and have the like remedy for the same as any defendant or defendants hath or have in other cases to recover costs by

law.

vent any pro-

'Where, in

This act to be in torce for 7 years. Anno fecundo GEORGIVIII.

CXLVIII. Provided always, and be if enacted by the authority aforefaid. That this act shall continue and be in force for the space of seven years, and from thence to the end of the then next session of parliament, and no longer.

CAP. XXI.

An act for paving, cleanfing, and lighting, the squarks, streets, and lanes, within the city and liberty of Westminster, the parishes of Saint Giles in the Fields, Saint George the Martyr, Saint George Bloomsbury, that part of the parish of Saint Andrew's Holborn which lies in the county of Middlesex, the several liberties of the Rolls and Savoy, and that part of the dutchy of Lancaster which lies in the county of Middlesex, and for preventing annoyances therein; and for other purposes therein mentioned.

Preamble.

IXTHEREAS the several squares, streets, and lanes, within the city and liberty of Westminster, the parishes of Saint Giles in the Fields, Saint George the Martyr, Saint George Bloomsbury, that part of the parish of Saint Andrew Holborn which lies in the county of Middlesex, the several liberties of the Rolls and Savoy, and that part of the dutchy of Lancaster which lies in the county of Middlesex, are in general, very ill paved and cleanfed and not duly lighted: and whereas the prefent nuthods preferibed by law for paving, cleanfing, and lighting the faid squares, streets, and lanes, are ineffectual: and whereas it would tend greatly to the benefit and fafety of the inhabitants of the faid squares, streets, and lines, and of all persons passing through the same, if the pavements thereof were properly laid and regulated, and the faid squares, streets, and lanes, kept clean, free from obstructions, and annoyances, and duly lighted: may it therefore please your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted, &c. &c.

Commissioners appointed for carrying this act into execution—15, or more, at their first meeting, to elect by ballot 20 other persons to be associated to them in the trust.—11, or more, giving 14 days notice, may fill up vacancies occasioned by the death, or refusal to act, of any of the commissioners, except of such as 21 e x officio.— Commissioners holding any office, or interested in any contract under the trust, are disqualised from acting as such.—3, or more, are to hold their first meeting at Westminster Bridge office, on the Thursday sevennight after passing the act; and they are then to adjourn, and meet afterwards; as they shall think proper. On failure of a sufficient number of commissioners at any meeting to act and adjourn, the clerk is to appoint another meeting, giving 10 days notice; or, on his death, neglect or result, a commissioners may appoint one: they are to bear their own expences at all their meetings.—Qualification of commissioners, 3001 per annum, or 10,0001. &c.—Penalty 1001 on their acting, if not qualified, and they are to prove their qualification, if prosecuted, or pay the penalty.—11, or more, at their second or any subsequent meeting may appoint one, or more clerks, treassuers, and 1cceivers; and also surveys; and such other officers as they, or any 7 or more of them, shall think necessary; taking proper security; any 7 or more of them, shall think necessary; taking proper security; and they may remove them, and appoint others. Rates to be paid to the receivers. Officers, and others, to render an account upon oath, at the tomes and in the manner, 7 or more commissioners shall direct; and pay

For.] Marko fecundo Georgii

over the moley in their hands to the order of 5 or more commissioners.—
a commissioners may administer the oath; and any person refusing to render fuch his account, or to verify the fame, or to produce and deliver up the vouchers, and paylover the ballance, &c. may be fuel, by action brought in the names of or more commillioners, or complaint may be rought against him before 2 or more justices, who are impowered to hear and determine the matter in a fummary way; and to levy by diffress and fale the honey, that shall appear to be in such persons hands; and for want of fusficient distress, to commit such offender, until he render an account and payment, or shall compound with 5 or more commissioners, and lave paid the composition, or delivered up the writings, &c. 11 or more, commissioners may appoint officers salaries, and make allowance to such others as have aided or affifted the execution of this act. -- Officers taking any fee or reward, other than their falaries, for doing their duty, or being concerned in interest in any bargain made by the commissioners for the purposes of this act, are disqualified from ever serving, or being employed under this act, and forfeit also 100 l. - Treasurer to pay over, from time to time, the monies he receives, as foon as the fame amount to goo l. into the bank, in the name of the commissioners; which is to be disposed of by an order of 5, or more, of them. --- 3, or more, commisfioners are impowered from time to time, to order any of the publick squares, streets and lanes, within the said city, being thoroughfares for wheel-carriages, &c. to be paved, altered, cleanfed, and lighted, &c .and also such gravel, stones, and other materials, to be dug out of, or brought into the same, and such artificers and workmen to be employed, and money issued; and all other acts conducive to the designs of this act, to be done, as they shall think fit .--- Clause in the act & Eliz. repealed, with respect to persons employed in consequence of this act, in paving, &c. Five, or more, commissioners may contract for the paving, cleanfing, and lighting the squares and streets, &c. giving 14 days previous notice for persons to deliver in proposals. --- Contracters for cleaning the streets may, by leave and order of two or more justices, and making satisfaction, lodge their dirt, for the accommodation of country carts, in fuch commissioners may order all works done in pursuance of this act, to be inspected by their surveyor; and where any shall be found not well and duly performed, may fue the contractors for the penalties; to be applied for the purposes of this act. - Agreement between landlord and tenant touching the paving, lighting, and cleaning the streets, not vacated by this act; but the rates made by the commissioners are to be paid in lieu thereot; and all disputes concerning such agreements are to be settled by 5 or more commissioners. — Commissioners, or persons authorized by them, may inspect and take copies of the books kept for cleaning, paving, or lighting the streets and places in London, W. stminster, or Middlefex. — Property of all materials for the purposes of this act vested in the commultioners: 3 may bring actions, or prefer indictments against any persons who shall steal any part thereos; and persons wisfally damaging the same, forfeit for the 1st offence, not exceeding 40 s. nor less than 10 s. and for the 2d and every other offence, not exceeding 31. nor less than 20 s. to be levied by distress and sale; and for want of distress, the offender to be committed to the house of correction, not exceeding two months, nor less than 10 days. --- 5 or more commissioners may sell the old materials, and apply the money to the purposes of this act. - Pavements taken up by the workmen of any of the water companies, are to be repaired by the commissioners paviour, at the expence of such company; but where any of the pipes or plugs shall be raised, sunk, or altered for the purposes of this act, the expences shall be defrayed out of the rates. --- 5 or more of the commissioners may contract with the faid companies for relaying such pavements. - Pavements taken up by the commissioners of sewers are to be relaid, at their expence, by the commissioners paviour. commissioners may contract with the commissioners of sewers for relaying such pavements. --- No alteration to be made in the form of the streets, &c. without the confent of 5 or more commissioners, on penalty of 51.

this

-5,000l. to be iffied over and above all expences of re-instating the same .and applied out of the aids granted to his Majesty for the ervice of the applied in hew paying the faid squares, streets and lanes. — Receiver to account quarterly to the commissioners, copier of the faid accounts, and of the proceedings of the commissioners, to be delivered in every sessions parliament, within 30 days after the opening. — Penalty of living affect or other annoyances in the streets, before the scavanger comes to carry away the same, is for the ist offence 5s. for the 2d 10s. and for the 3d and every other offence 20 s. - Obstruction, nuisance, or incroachment occasioned by setting out any carriages, timber, or other material, matter, or thing in the streets, &c. or by carts, &c. suffered to remain longer therein than is necessary for the loading or unloading thereof, may be removed, by order of a commissioners upon complaint thereof, at the charges, of the offender, he paying moreover a fum not exceeding 40 s. inclosure for building or repairing houses, to be made in any of the streets, &c. which shall be compleated by virtue of this act, without the consent of 3 or more commissioners, on penalty of forfeiting, not exceeding 20 s. for every 12 hours such nuisance shall remain. - A rate, not exceeding 1 s. 6 d. in the pound to be made on all houses, &c. by 5 or more commissioners, half yearly or oftener, for defraying the expences of paving, repairing, cleanfing, and lighting the fireets, to be afcertained by the poor rate of the respective parishes, and to be paid quarterly. --- Receivers authorized by an order of 3 or more commissioners, may inspect the parish books concerning their poor's-rate; and take copies thereof. -Where houses are lett out in lodgings to divers tenants, the owners are to be allessed; but the rate may be levied on the occupiers, which is to be allowed them in their rent. - Where houses, &c. shall be empty, untenanted or unoccupied, the owners are to be charged with one half of the faid rates, and the premisses are to remain a security for the arrears. Where houses, &c. are occupied by foreign ministers, or others not liable by law to pay the rates, the owners are to pay the same; and the premisses to remain a fecurity for the arrears; and an action may be brought against the owner. --- Tenants and occupiers are to pay the rates, and deduct the proportion paid on account of the owner or proprietor out of their rent. — All publick buildings, dead walls, and void spaces of ground to be rated by the square yard. - The rates for parish churches. chapels, and church yards, to be paid by the church or chapel wardens; and for other places, by the respective proprietors. --- Where the rates shall not be paid within to days after demand, the receiver by warrant of two justices, with the assistance of a constable, may levy the same, with all charges, by diffress and sale. - All the monies raised and appropriated by this act are vetted in the commissioners, to be applied for the purposes of the act only. --- Penalties and forfeitures in general to be levied by distress and sale, by warrant of a justice, and to be paid to the commisfioners treasurer. --- Ballance of money received, and not paid over at the time of the receiver's death, is to be paid by the executors of the deceafed's estate; and the receipt of 3 or more commissioners is a sufficient discharge for the same; but on nonpayment within 21 days after demanded, the treasurer may sue the executors. --- Where persons shall quit their houses, &c. before they have paid the rates, the receiver by warrant of 2 justices for Middlefex, or city and liberty of Westminster, (the same being first backed by some magistrate for the place, where the distress is to be made) may levy the rates, and all charges by diffrels and fale. --- No rate to be made upon any place, till the pavement is compleated; and all contracts before made (except between landlord and tenant) for paving, cleanfing, or lighting the streets are then to cease. Persons paying to these rates are exempted from all other charges and penalties on account thereof .foon as any rate shall be made by virtue of this act, the owners or occupiers of houses, &c. assessed thereto, are discharged from payment of like rates made in pursuance of former acts. - Inhabitants of St James's Square, being included in an act of 12 Geo. II. Lancoln's lun Fields, in an act of 8 Gee. II. and G. den Square, in an act of 24 Geo. II. are exempted out of

Anno fecundo Georgii

This act not to extend to such parts of streets, &c. as are althis act. In set into the carried or cleanfed, by any road act; nor to Deans Yard, and places adjoining to the fouth and west doors of Westminster Abbey.—Seven or more commissioners may make a new passage, or widen the old one, from *Gray Lane* into *Great Quen Street*, at the *Devil's* has; and runchale houses and ground for that purpole, &c. not exceeding 6 in number; and if they make a new one, may inclose and fell the old passage for building upon; and may pave, repair, and cleanse the same, in like manner as the squares and streets, &c. before mentioned. -- No part of the rate, or money granted by parliament, to be applied in the purchase of the said houses or ground. Persons aggrieved, where no other method of relief is appointed, may appeal to the quarter fessions within three months; giving 12 days notice of fuch appeal to the clerk of treasurer, and entering into recognizance, with security, to try the same, &c. justices to determine such appeal in a summary way, and award colts. - Diffress not to be deemed unlawful, nor the party making it a trespasser, for want of form in the proceedings; nor the party distraining a trespasser ab initio, on account of any subsequent irregularity. - Party to recover full satisfaction only for the damage, in an action on the case i but where sufficient tender shall have been made, before the action brought, the plaintiff is not to recover. Defendant, with leave, may pay money into court, &c. — Contracts and other writings not chargeable with any duty. - Orders and proceedings of the commissioners to be entered in books, and figned by the clerk; which may be produced and read in evidence. — No act of the commissioners valid, unless done at a publick meeting. — Proceedings against offenders not liable to be quashed for want of form; or removeable by certiorari. Limitation of actions. General iffue. Treble cofts.

#### CAP. XXII.

An all for the keeping regular, uniform, and annual registers, of all parish poor infants under a certain age, within the bills of mortality.

WHEREAS the keeping regular, uniform, and annual regi-Preamble. sters, of all parish poor infants under four years of age. within the bills of mortality, may be a means of preserving the lives of fuch infants; may it therefore please your Majesty, that it may A register be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most excellent book is to be Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spirievery parish,
tual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembly 1 July, bled, and by the authority of the same, That the church- 1762; wardens and overseers of the poor of every parish within the bills of mortality, or some one or more of them, shall, on or before the first day of July, in the present year one thousand That for any seven hundred and sixty two, provide, or cause to be provided, in there is a at the expence of their respective parish, one book of royal paper; workhouse, and the book belonging to fuch respective parish wherein there &c. is to be is or shall be any workhouse, hospital, or other house or place ruled and diprovided for the maintenance of the poor, shall, in every page, stinguished inbe ruled with distinct columns, and the title of each column according to shall be wrote or printed in such page, agreeable to the sche- the annexed dule hereunto annexed, marked (A); and the book belonging schedule to each respective parish wherein there is not, nor shall be, any and that where fuch work-house, hospital-house, or place, shall in every page, there is no such be ruled with distinct columns, and the title of each column workhouse, shall be wrote or printed in such page, agreeable to the schedule &c. according hereunto annexed, marked (B).

to the schedule II. And marked (B).

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All infants of age, which fuch workhouse, &c. or under the care of the churchwardens or overfeers of the poor, on the faid 1 July, able to the faid schedules; infants under the faid age. workhouse, or be under the care of the church-

The first anto commence on the faid 1 fuing; and afterwards to

At the expiyear, all in. fants underthe age aforefaid then living and not difcharged, fhall be transfert'd entry;

and be figned by the veitry churchwardeas, overfeers, witry clerk, and

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That under 4 years the faid churchwardens and overfeers of the poor, or fome one shall be in any or more of them, shall enter, or cause to be entered, in the book belonging to their respective parish, and provided in pursuance of this act, all the infants under the age of four years, which on the faid first day of July, shall be in the workhouse or work. houses, hospital or hospitals, or other house or houses, place or places, provided for the maintenance of the poor of each parishrespectively, or under the care of the said churchwardens or overfeers of the poor, with the times when they were received, their sale 1 July, fhall beenter'd names, age, and whatever description relates to them as far as . therein agree- can be traced, being agreeable to the schedules annexed.

III. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the faid first day of July, all infants under the age of as shall also all four years, who shall be brought to any work-house, or hospital house, or place provided for the maintenance of the poor. which shall be or be under the care of the faid churchwardens or overfeers of brought to the the poor in their respective parishes, or any of them, shall be, by the faid churchwardens or overfeers of the poor, or fome one or more of them, or by the direction or command of some one or more of them, entered regularly in the book aforefaid. wardens, after with the times of their admittance, and all circumstances rethe faid day. lating to them, agreeable to the titles and heads of the columns in the faid schedules mentioned and set forth.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, nual register is That the first annual register hereby intended and directed to be kept, thall commence on the faid first day of July, and shall July, and end end on the thirty first day of December ensuing; and, after that on 31 Dec. en- time, the faid annual register shall commence the first day of January, and end the thirty first day of December following.

commence on 1 Jan. and end on 31 Dec. following.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That cation of each after the expiration of each year, the names of all the infants under four years of age, then living and registered in the faid annual registers, and not discharged from being under the care of the churchwardens and overfeers of the poor, shall be transand register'd, ferred to the registers for the year ensuing, under their proper dates of reception, and under the description in which they stand in the preceding registers, previous to any further entry; to the reguler fo that each annual register shall contain a full and distinct refor the enfuing gifter of the whole number of infants under the age above-menyear, previous tioned, under the care of the parish at that time, as well as the to any further children received under the faid age, in the current year, without being intermixed or blended with the deaths or discharges of any in the preceding years.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the faid annual registers, and every of them, shall be figned within thirty days after the expiration of each respective year, by the vestry, or any five of them, and by the churchwardens, overfeers, veftry clerk, and mafter of the workhouse, for the time being; and where there is no vestry

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or vestry clerk, by the churchwardens, overseers, and master master of the of the workhouse; and where there is no master of the work, where there house, by the churchwarflens and overseers of the poor

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Infants receivthat in case any infant is received into the workhouse, or ed before bapunder the care of the faid churchwardens or overfeers of the tized, or poor, before the faid infant is baptized, or known to be bap-known to be poor, before the faid infant is paptized, or known to be paper fo, shall be tized, due care shall be taken to baptize the same within four-baptized withteen days after the reception of such infant, so that the christ-in 14 days tian and the true furname, if known, and if not known, a fur- after; name to be given by the churchwardens and overfeers of the poor, and benamed, or any one of them, be regularly entered in the faid book; and by the churchthe name and furname of fuch infant shall also be registered wardens and in the parish register of such parish: and in case of a difficulty overseers, and of distinguishing children, some proper mark shall be affixed register'd acto the child's cloaths, or hung round his or her neck. be diffinguished by affixing some mark to them.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Children That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed whose parents to extend, to fuch children whose parents receive money receive money from the parish in aid of the maintenance and support of rish towards fuch children, they not being in the workhouse or other parish their support, house.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, ed in the act. That a copy of the faid register wrote up, from time to time, Copy of the shall, every month, be laid by the vestry clerk, or other person belaid monthappointed for that purpose, before the respective vestries, or other ly before the parochial meetings affembled in vestry, that the same may be vestry; revised by them.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That and at the end the faid copy of the register being compleated at the end of the of every year, year, shall be deposited in the vestry room, or other place of a copy for the parochial meetings, to remain there for the use of the vestry-posted in the men, or other parochial meetings.

XI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, and the original That the original register book shall remain and be carefully nalis to be preferred and kept with the rest of the parish books in the hands preferred with

of the parish officers for the time being.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, and figned co-That all the respective parishes within the bills of mortality pies of the seby the hand of their veftry clerk, or, where there is no veftry veral registers clerk, by the hands of the churchwardens, or one of them, for the respective parishes shall, on or before the fifteenth day of February in every year, are to be dedeliver fair copies of their respective registers of children under livered yearly the age of four years, figned in manner hereby directed, into by 15 Peb. to the hands of the clerk of the master, wardens, and court of the clerk of affiftants of the company of parish clerks, or such person as the the company faid mafter, wardens, and court of affiftants of the faid company clerks, shall appoint, he returning a receipt for the same signed by himself. for which he

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, is to give a That the faid clerk, or other person appointed by the said receipt;

and they may

are not includ-

vestry room ; the parish

master, and is to cause

order ;

to be bound up mafter, ) wardens, and court of affiftants of the faid company, in alphabetical shall receive the said copies of registers, and cause the same to be bound in a book, collecting and ranging together the registers of the nifety seven parishes within the walls of the city of Londors those of the seventeen parishes without the walls of the city of London, those of the twenty three parishes in Middlesex and and make out Surrey, and those of the ten parishes in the city and liberty of Westminster, in alphabetical order; and in this order he shall, on or before the twenty fifth day of March in every year, make out, or cause to be made out, one general abstract of the same. XIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid.

That the faid registers of the respective parishes, together with the faid general abstract, being bound in a book together, shall remain deposited in the hands and custody of the said master, wardens, and court of assistants of the said company of

parish clerks.

XV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That the faid clerk, or other person appointed by the said master, wardens, and court of assistants of the said company of parish clerks, shall print, or cause to be printed, the faid general abstract, and deliver fix copies thereof to every vestry clerk, or to one of the churchwardens, of all the respective parishes within the bills of mortality, for the use of the parishioners and each parish, to parish officers.

the respective vestry clerks or churchwardens;

XVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That for and in confideration of the expence and trouble of receiving the faid copies of registers, making an exact abstract thereof, binding the registers and abstracts in a book to remain as a depositary of the same, printing the general abstract, distributing the copies thereof, with other contingent expences relating to the same, each parish, shall, by the hands of the vestry clerk or churchwarden, pay into the hands of the reacipt for the clerk or other person appointed by the said master, wardens, and court of affiltants of the faid company of parish clerks, the fum of fifteen shillings at the time the said copies of registers are delivered to him, he passing a receipt for the same.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, ens and others That if any churchwarden, overfeer of the poor, vestryman, clerk of the vestry, master of the workhouse, master or warden of such company of parish clerks, or any clerk of such company, or any other person or persons, shall neglect his duty as informer 40 s. directed in and by this act, such churchwarden, overseer of the poor, clerk of the vestry, or master of the workhouse, master or warden of fuch company of parish clerks, or such clerk of such company, person or persons, shall, for every offence, forto be recover- feit and pay to the informer the fum of forty shillings; to be recovered before any one of his Majesty's justices of the peace, and to be levied by diffress and fale of the goods and chattels of the offender, by virtue of a warrant under the hand and feal of fuch justice before whom the same shall be recovered, directed to any constable or other peace officer.

from thence one general abstract, by 25 March, yearly; and deposit the faid abfract bound up with the registers, with the mafter and wardens of the company; and he is to print the faid abstract, and deliver 6 copies thereof,

for all which he is to be paid by each fuch vettry clerk, or churchwarden, on delivery of the faid copies, zss. paffing a

fame.

for the use of

Churchwardneglecting their duty in the premisses, forfeit to the for every ot-

ed by diffress and fale, by warrant of a justice.

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CAP. XXIII.

An act to indemnify such as have smitted to qualify themfelves for offices and employments, and to indemnify juffices of the peace, deputy lieutenants, and officers of the militia, or others, who have omitted to register or deliver in their qualifications within the time limited by law, and for giving further time for those purposes, and for the making and filing of affidavits of articles of clerkship.

PREAMBLE, reciting the qualifying acts of 1 Geo. I. 13 Car. II. 25 Car. II. 30 Car. II. 18 Geo. II. 30 Geo. II. and 31 Geo. II. further time to the 28 Nov. 1762, allowed to persons who have omitted to qualify them-felves as the said laws direct.—Persons qualifying themselves in manner, and within the time appointed, recapacitated and indemnified.—
Offices, &c. already voided by judgment of a court, and filled up, confirmed.—None indemnified, where final judgment hath been given for the penalty incurred .- Further time to the 28 Nov. 1762. allowed for making and filing affidavits of clerkship, omitted to be made and filed in due time.

#### CAP. XXIV.

An all for importing salt from Europe into the colony of Nova Scotia in America.

HEREAS doubts have arisen, whether his Majesty's sub-Preamble. jects may lawfully import salt directly from any foreign port in Europe into the colony of Nova Scotia in America for the use of the fishery there, in like manner as is allowed for the fisheries of New England and Newfoundland, by virtue of an act of parlia-ment made in the fifteenth year of the reign of King Charles the Second: and whereas very considerable establishments have lately been made in the said colony by fishermen from different parts of his Majesty's dominions, with a view to carry on the fishery upon the adjacent banks; in order therefore to remove such doubts as aforesaid, and for the encouragement of so valuable a branch of the commerce of his Majesty's subjects, which was one principal object of the settlement of this colony, and of the encouragement given by parliament for the support of such settlement, May it please your most excellent Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the From and after lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present 1 July, 1762. parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That salt may be from and after the first day of July, one thousand seven hun-imported by dred and sixty two, it shall and may be lawful to and for any subjects from of his Majesty's subjects to carry and import falt from any part any part of of Europe into the colony of Nova Scotia in America, in British Europe into ships and vessels, manned and navigated according to the act Nova Scott of parliament made in the twelfth year of the reign of King fels, navigation Charles the Second, intituled, An act for the encouraging and according increasing of shipping and navigation; and in the same manner as act 12 Can falt may be imported from Europe into New England and New- and in life. falt may be imported from Europe into Ives England and Iveso manner as foundland, by an act mace in the fifteenth year of the reign of falt may be Vol. XXV.

Imported from the faid King Charles the Second, intituled, In act for the encouragement of trade; any law, statute, usage, or custom to the Europe into New England, contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

#### CAP. XXV.

An all for naturalizing such foreign protestants as bave ferved, or shall serve for the time therein mentioned, as officers or soldiers in his Majesty's royal American regiment, or as engineers in America.

Preamble. reciting acts . 11 Geo. II,

XX/HEREAS by an act made in the thirteenth year of the reign of his late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, " An " act for naturalizing fuch foreign protestants, and others therein "mentioned, as are fettled, or shall settle, in any of his Majesty's colonics in America;" all persons born out of the legiance of his Majesty, his heirs, and successors, who shall have inhabited and reside l, or shall inhabit or reside, for the space of seven years, or more, in any of his Majesty's colonies in America, or shall not have been ablent out of the faid colonies, for a lenger space than two months at any one time during the faid feven years, are, upon the conditions prescribed by the said act, naturalized and made partakers of all the benefits and privileges which the natural-born subjects of this realm do enjoy, other than fuch as are specificd in a proviso in the said act contained: and whereas commissions have been granted to a certainnumber of foreign protestants in America, in parsuance of a power and 29 Geo. II. given by a subsequent act of the twenty ninth year of the reign of his

late Majesty King George the second, intituled, " An act to enable " his Majesty to grant commissions to a certain number of soreign protestants, who have served abourd as officers or engineers, to act and " rank as officers or engineers in America only, under certain restric-" tions and qualifications;" which faid efficers have been very ufeful to his Majefly's service, by the raijing of a great number of men, and training them to discipline as soldiers; and whereas several of the faid officers, fince the paffing of the above recited acts, have purchased eflates in America, by which, as well as by their faithful fervices, they have given the strongest assurances of their attachment and siddity to his Majesty's government: and whereas it is just to reward the past services of the faid officers and foldiers, and to give encouragement for their future good conduct; and it is likewife expedient to add inducements to fuch foreign protestants as have settled, or may hereafter settle, in America, to engage in his Majesly's service; he it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent Majerty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons in this present parliament attembled, and by the authority of the same, That all such foreign protestants, as well officers as foldiers, who have ferved, or thall hereafter ferve, or as engineers in the royal American regiment, or as engineers in America, for and America, for the space of two years, and shall take and subscribe the oaths, 'the space of 2 and make, repeat, and subscribe the declaration appointed by an act made in the first year of the reign of his Majesty King themselves as George the First, intituled, An act for the further security of his Majelty's

Foreign protestants ferving in the royal Ameriden regiment, years, and qualitying the act Geo. L.

directs,

## Apro fecundo Gloreri III.

Majesty's person and government, and the succession of the crown in the heirs of the late princes Sophia, being protestants; and for extinguishing the ropes of the pretended prince of Wales, his open and fecret abettors; and shall, at the time of subscribing the said oaths. and making, repeating, and subscribing the said declaration, produce certificates, figned in manner directed by the above recised act of the thirteenth of his late Majesty, of their having andproducing received the facrament in some protestant and reformed con-certificates of gregation within the kingdom of Great Britain, or within some their having of the faid colonies in America, within fix months before that facrament in time, shall be deemed, adjudged, and taken to be, his Ma-fome protestjesty's natural-born subjects of this kingdom, to all intents, ant church, constructions, and purposes, as if they, and every of them, had to be deemed been or were born within this kingdom; and that no cleates, inspects; of what nature or kind foever, purchased by them, or any of and a lourthem, in any of his Majesty's colonies in America, since the cha'e made passing of the above recited act of the twenty ninth year of the by them lince palling of the above recited act of the twenty inner year of the tie passing reign of his said late Majesty, shall be liable to seizure into the act 29 Geo. IL hands of his Majesty, his heirs, or successors, or their titles declared to be thereto be otherwise impeached by reason of their having been valid. aliens at the time of their making the taid purchases; the above recited acts, or any other flatute, law, or thing whatfoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. Provided always, and he it enacted by the authority None are to be aforefaid. That nothing in this act contained shall extend, or deemed natube construed to extend, to naturalize any person or persons raised by this whatfoever, who, hy virtue of an act made in the fourth year act, who, by of the reign of his late Majesty King George the First (intituled, act 4 Gen. I. An act to explain a clause in an act made in the seventh year of the not to be intireign of her late Majesty Queen Anne, for naturalizing fereign tuled to the proteflants, which relates to the children of natural-born Subjects of benefit of the the crown of England, or of Great Britain) are declared and act of 7 Anna. enacted not to be intituled to the benefit of the faid act of the seventh year of her said Majesty's reign; but that all such perfons shall be and remain in the same state, plight, and condition, to all intents, conftructions, and purpoles whatloever, as they would have been in if this act had never been made; any thing herein contained to the contrary in any wife not-

withstanding. III. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no per- Persons natufon who shall become a natural-born subject of this kingdom ralized by this by virtue of this act, thall be thereby enabled to be of the privy act, not therecouncil, or a member of either house of parliament, or to be by capable of capable of taking, having, or enjoying, any office or place of being prive trust within the kingdoms of Great Britain or Ireland, either civil or members or military; or of having, accepting, or taking any grant from either house. the crown to himself, or to any other in trust for him, of any of parliament, lands, tenements, or hereditaments, within the kingdoms afore- or of holding faid; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any in Great Brief wise notwithstanding. wife notwithstanding.

tain or ladends

CAP. XXVI.

An all for allowing further time for invollments of deeds and wills made by papists; and for relief of protestant purchasers.

PREAMBLE reciting the acts 3 Geo. I. \_\_\_\_\_\_ 10 Geo. I. \_\_\_\_\_ and 3, 6, 9, 11, 12, 16, 19 Geo. II. 28 Geo. II. \_\_\_\_\_\_ 31 Geo. II. and 33 Geo. II. turther time given for inrolling deeds and wills of papifts, till 23th December, 1762. \_\_\_\_\_ No deed, will, or leafe, made good hereby, whereof advantage has been taken of the non-invollment thereof, before 25th December, 1761, -- Purchases made by protestants shall stand good, if no advantage has been taken for non-inrollment. --- No grant, leafe, or mortgage, of the advowson, or right of presentation to a living, &c. made by any papift in trust, &c. to be hereby deemed good.

#### CAP. XXVII.

An all for enabling the judges of the court of session in Scotland to make an adjournment of the faid court for such time, betwixt the twentieth day of December and the fifteenth day of January, yearly, as they shall judge most convenient, not exceeding twenty days.

#### CAP. XXVIII.

An act to prevent the committing of thefts and frauds by perfous navigating bum boats, and other boats, upon the river Thames.

Preamble.

X7HEREAS many ill-disposed persons, using and navigating upon the river Thames certain boats commonly called bum boats, and other veffels, under pretence of felling liquors of different forts; and also slops, tobacco, brooms, fruit, greens, gingerbread, and other such-like ware and things, to and amongst the scamen and labourers employed in and about ships, vessels, and other craft there, do frequently take occasion to cut, damage, and spoil the cordage, cables, buoys, and bucy ropes, and the headfasts and other fasts belonging to such ships, vessels, and craft, and fradulently carry away the same; likewise encourage such seamen and labourers to dispose of such cordage, cables, and bucys, and such goods, merchandizes, materials, and stores, secretly and unlawfully, whereby great loffes are sustained by merchants, and owners of such fbips, vessels, and other crast, in the said river: for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the King's most excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, From and af. and by the authority of the fame, That from and after the terthese june, twenty fourth day of June, one thousand seven hundred and fixty two, if any person or persons shall use, lett out to hire, lend, or navigate, or shall be aiding or affisting in using or navigating upon the faid river, any bum boat, or other boat, for the purpose of selling, bartering, exchanging, or exposing to fale, to and amongst the seamen and labourers employed in and about ships, vessels, and other crast, any liquors, slops, tobac-

ty62, perions wing, letting anding, or avigating, ac. bum cats, or other boats,

co, brooms, for my fruit, greens, gingerbread, or other fuch- on the river, like ware; or shall sell, barter, exchange, or expose to sale as for the purlike ware; or inali iell, barter, exchange, or expose to late as pose of selling aforesaid, any fort of liquor, or any slops, tobacco, prooms, liquors, slopes or any fruit, greens, gingerbread, or other such-like ware or tobucco. things in, from, or out of, any bum boat, or other boat (other brooms, ginthan and except fuch bum boats and other boats and veffels, as gerbread, or shall be entered in the office of the master, wardens, and as- garden ware, fistants of the guild, fraternity, or brotherhood, of the most except such glorious and undivided Trinity, and of Saint Clement in the pa- hoats as shall rish of Deptford Strond in the county of Kent, in manner herein be entered at the office of after mentioned, and shall be used and navigated for the purposes the Trinity aforefaid, in the day-time, between fun-rifing and fun-fetting house, &c. only) or if any person or persons shall take in exchange, or by and persons way of barter, or shall unlawfully receive, or procure to be detaking in exchange, or by livered to them, any ropes, cordage, tackle, apparel, furniture, way of barter, stores, materials, or any part of any cargo or loading of any or unlawfully thips or vessels in the said river, all and every such person or per-receiving, &c. fons respectively shall, upon conviction thereof before any just- any ropes, tice or justices of the peace of and within any county, city, di-goods, stoors, vision, liberty, or place adjoining to the said river, upon the or merchanoath of one or more credible person or persons, be deemed dize, of vessels guilty of a misdemeanor; and it shall and may be lawful for in the river; any person or persons to apprehend and detain all persons then being convicted herore a on board such boat, and also to seize, search, and detain, in justice shall be some place of safety, such boat, and the tackle, apparel, and deemed guilty furniture, and loading thereof; and the person and persons so of a mildeapprehended shall be (as soon as conveniently may be) conveyed the boat, with before such justice or justices of the peace as aforesaid; and those on fuch boat, with the faid tackle, apparel, furniture, and loading board, may be thereof, shall, upon such conviction as aforesaid, be forfeited seized and and disposed of as is herein after mentioned.

fons conveyed before a justice; and the boat, with her furniture and lading, upon fuch conviction shall be forfeited.

II. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from Bum boats. and after the twenty fourth day of June, one thousand seven and others, hundred and fixty two, every bum boat, or other boat whatfo- used upon the ever, used and navigated for the purposes aforesaid, upon the purposes a said river between London Bridge and the Lower Hope Point, ioresaid, are to shall be entered by the owner or owners thereof with the be entered by master, wardens, and assistants at their office at the Trinity the owners at house, in Water Lanc, London, specifying the name or names, the office of and place or places of abode of such owner or owners; to the house in war. intent that the faid master, wardens, and assistants may register ter Lane, every fuch entry, and deliver in writing to fuch owner or owners and a minevery luch entry, and deliver in writing to luch owner of owners ber thereupon a number to be marked on one or more part or parts of every is to be given fuch bum boat, or other boat; and every fuch owner or owners them, shall cause the number so delivered to be forthwith marked, to be marked, together with his, her, or their christian and surname or names, with their master, wardens, and affistants shall, from time to time, direct abode, on

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appoint, in pursuance of the authorities and directions the laid hoars, an as the Trimty herein after given for that purpole.

company thati

III. Provided also, That every time, and so often as the A fresh entry property of any such bum boat, or other boat, shall be varied is to be made, or altered the new owner or owners shall forthwith make a fresh entry of the same, and cause the number delivered in purfuance thereof to be marked on the faid boat, together with his, her, or their christian and furname or names, and place or places of abode, upon such part or parts of the said boat, and in like manner as is herein before directed, at the first entering of any fuch boat. of fuch boat shall be altered.

The faid company is to receive and regifter all fuch entries, and deliver out numbers to be marked on the boats. upon being paid 55, for the fame; and they are to make orders, &c. for afcertaining the manner in which the number and the names and abode of the owners, are to be marked on the boat, and on what part thereof the faine shall be done, and how renewed, and kept legible; which after

IV. And be it further enacted, That the faid mafter, wardens, and affiftants, thall, and they are hereby impowered and required, to receive and register every such entry in a book or roll to be provided and kept for that purpose, and to deliver out a number, in writing, to fuch owner or owners, to be marked on one or more part or parts of such boat, in such manner as shall be directed and appointed in pursuance of this act; for the registering which entry, and delivering out such number, the fum of five shillings shall be paid, and no more; and the said master, wardens, and assistants, are hereby authorized and impowered to take and receive the fame, and, from time to time, to make fuch orders, rules, and regulations, as they shall think requifite and proper, for the afcertaining the part or parts of fuch boat on which the faid number, and the names and place or places of abode of the owner or owners thereof, shall be marked, and in what manner, and of what dimensions the figure or figures and letters, composing such number, and names and place or places of abode, shall be made, and how the same shall be, from time to time, renewed, and kept fair and legible; and that all such orders, rules, and regulations, after one publication thereof in the Lendon gazette, and printed copies of the same being astixed at Irm Gate, the Hermitage,  $E_{x-}$ contion Dock, Shakwell Dock, Rother Lathe Old Stairs, Deptford, Radiiffe Cress, and Blackwall, shall be observed by, and binding upon, every owner and owners of fuch boats to entered as aforefaid.

publication in the London grzette, and copies thereof affixed at the proper places, shall be observed by the owners of such boats.

The master and wardens of the faid company, or perfons deputed by them, alfo all owners or mafters of vestels in the river, or perfons au-

V. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the faid mafter, wardens, and affiftants, or fuch person or persons as they shall from time to time depute and appoint under the feal of their corporation, and for all owners or masters of ships or vessels, either in whole or in part, in the faid river respectively, or for such person and persons as the faid owners and masters, or any seven or more of them, by writing under their hands and feals, shall, for that purpose, nominate, depute, and appoint (and which it shall be lawful for them, from time to time, to do) at any time or times from and after the two and fourth day of June, one thousand seven thousand by 7 hundred and fixty two, to stop, search, and detain, in some of them place of fafety, any boat, which there shall be reason to suspect them, has any ropes, cordage, tackle, apparel, furniture, stores, may stop and terials, or any part of any cargo or lading, stolen, or unlawful-beat suspectly procured, from or out of any ship or vessel in the said fiver; ed to have and also to apprehend and detain, or cause to be apprehended any ropes and and detained, any person or persons who may be reasonably ther matefuspected of having or conveying any such goods, stores, or rials, &c. things, in such boat; and such person or persons so apprehend- stolen, or une ded, shall be (as soon as conveniently may be) conveyed be-lawfully profore one or more justice or justices of the peace for any county, out of vessels city, division, liberty, or place, adjoining to the faid river: in the river: and if such person or persons shall not produce the party or par- and carry the ties, from whom he, she, or they, bought or received such persons sufmerchandizes, goods, stores, or things, aforesaid, or some cre-ing concerned dible person to depose, upon oath, the sale or delivery thereof, therein before or shall not give an account to the fatisfaction of such justice or a justice, justices, how he, she, or they, came by the same; that then and they not the faid person or persons so apprehended shall be deemed and factory acadjudged guilty of a misdemeanor; and such boat, with her count how tackle, apparel, furniture, and loading, shall, upon such con- they came by viction, be forfeited and disposed of as is herein after directed. the same, shall guilty of a misdemeanor; and the boat and loading, &c. shall be forfeited.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Conflables That every conitable, headborough, and beadle, and every and headles watchman (during such time as he shall be on duty) of every and watch-parish and place where he shall be an officer, shall and may apmen when on
prehend and detain, or cause to be apprehended and detained, size all ropes, all and every person and persons, who may reasonably be suf-nones, or other pected of having or carrying, or any ways conveying, any topes, cordage, tackle, apparel, furniture, flores, materials, or any part of any cargo or lading, stolen or unlawfully procured from or out of any ship or veiled in the said river Thames, and also shall and may feize and detain in some place of fafety such merchandizes, goods, stores, and things aforefaid, and shall, as soon and carry the dizes, goods, itores, and things aforeign, and man, as foon perfens con-as conveniently may be, convey, or cause the person or persons certed therefo apprehended to be conveyed before any one or more justice in before a or juffices of the peace, for any county, city, division, liberty, justice, or place, adjoining to the faid river; and if fuch person or per- and they, not fons shall not produce the party or parties from whom he, she, siving a fatifor they, bought or received the fame, or fome credible person, count how to depose upon oath the sale or delivery thereof, or shall not give they came by an account, to the fatisfaction of fach justice or justices, how the fame, he, she, or they, came by the same, that then the said person judged guilty and persons so apprehended shall be deemed and adjudged guil- of a midety of a misdemeanor.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefuld, jutices upon That it shall and may be lawful for any justice of the peace, up- information on information made to him on oath, by any credible person or on oath of a

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the concealment of ftolen goods or mer-Chandizes, may grant a fearch warand the goods thereupon found, are to be fecured : and the perfons of the house, &c. are to be brought beand they, not giving a fatisfactory account how the fame, shall be adjudged guilty of a mildemeanor.

Where perfons shall be convicted of either of the last-mentioned misdemeanors, the justice may cause the goods to be the churchwardens. &c. who are to advertise the fame, if within the bills of mortality; and if not, notice is to be given by the public so affixed on the church or chapel door, ers may come and make their claim, within 30 days; and they proving their property therein.

persons, that there is cause to suspect that way merchandizes, goods, ttores, or things (suspected to have been stolen or unlawfally come by, or taken from some ship of vessel in the faid riven) are concealed in any dwelling house, warehouse, outhouse, yard, garden, or other place, by warrant under his hand and feal, to cause every such dwelling-house, warehouse, outhouse, yard, garden, and place, to be fearched in the day time: and if any fuch merchandizes, goods, stores, or things, shall be found therein, to cause the same to be deposited and kept in some place of fafety; and also to cause the person or persons in whose house, warehouse, outhouse, yard, garden, or other place, the fame shall be found, to be brought before him, or any other justice or justices of the peace for the same county, city, divifore a justice: sion, liberty or place; and if such person or persons shall not give an account to the satisfaction of such justice or justices, how he, she, or they, came by the same, or shall not within some reasonable and convenient time, to be set by such justice or justithey came by ces, produce the party or parties of or from whom he, she, or they, bought or received the same merchandizes, goods, stores, or things, that then the person or persons in whose house, warehouse, outhouse, yard, garden, or other place, the same shall be found, shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor.

VIII. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid. That upon any person or persons being convicted of either of the said lastmentioned misdemeanors, it shall and may be lawful for such justice or justices, before whom such person or persons was or were convicted, to cause such merchandizes, goods, stores, or things, to be deposited in the custody of the churchwardens or overfeers of the poor of the place where they shall have been so first deposited as aforesaid (who are hereby required to receive deposited with the same) or in any other convenient place, for any time not exceeding thirty days; and to order fuch churchwardens and overfeers of the poor, or one of them, if the same shall happen to be in any of the parishes or places within the bills of mortality, to intert immediately an advertisement in some publick news paper; and if the same shall happen to be in any other parith or place, to cause notice to be immediately given by some publick cryer, and by affixing on the church or chapel door, a notice in writing, describing such merchandizes, goods, stores, or things, and where the fame shall have been so deposited, to cryer, and al- the end that persons having lost any such, or any reputable perfon on their behalf, may come and claim the fame, within thirty days from the time of giving and affixing fuch notice as aforethat the own. faid; and in case any person or persons do or shall, within the space of such thirty days, prove his, her, or their property in and to the faid merchandizes, goods, stores, or things, upon oath, to the fatisfaction of one or more justice or justices as aforefaid, that then fuch justice or justices shall order restitution of fuch merchandizes, goods, flores, or things, to be made to the owner or owners thereof, after paying the reasonable char-

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ges of feizing, removing, depositing, and giving publick notice the justice as aforefaid, and also reasonable compensations to the person or shall order persons giving such information as aforesaid; such charges and restitution compensations to be settled and ascertained by such justice or thereof, justices: but if at the end of the said thirty days (notice having paying reabeen given as aforefaid) no fuch proof shall be made as afore-ionable charfaid, the faid merchandizes, goods, stores, or things, shall be ges, and comfold by the churchwardens or overfeers, in whose custody the pensation to fame shall have been deposited as aforesaid, for the best price that giving inforcan reasonably be had; and after deducting the charges so set- mation; tled as aforesaid, the remainder of the money arising from such but it no such fale shall be given, one moiety thereof to the person or persons proof be fo apprehending or giving information as aforefaid (as the case goods, &c. shall be) of the party or parties guilty of the misdemeanors as shall be sold aforefaid, or either of them, and the other moiety to the poor of by the churchthe pa. in or place where such merchandizes, goods, stores, or wardens; things, fliail have been so first deposited as aforesaid. ducting the charges aforefaid, is to go, one moiety to the informer, and the other to the poor of the parish.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Persons to That every person to whom any goods, stores, or things be-whom any longing to ships or vessels shall be brought and offered to be stores or ship fold, pawned, or delivered, shall, and he or she is hereby im- goods, &c. supported to powered and required (there being reasonable cause to suspect be stolen, &c. that fuch merchandizes, goods, stores, or things were stolen, shall be offeror unlawfully come by, from or out of any ship or vessel in the ed to be sold, faid river) to apprehend, secure, and carry before a justice of pawned, or dethe peace for the county, city, division, liberty, or place, may stop the where the same shall be so brought or offered, the person or same, and carpersons so bringing or offering the same, and in the mean time ry the parties

fecure such merchandizes, goods, stores, or things; and before a juffuch person or persons so apprehended shall be dealt with, and and the goods fuch merchandizes, goods, stores, or things, shall be deposited thall be depoand disposed of in the same manner as if he, she, or they had sited and disbeen apprehended by the constable, headborough, beadle, or poted of; watchman as aforefaid.

as if they had been apprehended by the constable, &c.

X. And be it further enacted, That every person deemed and Persons adadjudged guilty of any of the misdemeanors aforesaid, shall, for judged guilty every such misdemeanor forseit, for the first offence the sum of of any of the forty shillings; for the second offence the sum of four pounds, aforesaid, forand for every subsequent offence the sum of four pounds; all teit for the it which faid respective forseitures shall and may be levied by di- offence 40s. fires and fale of the goods and chattels of every such offender and for the ad (rendering to him, her, or them the overplus, after charges of sequent of the faid diffress and sale deducted) by warrant under the hand sence 41. to be and feal, or hands and feals, of any one or more of fuch juf-levied by tice or justices before whom such offender was convicted; which fale; forseiture shall be paid, one moiety thereof to the person appre- one moiety to hending such offender or offenders, or giving information as go to the apthe case shall be, and the other moiety thereof to the said ma- prehender or

ney, after de-

and the parties dealt with

fter, informer,

and wardens of the Trinity House for the ule of their or diffress, the offender to be committed, fence one month; for the 2d two

and the other ster, wardens, and affistants of the said corporation, to be dito the master stributed among the poor decayed seamen and their widows, under the care of the faid corporation; and if the faid respective forseitures shall not be paid, nor sufficient distress shall be found wherein to levy the same, then the said justice or justices shall and may commit every such offender so convicted as aforesaid to and for want the common gaol or other prison or house of correction within his or their jurisdiction, without bail or mainprize, for the space of one month for the first offence, and for the second offence for for the 1st of- the space of two months, and for every subsequent offence, until such offender shall be discharged by order of the court of general or quarter fessions. months; and for every other offence, till discharged by order of the court of sessions.

Convictions to the next quarter lessions. and filed there.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every conviction of any be certified to offender in any of the faid misdemeanors shall be certified by the justice or justices of the peace making the same, to the next general or quarter session of the peace, to be filed and entered amongst the records of the said session; and that such conviction shall and may be drawn up on parchment, and certified as follows (that is to fay)

Form of conviction.

Middlefex, { BE it remembered, That on the Day of to wit, in the year A.B. was convicted before of the justices of the peace for the county, city, division, liberty, or place aforesaid (as the case shall be) of a mildemeanor in one or more of the inflances before mentioned, specifying the same particularly in the words by which the same is or are described in and by this act, or in any other form of words to the like effect.

Given under hand and feal the day and year aforefaid.

Conviction not to be quash'd for want of form; nor temoverari.

Persons con. victed of knowingly buying or recciving stolen goods from vestels in the river ; ly buying or receiving at any time any fuch goods clandestinely,

Which said conviction, in the same or the like form of words, thall be good and effectual in law, to all intents and purpofes, and shall not be quashed, set aside, or be adjudged void or infusficient for want of any other form or words whatsoever; nor able by Certio- be liable to be removed by Certiorari into his Majesty's court of King's Bench, but shall be deemed and taken to be final, to all intents and purposes whatfoever.

XII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from and after the twenty fourth day of June, one thoufand seven hundred and fixty two, every person who shall buy or receive any part of the cargo or loading of, or any goods, stores, or things, of or belonging to, any ship or vessel in the said river, knowing the fame to be stolen or unlawfully come by; or shall privately buy or receive any such goods, stores, or or of private- things, or any part of fuch cargo or loading, by suffering any door, window, or shutter to be left open or unfastened between fun-fetting and fun-rifing for that purpose, or shall buy or receive the same, or any of them, at any time, in any clandestine manner, from any person or persons whomsoever, shall, being thereof convicted by due course of law (although the principal felon or felons, offender or offenders, has or have not been convicted of stealing or unlawfully procuring the the fame) be transported for fourteen years to any of his Maje- or by suffering fly's colonies or plantations in America, according to the laws in any door, window, or flutforce for the transportation of felons.

be left open or unfastened for that purpose; shall be transported for us years.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Persons con-That if any person or persons shall cut, damage, or spoil, any victed of cut-cordage, cable, buoys, buoy-rope, head-sast, or other sast, six-ing or spoil-ed to any anchor or moorings belonging to any ship or vessel at age, cable, anchor or moorings in the river Thames, or any rope used for buoys, buoythe purpole of mooring or rafting masts or timber, or shall be ropes, headaiding or affifting therein, with an intent to fteal the same; falt, or other fuch person or persons shall, being convicted thereof on the oath of vessels, at of two or more credible witnesses, be transported to some of his anchor or Majesty's plantations in America for the space of seven years, moorings, in according to the laws now in force for the transportation of the river, with felons.

be transported, together with their aiders therein, for seven years.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Any person That if any person being out of prison, shall, after the twenty out of prison fourth day of June, one thousand seven hundred and sixty two, stealing or unby flealing, or unlawfully receiving, any part of any cargo or lawfully relading of, or any goods, stores, or things belonging to, or out ceiving goods of, or from, any thip or veffel in the faid river, and thall after- or merchanwards discover two or more persons who shall have bought or vessel in the received any stolen or unlawfully procured goods, stores, or river, things, or any part of any cargo or lading of, or belonging to, who shall dis-or by, from or out of, any thip or vessel in the said liver, as vict two o-ter the twenty fourth day of June, one thousand seven hundred there of the and fixty two, knowing the fame to be flolen or unlawfully like offence, procured, fo as two or more of the persons discovered shall be convicted of fuch buying or receiving; every person so discovering, thall have and be intituled to the gracious pardon of his shall be in-Majerty, his heirs and successors, for all such felonies by him Majerty's or her committed at any time or times before such discovery pardon. made; which pardon shall be likewife a bar to any appeal brought for fach felony.

XV. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if Persons rowafter the publication of any fuch orders, rules, and regulations, ing or naviafter the publication of any luch orders, rules, and regulations, gating such by the said master, wardens, and affistants, any person or per-boats, not befons shall row or navigate, within the limits aforefaid, any such ing entered. boat as is herein before directed to be entered, marked, and marked, and numbered, not being fo entered, marked and numbered, as numbered acaforesaid; or having a false mark or number, or not hav-cording to the ing the real name or names, and places of abode of the own-Trinity comer or owners of fuch boat inscribed thereon, or not having pany; or havfuch names and figures kept fair and legible, in fuch manner as ing a falle or shall have been directed and required, from time to time, by fictitious number or fuch orders, rules, and regulations; in each of the cases afore- mark, faid, every fuch person, being thereof convicted before one or forfest, on more justice or justices of the peace of any county, city, divi-conviction befion, liberty, or place, near or adjoining to the faid river, up-fore a juffice,

ter at night to

the fame, shall

on 40 S.

One moiety to the informer, and the other to the Trinity company for the ule of their poor. Upon discovery of fuch offence, the boat and tackle, &c. may be feized, and within information is to be given to a justice, who is to hear and determine thereupon. It the forfeiture be not paid within 24 hours, the same thall be raised by fale of the boat, &c. the justice.

Upon complaint to the mafter and company, of any thefts or illegal practices being carboat, or fulpected to be carried on, they may fumand inquire into fuch complaint in a and, on conany boat of his for the fu ture.

Where, on conviction.

on his or her own confession, or the oath of one or more credible person or persons, shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay the fum of forty shillings; one moiety whereof to be paid to the person or persons who shall give information of, and profecute to conviction, such offender or offenders as aforesaid, and the other moiety to the faid master, wardens, and assistants of the faid corporation, to be applied by them as aforefaid: and it shall and may be lawful for any person or persons, upon discovery of any such offence or offences, to seize and detain any fuch boat, with all the tackle, apparel, and furniture thereunto belonging; and shall thereupon, within the space of forty eight hours after such seizure made, give information thereof, 48 hours after and of the nature of the offence, to any one or more justice or justices of the peace as aforesaid, who shall proceed to hear, and thall determine, as foon as conveniently may be, upon fuch information; and if such forfeiture shall not be paid within the space of twenty four hours after conviction, then the same shall be raifed by fale of the faid boat, and her tackle and appurtenances; and every justice of the peace, within his jurisdiction, is hereby authorized and required to iffue his warrant under his hand and feal, directed to the conftable, or some other peace officer of the parish or place in which such boat, so seized as aforesaid, shall be detained, to cause sale to be made thereof, and all her tackle and appurtenances, with all convenient speed, for raising the money forseited for the said offence as asoresaid, by warrant of rendering to the offender or offenders the overplus (if any there shall be) after deducting the charges of detaining and selling fuch boat.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the faid mafter, wardens, and affiftants, shall and may, wardens of the and they are hereby authorifed and required, on any complaint to be made to them by any credible person or persons, of any thefts, robberies, frauds, or other illegal practices being carried on, or reasonably suspected to be carried on, in any boat so to be numried on in any bered and marked as aforefaid, to summon the owner or owners thereof to appear before them, or any five or more of them, at the Trinity House in Water Lane, or other usual place of meeting appointed or to be appointed, at fuch time as they shall mon the own appoint; at which time and place the faid master, wardens, er to appear, and affiftants, or any five or more of them, shall inquire into the faid complaint in a fummary way; and in case the said complaint shall be proved to their fatisfaction, and they shall for fummary way; think fit, they the faid master, wardens, and assistants, or any five or more of them, being a majority of the members then viction, may present, may thereupon take away and totally abolish the said number, and number to given to the faid boat as aforefaid; and also may, for refuse to enter the suture, refuse to enter, as before directed, any boat of or belonging to fuch owner or owners; any thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVII. And he it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That where any perion or perions thall be convicted of any offence

against

Exind this act, by which is incurred the forfeiture of any boat, the forfeiture with her tackle and appurtenances, and concerning which, af of a boat, &c. with her tackle and appurtenances, and concerning which, at is incurred, ter such conviction, no provision is hereby made, it shall and and no furmay be lawful to and for fuch justice or justices of the peace, ther provision before whom such conviction shall be had, or any other justice made conceror justices of the peace of and for any county, city, division; ning the same, liberty, or place, adjoining to the said river Thames, on convict the justice by his warrant, tion had, and they are hereby respectively authorized and re-may order the quired, to cause such boat with her tackle and appurtenances, same to be to be totally burnt and destroyed, within fix days next after burnt within 6 such conviction as aforefaid, by warrant under the hand and days. feal, or hands and feals of fuch justice or justices, directed to the constable or other peace officer of the parish or place adjoining to the said river, or where such conviction shall be had; which faid constable, or other peace officer, shall thereupon cause such boat, tackle, and appurtenances, to be so burnt and destroyed, within the time aforesaid.

XVIII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it Any persons shall and may be lawful for any person or persons, by the au-may apprethority of this act, and without any other warrant, to apprehend anoffender or offenders committing any of the offences der, herein before mentioned, and intended by this act to be redressed, and, with all convenient speed, to convey or deliver and deliver every fuch offender or offenders to a constable or some other him over to a peace officer of the county, city, division, liberty, or place, in constable, or near to which the offence shall be committed, or the offender or offenders shall be apprehended, in order to be conveyed to be carried before some justice of the peace of such county, city, liberty, or before a jusplace, there to be dealt with according to law.

XIX. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in Persons obcase any person or persons acting in the execution of any of the structing the powers granted by this act, shall be obstructed therein, every execution of person so obstructing, and all such as shall act in their assistance, this act, being convicted at shall, on being thereof convicted before the justices of the peace, the quarter at the general or quarter session of the county or city adjoining sessions, to the faid river, upon the oath of two or more credible per- shall be transfons, be transported to any of his Majesty's plantations in A- ported for 7 merica, for the space of seven years according to the law or years. laws now in force for the transportation of feions.

XX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Any member That in all actions, fuits, trials, and other proceedings, which of the corposhall or may be had in pursuance of this act, or in relation to lation, or inany matter or thing herein contained, any member of the faid the place, corporation, or any inhabitant of the parish, town, or place, in where the ofwhich any offence shall be committed, contrary to the true in- sence is comtent and meaning of this act, or wherein any conviction shall mitted, may be made pursuant hereto, shall be admitted to give evidence, to give eviand shall be deemed a competent witness, notwithstanding his dence. being fuch member of the faid corporation, or his or her being Much inhabitant as aforesaid.

Juftices to adgratis.

XXI. And be it also enacted by the authority aforesaid. That minister oaths in all cases where an oath is by this act directed to be taken by any person or persons, it shall and may be lawful for any one or more justice or justices of the peace within the county, city, diyision, liberty, or place where the matter to be sworn to shall arife, and he and they is and are respectively hereby authorized and required to administer the fame, without fee or reward.

Limitation of **ac**tions.

XXII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if any action or fuit shall be commenced or brought against any justice or justices of the peace, or the said master. wardens, and affiftants, or any of them, or other officer or person whatsoever, acting in the execution of any of the powers in them hereby vested, for doing, or causing to be done, any thing in pursuance of this act, concerning any of the said offences, the fame shall be laid in the county of Middlesex or city of London, and not elsewhere; and shall be commenced within fix months next after such cause of action accrued; and the defendant or defendants therein may plead the general iffue, and give this act, and the special matter, in evidence, at any trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the authority of this act: and if it shall appear so to have been done, or that fuch action or fuit was brought after the time before limited, or in any other place; that then the jury shall find for the defendant or defendants; and if upon such aczion a verdict shall be given for the defendant or defendants; or if the plaintiff or plaintiffs thall become nonfuited, or difcontinue his, her, or their action or fuit, after the defendant or defendants shall have appeared; or if, upon demurrer, judgment shall be given against the plaintiff or plaintiffs, then the defendant or defendants shall and may recover treble costs, and have fuch remedy for the fame, as any defendant or defendants

General issue.

Treble cofts.

Publick act.

hath or have in any case by law. XXII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That this act shall be deemed, adjudged, and taken to be a public act: and he judicially taken notice of as such, by all judges, justices, and other persons whomsoever, without the fame being specially pleaded.

#### CAP. XXIX.

An all to amend so much of an all made in the first year of the reign of King James the first, intituled, An act for the better execution of the intent and meaning of former statutes made against shooting in guns, and for the preservation of the game of pheasants and partridges, and against the destroying of hares with hare pipes, and tracing hares in the fnow; as relates to the preservation of bouse doves and pidgeons, by making the

manner

1761.1 Anno, fecundo Georgii III. C. 29.

manner of convicting such person or persons as shall offend therein, more east and expeditious.

HEREAS by an act made in the first year of the reign of his Preamble, re-Majefly King James the First intituled, "An act for the better iting clause esecution of the intent and meaning of former statutes made against in the act spooting in guns, and for the preservation of the game of pheasures lac. Lac. and partridges, and against the destroying of hares with hare pipes, and tracing haves in the snow; it is among to other things therein enacted. That all and every person and persons who shall kill or destroy any house dove or pidgeon, and shall be thereof convicted by the confession of the party, or by the testimony of two sufficient witnesses, upon oath before two or more justices of the peace, of the county, city, or town, corporate, wherein the offence shall be committed, or the parties apprehended, juch juffices shall commit every fuch offender so apprehended, to the common good of the faid county, city, or town corporate, where the offence shall be committed, or the party apprehended, there to remain for three months without bail or mainterese, unless that the faid effender do or shall forthwith upon the faid conviction pay, or cause to be paid, to the churchwardens of the faid parish where the faid offence shall be committed, or the party apprahended, to the use of the poor of the faid parish, the sum of twenty shillings for every house dove or pidgeon which every such person or persons, so offending and convicted as aforefaid, shall take, kill, or willingly destroy, contrary to the true purport and true meaning of that act; or after one month after his commitment, together with two sufficient sureties, become bound by recognizance in the fum of twenty pounds apiece, to the King's Majesty's use, his heirs, and successors, with condition that he the faid party so offending, shall not at any time thereafter shoot at. kill, take, or destroy, any house dove or pidgeon, by any such means as in the said act are mentioned; which said recognizance shall be taken by any two or more justices of peace, of the said county, city, or town corporate, where the offender shall be so imprisoned as aforesaid, and shall be returned to the then next quarter selsions, and there to remain of record as other recognizances taken for the peace, as by the faid in part recited act, relation for greater certainty being thereunto hal, may more fully appear: and whereas the method of convicting offenders against the above recited and, hath hitherto been found, in a great degree, ineffectual, to answer the good intentions of the find act: therefore for more speedy convicting and punishing persons who shall be guilty of the faid mischievous practice of wilfully killing or destroying bouse doves or pidgeons, belonging to other persons; may it please your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present After 24 June. parliament affembled, and by the authority of the fame, That 1762, any perafter the twenty fourth day of June, one thousand seven hun-son who shall dred and fixty two, if any person or persons shall shoot at, with at, or destroy an intent to kill, or shall by any means whatever, kill or take any house with a wilful intent to deltroy, any house dove or pidgeon, and doves or pidshall be thereof convicted by the confession of the party offend- geons belonging, or the oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, ing to other

betore Persons,

shall forfeit. on conviction, 20s. to the profecutor: and if not **forthwith** oaid. he may be committed, and kept to hard labour for any time Month, unless the forfeiture be sooner paid.

The owners built for the ed by them, excepted.

Offender is liable only to one conviction for the same offence; and profecucommenced, and carried on with effect, within two months after the offence; and where persons suffer imprisonment, they are not liable afterwards to pay the

before one or more justice or justices of the peace of the county, city, town corporate, division, riding, place (which oath such justice or justices are hereby authorized to administer) wherein any fuch offence or offences shall be committed, or the party or parties offending shall be apprehended, every person so offending, and who shall be convicted as aforesaid of any such onence, shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay the sum of twenty shillings, to the person or persons who shall inform against, and prosecute to conviction, any such offender or offenders; and in case the money so forfeited shall not be forthwith paid on every fuch conviction, it shall and may be lawful for such justice or justices to commit any such offender or offenders, who shall be so convicted as aforesaid, to the common gaol of the county, or the house of correction in the division or not exceeding place where the party is convicted or apprehended, there to re-3, nor less than main and be kept to hard labour for any time not exceeding three calendar months, nor less than one calendar month, as any fuch justice or justices shall order, unless the money forfeited shall be sooner paid.

II. Provided always, and it is hereby also enacted. That of dove cotes, nothing in this act contained shall be construed, deemed, or or other places taken, to hinder any owner of a dove cote, pidgeon house, pidgeon chamber, or any other place, built up or erected, or or breeding of to be built up or erected, for the preservation or breeding of pidgeons, and pidgeons, from taking, killing, or destroying, by himself, or those appoint- any other person by him appointed or authorized for that purpole, all or any house doves, or pidgeons, which shall at any time be taken in the proper dove cote, pidgeon house, pidgeon chamber, or any other place, as aforefaid, for the prefervation or breeding of pidgeons of any owner of fuch dove cote, pidgeon house, pidgeon chamber or other place.

III. Provided further, and it is hereby also enacted, That no person who shall be convicted of any offence against this act, thall be liable to be convicted for any fuch offence under any former or other act; and that no person shall be prosecuted for any offence against this act, unless the prosecution for the same tions are to be shall be commenced and carried on with effect within the space of two calendar months after every fuch offence shall be committed; and that where any person shall suffer imprisonment for

default of payment of any penalty imposed under this act, such person shall not be liable afterwards to pay such penalty.

CAP. XXX.

An all for enlarging and improving the north east avenue of London Bridge.

Preamble, reciting clause in act 29 Geo. II.

penalty.

XTHEREAS by an act made in the twenty ninth year of the reign of his late Majelly King George the Second, intituled, " An act to improve, widen, and enlarge, the passage over and "through London Bridge," the mayor, aldermen, and commons, of the

# 1961.] Anno fecundo George III. C. 30.

the city of London, in common council assembled, were impowered to make such purchases, and buildings, standing or being on he faid bridge, or contiguous or adjoining thereto, as they should judge necessary, for the enlargement and improvement of the passage over, and be avenues leading to and from, the said bridge: and whereas the said mayor, aidermen, and commons, of the said city, have proceeded in the execution of the powers granted by the said out and the paffage over the faid bridge is already, on the eastern side thereof, secured by a proper and uniform balustrade, which, in order to avoid the waterworks of London Bridge, and preserve, with regularity, the connexion of the passage of the said bridge with Fishfreet hill, ranges northward upon the parish church of the united parishes of Saint Magnus and Saint Margaret New Fishstreet. London, at the north cast avenue of the said bridge, almost in a line with the arch of the tower or sleeple of the said church, which forms a spacious passage through the said tower from north to south; and whereas the good ends and purposes of the faid act cannot be answered; unless the five or ground of the said parish church, on the north and fouth fides of the faid tower, is, with the faid paffage through the fame, laid into the north east avenue of the faid bridge: but in regard the alteration aforefaid cannot be made without the authority of parliament. may it please your most excellent Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted &c. &c.

The ground on the North and South fides of the tower of St. Magnus churche New-fift freet, with a passage through the tower from North to South, is vested in the city of London for the enlargement of the North East avenue of London bridge; and so much of the fabrick of the said church is to be taken down and removed, as shall be necessary for that purpose, and the city is there-upon to rebuild in a suitable manner the Western walls of the church, in a line with the East fide of the faid tower; and also all other works within the body of the church, and without, necessary to the safety and ornament of the tower; and all injuries occasioned thereby are to be repaired and - The great Western doors of the church are to be remade good moved and placed on the East side of the tower, and the same passage to be preserved for the public Western entrance into the church; and the ground laid into the North-East avenue of the bridge may be used as a cemetery; but the pavement broken up on that account is to be relaid by the church wardens. - The city is also to build a commodious vestryroom, and engine-house in the church yard. And the materials of such part of the sabrick as shall be taken down, are vested in the city; and what shall be found proper, may be employed in the works; and the rest is to be sold; and the money paid over to the church wardens for the sustentation of the said works, &c. — And the city is to pay, by way of compensation, 13l. per annum, chargeable on the Bridge-house eflates, to be paid half yearly, viz 5!, thereof to the rector; and 8!, to the church wardens for the fullentation of the faid works, &c. to commence on 29th Sep. 1762. — charges of this act to be paid out of the money granted by parliament for improving the bridge. Powers, &c. in the recited act of 29 Geo. II. and 31 Geo. II. extended in all applicable cases to this act. Limitation of actions, general issue, treble costs, public act.

### CAP. XXXI. &

An at! for making perpetual an att for the better regulation and government of seamen in the merchants service; and for extending the provisions thereof to his Majesty's colonies in America.

Preamble.

MEREAS the law herein after mentioned, which hath by experience, been found useful and beneficial, is near expiring, may it therefore please your most excellent Mujesty, that it may be enaffed; and be it enacted by the King's most excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That an act made in the se-Act of 2 Geo. cond year of his late Majesty's reign, intituled, " An act for " the b.tter regulation and government of feamen in the merchants " /crave," which was to be in force for five years, from the twenty rourth day of June, one thousand seven hundred and twenty nine, and from thence to the end of the then next fession of parliament; and which act was, by an act made in the eighth year of the reign of his faid late Majetly, further continued until the twenty fifth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and forty nine, and from thence to the end of the then next fession of parliament; and which act was, by an act made in the twenty third year of the reign of his faid late Majesty, surther continued until the twenty fifth day of March, one thousand feven hundred and fixty four, and from thence to the end of the then next fellion of parliament, is temporary, and near expiring; shall be, and is hereby, made perpetual.

continued by ieveral tubiequent acts, is made perpetual.

II which was

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That From and atfrom and after the first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and fixty four, all the provisions, penalties, clauses, matters, and things, contained in the faid act of the fecond year of his faid late Majesty's reign, shall be, and the same are hereby, extended to all his Majesty's colonics in America; and that all penalties and forfeitures to be incurred by the faid act, and directed to be applied to and for the use of Greenwich hespital, shall be paid to fuch officer or officers in the faid colonies, as shall on that behalf be appointed by the lord high admiral of Great Bri-America; and t.m, or the commissioners for executing the office of lord high the tortestures admiral of Great Britain for the time being: and in case any mafters or commanders, or owners, of any thips or vetfels thall hospital are to deduct out of the wages of any teaman or mariner any of the be paid there penalties and forfeitures which, by the faid act, are directed to be deducted and applied to and for the use of Greenwich hospital, continued by and shall not pay the money so deducted to such officer or officers the admiralty; and mainton pay the money to deducted to the additional swhere and matters of fo to be appointed in the port or place in the faid tolonies where thips deduct- fuch deduction shall be made, within three months after such ing any of the deduction, every person so neglecting to pay the money deducted faultoricitures as aforefaid, thall forfeit and pay the treble value thereof to the use of the said hospital; which, together with the money doducted

ter I May, 1764, all the provitions, penaltics, matters, and things, in the faid act of 2 Geo. II. are extended to his Majeffy's colonies in applicable to Greenwich to the officer feamens wages,

and not duly paying over the fame, forfeit treble the value to the use of the saidhospital,

year one thousand feven hundred and fifty seven; and also the sum 80,0001. reof eighty thousand sounds, remaining in the receipt of the ex- maining unchaquer, which was granted to his late Majesty, in the year one applied of the money grantone thousand seven hundred and fixty, upon account, t defraying the charge of pay and cloathing for the unem militia, fer the year ended the twenty fifth day of Marc. thousand seven hundred and fixty one; and also the sum venty thousand pounds, remaining in the receipt of the quer, which was granted to his Majesty in the last session of par- and 70,000s. liament, upon account, towards defraying the charge of the remuning alpay of the militia of that part of Great Britain called England, of the money when unembodied, and of the cloathing of the part of the granted in the faid militia then unembodied, for one year, beginning the twen- year 1761, for ty fifth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and fixty one; the like purand also the sum of seventy three thousand six hundred and se-poses; venty eight pounds, remaining in the receipt of the exchequer, furplus in the being the furplus of the feveral duties on malt, established by excheques of an act made in the thirty third year of the reign of his late Ma- the duties on jeily, for paying annuities granted in the year one thousand se- malt, to 5 ven hundred and fixty, after fatisfying all charges and incumbrances thereupon, to the fifth day of January, one thousand feven hundred and fixty two, shall and may be, in like manner, iffued and applied at the faid receipt, for and towards the faid fupply.

111. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That Clause of loan in case the said commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, or any for raising the atoretaid ium three or more of them now being, or the high treasurer, or any of 1,009,21/1. three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time 25, 8d, 2q. being, thall think it adviscable to raise the said tum of one million nine thousand two hundred seventeen pounds, two thillings, and eight pence halfpenny, or any part thereof, by loans or exchequer bills, in manner herein after-mentioned, that it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or persons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, to advance or lend to his Majesty, at the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer, any sum or fums of money not exceeding the faid fum of one million time thousand two hundred seventeen pounds, two shillings, and eight pence halfpenny, upon the credit of the faid furpluties, excesses, and overplus monies, or other revenues composing the finking fund, and to have and receive interest for the forbearance of the money lent, fo as fuch loans be allowed to be made by the faid commissioners of the treatury, or any three or more of them now being, or the high treafurer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, who are hereby authorized to iffue their warrants for that purpole, as fast as such loans shall be wanted for the public service; and moreover that no money to be lent upon the feculity of this act, thall be rated or affeffed to any tax or afferiment what oever.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all and every person or Tailies of persons who shall lend any money upon the credit of this act as low may be aforesaid, and pay the same into the receipt of the exchequer, same, N 4 shall

ed in the year, 1760, towards pay and cioathing of

died mibria; fo un specied and 73,6781.

Orders to be

shall immediately have a tally of loan strucks of the same, and in order for his, her, or their repayment, buring the same dates with his, her, or their tally, in or upon which order shall be also contained a warrant for payment of interest for the forbearance thereof, and to be paid every three months, until the repayment of the principal; and all fuch orders for repayment of regit regit , fo to be lent, shall be registered in course, according paid in course to the lates respectively; and that all and every person and perfons shall be paid in course, according as their orders shall stand registered in the said register books, so as the person or persons, natives of foreigners, his, her, or their executors, administrators, or affigns, who shall have his, her, or their order or orders first entered in the faid books of register, shall be taken and accounted to be the first person or persons to be paid out of the said surplusses, excesses, or other revenues; and he, she, or they, who thall have his, her, or their order or orders next entered, shall be taken and accounted to be the second person to be paid, and fo fuccessively and in course; and that the monies to come in of or for the faid surplusses, excesses, and overplus monies, or other revenues composing the finking fund, as aforefaid, shall be in the same order liable to the satisfaction of the said respective persons, and body or bodies politick or corporate, their executors, administrators, successors, or assigns respectively, without any undue preference of one before another, and not otherwife; and shall not be diverted or divertible to any other use, intent, or purpose whatsoever (other than such uses and purpoles as are appointed by any other act or acts of parliament in that behalf as aforefaid;) and that no fee, reward, or gratuity, directly or indirectly, shall be demanded or taken of any of his Majesty's subjects, for providing or making of any such books or registers, or any entries, views, or searches, in or for payment of money lent, or the interest thereof, as aforesaid, by any of his Majesty's officer or officers, their clerks or deputies, on pain of payment of treble damages to the party grieved, by the party offending, with full costs of suit; or if the officer himfelf take or demand any fuchfee or reward, then to lofe his place alfo; and if any undue preference of one before another thall be made either in point of registry or payment, contrary to the true meaning of this act, by any fuch officer or officers, then the party offending shall be liable by action of debt, or on the case, to pay the value of the debt, with full costs of suit, to the party grieved, and thall be forejudged of his place or office; and if any fuch preference be unduly made by any his deputy or clerk, without direction or privity of his mafter, then fuch deputy or clerk only thall be liable to fuch action, debt, damages, and cost, and shall be for ever after incapable of his office or place; and in case the auditor of the receipt shall not direct the said orders of loan, of the clerk of the pells record, or the teller make payment upon fuch orders, according to each person's due place

> and order, as before directed; then he or they thall be adjudged to forfeit, and the respective deputies and clerks, therein of-

> > fending,

No fee to be paid for regi-ftering, &c.

Penalty of undue preterence;

fending, to be liabil to such action; debt, damages, and cofts, in such manner as aforefaid: all which faid penalties, forfeitures, how to be redamages, and costs, to be incurred by any the officers of the covered. exchequer, or any they deputies or clerks, shall and may be recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information, in thy of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster; wherein no tom, protection, privilege, wager of law, injunction, or other It shall be of restraint, shall be in in any wife granted or allowed.

V. Provided always, and it is declared, That if it shall hap- no undue pen that several tallies of loan, or orders for payment, as afore-preference, fen that leveral tallies or loan, or orders for payment, against where tallies faid, bear date, or be brought the fame day to the auditor of where tallies are dated, or the receipt to be registered, then it shall be interpreted no un- brought the due preference, which of those be entered first, so as he enters same day:

them all the same day.

VI. Provided also, That it shall not be interpreted any un- Nor if subsedue preserence, to incur any penalty in point of payment, if the quent orders auditor direct, and the clerk of the pells record, and the tellers be paid pefore do pay subsequent orders to persons that come and demand their such as were monies, and bring their orders, before other persons that did not demanded in course. not come to take their monies, and bring their orders in course; to as there be to much money referved as will fatisfy precedent orders; which thall not be otherwise disposed of, but kept for them; interest upon loarn being to cease from the time the money is so reserved and kept in bank for them.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all and every person Orders assignand persons to whom any money shall be due, for loans to be able toties registered by virtue of this act, after order entered in the book quoties. of register as aforesaid, his, her, or their executors, administrators, or alligns, by proper words of affignment to be indorfed and written upon his, her, or their order, may affign and transfer his, her, or their right, title, interest, and benefit, of such order, to any other; which being notified in the office of the auditor of the receipt aforesaid, and an entry or memorial thereof also made in the book of register atoresaid for orders (which the officers shall upon request, without fee or charge, accordingly make) shall intitle such assignee, his, her, or their executors, administrators, successors, and assigns, to the benefit thereof, and payment thereon; and fuch affiguee may, in like manner, affign again, and fo toties quoties; and afterwards it shall not be in the power of such person or persons who have or hath made such assignment, to make void, release, or discharge the fame, or any monies thereby due, or any part thereof.

VIII. And to the end there may be no want or failure of a certain Commissionfum, not to exceed in the whole the faid fum of one million ninethous- ers of the and two hundred seventeen pounds, two shillings, and eight pence-half- treasury, penny, to be raised, either by such loans as aforesaid, or by issuing ex- think it nure chequer bills, as is berein after-mentioned, or by both or cather of advite the to those ways or means, for the public service; be it further enacted raise the land by the authority aforesaid, That in case the commissioners of sum, or any his Majesiy's treasury, or any three or more of them now beings by excheques or the high treasurer, or any three or more of the commissioners bills, the

deemed

any number of new exchequer bills in the fame.

may make out of the treasury for the time being, shalling it more adviseable, any number to raise the said sum of one million nine housand two hundred feventeen pounds, two shillings, and eight pence halfpenry, or any part thereof, by exchequer bills, infread of fuch loans as aforesaid, that then they respectively are hereby authorized and infloowered, at any time or times, to prepare and make, or cause To be prepared and made, at the exchequer, any number of next exchequer bills, for any fum or fums of money, not exceeding in the whole the faid fum of one million nine thousand two hundred h venteen pounds, two shillings, and eight pence halfpenn together with fuch loans aforefaid, in the fame or like manner, form, i'r order, and according to the fame or like rules and direction, as in and by a certain act of this present session of parliament, intituled, " An act for granting an aid to his Majesty by a " land tax, to be raifed in Great Britain, for the service of the year as is preferib- " one thousand seven hundred and fixty two," are enacted and prefcribed, concerning the exchequer bills to be made in pursuance of the faid act.

ner and torm ed by the land tax of this fel ion. Claufes, &c. in the faid act chequer bills, extended to those to be made out in puriuance of this act.

in like man-

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all and every the clauses, provisoes, powers, privileges, relating toex- advantages, penalties, forfeitures, and disabilities, contained in the faid laft-mentioned act, relating to the loans or exchequer bills, authorized to be made by the same act (except such claufes as do charge the fame on the taxes granted by the fame act, and except such clauses as limit the rate of interest to be paid for the forbearance of money lent on the credit of the faid act) shall be applied and extended to the exchequer bills to be paid in pursuance of this act, as fully and effectually to all intents and purpofes as if the faid exchequer bills had been originally authorized by the faid last-mentioned act, or as if the faid several claufes or provifoes had been particularly repeated and re-enacted in the body of this prefent act.

I he faid bills, interest, prehus muim charges, charged upon, and payable out of the finking fund.

X. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid. That all the exchequer bills as shall be made in pursuance of this act, and the interest, premium, rate, and charges incident to, or attending the fame, thall be, and are hereby charged and chargeable upon. and shall be repaid and borne by and out of the growing produce of the faid furpluffes, excesses, and overplus monies, or other revenues composing the finking fund (except such monies of the faid finking fund, as are appropriated to any particular use or uses by any former or other act or acts of parliament in that behalf) and fuch monies of the faid finking tund thall and may be iffued and applied as foon as the fame can be regularly flated. and afcertained, for and towards the paying off, cancelling, and discharging such exchequer bills, interest, premium, rate, or charges, until the whole of them thall be paid off, cancelled, and discharged, or money sufficient for that purpose be kept and referved in the exchequer, to be payable on demand to the refpectare proprietors thereof.

The bank impowered to

XI. And be it declared and further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That it shall and may be lawful for the governor and company of the bank of England, to advance or lend to his Ma-advance on jefty in like manner at the receipt of the exchequer, upon the the faid crecredit of loan granted by this act, any fum or fums of money, any fum or not exceeding in the whole the fum of one million nine thous-fums not examt two hundred seventeen pounds, two shillings, and eight creding pence halfpenny; any thing in an act made in the fifth and such 1,009,217. Years of the reign of King William and Queen Mary, intitled, the act 5 and tonnage of for granting to their Majestys several rates and dutie upon 6 Will and tonnage of soips and vessels, and upon beer, ale, and other squars, Mary notthe for severing certain recompences and advantages in the said at men-withstanding.

" tioned, to flub persons as shall voluntarily advance the sum of one mi" hon five bundred thousand pounds, towards carrying on the war
" against France," to the contrary thereof in any wise notwith-

standing.

XII. And whereas the commons of Great Britain in parliament affembled did, in the last seffion of particment, unanimously by an humbie address to his Majesty, humbly beseich his Majesty, that he would be graciously fluid to confer some signal mark of his royal favour upon the riel t honourable Arthur Onllow eigenre, then theaker of the house of commons, for his great and emment services person rulte his country, for the space of thirty three years and upwards, during which he had with lash diffinguished ability and integrity probled in the chair of that house, and assured his Majesty that whatever expence his Majefly thould think proper to be incurred on that account, the faid house would make good the same to his Majesty: and we creas his Majefly, in his answer to the lad alirets, was graciously pleased to declare, That he had the mail large of the long fervices and great merit of Mr. Onflow and that his Majelly had already taken the fame is to lis confidentian, and that he would do therein what foould appear to las Majely to be most proper, agreeably to the define of his faithful commons: and whereas by letters patent under the great feal of Great Britain, bearing date the twentieth day of April, in the first year of his Majefly's reign, his Majefly, in gracious compliance with the defire of the house of commons, expressed in the fail address, did give and grant unto the full Arthur Onllow, in confideration of his great and eminent fervices performed to his country as aforefail, and as a figual mark of his Manifly's royal favour, an annuity, or yearly fum of three thousand pounds, to be officing and payable out of, and charged and chargeable upon, the respective monies and revenues therein after mentioned, to be held, received, and enisyed, by the faid Arthur Ontlow, his executors, administrators, or assigns, for and during the natural live: of him the faid Arthur Onflow, and of his fon George Onflow ejquire, and for and during the natural life of the langer liver of them; and to direct that the faid annuity, or yearly fum of three thousand pounds, for so long time as his Majesty should continue in life, should be charged upon and paid out of any monies which from time to time, should be in the receipt of the exchequer, applicable to the ules of his Majesty's civil government, and that the fill assaulty or yearly fum should commence from the day of the date of the failletters patent: and we creas by virtue and in pursuance of the facil! iter: patent, several psyments have been made out of the movies applicable as aforefairly to the faid Arthur Onflow, amounting in the while to the fum of two thousand one hundred and thirty four pounds, twelve shillings and three pence halfpenny: and where: his Majesty has been gratiously pleased to signify to his parliament, that it not having been in his Majefly's power to extend the effect of the faid grant beyond the tenn of his own life, his Majesty recommends it to his parliament to -consider of a proper method of extending and securing the same, in the most effectual manner, for the benefit of the faid Arthur Onflow: now we, your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britan in this present parliament affembled, being desirous to make good to your Majesty such expences as have been, and to provide for such as might by incurred by your Majesty in consequence of the said grant, and to still and secure, in the most beneficial manner, for the use of the faid Arthur Onflow, the yearly fum of three thousand pounds, for and during the term herein after mentioned, agreeably to your Majesty's anost gracious intentions, and as a testimony of the grateful and affectionate remembrance which your Majesty's faithful commons retain of the long continued and eminent services of the said Arthur Onslow, do therefore most humbly befeech your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the authority aforefaid. That &c. &c.

21341. 128. 3d. 2q. to be issued out of the aggregate fund, to make good the like sum paid to Arthur Onsovo esquire, on account of the annuity granted him by his Majesty, in pursuance of the address of the house of commons. — The said annuity charged, and payable for the suture out of the aggregate sund; to commence on 5th Jun. 1762, and to be 31th Jun. 1762, and to be 31th Jun. Annuity granted by patent to cease. — Treasury impowered 32th Jun. Annuity granted by patent to cease. — Treasury impowered 32th of did annuity as it shall become due without see; the money to be paid thereupon, without surther warrant. — Warrant, after being assigned, is not determinable nor revokable by the denise of his Majesty; or the sleath or removal of any officer of the treasury. — Officers of the treasury to do all acts necessary to render the said payment effectual without fee. — The receipt of Mr. Onsow, his executors, or assigns, &c. to be a sufficient discharge for such payment; and the said annuity to be free of all taxes. — Officers of the exchequer neglecting or retusing to pay the said annuity, or to do any act necessary thereto, may be sued.

#### CAP. XXXIV.

An act for enabling his Majesty to raise the sum of one million for the uses and purposes therein mentioned; and for surther appropriating the supplies granted in this session of parliament; and sor allowing time for the payment of the stamp duties omitted to be paid upon admissions into corporations or companies, and appointments to offices therein; and for the relief of William Earle, in respect of a quantity of white salt, lost by the wreck of a ship near the barbour of Dublin.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

Preamble.

W E your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament assembled, having taken into our serious consideration your Majesty's most gracious message, signifying, That your Majesty, relying on the known zeal and affection of

your faithful commons; and considering that in this conjuncture emergencies may arife, which may be of the utmost importance, and beattended with the most permicious consequences, if proper means shald not immediately be applied to prevent or defeat them; and that your Majesty also, taking into your most serious consideration the immincht danger with which the kingdom of Portugal, an ancient and natural ally of your crown, is threatened by the powers now in open war ulti your Majesty, and of what importance the preservation of that kingdom is to the commercial interests of this country, is desirous, that we will enable your Majesty to desiral any extraordinary expenses of the war incurred, or to be incurred, for the service of the year on thoufand seven hundred and fixty two; and to take all such medsures as may be necessary to disappoint or defeat any enterprizes or digns of your enemies against your Majesty or your allies, and as the exigency of affairs may require, have resolved to give and grant to your Maiesty the fum of one million for that purpose; and do therefore most humbly befeech your Majefly that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the fame, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the King's Credit of loan most excellent Majesty, by warrant or warrants under his royal granted to his fign manual, to authorize and impower the commissioners of Majesty for his Majesty's treasury now, or for the time being, or any three 1,000,000l. or more of them, or the lord high treasurer for the time being, raile the same at any time or times before the fifth day of January, one thou- by loans or fand feven hundred and fixty three, to cause or direct any loans exchaquer to be taken or received at his Majesty's exchequer from any bills, person or persons, natives or foreigners, body or bodies politick or corporate, or any number of exchequer bills to be made out there, for any fum or fums of money, not exceeding, in loans and exchequer bills together, in the whole, the faid fum of one in like manmillion, in the fame or like manner, form, and order, and ac- ner as is precording to the same or like rules and directions, as in and by scribed by the an act of this present session of parliament, intituled, An art for of this session, granting an aid to his Majesty by a land tax to be raised in Great concerning Britain for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and loans or exfixty two, are enacted and prescribed concerning the loans or chequer bills exchequer bills to be taken or made in pursuance of the thereby to be faid act.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That The clauses. all and every the clautes, provisoes, powers, privileges, advan- &c. in the faid tages, penalties, forfeitures, and disabilities contained in the said act relating to last mentioned act relating to the loans or exchequer bills au-exchequer thorized to be made by the same act (except such clauses as do bills thereby charge the same on the taxes granted by the same act, and ex- to be made cept such clauses as limit the rate of interest to be paid for the out, forbearance of money lent on the credit of the said act) shall be applied and extended to the loans and exchequer bills to be made extended to in purfuance of this act, as fully and effectually, to all intents and this act. purpoles, as if the fame loans or exchequer bills had been origi-

nally authorized by the faid last mentioned act, or as if the faid several clauses or provisoes had been particularly repeated and

re-chacted in the body of this act.

The fame to fuffion;

MI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. be repaid out That all fuch loans or exchequer bills, together with the infundies which terest, premium, rate, and charges, incident to or attending the shall be grant- land, thall be, and are hereby charged and chargeable upon, and ed in the next shall be repaid or borne by or out of the first aids or supplies which thall be granted in the next fession of parliament; and in case sufficient aids or supplies for that purpose shall not be granted before the fifth day of July, one thousand seven hundred and fixty there, then all the faid loans or exchequer bills, with the interest premium, rate, and charges, incident to or attending the fame, shall be, and are hereby charged and chargeable upon fuch monies as, at any time or times at or after the faid fifth day of July, one thousand seven hundred and sixty three, shall be or remain in the receipt of the exchequer, of the furplufics, exceffes, overplus monies, and other revenues composing the fund commonly called The Sinking Fund (except such monies of the faid finking fund as are appropriated to any particular use or utes by any act or acts of parliament in that behalf) and fuch monies of the faid finking fund shall and may be issued and applied, as foon as the fame can be regularly flated and aftertained, for and towards paying off, cancelling, and difcharging, fuch loans or exchequer bills, interest, premium, rate, or charges, until the whole of them shall be paid off, cancelled, and discharged, or money fufficient for that purpose be kept and referved in the exchequer, to be payable on demand to the respective proprietors thereof.

or out of the finking fund, if no fupplies fhall be grant. ed betore 5 July, 1763.

Monies issued for that purpole out of the finking fund, to be replaced.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority aforefaid. That whatever monies thall be to issued out of the faid furpluffes, excelles, overplus monies, or other revenues composing the finking fund, shall, from time to time, be replaced by and out of the first supplies to be then after granted in parliament; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithtlanding.

The bank impowered to advance, on the faid credit of loan, any lum or tims 1,000,000 l.

the act 5 & 6 wubitanding.

V. And be it declared and further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the governor and company of the bank of England, to advance or lend to his Majesty in like manner at the receipt of the exchequer, upon the credit of the loan granted by this act, any fum or fums of money not exceeding not exceeding in the whole the fum of one million; any thing in an act made in the fifth and fixth years of the reign of King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An act for granting to their W. & M. not- Maisties teveral rates and duties upon tonnage of thips and weffels, and upon beer, ale, and other liquors, for fecuring certain recompences and advantages in the faid all mentioned, to fuch perfons as shall voluntarily alwance the fum of one million five hundred thousand pounds, towards carrying on the war against France, to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding. VI. Pro-

II. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the autho- The monies aforefaid, That all the monies coming into the exchequer, arning by the er by loans or exchequer bills, upon one act of this fellon Carliament, intituled, An act for granting an aid to his Mai May a land tax to be raifed in Great Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and fixty two; and so much mone; if any fuch be, of the tax thereby granted, as shall arise or serve. main after all the loans or exchequer bills made or to be myde on the same act, and all the interest, premium, rate, and charges thereon, and the charges allowable thereby for raising the faid land tax, tho .ld be latisfied, or money tufficient thall be received in the exchequer to fatisfy and discharge the same; and also all the monies coming into the exchequer, either by loans br exchequer bills, upon one other act of this fession of parliament, Malt act. intituled, An act for continuing and granting to his Majefly certain duties upon ma't, mum, cyder, and perry, for the fervice of the year one thousand seven hundred and sixty two, and so much money, if any fuch be, of the duties thereby granted, as shall arise or remain after all the loans or exchequer bills made or to be made on the fame act, and all the interest, premium, rate, and charges thereon, and the charges thereby allowable for railing the faid duties, shall be fatisfied, or money sufficient shall be reserved in the exchequer to fatisfy and ditcharge the fame; and also all the monies coming into the exchequer by contributions for an- Annuity act, nuities, granted by one other act of this fellion of parliament, intituled, An act for railing by amerities, in manner therein mentioned, the fum of twelve millions, to be charged on the firking fund; and for applying the junplus of certain duties on spirituous liquois, and allo the monies arifing from the duties on spirituous liquors, granted by an act of this selfion of parliament; and also the sum of with the sum one million nine thousand two hundred seventeen pounds, two of 1,009,2171. shillings, and eight pence halfpenny, out of such monies as shall 25.8d, 29. or may arise of the surplusses, excesses, or overplus monies, and the linking other revenues composing the fund commonly called The Sinking fund; Fund, directed to be iffued and applied by one other act of this fession of parliament, intituled, An act for granting to his Mijesty a certain fum of money out of the finking fund, and for applying certrin menies remaining in the exchequer, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and fixty two; and for settling and securing a certain annuity for the use of the right honourable Arthur Onflow, speaker of the house of commons in the last five parliaments; and also the sum of one hundred and fifteen thousand pounds, also the sum granted by an act made in the fecond year of his late Majefty's of 115,0001. reign, upon account of arrears of his late Majesty's civil list replaced our revenues, and now by his Majesty's direction replaced and re- of the civil his funded out of the arrears of the faid revenues, which were stand- of a Geo. II. ing out at the time of his late Majesty's demite; and also the with 20,000 le fum of twenty thousand pounds, remaining in the receipt of remaining unthe exchequer, being part of the fum of one hundred thousand applied in the pounds, granted to his late Majesty in the year one thousand the money seven hundred and fifty eight, upon account, towards defraying granted in

the 1758, towards

pay and cloathing of the militia;

and 80,0001. egglied of the money granted in 1760, towards pay and cloathing of the unembodied militia; and 70,000 l. remaining unapplied of the m wevgrunt tion for the fame purpoles: and 73,678 l. jurplus of the duties on malt, to 5 Jan. 1762;

and the fum of 1,000,000 l. granted by this act, are appropriated as follows:

videlicet, 3,612,2261.98. ad. thereof, fervices in general;

r,cool. for compleating the chapel to Hader hofpilal ;

the charge of pay and cloathing for the militia for the year one tho fand seven hundred and fifty eight, and for defraying such expences as were actually incurred upon the account of the militile, in the year one thousand seven hundred and fifty seven: and also the sum of eighty thousand pounds remaining in the remaining un-receipt of the exchequer, which was granted to his late Marefly, in the year one thousand seven hundred and fixty, upon account, towards defraying the charge of pay and cloathing for the unembodied militia for the year ended the twenty fifth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and fixty one; and also the fun of seventy thousand pounds remaining in the receipt of the exchequer, which was granted to his Majesty in the last fession of parliament, upon account, towards defraying the charge of the pay of the militia of that part of Great Britain called England, when unembodied, and of the cloathing of the part of the faid militia then unembodied, for one year, beginning ed the last tel. the twenty fifth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and fixty one; and also the sum of seventy three thousand six hundred and seventy eight pounds, remaining in the receipt of the exchequer, being the furplus of the feveral duties on malt, eftablished by an act made in the thirty third year of the reign of his late Majesty for paying annuities, granted in the year one thousand seven hundred and sixty, after satisfying all charges and incumbrances thereupon, to the fifth day of January, one thousand seven hundred and fixty two, by the faid last mentioned act, made in this fellion of parleament, directed to be iffued and applied; and the further fum of one million by this act granted, shall be further appropriated, and are hereby appropriated, for and towards the feveral uses and purposes herein after expressed; that is to fay, it is hereby enacted and declared by the authority aforefold, That out of all or any the aids or supplies provided as aforefaid, there shall and may be issued and applied any fum or fums of money not exceeding three millions fix hundred and twelve thousand two hundred twenty fix towards naval pounds, nine shillings, and one penny; for or towards the naval fervices herein after particularly expressed; that is to fay, for or towards victuals, wages, wear and tear of the navy, and the victualling thereof, performed and to be performed; and for or towards fea fervices in the office of ordnance, performed and to be performed; and for or towards defraying the ordinary of his Majesty's navy, and for half-pay to sea officers; and for or towards maintaining nineteen thousand and fixty one marines; and for or towards the buildings, rebuildings, and repairs, of his Majesty's ships, for the year one thousand seven hundred and fixty two.

VII. And it is hereby also enacted by the authority aforesaid, That out of all or any the aids or supplies asoresaid, there shall and may be iffued and applied any fum or fums of money not exceeding one thoutand pounds, for compleating the chapel ordered to be built for the use of the hospital for sick and wounded seamen at Haster near Gosport, and such other works as may be afterafterwards found proper to be performed before the whole work

is put out of hand.

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VIII. And it is hereby also enacted by the authority aforesaid, 6,000 l. for That out of all or any the aids or supplies aforesaid, there shall compleating and may be iffued and applied any fum or fums of money the works not exceeding fix thousand pounds, for compleating the works of Plymouth hospital; of the hospital for fick and wounded seamen building near Plymouth.

IX. And it is hereby also cnacted by the authority aforesaid, \$35,025 l. 35. That out of all or any the aids or supplies aforesaid, there shall & d. for transand may be iffued and applied any fum or fums of money not port service, exceeding eight hundred thirty five thousand twenty five pounds, 1760, and 30 three shillings, and eight pence, for the charge of transport fer- Sept. 1761. vice, between the first of October, one thousand seven hundred and fixty, and the thirtieth of September, one thousand seven hundred and fixty one, including the expence of victualling his Majesty's land forces within the said time.

X. And it is hereby also enacted by the authority aforesaid, 642.916 1. 28. That out of all or any the aids or supplies aforesaid, there shall 3 d. for charge and may be iffeed and applied any furn or fums of money not of the office of exceeding fix hundred forty two thousand nine hundred and ordnance, for fixteen pounds, two shillings, and three pence, for the charge of the office of ordnance for land service, for the year one thousand feven hundred and fixty two, and for defraying the extraordinary expense of tervices performed by the office of ordnance for land fervice, and not provided for by parliament, in one thousand feven hundred and fixty one.

and may be iffued and applied any furn or furns of money not of the land exceeding feven millions fix hundred feventy feven thousand forces in getwo hundred and five pounds, thirteen shillings, and two pence neral; three farthings, for and towards maintaining his Majesty's land forces, and other services herein after more particularly exprefled; that is to fay, any fum or fums of money not exceeding whereof one million fix hundred twenty nine thousand three hundred 1,622,320% twenty pounds, eighteen shillings, and one penny, for defraying 18 s. 1d. the charge of the fixty feven thousand fix hundred and feventy fix effective men, including those in Germany, and on an expedition, and four thousand and eight invalids, and including commission and non-commission officers for guards and gerrisons, and other his Majesty's land forces in Great Britain, Guernsey, and ferfey, for the year one thousand seven hundred and fixty \$73,7801. is \$4 two; and any fum or fums of money not exceeding eight hun- 7 d. for the dred seventy three thousand seven hundred and eighty pounds, forces and eighteen shillings, and seven pence, for maintaining his Ma-the plantajesty's forces and garrisons in the plantations, Gibraitur, Guade-tions, Guadeloupe, Africa, and the East Indies, and for provisions for the gar-lonpe, Africa,

XI. And it is hereby also enacted by the authority aforesaid, 7,677,7051. That out of all or any the aids or supplies aforesaid, there shall 135, ad. 39.

risons in Nova Scotia, Newfoundland, Gibraltar, Providence, Sue- Indies, and bec, Gaudeloupe, Senegal, and Goree, for the year one thousand provisions for feven hundred and fixty two; and any fum or fums of money those in gasnot Hion,

for the 4 regiments on the Irish establishment ferving in North America; 163,7111. 128. 6 d. for augmentation of the forces:

72,896 1. 14 8. the general, and general Raff officers;

nod. for charge of embodiedmilitia and fencible men of Arland's battalion of Highlanders; 60,706l. 4s. 1d. for cloathing the embodied militia:

so,000 l. towards pay and cloathing of the unembodied militia;

reduced officers of the land torces and marines; 2,9521.134.44. to the officers and private gentlemen of the 2 troops of horie guards, and regiment of horie, reduced, &c. 1,838 l. ter penfions to officers widons

23,2841.03.6d. not exceeding twenty three thousand two hundred eighty four pounds, and fix pence, for defraying the charge of four regiments of foot on the Irifb establishment serving in North America. for the year one thouland seven hundred and sixty two: and any fum or fums of money not exceeding one hundred fixty three thousand seven hundred and eleven pounds, twelve shillings. and fix pence, for defraying the charge of an augmentation to his Majesty's forces, consisting of nine thousand three hundred and seventy men, from the twenty fifth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and sixty one, to the twenty fourth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and sixty two, both. inclusive; and any sum or sums of money not exceeding seventy ad, for pay of two thousand eight hundred ninety fix pounds, fourteen shillings. and two pence, for the pay of the general, and general staff officers, and officers of the hospitals for his Majesty's land forces, for the year one thousand seven hundred and fixty two; and any 443,9521. 103. fum or fums of money not exceeding four hundred forty three thousand nine hundred fifty two pounds, ten shillings, and ten pence, for defraying the charge of the embodied militia of the several counties in South Britain, and of the sencible men of Argyleshire, and of lord Sutherland's battalion of highlanders in gyleshire; and North Britain, from the twenty fifth day of December, one lord Suther- thousand seven hundred and fixty one to the twenty fourth day thousand seven hundred and sixty one, to the twenty sourth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and sixty two, both inclusive, being three hundred and fixty five days; and any sum or fums of money not exceeding fixey thousand seven hundred and fix pounds, four shillings, and one penny, upon account, for defraying the charge of cloathing for the embodied militia, for the year one thousand seven hundred and fixty two; and any fum or fums of money not exceeding twenty thousand pounds, upon account, towards defraying the charge of the pay of the militia of that part of Great Britain called England, when unembodied, and of the cloathing of the part of the faid militia now unembodied, for one year, beginning the twenty fifth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and sixty two; and any 34,3831. to the fum or fums of money not exceeding thirty four thousand three hundred and eighty three pounds, upon account of the reduced officers of his Majesty's land forces and marines, for the year one thousand seven hundred and fixty two; and any sum or fums of money not exceeding two thousand nine hundred fifty two pounds, thirteen shillings, and four pence, for defraying the charge for allowances to the feveral officers and private gentlemen of the two troops of horse guards, and regiment of horse, reduced, and to the superannuated gentlemen of the four troops of horse guards, for the year one thousand seven hundred and fixty two; and any fum or fums of money not exceeding one thousand eight hundred and thirty eight pounds, for the paying of penfions to widows of fuch reduced officers of his Majesty's land forces and marines as died upon the establishment of half-pay in Great Britain, and who were married to them before the twenty fifth day of December, one thousand soven hundred and fixteen, for the year one thousand seven hundred and fixty two; and any fum or fums of money not exceeding thirteen thousand seven hundred forty nine pounds, 13,7491. 1092 ten shillings, and five pence, upon account, for out-pentions of 5d. for out-Chelsea Hospital, for the year one thousand seven hundred and Chelsea hosfixty two; and any fum or fums of money not exceeding four pital: hundred fixty five thousand fix hundred thirty eight pounds, 465,6181, 16 8 fixteen shillings, and two pence three farthings, for defraying 2 d. 1 q. for the charge of thirty nine thousand seven hundred and seventy troops of three men of the troops of Hanover, Wolfenbuttle, Saxe Gotha, Woltenbuttle, and the count of Buckeburgg, together with that of general and Saxe Gotha. staff officers, actually employed against the common enemy, in and count concert with the King of Prussia, from the twenty fifth day of Buckeburgg; December, one thousand seven hundred and fixty one, to the twenty fourth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and fixty two, both inclusive, to be iffued in advance, every two to be iffued, in months, in like manner as the pay of the Heffian forces now in advance, evethe service of Great Britain, the faid body of troops to be mustered my 2 months; and the troops by an English commissary, and the effective state thereof to be to be musterafcertained by the fignature of the commander in chief of the ed by an faid forces; and any fum or fums of money not exceeding two English comhundred fixty eight thousand three hundred and fixty pounds, the return eight shillings, and eight pence, for defraying the charge of figned by the two thousand one hundred twenty horse, and nine thousand nine communiter hundred foot, together with the general and staff officers, the in chief; officers of the hospital, and officers and others belonging to the 268,360 l. 8 % train of artillery, the troops of the landgrave of Helle Cassel, in sid. tor subthe pay of Great Britain, for three hundred and fixty five days, troops of the from the twenty fifth day of December, one thousand seven hun-landgrave of dred and fixty one, to the twenty fourth day of December, one Helle Castel 3 thousand seven hundred and fixty two, both days inclusive, together with the subsidy for the said time, pursuant to treaty; and any fum or fums of money not exceeding one hundred forty 147,071 1. 55. feven thouland and fevent, one pounds, five thillings, and two 2d. for charge pence, for defraying the charge of an additional corps of one of an additithousand five hundred seventy six horse, and eight thousand of troops of eight hundred and eight foot, together with the general and the landgrave staff officers, the officers of the hospital, and officers and others of Hesse Cassely belonging to the train of artillery, the troops of the landgrave of Helle Callel, in the pay of Great Britain, for three hundred fixty five days, from the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and fixty two, to the thirty first day of December following, both days inclusive, pursuant to treaty; and any sum or fums of money not exceeding fixty eight thousand and eight 68,0081. 98.1d. pounds, nine shillings, and one penny, for defraying the charge for subsidy of one thousand four hundred forty four cavalry, and two thou- and troops of fand three hundred thirty infantry, the troops of the reigning the duke of Brunfwick; duke of Brunswick, in the pay of Great Britain, for three hundred fixty five days, from the twenty fifth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and fixty one, to the twenty fourth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and fixty two,

· for charge of 5 battalions ferving in Germany;

> 1,253,6621. 1 d. for extraordinary exforces, and in 1761, not provided for;

I,600,000 l. for forage, and other extraordinary expences of the combined army in Germany; 958, 184 l. os. rod. for extraordinary expences of the land forces, &cc. to 24 Dec. 1762, not provided for :

I,oon,onal. to discharge the like fum bor rowed purfuant to a vote last session;

1,500,000l.for chequer bills made out by virtue of an ieilion ;

both days inclusive, together with the subsidy for the said time. purfuant to treaties; and any fum or fums of money not ex-25,5041.6s.8d. ceeding twenty five thousand five hundred and four pounds, fix shillings, and eight pence, for defraying the charge of five battalions serving with his Majesty's army in Germany, each battalion confisting of one troop of one hundred and one men, and four companies of foot of one hundred and twenty five men in each company, with a corps of artillery, for three hundred and fixty five days, from the twenty fifth day of December, one thousand feven hundred and fixty one, to the twenty fourth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and fixty two, both days inclutive; and any fum or fums of money not exceeding one million three hundred fifty three thousand six hundred sixty two pounds, four shillings, and one penny, for defraying the pences of land extraordinary expences of his Majesty's land forces, and other fervices incurred, to the twenty fourth day of November, one other fervices thousand seven hundred and fixty one, and not provided for by parliament; and any fum or fums of money not exceeding one million, upon account, towards defraying the charges of forage. bread, bread waggons, train of artillery, and of provisions, wood, straw, et cetera, and other extraordinary expences and contingencies of his Majesty's combined army under the command of prince Ferdinand; and any fum or fums of money not exceeding nine hundred fifty eight thousand three hundred eighty four pounds, and ten pence, for defraying the extraordinary expences of his Majetty's land forces, and other fervices incurred, from the twenty fourth day of November, one thoufand seven hundred and fixty one, to the twenty fourth day of December following, and not provided for by parliament; and any fum or fums of money not exceeding fifty thousand pounds, on account, towards affifting his Majefty to grant a reasonable fuccour, in money, to the landgrave of Helle Callel, pursuant to treaty.

and 50,000 l. for the landgrave of Hesse Cassel, pursuant to treaty;

XII. And it is hereby also enacted by the authority aforesaid, That out of all or any the aids or supplies aforesaid, there shall and may be iffued and applied any fum or fums of money not exceeding one million, to enable his Majesty to discharge the of credit of the like fum raifed in pursuance of an act made in the last session of parliament, and charged upon the first aids or supplies to be granted in this fetlion of parliament.

XIII. And it is hereby also enacted by the authority asoresaid, paying off ex- That out of all or any the aids or supplies aforesaid, there shall and may be iffued and applied any fum or fums of money not exceeding one million five hundred thousand pounds, to enable act of the last his Majesty to pay off and discharge the exchequer bills made out by virtue of an act passed in the last session of parliament, intituled, An act for enabling his Majesty to raite a certain sum of money towards paying off and discharging the debt of the navy, and towill de naval fervices, for the year one thousand leven hundred and sixty one; and for allowing further time for making affidavits of the exe-

cution

ention of articles or contracts of clerks to attornies or folicitors, and filing thereof, and charged upon the first aids or supplies to be granted

in this session of parliament.

XIV. And it is hereby also enacted by the authority afore- 5,6841. 18,100. faid, That out of all or any the aids or supplies aforesaid, there for charges of shall and may be iffued and applied any fum or fums of money the civil estanot exceeding five thousand fix hundred eighty four pounds, one Nova Scotta; fhilling, and ten pence, upon account, for maintaining and fupporting the civil establishment of his Majesty's colony of Nova Scotia, for the year one thousand seven hundred and fixty two; and any fum or fums of money not exceeding four thousand and 4.057 l. 10 \$. fifty seven pounds, and ten thillings, upon account, for defray- for charges of ing the charges of the civil establishment of his Majesty's colony bishment of of Georgia, and other incidental expences attending the same, Georgia; from the twenty fourth of June, one thousand seven hundred and fixty one, to the twenty fourth of Tune, one thousand seven hundred and fixty two.

XV. And it is hereby also further enacted by the authority 133,3331. 68. aforesaid, That out of all or any the aids or supplies aforesaid, 8d. as a comaforesaid, That out of all or any the aids or supplies applied any sum or sums of pensation to there shall and may be issued and applied any sum or sums of the provinces money not exceeding one hundred thirty three thousand three in North Amehundred thirty three pounds, fix shillings, and eight pence, rica, for exupon account, to enable his Majesty to give a proper compensa- pences incurtion to the respective provinces in North America, for the ex-red in levying pences incurred by them in the levying, cloathing, and pay of troops there; the troops raifed by the fame, according as the active vigour and strenuous efforts of the respective provinces shall be thought by his Majesty to merit; and any sum or sums of money not exceeding twenty thousand pounds, upon account, to be paid 20,000 to the to the united company of merchants of England trading to the East India East Indies, towards enabling them to defray the expense of a wards charge military force in their settlements, to be maintained by them in of a military. lieu of the battalion of his Majesty's forces commanded by lieu-torce; tenant general Adlercron, withdrawn from thence, and now returned to Ireland; and any fum or fums of money not exceeding fifteen thousand pounds, to be paid into the chamber of the 15,000 l. for ... city of London, to be applied towards the improving, widening, repairing, &c. and enlarging the paffage over and through London Bridge, Bridge; without account, other than as is directed for the monies raised by an act made in the twenty ninth year of his late Majesty's reign, intituled, An act to improve, widen, and enlarge the passage over and through London Bridge; and any fum or fums of money not exceeding forty one thousand seven hundred fifty two 41,752 !. 108. pounds, and ten shillings, upon account, towards enabling the to the foundgovernors and guardians of the hospital for the maintenance ling hospital, and education of exposed and described young children, to maintain and educate such children as were received into the said without feet. hospital on or before the twenty fifth day of March, one thoufand seven hundred and sixty, from the thirty first day of December, one thousand seven hundred and sixty one exclusive, to the thirty fift day of December, one thousand seven hundred and

#3,000 l. for forts and lettlements in Africa ; 2000 l. to the truit-es of the British Muiæum; sooo l. for building a bridge over the Tweed mear Coldftream:

10,5401 to make good the deficiency ed by act 33 Geo. II. 52,393 l. 16 s. 9 d. 2 q to make good the deficiency on 5 July, 1761, of the duties on places and pentions, and upon houses

303,906 l. to deficiency on 5 July, 1761, of the addiftrong beer and ale;

fixty two inclusive; and that the said sum be issued and paid for the use of the said hospital without see or reward, or any deduction whatfoever; and any fum or fums of money not exceeding thirteen thousand pounds, to be employed in mainsupporting the taining and supporting the fort at Annamaboe, and other the British forts and settlements upon the coast of Africa; and any fum or fums of money not exceeding two thousand pounds, towards enabling the trustees of the British Museum to carry on the execution of the trust reposed in them by parliament; and any fum or fums of money not exceeding four thousand pounds, towards enabling the commissioners appointed by an act passed in the thirty third year of the reign of his late Majesty, intituled, An act for repairing and widening the roads from Deanburn Bridge, through Greenlaw, and part of Jedburgh road, by Lauder in the shire of Berwick to Cornhill in the county of Durham, and for building a bridge ever the Tweed near Coldstream, to build the said bridge, and to defray fuch other expences as may be found necessary in relation thereto: and any sum or sums of money not exceeding ten thousand five hundred and forty pounds, to replace to the finking fund the like fum paid out of the fame, to make good the deficiency on the fifth day of July, one thouon sjuly, 7,61, fand feven hundred and fixty one, of the feveral duties on malt on malt grant- granted by an act Tricesimo tertio Georgii secundi, to answer annuities after the rate of four pounds per centum, charged thereupon; and any fum or fums of money not exceeding fifty two thousand three hundred ninety three pounds, fixteen shallings, and nine pence halfpenny, to replace to the finking fund the like fum paid out of the fame, to make good the deficiency on the fifth day of July, one thousand seven hundred and fixty one, of the feveral rates and duties upon offices and penfions, and upon houses, and upon windows or lights, which were made a fund by an act Tricesimo primo Georgii Jecundi, for paying annuities at and windows; the bank of England, in respect of five millions borrowed towards the supply granted for the service of the year one thoufand feven hundred and fifty eight; and any fum or fums of money not exceeding one hundred and three thousand nine make good the hundred and fix pounds, to replace to the finking fund the like fum paid out of the fame, to make good the deficiency on the fifth day of July, one thousand seven hundred and fixty one, of tional duty on the additional duty upon strong beer and ale, to answer and pay the feveral annuities of three pounds per centum, and one pound two shillings and fix pence per centum, on eleven millions four hundred thousand pounds, part of twelve millions borrowed towards the fupply granted to his Majesty by an act Primo Georgii tertii, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and fixty one; and any fum or fums of money not exceeding 313,6131. 52. one hundred and twelve thousand fix hundred and thirteen 5d.19 tomake pounds, five shillings, and five pence farthing, to make good good the defi-the deficiency of the grants for the service of the year one thougrants for the fand seven hundred and fix; one, and any sum or sums of money not exceeding one thousand five hundred bounds, to make

make good the like fum issued, pursuant to an address of the 1500l. to make house of commons, by his Majesty to Jeremiah Dyson, esquire, good the like towards defraying the expence of printing the journals of the pursuant to house of commons from the beginning of the ninth parliament address, to of Great Britain to the end of the last session of parliament, and Jeremiah also towards defraying the expence of making and printing inbyson, esq. tothexes to the second, third, sourth, fifth, sixth, and seventh voc lumes of the journals of the house of commons which have been printing the already printed.

journals of the house of commons;

XVI. And it is hereby also enacted by the authority aforesaid, and That out of all or any the aids or supplies provided as aforesaid, 1,000,000 l. there shall and may be issued and applied any sum or sums of upon account, money not exceeding one million, upon account, to enable his extraordinary Majesty to defray any extraordinary expences of the war in-expences of curred, or to be incurred, for the service of the year one thou- the war, for fand seven hundred and fixty two, and to affift the kingdom of the year 1762, Portugal an ancient and natural ally of his Majesty's crown, the kingdom and to take all such measures as may be necessary to disappoint of Portugal. and defeat any enterprizes or deligns of his enemies, against his Majesty, or his allies, and as the exigency of affairs may require.

XVII. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority These aids to aforefaid, That the faid aids and supplies provided as aforefaid, be applied to shall not be issued or applied to any use, intent, or purpose no other uses, whatfoever, other than the uses and purposes before-mentioned, or for the several deficiencies or other payments directed to be fatisfied thereout by any act or acts, or any particular claufe or clauses for that purpose contained in any other act or acts of this present session of parliament.

XVIII. And, as to the faid fum of thirty four thousand three Rules to be hundred and eighty three pounds, by this act appropriated, on observed in account of half-pay as aforefaid, it is hereby enacted and de- the applicaclared by the authority aforesaid, That the rules herein after half-pay. prescribed, shall be duly observed in the application of the said half-pay; that is to fay, That no person shall have or receive any part of the same, who was a minor, and under the age of fixteen years at the time when the regiment, troop, or company, in which he ferved, was reduced; that no person shall have or receive any part of the same, except such person who did actual fervice in fome regiment, troop, or company; that no person having any other place or employment of profit, civil or military, under his Majesty, shall have or receive any part of the faid half-pay; that no chaplain of any garrison or regiment, who has any ecclefiastical benefice in Great Britain or Ireland, shall have or receive any part of the said half-pay; that no perfon shall have or receive any part of the same, who has resigned his commission, and has had no commission since; that no part of the fame shall be allowed to any person by virtue of any warrant or appointment, except to such persons as would have been otherwise infitted to the same as reduced officers; and that no

part of the same shall be allowed to any of the officers of the five regiments of dragoons, and eight regiments of foot, lately difbanded in Ireland, except to such as were lately taken off the establishment of half-pay in Great Britain.

Claufe in the

XIX. And whereas by an act of parliament made and paffed in the acot 1 Geo. II. first year of his present Majesty's reign, intituled, " An act for ena-" bling his Majesty to raife the sum of one million, for the uses and " purpojes therein mentioned; and for further appropriating the Jup " plies granted in this feffice of parliament; and for exempting any " annuities or fums of money granted, or to be granted, to the royal " family from payment of taxes;" the several supplies which bad been granted to his present Majesty, as is therein mentioned, were appropriated to the several uses and purposes therein expressed; amongst which, any sum or sums not exceeding thirty four thousand eight hundred fifty four pounds, nine shillings, and two pence, was appropriated to be paid to the reduced efficers of his Majesty's land forces and marines, subject nevertheless to such rules to be observed in the application of the faid fulf-pay, as in and by the aforefaid att were prescribed in Application of that belaf: now it is hereby provided, enacted, and declared by the lavings of the authority aforesaid, That so much of the said sum of thirty four thousand eight hundred fifty four pounds, nine shillings, and two pence, as is or thall be more than furnicient to fatisfy the faid reduced officers, according to the rules prescribed by the faid act to be observed in the application thereof, or any part of fuch overplus, shall and may be disposed of to such officers who are maimed, or have lost their limbs in the late wars, or such

> others as by reason of their long service, or otherwise, his Majesty shall judge to be proper objects of charity, or to the widows or children of fuch officers, according to fuch warrant or warrants, under his Majesty's royal sign manual, as shall be figned in that behalf; any thing in this act or the faid former

the fum of 34,854 l. 9 s. 2 d. granted latt feftion towards h.ti-pay.

act to the contrary notwithflanding. XX, And whereas divers admitsions of persons into corporations and companies, and almissions or appointments to offices in corporations and companies, within the kingdom of England, deminion of Wales, and town of Berwick upon Tweed, have, through the mistake, inadvertency, or neglect, of the officers of fuch corporations and companies, been omitted to be stamped, as by several acts of parliament is required, whereby the titles to the respective franchises and offices of the persons or officers so admitted or appointed may be drawn into dispute; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforefaid, That upon the payment at any time before the last day of Michaelmas term, one thousand seven hundred and sixty two, of the duties imposed by law upon, for, or in respect of such admissions or appointments, unto the person or persons authorized to receive such duties, pointments of and the rendering such admissions or appointments to the proper officers, in order that the duties may be impressed thereon; fuch admittions and appointments, and all acts done or to be done in consequence thereof, shall be as valid and effectual to all intents and purposes, as it tuch admissions and appointments had been stamped, and the duties paid, previous ti, or at the

Further time allowed for payment of the duties upon admiffions and apperfons to franchises and offices.

time

761.1

time of fuch admissions or appointments, and in such manner and form as is directed, appointed, and required, by the several acts of parliament relating to the faid duties; and the respective officers of fuch corporations and companies, and other persons, hall, from the time of the payment of such duties respectively. nd the tender of fuch admissions and appointments for the duhes, to be imposed thereon, be and are hereby freed, exonerated, and discharged, from all penalties imposed by the said acts, for or in respect of the omission in the stamping of, and payment of the duties charged upon such respective admissions and appointments, within the time and in the manner directed and required by the faid acts, and the commissioners for the time being appointed to manage the duties payable to his Majesty, his heirs, and fucceffors, and charged on stamped vellum, parchment, and paper, and their proper officers and fervants are hereby required and injoined to receive such duties, and to cause the admissions or appointments fo tendered, to be impressed or stamped with the proper mark or marks, stamp or stamps, used for denoting the payment of the faid duties; any thing in the faid acts concained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXI. And whereas in the month of December, one thousand seven Clause for hundred and fifty nine, at Liverpoole in the county palatine of Lan-reliet of W. caster, there was shipped on board the Drake, James Mackenzie Earl, in remaster, by William Earl of Liverpoole aforefaid, for the north feas, loft going seven hundred and twenty bushels of white falt, for the duty whereof into Dublin bond was given by the faid William Earl, Joseph Carter, and James harbour. Macketizie; and the faid reffel, the Drake, going into the harbour of Dublin, was wrecked, whereby the falt above mentioned was left and perished in the sea; but the proof of such less could not be made within the time limited by law; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforefaid. That the bond or bonds given by the faid William Earl, Joseph Carter, and James Mackenzie, for and in respect of the duty of the faid feven hundred and twenty bushels of falt so loft, shall forthwith be delivered up, discharged, and vacated, and the same is and are hereby discharged and vacated accordingly; any act or acts of parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. XXXV.

An all for applying the money granted in this session of parliament, towards defraying the charge of the pay of the militia of that part of Great Britain called England, when unembodied, and of the cloathing of the part of the faid militia now unembodied, for one year, beginning the twenty fifth day of March, one thousand seven bundred and fixty true.

XIHEREAS the fum of twenty thouland pounds has been grant- Preamble. ed to his Majesty, upon account towards defraying the charge of pay and cloathing for the unembodied militia, for one year, from the twenty fifth day March, one thousand seven hundred and sixty two:

Where the militia is or of the county is to iffue 4 down;

with half a year's falary to the regimental and battalion clerks; and the allowances to the clerks of the general and fubdivifion meetings; and pay tor cloathing of the militia.

The above fums are not to be paid, it pay has not before been iffued, till the ld. lieut.or to the treafury and receivers general the incoment required.

Moo in order therefore that the charge of pay and cloathing for fuch mi-Flitia may be duly and properly defrayed and satisfied: be it enacted by the King's most excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this, present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same That in every county, riding, or place within that part of Great stall be raised, Britain called England, where the militia is or shall be raised but not embo- and is or shall not be embodied, the receiver or receivers bettedied, the re- ral of the land tax of fuch county, riding, or place respectively, ceiver general shall during the time that such militia shall continue not emshall, during the time that such militia shall continue not embodied, iffue and pay the whole fums required in the manner. months pay in and for the several uses herein after-mentioned; that is to say, advance, ac- for the pay of the said militia for four calendar months in adcording to the vance, at the rate of fix shillings a day for each adjutant, where of pay here let an adjutant is appointed; and at the rate of one shilling for each serjeant, with the addition of two shillings and fix pence a week for each ferjeant major, where a ferjeant major is appointed; and at the rate of fix pence a day for each drummer, with the addition of fix pence a day for each drum major, where a drum major is appointed; and also at the rate of five pence a month for each private man and drummer, for defraying the contingent expenses of each regiment, battalion, or independent company of militia; and also for half a year's salary for the clerk of each regiment or battalion of militia belonging to feel county, riding, or place, at the rate of fifty pounds a year; and also for the respective allowances to the clerk of the general meetings, and clerks of the feveral subdivision meetings, at the rates following; that is to fay, to the clerk of the general meetings, at the rate of five pounds five shillings for each meeting; and to the feveral clerks of the subdivision meetings, at the rate of one pound one shilling for each meeting; and also for the cloathing of the militia for fuch county, riding, or place, after the rate of three pounds ten shillings for each serjeant, and two pounds for each drummer, with the addition of one pound for each serjeant major, and each drum major; and with respect to the private militia men where the militia hath not already been cloathed, or hath not been cloathed within three years, at the rate of one pound ten shillings for each private man.

II. Provided nevertheless, That in any county, riding, or place, where pay has not been yet issued for the militia, no such fum shall be issued until his Majesty's lieutenant, or in his abfence, any three deputy lieutenants of any fuch county, riding, or place, shall have certified to the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, and to the receiver general of the land Tax, deputies thall that three fifths of the number of private militia men of fuch have certified county, riding, or place, have been inrolled; and that three fifths of the proportion of their commission officers have accepted their commissions, and entered their qualifications, as by law

of three fifths of the men and officers.

₩.

## 1761.] ... Anno fecundo Georgii III. c. 344

III. And be it enacted, That all fuch fums of money afore The money is faid, except fuch as shall be due to the several clerks of the be issued by meetings aforesaid, shall be paid by the said receiver or receivers the receiver general of the land tax, into the hands of the clerk or clerks of general to the he regiments or battalions of militia belonging to fuch county, regiment or fiding, or place, upon his or their producing his or their war- battalion (ex-Int or warrants of appointment to such office, under the hand cept the allowances to another of his Majesty's lieutenant for such respective county, the clerks of riding or place; and where the militia shall be formed into an the meetings) independant company, or independant companies, such sums as upon producaforesaid shall be paid by the said receiver or receivers general ing the war-If the land tax, into the hands of the respective captain of each rant of his ap-independent company of militia, or to such person as such re- and for indespective captain shall authorize to receive the same, according pendent comto the number of persons hereby intitled to receive pay and panies, to the cloathing, of which such regiment or regiments, battalion or respective capbattalions, independent company or independent companies, their order. shall have been appointed to confist; and such receiver or re- A second payceivers general of the land tax, shall also, within fourteen days ment is also to after the expiration of the third calendar month from the time be made withof the faid first payment, make a second payment for four cain 3 months
lendar months in advance; and shall also, within sourteen days
and a third after the expiration of the third calendar month from the time of within three the faid fecond payment, make a third payment for four calendar months after months in advance, for the pay and contingent expences of the the fecond. militia, and for the allowances to the regimental or battalion clerk or clerks aforefaid, in the proportions herein before-mentioned; and the receipts of fuch clerk or clerks, and of fuch Receipts of captain of an independent company, or captains of independent the persons to companies, or of fuch person or persons as such captain or cap-whom the motaine finall to authorize to receive fuch money as aforesaid, shall ney shall be to be a sufficient discharge to such receiver or receivers general of charge the the land tax, for the feveral fums of money fo by him or them receivers geraid.

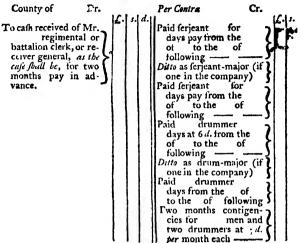
IV. And be it enacted, That the clerk of each regiment or The regimenbattalion of militia shall forthwith, after the receipt of such sums tal and battaof money as aforefaid, pay, or cause to be paid, one calendar lion clerks are month's pay in advance to the adjutant of such regiment or to pay in advance one battalion respectively; and to the captain or commanding of month's pay ficer of each company belonging to fuch regiment or battalion, to the adjutwo months pay in advance for the ferjeants, drummers, and tant; and 2 the contingent expences of his respective company; and also months pay the contingent expenses of his respective company; and and to each cap-to the commanding officer of the company to which the ferjeant major and drum-major shall belong, two months pay in scrieants. advance for fuch ferjeant and drum-major; and fo, from time drummers, to time, fo long as any money on that account shall remain and continin his hands: which pay every fuch captain or commanding gent expences officer is hereby required to distribute to each person belonging company; and to his company by this act intitled to receive the fame, as it for the fershall become due; and shall, once in every year, give in to the jeant-major clerk of the regiment or battalion to which such company shall and drum-major; and to belong, the command.

Anno fecundo Georgii III. C. 25.

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ing officer of elong, or, if captain of an independent company, to the rethe company ceiver general, an account of the feveral payments he shall have to which they made in pursuance of this act, according to the following form;

belong : captains to diftribute the pay accordungly; and account for the fame wearly to the clerk or receiver general, if an independent company, according to the following form ;



the furplus monies in his hands, except the conces, which is ed for, the general use of the iegiment, &c. Captains of independent companies to pay to their men, and apply the money allowed for contingent expences.

Clerk to rehis hands for his own fala-

buls,

and pay back. And shall pay back to the said clerk, or to the receiver general, as the case shall be, the surplus (if any) of the money by him, from time to time, received, and then remaining in his hands, except the money by this act allowed for contingent expences, tingentexpen, which shall once in every year be accounted for by the captain of each company respectively, in manner aforesaid, and the bato be account- lance thereof shall be by him paid into the hands of the clerk and applied to of the regiment or battalion to which fuch company shall belong, to be applied to the general use of the said regiment or battalion, as the field officers and captains thereof, or the greater part of them, shall, at a general meeting, direct; and the captain of each independent company is hereby required to distribute to each person belonging to his company intitled thereto, such distribute the money as he shall receive by virtue of this act; and the said money allowed for the contingent expences of each independent company of militia shall be respectively applied to the particular use of such independent company by the captain thereof.

V. And be it enacted, That the faid regimental or battalion clerk may and thall retain to his own use, out of the money so by him received, fuch further fums as shall complete the allowance tain money in herein before made for his falary; and fuch regimental or battalion clerk thall pay to fuch perfon or perfons as thall produce an order from his Mainswitzenant, or from the commandand discharge ing officer of such regiment or battalion, such sums of money the cleathing as shall be due and owing for or on account of the cleathing of

d regiments or battalions, not exceeding the rates herein mentioned.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, When the hat whenever his Majesty's lieutenant together with two or lord heutenant and deputy lieutenants, and on the death or removal, or in puties shall the absence of his Majesty's lieutenant, any three or more have fixed the de ablence of his fragity's heart and the county lieutenants of any county, riding, or place, shall have days of exercise fixed the days of exercise for the militia, he or they shall, as cile, they are to soon is may be, certify the same to the receiver general of such certify the county, riding, or place, specifying the number of men, and same to the the number of days such men are to be absent from home on receiver geneaccount of fuch exercise; and such receiver general is hereby ral, specifying the number of required, within sourteen days after the receipt of such certinmen, and days cate, to iffue and pay to the clerk of the feveral regiments or they shall be battalions, or to the captains of the independent companies, as ablent from the case shall be, at the rate of one shilling per day for each pri-home. vate militia man, with the addition of fix pence per day for each neral to iffue corporal of the militia, fo to be called out to exercise, for the thereupon pay number of days fuch militia men shall be absent from home on for the men account of such exercise; and the said regimental or battalion to the regiclerks are hereby required forthwith to pay to each captain of mental clerk, the faid regiments or battalions the proportion of pay belonging who is to pay to their respective companies.

VII. And be it turther enacted, That during the time of fuch to the respecexercise as aforesaid, the captains of every company shall make tive captains. a field return, to be delivered to the commanding officer, and Captains to likewise keep an account of every day's exercise; which ac-make field count shall, at the end of the time of exercise, be examined by commanding the commanding officer, and compared with the faid return. keep account of every day's exercise, to be examined and compared with the return.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the captain of each Captains to company shall make up an account of all monies received, and account acpaid by him on account of such exercise, according to the following company thall make up an account of all monies received, and make up their

over the fame officer; and

lowing form .						form;
County of	Dr.	Ç.   1.	 Per Contra	Cr.	s.	d.
To cash received of the regimental or be talion clerk, or receiver general, as	(		Paid militia exercite d Paid additional corporals			

Which account shall be signed by the said captain, and counter- to be signed figned by the commanding officer; and fuch captain shall, with- by them and in ten days after the time of fuch exercise, deliver such account, counterfigned and pay the ballance, if there be any due, to the regimental or by the combattalion clerk; or if captain of a independent company, to ficer, the receiver general; and such accounts shall be allowed as suf- and delivered

caje shall be, tor Day's pay of

ficient with the bal-

Anno ferundo Georgii III. C. 35. [1/61.

ent vouchers in the passing of the accounts of such received

lance to the clerk, or receiver general. -

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Accounts allowed fufficient vouchers.

general at the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer.

During the time the troops are em-Sodied, and and receive pay as the King's other forces, all pay from the receivers gene-

IX. Provided always, and be it enacted. That where any giment, battalion, or independent company of militia is or shall be embodied and called out into actual service, and thereby the called out into officers and private militia men are or shall be intitled to the actual tervice, fame pay as the officers and private men in his Majesty's other regiments of foot receive, all pay from the receiver or receivers general of the land tax for the county, riding, or place to which fuch regiment, battalion, or independent company of militia shall belong, whether to the adjutant, serjeants, private militia men, or others; and all money allowed as aforefaid for the ral is to cease. contingent expences of such regiment, battalion, or independent company of militia; and also the allowance to the clerk of fuch regiment or battalion; shall, during such time of actual fervice, and until fuch regiment, battalion, or independent company shall be disembodied, and returned home by order of their commanding officers, cease, and not be paid.

The clerk of the general ance, upon producing an order from the loid lieutedeputies : and the clerks of the fubdivition meetducing a like order from one nant .- Orders to discharge receivers general.

X. And be it enacted, That the faid receiver or receivers of meetings is to the land tax shall pay to the clerk of the general meetings his paid his allow- allowance, at the rate of five pounds five shillings for each meeting, upon his producing an order or orders for that purpose from his Majesty's lieutenant, or from three deputy lieutenants asfembled at some general meeting or meetings; and shall also pay nant, or three to each and every the clerks of the subdivision meetings, their several allowances, at the rate of one pound one shilling for each meeting, upon his or their producing an order or orders from. one or more deputy lieutenant or deputy lieutenants affembled ingsupon pro- in the feveral fubdivision meetings; which said order or orders thall be to the faid receiver or receivers general of the land tax, a sufficient discharge for the payment of such allowances, deputy heute- and be allowed in his or their account.

Regimental and batt dion clerks to give fecurity for paving and the monics received by them;

XI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the clerk of each regiment or battalion of militia thall give fecurity to the receiver or receivers general of the land tax of the county, riding, or place, to which fuch regiment or battalion thall belong, accounting for by a bond to his Majesty, in the penalty of one half of the sum required for the whole year's charge of the regiment or battalion of militia to which fuch clerk shall belong, for duly anfwering and paying fuch fums as he thall, from time to time have received, and for duly accounting for the fame, and for performance of the trust hereby in him reposed; which said bond thall be lodged in the hands of the receiver or receivers general of the land tax for the respective county, riding, or place, who, in case the said regimental or battalion clerk shall not duly perform the conditions comprized in the faid bond, shall, and is hereby required forthwith to put the faid bond in luit

The bonds to be lodged with the receivers general, and put in fuit by them on non-

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money re-

161.] At Anno fundo Georgii III. C. 201 that, in the name of h Majesty, his heirs, and successors, the performance full costs and charges of which suit, in case judgment shall be of the condigiven against such regimental or battalion clerk, shall be paid tion; by him to the said receiver or receivers general of the land tax, and they are who shall likewise be intitled to, and receive to his or their own intitled thereuse, at the rate of five pounds per centum, out of all such monies upon to full as shall be by him or them recovered thereon, and shall account costs and for the relidue thereof with the proper auditor of his Majesty's charges, reverbe, the faid receiver or receivers general of the land tax and 51. per charging himself or themselves therewith upon the next account cent. of the of the land tax to be by him or them passed. the relidue to be accounted for to the auditor.

covered:

XII. And be it enacted, that the clerk of every regiment or The regimenbattalion of militia, and the captain of every independent com- tal and battapany of militia, in every county, riding, and place, within the lion clerks part of Great Britain aforesaid, shall, between the twenty fifth and captains day of March and the twenty fourth day of June, in the year dent compaone thousand seven hundred and sixty three, deliver to the re-nics, are to ceiver or receivers general of the land tax for the county, rid-deliver in acing, or place, to which such regiment, battalion, or indepen-counts of their dent company shall belong, a fair account in writing of all mo-disburienies by him received and difburfed for the fervice of the pre-ments. ceding year, in pursuance of this act, with proper vouchers for the fame; and shall pay back to the faid receiver or receivers and pay over general of the land tax, any furplus of such monies that shall the balance to then be in his hands; which faid accounts, figned by fuch regimental or battalion clerk, or by fuch captain of an indepen-who are to dent company respectively, shall be transmitted by the faid re-transmit the ceiver or receivers general of the land tax, into the office of the accounts into proper auditor of his Majesty's revenue.

office. XIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all penalties. all costs and charges of suit, and all sums of money for which Recovery of any person or persons is or are by this act made answerable, penalties, &c. may and shall be recovered in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information, wherein no effoin, wager of law, or protection, or more

than one imparlance, shall be allowed.

XIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no fee or No fee paygratuity whatfoever shall be given or paid for or upon account able for any of any warrant or fum of money which shall be issued in relanion to, or in pursuance of this act.

isfued in purfuance of this ach

#### CAP. XXXVI.

An all for better securing the payment of the sums of money directed by an att made in the thirty second year of the reign of his late Majesty King George the Second, to J. applied in augmentation of the salaries of the puisne judges in the court of King's Bench, the judges in the court of Common Pleas, the barons of the coif in the court of Exchequer, at Weitminster, and the justices of Chester, and the great sessions for the counties in Wales for the time being.

Preamble, reciting clause II.

WHEREAS by an act made in the thirty second year of the reign of his late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, " An in act 32 Geo. at for augmenting the falaries of the puishe judges in the court of "King's Bench, the judges of the court of Common Pleas, the " varons of the coif in the court of Exchequer, at Westminster, the " in less in the courts of fossion and Exchequer in Scotland, and " julices of Chefter, and the great feffions for the counties in Wales," it was fet forth that the fairnes of the faid judges and justices were inadequate to the dignity and importance of their offices, and therefore, in order to establish in the first place a proper fund for the augmentation of the fabries of the faid judges in the courts at Westminster. and juffices of Chester, and the great fellions for the counties in Wales, certain stimp duties were thereby granted and appropriated to the payment of the feveral and respective jums of mency direct. I by the baid act to be apple 4 in augmentation of the falaries of the 1.1 (all mentioned judges and inflices, and certain furns were directed to be band yearly, cut of the duties and revenues there is a introned, in augmentation of the filtrice of the fold jurges in Scotland: and where is the fund proand I for payment of the jums granted in augmentation of the julinies in the first judges and pathies in England and Wales, bath proped insufficent to make good and answer the time: He, your Majesty's most dutiful and leval subject; the commons of Great Britain in far-Fam at effectively in order to make the field fund effectively to answer the Aid purples, do give and grant unto your Majesty the duties revein atfor mentioned, and do the et it mift bun bly beleech your Maiefly that if this be charled; and be it enacted by the King's most excellent Majetty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords fpiritual and temporal, and commons in this prefent parliament affembled, and by the authority of the fame, That from and after the fifth day of \( \gamma \), one thousand seven hundred and sixty two, there thall be, throughout England, the dominion of Make, and town of Berwick upon Tweed, raifed, collected, leyied, and paid, unto and for the use of his Majesty, his heirs and facceffors, for every piece of veilum, parchiment, or paper, on which the matters and things herein after mentioned thall be ingroffed or written, at any time or times after the faid fifth day of yelf, over and above the rates, duties, charges and fams of money, now due and payable to his Majesty for or in

From and after . July, a-6:, the tolthe garnol tion d duty to be laid on itamped vel lum, parchment or paper, 112.

t of the father a of money: that is to lay

For every piece of validate or parchiblent, air fitest de piece on est of paper, upon which say admission into any of the four mission in ions of court shall be ingrossed or written, the futt of two of court.

For every piece of vellum or parchment, or theet or piece and on every of paper, upon which any register, entry, teltimonial, or cerof paper, upon which any reguler, energy, returnouss, or certhe degree of
tificate, of the degree of utter barrifter, taken in any of the an otter barfour thus of court fitall be ingroffed or written, the fum of two ruber taken in pounds.

any of theirns of court, 40 M

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, The faid, That for the better and more effectual raising, levying, col- tes to be milecting, and paying, the faid additional rates and duties herein nagement of before granted, the same shall be under the government, care, the commisand management, of the commissioners for the time being soners for appointed to manage the duties payable to his Majerty, his samps; heirs, and fuccessors, and charged on stamped vellum, parchment, and paper, by former acts of parliament in that behalf made, who, or the major part of them, are hereby required who are to apand impowered to employ such officers under them for that officers under purpose as they stiall think proper, and to use such dies and them, stamps to denote the stamp duties hereby charged as they shall think fit, and to repair, renew, or alter, the fame, from time and provide to time, as there shall be occasion, and to do all other acts, suitable matters, and things, necessary to be done for putting this act stamps. in execution with relation to the faid rates and duties hereby granted, in the like, and in as full and ample manner, as they, or the major part of them, are authorized to put in execution any former law concerning stamped vellum, parchment, or paper.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That to prevent the multiplication of stamps for and in respect of the additional rates and duties hereby One new for and in respect of the additional rates and duties neverly ft imp to be granted, it shall and may be lawful for the said commissioners, provided for instead of distinct stamps, to ascertain the duties granted by denoting the former acts and this act, to cause one new stamp to be pro- said duties. vided for denoting all the faid duties, from time to time, as

shall by the faid commissioners be thought proper or necessary. IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, vellum & That all vellum, parchment, and paper, charged by this act, famped bewith any of the stamp duties hereby granted, which hath been, fore 5 July, or shall before the said sifth day of July, be stamped or marked pursuance of in purluance of the former acts of parliament relating to his other acts. Majesty's stamp duties, or any of them, shall, before any of ble with s of the matters or things in respect whereof any rate or duty duties of this is hereby made payable, shall be therefold or written thereupon, act, fuch ingrofling or writing being at any time after the faid fifth is to be day of 70%, he brought to the head off a for demand fifth brought to the day of July, be brought to the head office for stamping or stamp office Vol. XXV.

marking in order to

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have an addi- plarking of vellum, parchment, and paper, to be stamped or marked with another mark or stamp, over and besides the tional stamp impressed ; and fuch as day in purfuance of fored as hereby directed, before any matter or thing be ingroffed thereou.

on forfeiture of sl. over duties, and fuch writlaw, till the duties and forfeitures be paid, and the proprefied.

Receiver general, &c. to give receipts tor the laid monies ; to be thereupon imprefted. Penalty to be

duties.

Duries to be pad into the hands of the receiver general, th tchequer;

marks or stamps put or to be put thereupon, in pursuance of shall not have the said former acts or any of them; and that all vellum, parchbeen framped ment, and paper, which hath not been, or shall not, before before the faid the faid fifth day of fuly, be stamped or marked in pursuance of the faid former acts, or any of them, shall, before any of the mer acts, is to matters or things in respect whereof any stamp duty is payable be duly stamp hereby, and by the said former acts or any of them, shall be thereupon ingroffed or written, such ingroffing or writing being after the said fifth day of July, be brought to the said head office, and there marked and stamped with the proper marks or stamps, or mark or stamp, provided, used, or appointed, or to be provided or appointed, in pursuance of the faid former acts, or of this act, to denote the respective duties thereby and hereby respectively charged thereupon; and if any of the faid matters and things so to be ingrossed or written as aforesaid, shall be ingrossed or written contrary to the true intent and meaning hereof, upon vellum, parchment, or paper, not appearing to have been duly marked or stamped, according to this act, that then, and in every such case, there shall be due, answered, and paid (over and above the stamp duties payable hereby, and by the faid former acts, or any of them) for and above the or in respect of every such matter or thing, the sum of five pounds; and that no fuch matter or thing shall be available ing, &c. being in law or equity, or be given in evidence, or admitted in any unavailable in court, unless as well the said duty hereby charged in respect thereof, as the faid sum of five pounds, shall be first paid to the receiver general for the time being of the stamp duties, or his deputy or clerk, and until the vellum, parchment, or paper, upon which fuch matter or thing is so ingroffed or written, per stamp im- shall be marked or stamped, according to the tenor and true meaning hereof; and the faid receiver general, and his deputy or clerk, are hereby enjoined and required, upon payment or tender of the faid duties, and of the faid fum of five pounds, and fuch other fums, as by the faid former acts are payable in that behalf, to give a receipt for fuch monies; and the other and the frames proper officers are thereupon required to mark or framp such matters or things with the proper marks or stamps, or mark or stamp required in that behalf; which faid sum of five pounds is to be applied to the fame uses and purposes, as the duties applied as the hereby granted are to be applied.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That the rates and duties herein before granted, shall be paid, from time to time, into the hands of the receiver general for the time being of the duties on stamped vellum, parchment, and paper, who shall keep a separate and distinct account who is to keep of the rates and duties arising by virtue of this act, and pay a separate ac- the same (the necessary charges of raising, paying, and account thereor, counting for fuch rates and duties, being delighted) into the and pay over receipt of the exchequer, for the purposes herein after expressed,

Anno fecundo Grorgu III. c. 36. such time and in such manner, as any former duties on aped vellum, parchment, or paper, are directed to be paid; that in the office of the auditor of the faid receipt, shall be provided and kept a book or books in which all the monies and the auarising from the rates and duties hereby granted and paid into provide a book the faid receipt as aforefaid, shall be entered separate and apart for entering from all other monies paid and payable to his Majesty, his the same sepaheirs, and fuccessors, upon any account whatsoever, and shall rately from all other monies. be applied in such manner as is herein after mentioned.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Commission-That the faid commissioners, and all other officers who shall employed in be employed in the collection or management of the faid rates the collection and duties herein before granted, shall, in the execution of and managetheir offices, observe and perform such rules and orders as they ment of these tespectively shall, from time to time, receive from the high trea-observe the furer or the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more direction of of them, for the time being, and that no fee or reward shall be the treatury; taken or demanded by any such commissioners or officers, from and no see is any of his Majesty's subjects, for any matter or thing to be them; done in pursuance of this act; and in case any officer employed and essential in the execution of this act, in relation to the said rates and their duty, to duties, shall refuse or neglect to do or perform any matter or the damage of thing by this act required or directed to be done or performed any perfon, they are liable by him, whereby any of his Majesty's subjects shall or may to make good fultain any damage whatfoever, such officer so offending shall the tame, with be liable, by any action to be founded on this statute, to an- treble costs fwer to the party grieved all fuch damages, with treble cofts of fuit; of fuit.

VII. And he it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, and they are That the faid commissioners, and their officers, shall be subject made subject to fuch penalties and forfeitures for any breach of the trufts to the like penalties for any in them reposed, or for diverting or misapplying the money breach of received in pursuance of this act, as by any former law relating trust, &c. as to stamped vellum, parchiment, or paper, are inflicted; and are inflicted that all powers, provisions, articles, clauses, penalties, for by any of the former acts; feitures, distribution of penalties and forseitures, and all other and all the matters and things prescribed, inflicted, or appointed, by any provisions, &c. former act or acts of parliament relating to the stamp duties on in those acts; vellum, parchment, and paper, and not hereby altered, shall tered by this, be in full force and effect with relation to the rates and duties are extended hereby imposed, and shall be applied and put in execution for to this act. the raifing, levying, collecting, and fecuring the faid rates and duties, according to the true intent and meaning of this act, as fully, to all intents and purposes, as if the same had severally and respectively been herein enacted with relation to the rates and duties hereby imposed.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Penalty of That if any person from and after the said fifth day of July, counterfeiting that it any period from and after the last and any of the forging any shall counterfeit or forge, or procure to be counterfeited or forged, or forging any any seal, stamp, or mark, to resemble any seal, stamp, or mark, to be used for directed or allowed to be used by this act, for the purpose of de- the purposes

noting of this ad ,

or of felling any vellum, &c. with fuch counterfeit stam, 18 ; using any of the allowed stamps, with an intent to defraud: is telony,

noting the duties hereby granted; or shall counterfeit or resentble the impression of the same, with an intent to defraud his Majesty, his heirs, and successors, of any of the said duties, or shall utter, vend, or fell, any vellum, parchment, or paper, liable or of privately to any fuch stamp duty, with such counterfeit stamp or mark. knowing the same to be counterfeit; or shall privately or fraudulently use any seal, stamp, or mark, directed or allowed. to be used by this act, with intent to defraud his Majesty, his heirs, and fucceffors, of any of the faid duties, every person so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adwithout bene- judged a felon, and thall fuffer death as in cases of felony, withnefit of clergy, out benefit of clergy.

mer act of be a joint fund judges falailes;

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Duties of this, IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforelaid, and of the for- That the duties hereby granted, and the duties arising by virtue of the faid former act, made in the thirty fecond year of 32 Geo. II. to his late Majesty's reign, shall be, and are hereby made one tor paying the joint fund, for answering and paying, in such manner and proportions as are therein directed and appointed, with respect to the duties thereby granted, all fuch fums of money as shall become due and payable from and after the faid fifth day of July in pursuance of the said act, to the puisne judges in the court of King's Bench, the judges in the court of Common Pleas at Westminster, the chief and other barons of the coif in the court of Exchequer at Westminster, the chief and second justices of Chefter, and the justices of the great fessions for the counties in Wales, for the time being respectively; and if any surplus shall remain of the produce of the said fund, the same shall be referved for the disposition of parliament, in such manner as any furplus of the duties granted by the faid act, are thereby directed to be referved.

and the furplus to be reierved for the disposition of parliament.

X. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if any person or persons shall at any time or times be sued or profecuted for any thing by him or them done, or to be done or executed, in pursuance of this act, or of any matter or thing in this act contained, fuch person or persons shall and may plead General isfue, the general issue, and give the special matter, in evidence, for his or their defence; and if upon the trial a verdict shall pass for the defendant or defendants, or the plaintiff or plaintiffs shall become nonsuited, then such defendant or defendants fhall have treble costs to him or them awarded against such plaintiff or plaintiffs.

Treble costs.

#### CAP. XXXVII.

An all for vefting certain lands, tenements, and hereditaments, upon the jea coasts, in the counties of Kent, Suffex, and Southampton, on which forts and batteries have been erested for the defence of the faid coasts, in trustees, for certain ules; and for other purpoles therein mentioned.

Preamble.

HEREAS the courts of Suffex, Kent, Said Southampton. lay open and exposed to the rollie invaling of his Majefly's

enemies :

# 1761.] ., LE Anno secundo Georgii III,

enemies: and whereas our late most gracious sovereign lord George the Second, out of his paternal affection, tendering the welfare and protection of his dutiful and leval subjects, did order and direct the master general and principal officers of his ordnance, to erect and build several forts and batteries, at convenient distances, upon the fail coasts: and whereas, in pursuance of such orders, forts and batteries have been erected by and with the confent of the owners and proprietors of the several lands herein after-mentioned, on which the same are respectively erected; at Little Hampton, Brighthelmston, Newhaven, Blotchington, Seaford, Hastings, and Rye, in the county of Sufsex; and at Folkstone and Hyth, in the county of Kent; and in the parish and Island of Portsea, in the county of Southampton: and whereas it is just and reasonable that the several owners and proprietors of fuch lands should have proper compensation and latisfaction made for their respective interest therein, and that the faid lands should be rested for ever in the crown, or in trustees, for the use and benefit of your Majesty, your heirs, and successors, after such compensation made to the owners and proprietors of the said lands; May it therefore please your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That all that piece or parcel of land situate on the The lands. fea thore on the east fide of the entrance into Arundel Haven, with the barin the parith of Climpton, in the county of Suffex, containing racks and matwo acres, twelve perch and an half, on which a fort or bat-whereon the tery called Little Hampton Battery, with gunners barracks, and feveral forts the magazine thereto belonging, have lately been erected; and or batteries also all that piece or parcel of land situate on the sea shore at following the east part of the town of Brighthelmflon, in the faid county fland, viz. of Suffex, containing one rood, twenty feven perch and three Hampton, on quarters, being part of the lands of Brighthelmston aforesaid, the entrance called The Earl Clift, on which faid piece of land last-mentioned, in Arundel the fort or battery called Brighthelmston Battery, with gunners Brighthelmston, Battery, with gunners Brighthelmston, Battery, with gunners Brighthelmston, Battery, with gunners Brighthelmston, Battery, with bean Brighthelmston, Battery, with bean Brighthelmston, Battery, with gunners Brighthelmston, Battery, Batt barracks, and the magazine thereto belonging, have lately been from Battery; crected; and also all that piece or parcel of land situate on the north side, at the entrance of the harbour of Newhaven, in Restreet. the faid county of Suffex, containing one acre, two road, and Battery; twenty feven perch, part of the lands called The Cuffle Hill, on which faid piece of land last-mentioned, the fort or battery called Newhaven Battery, with gunners barracks, and the magazine thereto belonging, have lately been erected; and also Blotchington all that piece or parcel of land fituate in the parish of Blochington, Battery, in the faid county of Suffex, together with a way and paffage five hundred twenty fix feet in length, and ten feet wide, from the west angle of the said piece or parcel of land, to a certain well fituate on Blotchington Dozon, which faid piece or parcel of land, with the faid way or passage, contain three acres, twenty one perch, and on which faid piece or parcel of land, a fort or battery\_called Blafington Battery, with gunners barracks, and the magazine thereto belonging, have lately been

crected;

erected; and also all that piece or parcel of waste land situate.

Seaford Battery;

Halling Bat-

tery;

in the parish of Seaford, in the said county of Suffex, containing, together with a well at the town of Seaford, one acre, one rood, and seven perch, being the greatest part thereof waste lands called Seaford Beach, on which the fort and battery called Seaford Battery, with the gunners barracks, and magazines thereto belonging, have lately been erected; and also all that piece or parcel of waste land, situate in the parish of Saint Mary of the Cuftle, on the pier at the west side of the town of Hasting. in the faid county of Suffex, on which a battery called Hafting Battery has lately been erected; and also all that other piece or parcel of land, fituate on the faid pier, on which the gunners barracks, and magazine belonging to the faid battery last-mentioned, have lately been crected, which faid two pieces or parcels of land last-mentioned, contain together one rood and twenty five perch; and also all that piece or parcel of waste land situate at Rye, in the faid county of Suffex, containing one acre, two rood. and thirty three perch, called The Gun Garden Battery. where an old battery formerly flood, and on which two new batteries called the Upper Battery and Lower Battery, and the magazine to them belonging, have lately been crected; and also all that other piece or parcel of waste land situate at Rye aforesaid, containing fix perch, being part of the waste called The Old Church Yard, on which the gunners barracks, belonging to the faid batteries last-mentioned, have lately been creeted; and also all that piece or parcel of land fituate at Felkestone in the county of Kent, containing one acre, one rood, and twelve perch, being part of a piece of land called The Upper Bail Ground, on which Hyth Battery; a fort or battery has been lately erected; and also all that piece or parcel of waste land situate near the town of Hyth, in the faid county of Kent, containing twenty one perch, on which a hattery of five guns has been lately erected; and also all that other piece or parcel of waste land near the said town of Hith, containing twenty four perch, on which the gunners barracks and magazine belonging to the fand battery last mentioned, have been lately erccled; and also all that piece or parcel of land fituate in the purith of Pertfest in the county of South, motion, containing four acre three rood, and feventeen perch, being part of two fields called The Sixteen Acre Field and

Gun Garden Battery, at

Rye, with the Upper and Lower Batteries there;

Folkstone Battery ;

Lump's Battery, at Portica ;

and Eafiney Battery ;

> fields called Lo. 6's Pattock, and the thirty acre field belonging to a farm called Eathery Farm, in the faid parish of Portsea, on which a fort or battery called Eathery Pattery, with the gunners

> barracks, and magazine thereto belonging, have lately been cree ed, together with the beach or thingle bytween high water mark and low water mark, contiguous to, and adjoining the faid foreral pieces or naicels of land, or any or either of them; and

> The Eighten Acr. Field, belonging to Lump's Farm, in the faid parith of Parties, on which a fort or battery, called Lump's Bittery, with the gunners barracks, and magazine thereto

> belonging, have lately been crefted; and also all that piece or parcel of land fituite in the faid parith of Parties, containing fix acres, two roud, and twenty one perch, being part of two

and all other rights, members, and appurtenances, to trees. or any or either of them, belonging or appertaining, shall be. and are hereby, vefted and declared to be in the actual and are feverally real possession and seisin of Sir John Cust baronet, speaker of the vested, with house of commons; the honourable Robert Fairfax, Sir Wynd- the rights, ham Knatchbull Wyndham baronet, Thomas Pelham Esquire, John and appurte-Butler Esquire, the right honourable Henry Bilson Legge, and nances there-Sir Simeon Stuart baronet, their heirs and affigns for ever, in to belonging trust nevertheless for such person and persons, bodies politic in the trustor corporate, ecclesiastical or civil, as at or immediately mentioned, before the time of making this act, were the several and ref- in truffor pective owners and proprietors thereof, according to their the respective several estates and interests therein at the same time, in pos-owners and fession, reversion, remainder, or otherwise, until such estates proprietors and interests shall be respectively adjudged and determined, and reasonable and just compensation and satisfaction shall be made for the fame.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, His Maiefly That for the better ascertaining the several owners and pro-impowered to prieters of the faid lands, and their respective titles and claims issue letters thereto, it shall and may be lawful to and for his Majesty, by pointing compone or more commission or commissions, by letters patent missioners to under the great seal of Great Britain, to authorize and appoint hear and deany number of persons to be commissioners to hear and deter-termine the mine all titles and claims that shall or may be made to the faid claims of the lands, tenements, and hereditaments, or to any part or parcel feveral prothereof; which commissioners so to be appointed, or any five prietors of the or more of them, are hereby authorized and required, and faid lands, shall and may, in a summary manner, proceed, act, and de- and heredita-termine, by and upon the testimony of witnesses upon oath ments, and (which outh they, or any five or more of them, are hereby their respecimpowered to administer) inspection and examination of deeds, tive interests writings, and records, or by inquest of twelve good and lawful They are to men to be impanelled and fworn in manner herein after men-proceed theretioned and directed, or by all or any of the faid ways, or other- in in a fumwife, according to their discretion, all and all manner of rights, mary way by estates, and interests, and all controversies, debates, and queform which shall happen and arise between any person or per-upon oath, fons whatfoever, or any other matter or thing relating to any inspection and of the premisses, or any part thereof; and shall have power examination to fend for any person or persons, and oblige them to produce of deeds and their deeds or writings, upon oath, relating to any of the same ces, or by inpremisses; and also shall and may, by agreement with the quest, &c. respective person or persons that shall be determined to be the and they are owners and proprietors of the faid lands, or by the faid inquest impowered to of the said twelve good and lawful men to be impanelled and sworn, inquire, proceed, act, and determine, touching and oblige them to concerning the true and real value of the faid premiffes, or any produce their part or parcel thereof, were or was of at the time the same were deeds, &c. re-first made use of for the purposes aforesaid: and the said com-missioners, or any sive or more of them, are hereby required

and, by agree- to cause all their judgments and decrees to be entered fairly in ment or inqueit, to fettle the value thereof: They are to cause their judgments affil decrees to be entered in books. ipecifying the description and boundalands, with the names of the parties interested; and the jums agreed for, or affeffed by the jury to be paid for the fanie.

ments and

books; which judgments and decrees shall expressly mention and specify the respective number of acres or parcels of land. with their feveral abuttals and boundaries, together with the name or names of every person or persons interested respectively in the fame; and the respective sum or sums that shall be so agreed for or affeffed by the faid jury to be paid for the same respectively; which judgments and decrees shall likewise be fairly ingroffed on parchment, and certified to the clerk of the crown in Chancery, and to the King's remembrancer in his Majerty's court of Exchequer; and fuch judgments and decrees ries of the faid made as aforefaid shall be final, and shall conclude all and every person and persons, bodies politic and corporate, ecclefiaftical and civil, their heirs, fucceffors, executors, administrators, and assigns respectively, notwithstanding any disability or incapacity whatfoever; any law, statute, or custom, or other matter or thing whatfoever, to the contrary notwithstanding; copies of which said judgments and decrees shall be laid forthwith before both houses of parliament, that a just and reasonable compensation and satisfaction may be made to the feveral owners and proprietors of the faid lands, tenements, The faid judg- and hereditaments.

decrees to be likewife ingroffed on parchment, and certified to the clerk of the crown in Chancery, and the King's remembrancer in the Exchequer: The same to be declared to be final and conclusive to all parties; and copies thereof are to to be laid forthwith before both houses of parliament, in order that a reatonable compensation may be made to the feveral owners.

Commissionerampowered to iffue warrants to the theriffs for . impanelling a fufficient juiy.

Jury to be iwoin:

Their duty.

6 or more of them may be duckted to take a view of the premulci.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid' That for the better carrying the faid commission or commisfions into execution, the faid commissioners to be appointed in and by the faid commission or commissions, or any five or more of them, shall, and lawfully may, and are hereby authorized and required to iffue forth their warrant or warrants, under their hands and feals, to be directed to the respective theriffs of the respective counties wherein such lands, tenements, or and returning hereditaments shall lie, thereby commanding them respectively to impanel, fummon, and return, before the faid committioners, at fuch times and places as shall be appointed in such warrant or warrants, a good and fufficient jury of twenty four good and lawful men qualified to ferve upon juries, at the affizes for the faid respective counties; who upon their oaths (which oaths the faid commissioners, or any five or more of them, shall have power to administer) thall enquire into the true and real value of the faid lands, tenements, and hereditaments, and every part or parcel thereof, and who respectively are the owners and proprietors thereof, and their respective estates and interests therein; and the better to enable the faid jurors to make fuch enquiry, the faid commissioners shall, and lawfully may, direct, in such their warrant or warrants to the faid respective sheriffs, a view to be taken by fix or more of the faid jurors, of the fe-

veral lands in the faid respective counties, at some time previous to the meeting of the faid commissioners; and the sheriffs of the faid counties respectively, upon receipt of such warrant Sheriff to imor warrants from the faid commissioners as aforefaid, are here-panel and sumby required to impanel, fummon, and return, twenty four mon a jury good and lawful men qualified to ferve upon juries at the &c. affizes for the faid respective counties, and in the mean time to have fix or more of the faid jurors to impanelled and fworn, to view the faid lands in their respective counties; and at the and, at therereturn of such warrant or warrants to attend the said commistion of the return of such warrant or warrants to attend the said commit-tioners, with his bailiffs or officers, to prove, if necessary, the attend, with fummons of the jurors to to be impanelled and returned ref- his officers, the pectively, upon oath, which oath the faid commissioners, or commissionany five or more of them, shall have power to administer to ers, in order the faid theriff, and his bailliffs and officers, or any or either of to prove the them: and in case the said theriff or sheriffs, and his or their summons; bailiffs and officers, or any or either of them, shall neglect or sheriffs or ofrefule, being duly served with such warrant or warrants of the sicers neglectfaid commissioners fourteen days before the return thereof, to ing their duty impanel, fummon, and return fuch jury of good and lawful in the premen as aforefaid, or otherwife refuse to execute such warrant or warrants, or shall not attend the said commissioners, with his bailiffs and officers, who thall fummon the faid jurors, at the return of fuch warrant or warrants, as aforefaid; then, and in may be fined either of the faid cafes, the faid commissioners, or any five or by the commore of them, are hereby authorized and required to impose mustioners in a a time on such theriff, bailiffs, and officers, or any or either of ceeding 201. them, fo making default, not exceeding twenty pounds, nor nor lefs than less than ten pounds, for any one offence; and in case the faid 101, for one jurors to be impanelled, funmoned, and returned, or any offence. or either of them, thall neglect or refuse to appear at the re- Jurorsneglestturn of fuch warrant or warrants, and to be fworn for the pur-ingtheir duty, poses aforefaid; then, and in such case, it shall and may be without lawful lawful to and for the faid commissioners then affembled and be mad in like met, to impose a fine upon each and every of the jurors so manner, impanelled, fummoned, and returned, and without lawful ex-cuse, (to be allowed of by the said committioners then sitting, or the major part of them) making default or refuling to be fworn, not exceeding the fum of ten pounds of lawful money in a fum not of Great Britain; which fine and fines to be imposed and fet, exceeding rol. the faid commissioners are hereby authorized and required to Fines may be entreat into his Majesty's court of Exchequer, to be levied to the estimated into use of his Majesty.

quei; and levied to the use of his Majesty.

IV. And he it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That in If a fufficient IV. And he it enacted by the authorny aforeign, that in jury thall nor case a sufficient jury shall not appear upon the return of the said jury shall nor be cound upon warrant or warrants to take the inquest, it shall and may be return of the lawful to and for the faid commissioners, or any five or more warrant, of them, to adjourn the faid inquest to any future day, not the commitexceeding fourteen days, nor less than four days from the fioners may adjournment thereof, and to iffue out their warrant or warrants inquest to

Some tuture day, not exceeding 14 days, nor less than 4. warrant for immoning and returning a number

for impanelling, fummoning, and returning, an equal number of jurors to those so making default, who, together with the jurors before returned by the theriffs of the respective counties upon fuch fecond warrant or warrants afterwards to be issued, or and iffue their upon any future warrant or warrants, adjournment or adjournments, which the faid commissioners are hereby authorized to issue and make, from time to time, until a sufficient jury can be had, shall enquire as aforesaid. equal to those making default.

Twelve deemjury.

The jury be-

V. Provided always, That twelve good and lawful men shall ed a sufficient be sufficient to take the inquest aforesaid; and that in case twelve or more (not exceeding twenty three in the whole) shall appear and be sworn to take such inquest, then, and in such case, the ing fworn, the faid commissioners shall continue and fit from day to day, until the faid inquest shall be taken; and after the inquest shall be taken, may adjourn to some future day for making their judgments and decrees thereon.

commissioners are to fit from day to day, until

the inquest is taken; and may then adjourn to some future day for making their judgments and decrees thereon.

Commissiondays notice, previous to their meeting for the purpofes aforeiaid ; the fame to be affixed on the doors of the guild hall of Canterbury, town hall of Lewes, and . Porthnouth, and the principal gates and entrances into the reinective forts and butteries before men. tioned; and published in the London Gazette. conclutive.

VI. And, to the intent that no person or persons may have ers to give 30 any cause or pretence for not appearing to make out their claims or title to the faid lands, tenements, or hereditaments, or any part or parcel thereof; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That five or more of the said commissioners shall give notice in writing thirty days at least before their meeting at each place, which writing thall be affixed at the respective doors of the guild hall of the city of Canterbury, the town hall of the borough of Lewes, and the town hall of the borough of Portsmouth, and at the principal gates of, and entrances into, the respective forts and batteries before mentioned; and thall likewise be published in the London Gazette: and if any person or persons shall neglect or result to appear, or, when he or they thall appear, thall wilfully refute to thew his or their deeds or writings relating to the premisses, that then the faid commissioners, or any five or more of them, and the jurors to be impanelled and fworn upon fuch inquest, shall proceed, upon the best information they can get or have, to make such inquest, judgments, and decrees, as before directed; and all fuch judgments and decrees, being entered and certified as aforefaid, shall be final and conclusive.

Where persons refuse to appear, or produce their evidence, pursuant to fuch notice the commissioners and puror, are to proceed upon the best information they can get, and the judgments and decrees thereupon made, are declared to be final and

Upon payment of the tums decreed to the respective proprietors,

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That immediately from and after the time that payment shall be made of the fum and fums of money to to be agreed for or afferfed by the faid jury, and decreed and adjudged by the faid commissioners, or any five or more of them, to the owners and proprietors of the faid lands, tenements, and hereditaments

herein

herein before mentioned, or to any or either of them, the the trustees truffees herein before mentioned shall be deemed and adjudged before men-to stand seised of such part and parcel of the said premisses as shall adjudged to be so paid for, to and for the use of his Majesty, his heirs, and stand seised of fuccesfors, for ever, freed and discharged of and from all and the premisses, all manner of right, title, claim, and demand whatfover, that to the ufe of the crown, ean or may be made by any person or persons, bodies politic or for ever freed corporate, ecclefiaftical or civil.

anddischarged

of all claims, &c.

VIII. And he it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Commission-That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said commission upon com-That it shall and may be lawful to and for the laid commu-fioners, or any five or more of them, upon the complaint of any to them of any owner or owners, occupier or occupiers, of any other lands and damage done hereditaments adjoining to any part of the lands and heredita- to adjoining ments by this act vested in the said trustees, that he, she, or lands, by ments by this act verted in the land trusters, that he, the, or erecting or they have received any damage by the erecting or compleating compleating of any of the works thereto belonging, to examine into and any of the faid hear every such complaint, and shall make an estimate of such works, damage, and shall return such estimate with, and in the man-are to examine ner they are herein before directed to return, the aforesaid judg-plaint, and ments and decrees.

turn an estimate of the damage.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, No private. That no private building or buildings shall be made or erected buildings to upon any of the lands vested by this act as aforefaid; and that upon any of the whole profits arifing, or that shall hereafter arife, from the the lands faid lands, be, and are hereby appropriated and applied for vested as aforeand towards the erection and reparation of the respective for- said by this tifications of each place, and to no other use or purpose what-act; foever; and all and fingular the premisses shall be and are fits arising hereby enacted and declared to be unalienable from the crown; from the faid neither shall any part of the premisses be demised or demiseable, lands are to be applied tootherwise than during pleasure only.

wards the

erection and reparation of the respective fortifications. The premisses declared to be unalienable from the crown; and are not demileable but during pleasure.

X. Provided always, That no commissioner who shall be Commissionemployed in the execution of this act, shall be liable, for or by from the pereason of such execution, to any of the penalties mentioned in nalties of the an act made in the twenty fifth year of the reign of King several qualifi-Charles the Second, intituled, An act for preventing dangers which cation acts of may happen from populo recusants; or in one other act made in the 15 Car. II. first year of the reign of King William and Queen Mary, inti-13&14 W.III. tuled, An act for the abrogating the oaths of supremacy and allegiance, and appointing other oaths; or in one other act made in the parliament holden in the thirteenth and fourteenth years of the reign of the late King William the Third, intituled, An act for the better security of his Majesty's person, and the succession of the crown in the protestant line; and for extinguishing the hopes of the pretended prince of Wales, and all other pretenders, and their open and secret abet-

tors; or in one other act made in the parliament-begun and and I Geo. L holden in the first year of the reign of King George the First. intituled, An att for the better security of his Majesty's person and government, and the succession of the crown in the heirs of the late princess Sophia, being protestants; and for extinguishing the hopes of the pretended prince of Wales, and his open and secret abettors.

The commifdisqualified, from fitting in the house of commons, Or their election thereby become void.

XI. Provided also, and be it enacted, That such commissioners are not sioners as his Majesty shall nominate for the purposes in this act, or any of them, shall not by reason thereof, in any sort by being such, be disabled or disqualified from sitting in the house of commons, or their election thereby become void; any law or statute to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

CAP. XXXVIII.

An all for the more easy and speedy recovery of small debts, within the town and county of the town of Kingston upon Hull.

CAP. XXXIX.

An all for repairing and widening the roads from Mullen's Pond in the county of Southampton, to the eighteen mile stone from the city of Salisbury near Willoughby Hedge; and from West Amesbury to Anstlow Hill; and from Amesbury to Fiddleton; and from the New Inn in Amesbury to the end of the parish leading to Durrington; and from Wily to Cook's House and Landford; and from Beacon Hill to the Nag's Head; and from thence one mile of the road leading to Shrewton in the county of Wilts.

CAP. XL.

An all for supplying the town of Halifax with water.

#### CAP. XI.I.

An att for rendering more effettual several atts passed in the fifth year of his late Majesty King George the First, and the thirtcenth year of his late Majesty King George the Second, for repairing the roads from the top of Stokenchurch Hill to Enflow Bridge, through the city of Oxford, by Begbrooke, to New Woodstock in the county of Oxon; and for repairing the road from the Crown alebouse, to the turnpike on Stokenchurch Hill aforesaid; and for repairing the mile-ways on each side the said city, as therein mentioned.

#### CAP. XLII.

An act for repairing, widening, and altering the road from Sandon in the county of Stafford, to Bullock Smithy in

# 1261.] . Anno forundo Grencii III.

The county of Chester: and from Hilderstone, to Draycott in the Moors; and from Wetley Rocks, to Tean, in the said county of Stafford.

#### CAP. XLIII.

An att for repairing and widening several roads in the counties of Cornwall and Devon, leading to the borough of Saltash in the county of Cornwall.

#### CAP. XLIV.

An act for repairing and widening the roads from a certain place near Bolton in the Moors, to Leigh; and thence to the guide post near Golbourn Dale, and to the south end of Newton Bridge; and from the said guide post to Winwick; and from Newton by Parr Stocks, to the guide post in Parr, in the county palatine of Lancaster.

#### CAP. XLV.

An all for better regulating the poor; maintaining a nightly watch; lighting, paving, and cleanfing the streets, rows, and passages; providing sire-engines and stremen: and regulating the backney coachmen, chairmen, carmen, and porters; within the city of Chester.

### CAP. XLVI.

An act for repairing and widening the road from the Lostwithiel turnpike road, in the parish of Creed in the county of Cornwall, through Tregony, to Ruan Lanehorne; and from Dennis Water, to three hundred yards on the south side of Trethin Mill, in the parish of Saint Jull, in the said county.

## CAP. XLVII.

An act for the enlightning the fireets, lancs, and passages, within the town and county of the town of Nottingham.

## CAP. XLVIII.

An act for enlarging the term and powers granted by two feweral acts, pajfed in the fixthand fixteenth years of his late Majesty, for the more effectual repairing the roads leading from Wadesmill in the county of Hertford, to Barley and Royston; and for making the faid acts more effectual.

#### CAP. XLIX.

An act for amending and widening the road from the turnpike road at or near the town of Swindon, to the north end or fide of the town of Marlborough, and from the faid town of Marlborough to the village of Everly in the county of Wilts.

Vol. XXV. Q CAP.

## CAP. L.

An act for repairing, widening, and altering, feveral reads leading from Tavistock to Plymouth, and either places in the county of Devon.

#### CAP. LI.

An act to amend and render more effectual an act passed in the last session of parliament, intituded, An act for amending, widening, and keeping in repair, the road leading from Fisherton Bridge to the turnpike road at Willoughby Hedge in West Knoyle, and from Wilton Bridge, to the turnpike road at the west end of Heytesbury; and also the road from the turnpike road at the top of Red Hone Hill, in the parish of Ursbsont, to the mile-stone at the western end of Fisherton Street in the county of Wilts.

#### CAP. LII.

An act for building a brilge cross the river Teese, at or near the ferry in the parish of Stockton, in the county of Dusham.

#### CAP. LIII.

An act for repairing and widening the roads leading from Kelfal, in the county of Salop, to Whiston Cross, and from thence over Burnhill Green Rudge Heath, by the two New Inns, and to a place called High Gate Warren, in the county of Stafford.

## CAP. LIV.

An act for amending, widening, and keeping in repair, the road, from Castle Street, at the ent of the town of Hinkly, to Lutterworth Town's-Fiel, and from, or near, the Guide Post, at Walcot Town's-End, in the county of Leicester, to the cighty mile stone, in Welford Field, in the county of North improve.

## CAP. LV.

An act for continuing and rendering more effectual an act passed in the tenth year of his late Majefty King George the Second, intituled, An act for continuing an act passed in the third year of the reign of His Majefty King George the Hist, for laying a duty of two Pennies Scots, or one fixth past of a penny sterling, on every pint of ale or beer, that shall be vended, or fold, within the town of Dumsries, and privileges thereof, for paying the debts of the laid town, and for building a church, and making a harbour there; and for hying a duty on

the tomage of shipping, and a duty on goods imported and exported, into, and out of, the port of the said town, for the better repairing of the said harbour.

## CAP. LVI.

An act to amend and render more effectual an act made in the twenty eighth year of the reign of his late Majesty King George the Second, for making navigable Sanky Brook, in the county of Lancaster, and for the extending and improving the said navigation.

#### CAP. LVII.

An act to amend an act made in the thirty second year of the reign of his late Majesty, for repairing and widening several roads, therein mentioned, in the counties of Southampton and Dorset: and for amending and widening the road between Ringwood Gate, in the county of Southampton to Woolsbridge; and from thence to the great Western road, between a place called Thick Thorn and Cashmore Inn.

## CAP. LVIII.

An act for the better reuef and employment of the poor, and for cleanfing the streets, lanes, and other passages and places, in the parish of Saint James, within the liberty of Westminster, and for enlarging the church yard belonging to the said parish.

#### CAP. LIX.

An act for repairing, widening, turning, and shortning the road leading from the turnpike road on Farrard's Common, in the parish of Bradford, through Holt and Melksham, to Homan's Stile, in the parish of Laycock, in the county of Wilts.

## CAP. LX.

An act for repairing und widening the road from the turnpike road at Weyhill, in the county of Southampton, to the turnpike road at Lyde Way, in the county of Wilts.

## CAP. LXI.

An act for altering, widening, and amending, the road from the north gate of the city of Winchester, over Worthy Cow Down, through Whitchurch, and other places to Newtown River, and also the road from Worthy Cow Down aforesaid, through Wherwell, to the present turnpike road at Andover, in the county of Southampton.

# CAP. LXII.

An all for repairing and widening the high road, leading from Ashborne, in the county of Derby, to the town of Leek, in the county of Stafford, and from Reycrost Gate, upon Rushton Common, to Congleton, in the county of Chester; and also the road leading from Blyth Marsh, in the county of Stafford, through Cheadle, Oakamoor, and Blore, to the turnpike road, from Ashborne to Buxton near Thorp, in the county of Derby.

CAP, LXIII.

An all for amending, widening, altering, and keeping in repair, the road from the fouth end of Sparrow's Herne on Bushy Heath, through the market towns of Watford, Berkhampstead, Saint Peters, and Tring, in the county of Hertford, by Pettiphers Flms, to the turnpike road at Walton, near Aylesbury, in the county of Bucks

CAP. LXIV.

An all for amending, withing, and keeping in repair, several reads hading from Bridge Town Pomeroy, and from Teing Bridge in the courty of Devon.

CAP. LXV.

An est for repairing and widening the roads from the White Post on Huledon's Wood, in the parish of Cranbrooke, to Appledore Heath, and from Milk House Street, in the same parish, to Castl lan's Oak, is the parish of Biddenden, and from Golford Green, to the faid parish of Cranbrooke, to Tanner Vent, in the parish of Beneden, all in the county of Kent.

CAP. LXVI.

An all for repairing the road from the turnpike road on the top of Whitesheet Hill, to a place called the Hare Warren, and from theme to the Inuck Post, standing near the Bluntoid transpike road, on the selection of Harnam Hill, and also for repairing and widening the road from the said Index Post, to a house called Master Baker's I win House, in the counts of Wilts

CAP. LXVII.

An act for con'mung, emarging, and rendering more effitual, so mush of an ast made in the few teachth year of the reign of his lets Majesty Kinz George the Second, intituied, An act for enlarging the terms and powers granted by two acts of parliament, for repairing the roads leading from seven Oaks to Hoods, at and Tonbridge His, and from Hoods at to King ngs Cross in the county county of Kent; and also for repairing the roads from Kippings Crofs aforeside, to Lamberburft Pound and Pullen's Hill, in the said county; and to Flimwell Vent, in the county of Suffex; as relates to the amending, repairing, and keeping in repair, the said roads, leading from Kippings Crofs aforesaid, to Lamberhurft Pound, Pullen's Hill, and Flimwell Vent, aforesaid.

## CAP. LXVIII,

An act for building two new churches, and providing burial places within the town of Liverpool, in the county palatine of Lancaster; and for the better preserving the pavements of the streets in the faid town; and for ascertaining the fares and prices to be paid carters, carmen, backney coachmen, and chairmen, and for regulating their behaviour, within the said town

#### CAP. LXIX.

An act for explaining and amending so much of two acts of the twenty seventh and twenty n.n.ll years of his late Majesty, for repairing several roads therein mentioned, in the counties of Leicester and Warwick, as relates to the road between Hinckley and Coventry.

# CAP IXX.

An art to amend and render more effectual several arts made for cleanfing and enlightening the streets of the town of Kingston upon Hull, and for preventing annoyances therein.

# CAP LXXI.

An it for continuing the term and powers of an act, man in the for receit, seri of the reign of Isslate Majely, initialid, An act for repairing the road from Dorcaster, through the parish of Peniston, in the country of Iork, to Salter's Break, in the country of Chilar, and also the road from Kotherbam, in the faid country of Iork, to Hertchssell, in the fail parish of Perison, and for ricking the sed act more effected to far as the smere in test of some details and Salter's Brook.

# CAP LXXII

In a I for reparing and a duning the road from I himwell Veit, in the country of Sussex, through Higherite in the country of Kent, and the prishes of Sandhurst, Newcockin, and Northiam, to Rye, in the juid country of Sussex, and from Higheste aforefast, to Cooper's Corner, not fud country of Sussex, and to I ubb's Lake in the fad country of Kent.

CAP, LXXIIL

An all fer repairing and unidening the reads, from a certain bridge, called James Deeping Stone Bridge, to Peter's Gate in Stamford, in the county of Lincoln, and from thence, to the fourth end of the town of Morgot, in the county of Rutland.

CAP. LXXIV.

An act to amend and render more effectual an act made in the twenty ninth year of the reign of his late Majesty, intituled, An act for amending and keeping in repair the roads leading from Meadbrook, which divides the parishes of Pucklechurch and Mangotsfield, in the county of Gloucester, to Christian Malford Bridge, in the county of Wilts, and also from Pucklechurch aforestaid, to certain coal mines in the said parish.

CAP. LXXV.

An att for repairing and widening the high road leading from the north end of Ballingdon Bridge, in Sudbury, in the county of Suffolk, to the fouth gate in Berry Saint Edmunds, in the faid county.

CAP. LXXVI.

An act for amending and widening the road leading from the bigh post road near the town of Faversham, is Bacon's Water, through Ashsord, to the town and port of Hythe, in the county of Kent, and from Bacon's Water, to a certain lane, called Holy-Lane, in Wincheap, near the city of Canterbury.

CAP LXXVII.

An act to enlarge the term and powers, and also to render more effectual an act for amending, widening, and keeping in repair, the several roads from the town of Pool, in the county of Montgomery, to Wrexham, in the county of Denbigh; and also the road from Knockin, in the county of Salop, to I lanchaider, in Mochnant, in the county of Denbigh, and to repair and widen several other roads therein mentioned.

## CAP LXXVIII.

At act for emending and condening the road from the Market-House, in Stourbridge, to Colly Gate, in Cradley, and from Pediniore, to Holly Hall, and from Colly Gate, to I latelowen, and from the turnpike road on Dudley Wood, to Rednall Green, in the parish of King's Norton, and from Carter's Lane, to the Bell Inn at Northfield, in the winters of Worcester, Stafford, and Salop.

CAP

# CAP. LXXIX.

An art for mounding, wildening, and keeping in repair, several roads leading from Cleobury Mortimer, the Crois Houses, Glazeley, and the turnpike gate on Abberley Hill, in the countries of Salop and Worcester.

## CAP LXXX.

An act for amending, toidening, and keeping in repair, feveral roads therein mentioned, lying in the counties of Leicester, and Warwick, and in the county of the city of Coventry.

## CAP, LXXXI

An act for widening, repairing, and amending, the road from Hesket, by Yewes Bridge, to Cockermouth, and from thence by Lorton, over Whinlatter, to Keswick, in the county of Cumberland, and from Keswick, by Dummail Rays and Ambleside, to Kerby in Kendall in the county of Westmorland and from Plumbgarth's Cross, near Kerby in Kendall aforesaid, to the lake called Windermere, in the county of Westmorland, and from Keswick aforesaid, to the town of Pennth, in the county of Cumberland.

#### CAP. LXXXII.

An act to continue, and render more effectual, an act passed in the thirtieth year of the reign of his late Mayessy, for amending, widening, and keeping in repair, the road leading from Burkigh Bridge, in the town of Loughborough, to Ashby de la Zouch, in the county of Leicester, and for repairing and widening the road, branching out of the said road, at Coleorton Church, over Coleorton Moor, and through Worthington and Sutton Bonington, to Rempston, in the counties of Leicester and Nottingham.

## CAP LXXXIII.

An act for repairing and widening the roads from Kirkby-Steven High Lane Head, in the county of Westmorland, through Sedberg, to Greeta Bridge, it the county palatine of Lincaster, and from Bracken Bar Gate near Askrigg, in the county of York, through Sedberg, to Kirkby Kendal, and also the road from the four lare ends in Marthwaite, to the turnpike road on Grayrigg House, leading from Appleby, to Kirkby Kendal, in the said county of Westmorland.

# CAP IXXXIV

An act for repairing and widening the road from Cosham, in the county of Southampton, to the city of Chichester CAP.

W.

# CAP LXXXV

An act to imposser the commissioners and trustees named and appointed by, and in pur suance of an act of parliament made in the tenth wire of the reign of his late Majesty King George the First, for making more effectual an act made in the ninth year of his Majesty's reign, initialed, An act for completing the repairs of the harbour of Dover in the county of Kent, and for restoring the harbour of Rye in the county of Susses, to it's antient goodness so far as the same relates to the harbour of Rye, to let the sea and tides into a new cut or channel, made in purjuance of the jaid act of the tenth year of his said late Majesty's reign, as far as a wall, called Winchellea Wall.

#### CAP LXXXVI.

An ac to en'arge the term and powers granted by an act passed in two eleventh year of the reign of his lite Mysty, for continuing several acts relating to the harbour of Inverpool, and for enlarging the fitherbour, by making an additional dock and huiding a pur in the open Larbour there, and for enlightening the find dock, and for making another dock with proper piers in the still harbour, and for exciting lighthouses, and other proper lights, in or near the past of Inverpool.

# CAP LXXXVII.

An act for intarging the term and powers of jural acts of parliament, relating to the history of Whitchiven, 11 the country of Cumberland, and to the reads lading to the find birtown and town of Whitehaven, and for fur her enling ing the faild buboir, and for lighting the faild buboir, and for lighting the fame with water, and for regulating the cannot there, and for repealing so much of an act of the twenty tird year of the reign of his late Majesty, as relates to the road from Cilder Bridge, to I gremont, and directing to the field ad street mentioned, and for repairing so in lot of the rats therein mentioned, in the said country.

A

# TABLE

Containing the TITLES of all the

# STATUTES

# PUBLICK and PRIVATE,

Passed Anno tertio

# GEORGII III. Regis.

Being the Second Seffion of the Twelfth Parliament of GREAT BRITAIN.

# PUBLICK ACTS.

AN act for continuing and granting to his Majefty certain duties upon malt, mum, cyder, and perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and fixty-three.

II. An act for granting an aid to his Majesty by a land tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the service of the year one thou-

fand feven hundred and fixty-three.

III. An act for the regulation of his Majesty's marine forces

while on thore.

IV. An act for rectifying mistakes in the names of several of the commissioners appointed by an act made in the last session of parliament, to put in execution an act made in the last session, intituled, An act for granting an aid to bis Mainsty by a land tax, to be raised in Great Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and sixty-two; and for appointing other commissioners, together with those named in the sirst-mentioned act, to put in execution an act of this session of parliament, for granting an aid to his Majesty by a land tax, to be raised in Great Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and sixty-three.

V. An act to indemnify fuch as have omitted to qualify themselves for offices and employments, and to indemnify justices of the Beace, deputy lieutenant and officers of the

Vor. XXV. a militia,

militia, or others, who have omitted to register or deliver in their qualifications within the time limited by law, and for giving further time for those purposes; and for the making and

filing of affidavits of articles of clerkship.

VI. An act for explaining and amending an act made in the thirty-first year of the reign of his late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An act for the due making of bread, and to regulate the price and affice thereof, and to punish persons who shall a lutterate med, flour, or bread; so far as the same relates to that part of Great Britain called Sectland; and for rendering the said act more effectual in that part of the united kingdom.

VII. An act for punishing mutiny and defertion; and for the

better payment of the army and their quarters.

VIII. An act to enable such officers, marines, and soldiers, as have been in the land or sea service, or in the marines, since the twenty-second year of his late Majesty King George the Second, to exercise trades.

IX An act for granting annuities to fatisfy certain navy, vi. tualling, and transport bills, and ordnance debentures; and for charging the payment of such annuities on the sinking fund; and making good the same to the said fund, in manner therein

mentioned.

X. An act for applying the money granted in this fiftion of parliament, for defraying the charge of the pay and cloathing of the militia of that part of Great Britain called England, for one year, beginning the twenty-fifth day of March, one thousand feven hundred and fixty-three, and for appointing a time and place for exerciting the militia in the faid year.

XI. An act for explaining and amending an act made in the thirty-first year of the reign of his late Majerty King George the Second, intituled, An act for the me making of bread, and to regulate the frace and affize thereef; and to fumph perfect who shall

adulterate med, flour, or breid.

XII. An act for granting to his Majesty several additional duties upon wines imported into this kingdom, and certain duties upon all cyder and perry; and for raising the sum of three millions sive hundred thouland pounds, by way of annuities and letteries, to be charged on the said duties.

XIII An act for more effectually fecuring the payment of the duties upon malt, by preventing frauds in the obtaining of allowances, and the mixing of freth corn or grain with corn or

grain making into malt.

XIV. An act for the encouragement of John Harrison, to pull bih and make known his invention of a machine or watch, for the discovery of the longitude at fea.

XV. An act to prevent occasional freemen from voting at elections or members to ferve in parliament for cities and bo-

roughs.

XVI. An alt to impower the commissioners or governors of the toyal hospital for seamen at *Greenwich*, after defraying the recenary expenses thereof, to provide for such feamen worn out and

and become decrepit in the fervice of their country, who shall not be provided for within the said hospital; and to enable them to receive such pensions as shall be granted them by the said commissioners or governors, in the most easy and convenient manner; and for preventing frauds and abuses attending the same.

XVII. An act for raifing a certain fum of money by loans or exchequer bills for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and sixty-three; and for surther appropriating the supplies granted in this session of parliament; and for allowing his Majeity's subjects to import their goods and effects, being the produce of certain places ceded to France and Spain by the late treaty of peace, upon payment of the same duties as they would have been hable to, if such places had remained in his Majesty's possession.

XVIII. An act for granting to his Majesty a certain sum of money out of the sinking sund; and for applying certain monies remaining in the exchequer for the service of the year one

thousand seven hundred and fixty-three.

XIX. An act for the more easy and speedy recovery of small debts within the hundreds of Bradford, Melksham, and Whorlfdown, in the county of Wills.

XX. An act for permitting the importation, from Ireland, of stale and dirty butter, not fit for eating, commonly called greafe

butur.

XXI. An act for explaining, amending, and rendering more effectual, an act made in the nineteenth year of the reign of King Homy the Seventh, intituled, 42 8 id 2007 ks."

XXII. An act for the further improvement of his Majefty's revenue of cultoms; and for the encouragement of officers making feizurs, and for the prevention of the clandeftine running of goods into any part of his Majefty's dominions.

XXIII. An act to explain, amend, and render more effectual, an act made in the last session of parliament, intituled, An act ser paying, chambra, and lighting, the squares, streets, and lanes, within the city and liberty of Westminster, the parishes of Saint George the Martyr, Saint George Bloomibary, that port of the parish of Saint Andrew's Holbourn within her in the county of Middleiex, the speech discreties of the Rolls and Savoy, and that part of the dutily of Lancaster which her in the county of Middleiex, and for preventing annoyances there in and for other purposes there made, and

XXIV. An act to prevent fraudulent and occasional votes in the elections of knights of the share, and of members for cities and towns which are counties of themselves, so far as relates to the right of voting by virtue of an annuity or rent charge.

XXV. An act to continue and amend two acts made in the twenty-first and twenty eighth years of his late Maiesty's reign, for encouraging the making of indico in the Brank plantations in Anarica; and for extending the provisions of an act of the thirtieth year of his late Majesty's reign, with respect to bring-

ing ing

ing prize goods into this kingdom, to Spanish prize goods taken

fince the late declaration of war with Spain.

XXVI. An act to continue and render more effectual two acts of parliament for repairing the roads from Lemsford Mill. through Welwyn and Stevenage, and by Cory's Mill, to Hitchin: and from Willy, through Codicot, to Hitchin, in the county of Hertford.

XXVII. An act to continue and render more effectual two acts of parliament for repairing and widening the road leading from the Black Bull Inn in Dunstable, in the country of Bedford, to the way turning out of the faid road up to Shafford House, in

the county of Hertford.

XXVIII. An act for continuing an act passed in the eleventh year of his lave majetly King George the Second, intituled, An art for laving a data of two pennies Sects, or one fixth part of a penny flerling, upon every Scots pint of ale and beer which shall be berwed ter fair, brought into, wended, tapped, or fold, within the town of Aberbrothock, and thereties thereof.

XXIX. An act for enlarging the term and powers granted by two acts of parliament of the fixth and twelfth years of his late Majesty's reign, for repairing the road from Fifield in the county of Barks, to Saint John's Bridge in the county of Gloucell r, and from an inn called the Hind's Had, in the parish of Kingston Pagpuze in the faid county of Berks, to that part of Newbridge which flands in the faid country of Birks; and for rendering the faid acts more effectual.

XXX. An act to enlarge the term and powers granted by an act made in the eighteenth year of the reign of his late majefty King George the Second, intituled, An aet to repair and widen the road leading from Godmanchester in the country of Huntingdon, through Fen Stanton and Cambridge, to the first rubbing bouse on

Newmarket Heath, in the country of Cumbridge.

XXXI. An act for repairing and widening the road from a place called Nightingales, in the township of Heath Charnock, to the bridge at the west end of the town of Bolton in the Moors, in the county palatine of Lancafter,

XXXII. An act for repairing the road from Newmarket, over Newmorket Heath, to the turnpike road leading to Stump Crofs,

in the counties of Combridge and Suffett,

XXXIII. An act for repairing, widening, and keeping in repair, the read from Kirkhy Kendill, in the county of Westmore-

Lin . 10 Ky Ey Dr . 1's, in the county of Lancafter.

XXXIV. An act for repairing, widening, and keeping in repair, the high road leading from the fourteen mile stone, in the parish of 41 days, in the county of Carmarthen, through Linderery, to Listed & Green, in the parish of Llandilo vacur; and from thence by Cledfulch, and over Dulefs Bridge, to the town of I and better; and from the faid town along the post road, by Rhayradar, through the county borough of Carmarthen, and village of Saint Clears, to Tavern Spite, in the parish of Kiffig, at the borders of the country of Pembroke.

XXXV. An

XXXV. An act for repairing, widening, and keeping in repair, feveral roads leading from the town of Barnstaple, in

the county of Deven.

XXXVI. An act for repairing, widening, turning, and keeping in repair, the road from the town of *Cambridge* to Ely, and from thence to Soham; and for building a bridge cross the river Ouze, at or near a place called Stretham Ferry, in the county of Cambridge.

XXXVII. An act to continue and render more effectual feveral acts of parliament for repairing the road from Highgate Gaze-house, in the county of Middlesex, to Barnet Block-house, in the county of Hertford; and the road from the Bear Inn in Hadley, to the Angel in Ensield Chace; and also Canewood Lane, leading from Highgate to Hampstead, in the said county of Middlesex; and for repairing and widening the road, being part of the great North Road from London, beginning at Barnet Blockhouse, and ending at the Bear Inn in Hadley aforesaid.

XXXVIII. An act for amending and widening feveral roads leading from or near the north end of the town and borough

of Totnes, in the county of Deven.

XXXIX. An act for making a navigation from the river Humber, by a canal or cut, at or near Tetney Haven, to the river Lutt, in the parith of the inglum, in the county of Limelin; and for continuing the field navigation in or near the fail river, from thence, to or near the town of Lourh, in the fail county.

XL. An act for maintaining, r gulating, and employing the poor within the parish of Saint Matthew Bethnal Green, in the

county of Muddlefex.

XLI. An act for paying, lighting, and cleaning the city of Greater, and its tuburbs, for preventing annoyances therein; and for better ordering the publick wells and pumps there.

XLII. An act for continuing the duties, and enlarging the powers, granted by two acts made in the fifth and twenty-fifth years of his late Majefly's reign, for enlarging the pier and har-

bour of Scarborough in the county of York.

XLIII. An act for repairing, widening, and keeping in repair, the road leading from the turnpike road, between Olivestry and Wrexham, at or near Whithurst's House, through Llangellen, to the most proper and commodious joining of the turnpike road leading from Wrexham to Ruthm, at or near Taxon n Dwyrarch; and from Llangellen aforesaid, through Acre Fair Colhery, to the Finger Pest, at the joining of the road leading from Olivestry to Wrexham in the county of Denhigh.

XLIV. An act for repaining and widening the road, and opening a communication, from the house of Thomas Hustes esquire, adjoining to Halin Mannain, to Firm; and across the old post road in Countilit-fathan, to a house at Nanty Moch, in Bagille, in the occupation of Trans Gib, in the county of Flint.

XLV. An act for repairing and widening the road from Lawton, in the county of Cicier, to P and Newcastle under Lyne, in the county of Starting, and o roads therein mentioned.

XLVI. An

XLVI. An act to continue the term, and enlarge the powers, a of several acts of parliament for repairing the roads from Maid-enhead Bridge to Reading; and from the said bridge to Henley a

Bridge, in the county of Berks.

XLVII. An act to enlarge the term and powers of two acts passed in the first and twelfth years of the reign of his late majesty King George the Second, for repairing the road from the powder mills on Hounstow Heath, in the county of Middlesex, to a place called Basingsione, near the town of Bagshot, in the parish of Windlesbam, in the county of Surrey.

XLVIII. An act for the better cleanfing and enlightening the fireets, lanes, and publick ways, of the city of York, and the fuburbs thereof, and of the liberty of Saint Peter within the faid city; and for keeping the same in repair and free from annoyance; and for regulating the hackney coachmen and chair-

men, carmen and draymen, within the same.

XLIX. An act for taking down the parish church of Saint Andrew, in the city of Canterbury; and for building a new

church in a more convenient place.

L. An act for veiling certain parcels of land in Paddington, in the county of Middlefex, in the rector and churchwardens of the parish of Saint George Hanover Square, in the said county; and appropriating the same for a burial ground for the said

parish.

LI. An act to amend and render more effectual so much of an act passed in the last session of parliament, intituled, An act for amending and widening the road from the market house in Stourbridge, to Colley Gate, in Cradley, and from Pedmore to Holly Hall, and from Colley Gate to Halelowen, and it in the turnpike road on Dudley Wood to Rednall Green, in the parish of King's Norton, and from Carter's Lane to be Bell Inn at Northseld, in the counties of Worcester, Stassoid, and Salop, as relates to the road from the turnpike road on Dudley Wood to Rednal Green, and from Carter's Lane to the Bell Inn at Northseld.

L.H. An act for amending and widening the roads leading from New Street and Pig Street, in Penryn, in the county of

Cornwall, to Reditath, in the same county.

LIII. An act for maintaining, regulating, and employing the poor within the parish of Saint Mary Whitchapel, in the county of Middlefex; for cleansing and lighting the squares, streets, lanes, allevs, courts, yards, and other open passages and places, and regulating and keeping a nightly watch, within such parts of the laid parish as are not within the liberties of the tower of Lindon, or city of Lindon; and to enable the parishioners to rate money to defray the expences of repairing the said parish church.

LIV. An act for the better and more easy rebuilding of the town of Har, lar, in the county of Derjet; and for determining differences touching houses and buildings burnt down or demolished by reason of the late dreadful fire there, and for pre-

venting future danger by fire.

LV. An act for lighting the fireets and other places, and maintaining a regular and nightly watch, within the town and county of the town of Newrafile upon Tyne; and for regulating the hackney coachmen and chairmen, cartmen, porters, and watermen within the same.

LVI. An act for the better paving of the streets, and for preventing nusances and other annoyances in the town of Gof-

port, in the county of Southampton.

LVII. An act for continuing and enlarging the term and powers of an act made in thirty-second year of the reign of his late majesty King George the Second, for repairing and widening the road from the town of Derby, to the town of Newcastle under Lyne, in the county of Stafford; and for repairing and widening the road from Cliffebank to Snape Marsh, in the village of Shelton, in the county of Stafford.

LVIII. An act to continue the term and enlarge the powers of two acts of parliament, for repairing the highways from Whitechapel church, in the county of Middlefex, to Woodford, in the county of Essex; and for enlightening and watching part of the said highway from Whitehapel church to Stratford; and for repairing the road through the parishes of Chigwell and Lam-

bourn, in the county of Effex.

LIX. An act for repairing and widening the road leading from the town of Stafford to Sandon, in the county of Stafford; and several other roads in the counties of Salop and Stafford.

# PRIVATE ACTS.

A N act to enable the right honourable Henry Fox, to take, in Great Britain, the oaths of office, as writer of the tallies and countertallies, and clerk of the pells, in the receipt of the exchequer, in the kingdom of Ireland; and to qualify himf. If for the enjoyment of the faid offices.

An act for naturalizing Yeremiah Meyer.
 An act for naturalizing Yohn Vander Meulen.

4. An act for naturalizing Adolph Boon, James Des Cotes, Anthony Francis Haldimand, Samuel Boucss, and John Werner Fuesch.

5. An act for naturalizing David Wolpman, John Siri, Francis Philip Fatio, David Plantier, William Stafford, and Francis De-

lon.

6. An act to enable John earl of Sandwich, Robert Nugent equire, and Richard Rigby equire, to take in Great Britain, the oath of office, as vice treafurer, and receiver-general, and paymafter-general of all his Majesty's revenues in the kingdom of heland, and to qualify themselves for the enjoyment of the said offices.

7. An

7. An act for extinguishing the right of average in and upon all the ancient inclosures, in the township of Clifton, in the county of York, and in Bootham in the suburbs of the city of York; and for dividing and inclosing the common and moor of Clifton aforesaid.

8. An act for dividing and inclosing the open and common fields, common meadows, common pastures, common grounds, and waste grounds, in the manor and parish of Woodford, in

the county of Northampton.

9. An act for dividing and inclosing the open and common fields, heath and waste grounds, within the manor and parish

of Greetham, in the county of Rutland.

10. An act for enlarging the times appointed by an act passed in the second year of the reign of his present Majesty, for dividing and inclosing a certain moor or common, within the manor of Evenwood, and chapelry of Saint Helen's Auckland, and county of Durham, for certain arbitrators therein named to make their awards; and for certain commissioners therein mentioned, to set out, divide, and allot, the said moor or common.

11. An act for dividing and inclosing the common fields, common meadows, common pastures, common grounds, and commonable lands, in the manor of *Draycott*, in the parish of

Wilne, in the county of Derby.

12. An act for dividing and inclosing the several open and common fields, common meadows, commons, and waste grounds, within the manor and parish of Scropt with the country of Derby.

13. An act for dividing and inclosing several commons and waste grounds, within the manor and township of Lewton, in the

county of Lancaster.

14. An act for dividing, inclosing, and allotting, the commons and waste grounds, moss rooms, and parcels of moss grounds, within the manor and township of Afiley, in the county palatine of Lancaster.

15. An act for inclosing and dividing several lands and grounds in the parish of Sutton, in Holderness, in the county

of Fork.

16. An act for inclosing and dividing the common fields and pasturage ground, in the manor and parish of Wellingore, in

the county of Lincoln.

17. An act for explaining and amending a power given by the marriage settlement of *Nathanael Neal* gentleman, and *Elizabeth* his wife; and for making the same more effectual, for the benefit of the children of that marriage.

18. An act for vesting part of the settled estate of John Lade the younger, and Hester his wife, situate at Barham, in the county of Kent, in trustees, to be sold; and for laying out the money, to arise by such sale, in the purchase of other lands, to be settled to the same uses.

19. An act to dissolve the marriage of William Hazeland clerk,

clerk, with Mary Walley his now wife, and to enable him to

marry again, and for other purposes therein mentioned

20 An act for enabling Anne Barbara Hill Medlycott, to take and use the surname and arms of Medlycott, pursuant to the will of Thomas Medlycott esquire, deceased.

21 An act for naturalizing 71 of Reeffen

22 An act for naturalizing Josub Chill, an infant, of the age of nine years.

23 An act for naturalizing Samuel Clottet, John Francis Gua

bi el Bize, and Samuel Gr ht.

24 An act for naturalizing Abraham Huber

25 An act for naturalizing Rodolff Nut las Chaillet, and

Abraham Du Bois.

- 26 An act for naturalizing John D Orzille, Milael Wegind, John Volisht Kettler, Cornelius Gerhard Kettler, and Janes Shedel
- An act for vesting certain lands, tenements, rents, and hereditaments, in the parish of  $T \circ f \circ k$ , in the county of Deven, and essewhere, in his grace f / n duke of B / r t, and for settling and assume, in lieu there t, a rent charge of preater value, to be issuing out of lands and tenements belonging to the said duke, for the purposes in the bill mentioned

28 An a t i or dividing and incleang leveral open and emmon fields, lands, and waste grounds, within the manor and

par sh ot P 11 n, in the courty of Worlester

23 An act for dividing and including the open and common fields, common meadows, and commonable lands, within the parish of Chilquik m, in the county of Gioucester.

30 An act for dividing and inclosing the common field, partures, and common grounds, in the chapelry and lordin p

of Marflet, in Holderne, in the county of York

31 An act for dividing and inclosing the commons, common pastures, and common fields, in the manor of Litton, in the parish of Tile/well, in the county of Derly

32 An art for dividing and allotting certain open fields, meadows, and finited paffures, in the township and parish of P.

ham, in the county of Lircoln

33 An act for dividing and inclosing Str C mm n, within

the manor and parish of Stone, in the county of He iller

34 An at fer dividing and inclosing the open and common fields in the township of M in the county of Oxford, and fer making a compersation for common of pasture, and tithes arising therein

3, In act to easily the master, f llow, a d scholars, of the cell ge of Cl /, in the university of C mbrings, to alter and vary the functions of doctor  $Bi_1t_2$ , and to appropriate the same for the benefit of the said conege, in the augmentation of the vocarages of I in , with Ti in I and Gin Gin, in the count es of I if I and I in I and I in I in the count es of I if I and I in I in

36 In act to enal the matter, telle ve, and I class of Jiu C c, in the university of Girls dg, to alter and vay Vol XXII.

the benefaction of doctor Edmund Proby, and Sir Thomas Proby: and to appropriate the same for the benefit of the said college. in the augmentation of feveral fmall rectories and vicarages.

37. An act for veiling certain lands in the counties of Effex and Cambraige, belonging to the mafter, fellows, and scholars, of the college called Jefus' College, in the university of Cam-

Pridge, in Sir W. Sam Maynard baronet, and his heirs.
28. An act for veiling part of the fettled estates of Samuel Dath coad efquire, in truffees, for raising money to pay debts and incumbrances; and for providing an equivalent or compentation for the fame, to the iffue inheritable under his marriage fettlement.

39. An act for vefting feveral meffuages, lands, and tenements, late the estate of James foye esquire, deceased, situate in the paruly of Saint Mary le Strand, in the county of Middlehy, in new truffees; and to enable them to make building lea-

tes there of.

40. An act for fale of certain melfunges, lands, and tenenents, in North Gerney, in the country of Glandler, late the effate of Eigen 1 Packering Ruly, purfugnt to an agreement; and for applying the purchase-money in discharging incumbrances affecting the fame; and for the benefit of Thomas Rich, his for and hear, an infant.

41. An act for dividing and incloding the common moor or waite ground, within the hamlet of H.mler, in the parith of

Pulgreat, in the county of Derby.

42. An ect for dividing and inclosing feveral common fields and grounds, within the parith of Guntern, in the county of L.n. n.

43. An act for carrying into execution, an agreement entered into between the governer and company of undertakers for raifing the Tlames Water, in I ok Bullane, the truffees for anmuties on lives, Il than Lak effuire, his grace Edward duke of North, and partners, Sir Andrew Ch. Sciek knight, and the reverend Samuel Grove clerk, all real creditors of the faid governor and company; and for authorizing and directing the court of fession in Scalling, to proceed to a sale of such parts or the citate, of Mirifelal, Pannur, Smirel, and others, purfuant to the find agreement, as were leated to Sir Arch will Grant baconet, and Hexarder Garden efquire.

4). An acc to discharge certain manors and lands, in the county of Bel'erd, the chates of the most noble George duke . 's from certain trufts and agreements created and entered into by the find duke, whereby the faid effates were to he fettled on lotd Chap ! Spouce, brother to the faid duke, and his time, in tiricl fettlement; and for fettling other lands and hereditaments, in the county of Oeford, in lieu thereof; and bke-vice for varying, and carrying into execution certain other truits and a recoments of the faid duke, for the making a tertlement of cortain manors and lands, in the county of Lorair, upon lord Rebert Spencer, now an infant, another brother

of the faid duke, and his issue, in like strict settlement; and

for other purpofes.

45. An act to enable his Majesty to grant certain estates, devised by the will of Henry late lord Colerane, in the kingdom of Ireland, deceased, to trustees, in trust for Henrietta Roja Percgrina Here, and her heirs, subject to the uses, limitations, and provisions, mentioned in the said will; and to two annuities payable to Rose Duplesses: and also to certain sums payable to Robert Knight, and to Henry Knight, and Anne the wife of William Basses; and for other purposes in the said act mentioned.

46. An act for authorizing the executors of John Hope to affign to trustees, twenty thousand pounds of the stock or capital therein mentioned, part of the marriage portion of Jane the wife of John Paterson efquire, to be employed in man-

ner and for the purposes therein expressed.

# THE

# Statutes at Large,

Anno tertio GEORGII III. Regis;

Being the SECOND Section of the

Twelfth Parliament of GREAT BRITAIN.

BY

DANBY PICKERING, of GRAY'S INN, Efq;



# STATUTES at Large, &c.

# Anno tertio GEORGII III. Regis.

## CAP. I.

An all for continuing and granting to his Majesty certain duties upon malt, mum, cyder, and perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and sixty-three.

The same as for the last year (except as follows.)

5 XXXV. THE bills to be placed as cash in the exchequer, and to be v 2Geo 3 e 4. isfuable thereout in common with other monies, and to be current in the revenue Receivers to exchange bills for ready money. Tallies to be leved for bills lent into the exchange bills for ready money. Tallies to be leved for bills lent into the exchange —Interest to continue till payment. Interest to cease, whilst the bills are in the hands of receivers, &c —Bills paid to receivers, &c to be signed and dated. Interest, to be allowed to the faid days — The bills may be re issued, both for principal and interest —Receivers to keep a book. Bills filled up by indorsements, or delaced to be exchanged —Bills not exceeding 50001 each, to be made forth at the exchequer —Forging exchequer Treatury on 29 Sept 1 1/4, to take an account of all monies raised and dich urge! Unitatished monies to be paid out of the next aid, or out of the finking find --- Commillioners to appoint to pay off principal fums, which shall from time to time be in course of payment upon exchequer bills — Money, as brought in, to be paid to the paymafters,

Bills to be registered in course — When interest to cease. — Paymasters hable to the control of the treasury --- Treasury to settle falance of clerks, &c and to contract with pe fons to circulate bills, &c. Contractors not dilabled from being members of parliament may lower or rule the interest with consent of the treasury — Contractors how to be paid — No see to be taken — No interest for less than one peny Lharges to be paid out of the finking tund — To be replaced out of the first supplies — Clause of relief for bills lost or destroyed — Bills discharged to be cancelled — Sinking sund appropriated to discharge national debts incurred before 2, Dec 1716—Deficiency of malt tax 7 Geo III how to be ful plied—Arrears of former duties to be applied in aid of the supplies granted for the year 1763

# CAP II.

An all for granting an aid to bis Majesty by a land tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and sixty-three.

(The fame as 11 h. left year) — Four shillings in the pound — Com- v aGeo 3.c.3. missioners of the land tax for the year 1762 to put this act in execution.

— Clause in the malt tax act relating to exchequer bills extended to this.

— The inonies arising by this act shall be applied to discharge the said bills, &c. — The treasury on 29 Sept 1764, to take an account of all monies raised and discharged — Unsatisfied monies to be paid out of the next aid, or out of the sinking fund — Deficiences of the malt tax 1 (seo III it not arisen on account of the said aid before 29 Sept 1763, to be 1 applied out of any of the monies or loans appropriated for the fervice of the year 1763.

CAP.

# Anno tertio Groscom III.

#### CAP III.

An all for the regulation of his Majesty's marine forces while on shore.

The same as for the last year. v. 2 Geo. 3.c. 12.

CAP. IV.

An ast for restifying mistakes in the names of several of the commissioners appointed by an ast made in the last session of parliament, to put in execution an act made in the same session, intituled, An act for granting an aid to his Majesty by a land-tax, to be raised in Great Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and sixty two; and for appointing other commissioners, together with those named in the sixty mentioned-ast, to put in execution an act of this session of parliament, for granting an aid to his Majesty by a land-tax, to be raised in Great Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and sixty-three.

#### CAP. V.

An act to indemnify such as have omitted to qualify themfelies for offices and employments, and to indemnify justices of the peace, deputy lieutenanis, and officers che militia, or others, who have omitted to register or desire in their qualifications within the time limited by law, and for giving surfer time for those purpoles; and for the making and filing of alidinity of articles of clerkylip.

Further time allowed to 28 Nov 2763, under the same cucumstances, as in the last year. 1 2 Geo 3 c 23.

#### CAP. VI.

An act for explaining and amending an act made in the thirty first year of the reign of his late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An act for the due making of bread, and to regulate the price and assize thereot, and to punish persons who shall adulterate meal, shour, or bread; so far as the same relates to that part of Great Britain called Scotland; and for rendering the said act more effectual in that part of the united kingdom

Prear b .

HLREAS by an act of parliament made in the thirty-first year of the reign of his late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An act for the due making of bread, and to regulate the price and assize thereof, and as purish persons who shall adulterate meal, shour, or bread; certain powers are granted to the second courts, magistrates, and justices of the peace therein mentioned.

somed, to let, aftertain, and appeared, the update and energie of bread someth shall be made for fale, or expected to fale, and the prince to be par Nor the same respectively, within the bounds of their several purifatelions, from time to time, as they fall think proper and it is thereby enacted, That in every affixe of bread which bill be so selevand appointed, respect shall, from time to time, be bud to the proce which the grown, meal, or flour, whereof such bread shall to made, I di bear in the publick market or mirkets in or nour the publick place or places for which any fuch office shall be fo, at way time, fet, and, for afterturning fuch price of grain, meal, or flour, from time to time, the ferenal courts, m giffretes, and juffices of the peace therein mentioned, are thereby imporvered, from time to time, as there shall be occasi no within their respective jurisdictions, to cause the respective prices which the several forts of grain, meal, and flour, shall, from time to time, bona tide, fell for in fuch publick minkets. to be given in and certified upon eath unto fuch court, magistrates, or just ces of the peace respectively, within their several jur sol teams, by the clerk of the market, or by fuch person or persons, and in such manner, and on such day of the week, as they shall respectively appoint within the several suristicans, and the price which shall be so certified, Mall from t me to time, be entered by the respective perion or perfons who shall certily the fume, in a book or books to be pro-"ided and kept by him or them for ilat purpose, in the form and manner as there n I realed and where is the above method of accertaining the price of exheat and rye, and the flour and meal made of those grant nnot the place within that but of Great Britain called Scott und, by real n that there re ten publick markets for fuch in , flur, or me ', o tien that pot of the united kingdom, end al re thre are put ick nakts fr gran, flour, or mel ef c x kind, there is in full a file is link of the mirket, who c n eritfy to the mugitants in full cs of the peace he respective or is which the fe i ! rt of grain, mez!, n! flow, fel for n fuch polick marke, thereb, the fix y effect, and executin of the flest not from the solution of the flest not from the solution of the flest not for the solution and kingdom, is preented and to v d jupp at I within it at part then f cu el Scotland for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the king's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords ipiritual an I temporal, and commons in this present parl ament aftembled, and by the authority of the same, That Magnifrates in place of the method prescribed and lad down in the said act and justices to for afcertaining the price of the Everal kinds of grain, meal, en tire into, and flour, it shall and may be lawful in that part of Great of the prices Britain called Scorland, for the mag firates and it is cas of the which the iepeace who are by the faid act authorized to fet the affize of real 1 rts of brend from time to time, and to often as they shall judge proper, bead corn, within their respective, muldictions, to ensure into and take are l, and within their respective jurisdictions, to enquire into and take fin fell for proof of the prices, which the feveral forts of grain, meal, and in it a publick flour, fit and proper to make the several forts of bread which markets; shall be allowed to be made by them, shall lena fie sell for in the publick markets in or near the city, borough, or place, for which they are respectively authorized to set the affixe of

bread.

and where there are no publick markers, then to take proof of the prefent or laft felling Price thereof;

fo as to afcertain the price the fame costs the baker:

they giving previous notice to the deacon of the bakers company, or to 2 reputable bakers, to attend the taking of fuch proof.

The proof to proceed upon the oaths of 2 witnetles converlànt in the prices;

who may be funitioned. and compelled

fo as they be not obliged to travel above 5 miles from home.

Evidence to be ingroffed in a book,

bread; or where there are no publick markets for any particular species of grain, meal, or flour, in or near such city, borough, or place, to enquire into and take proof of the present of last felling price of fuch species of grain, meal, or flour, whether of the growth of the country or brought from diffantiplaces: to which felling price or prime cost shall be added fuc an allowance for the expence and risk of carriage or transportation, as, from the enquiry and proof, shall, to the said magistrates and justices of the peace appear just and reasonable; was that the price of fuch grain, meal, or flour, be, from time to time, aftertained according to what those several species do or may truly cost the bakers before they can manufacture the fame into bread.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That previous to the proof to be taken in the feveral cases aforefaid, notice in writing shall be given to the deacon of the incorporation of bakers, or, where there is no fuch incorporation to any two reputable bakers within the city, borough, or place, where such proof is to be taken, forty eight hours at least before taking the same, to the end that the makers of bread within such city, borough, or place, may, if they think proper, attend the taking such proof, and suggest such questions, as may be proper to be put to the witnesses summoned by the magistrates or justices of the peace respectively, or offer such other witnesses or evidence, as may appear proper for proving the prices of the grain, meal, or flour in question. III. And be it further enacted by the author ty aforciaid.

That fuch proof shall only proceed upon the oaths of two or more credible witnesses, conversant in the prices of the several forts of grain, meal, or flour, which thall be the subject of fuch enquiry, or by writing, legally proved; and that it shall and may be lawful to the faid magnifrates and juffices of the peace within their respective jurisdictions, to summon such perion or persons as to them shall appear most proper for that purto appear, and pole, and to compel them to appear, and give their evidence : give endence; and that either by fuch remedies, and under fuch penalties, as are provided by the faid act, in the case of persons duly summoned to give evidence, touching the rates and prices of the feveral forts of grain, meal, and flour, where the return of the prices of fuch grain, meal, or flour, shall be fuspected as not truly and bona fide made, or by fuch remedies as are competent by the common law of Scatland, for compelling witnesses to appear and give evidence in any judicial trial, before a competent court.

> IV. Provided always, That the person or persons so summoned, be not obliged to travel above five miles from the place of his, her, or their abode.

> V. And he it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the whole evidence to be taken as above, shall be fairly ingrossed in a book to be kept for that purpose, by the town clerks of the feveral cities and boroughs, where fuch proofs shall be taken by the magistrates, or by the clerk of the peace where the proof shall be taken by the justices of the peace;

> > and

and the evidence as taken down in fuch book shall be duly and signed by fign by the feveral witnesses, and by the magistrates or justices the witnesses, and the peace who shall take the same respectively, according and magi-to the peace of the law of Scotland; and that so often as such the same; proof hall be taken; the magistrates or justices of the peace, and the rebefore whom the same shall be taken respectively, shall, im- and the respective prices
mediately after closing the evidence, or as soon as it can con- to be declared,
veniently be done, declare the prices of the several kinds of
grain, meal, or flour, concerning which the enquiry has been made, according as these shall appear to them to be proved. from confidering the whole evidence, and which declaration shall be ingrossed in the book appointed to be kept as afore-said, immediately after the evidence, and shall be signed by and entered in the magistrates or justices of the peace respectively, before the said book, whom such proof shall be taken; and which book containing and signed by the evidence and declaration aforesaid, shall be open, and strates; patent, to the inspection of the makers of bread, and all other which is to be persons, without see or reward; and shall, to all intents and free to publick purposes, be deemed and taken to be, equivalent to the re-inspection. turns or certificates of the market prices of all kinds of grain. meal, or flour, appointed to be taken by the faid act : and the The affile and magistrates and justices of the peace in that part of Great Britain weight of called Scotland, shall thereupon proceed to fet, afcertain, and bread for fale, appoint, the affize and weight of all forts of bread, which shall to be after-tained accord-be made for fall, or exposed to fale, and the price to be paid ing thereto. for the fame, within their respective jurisdictions, when and as often, from time to time, as they shall think fit, according to the directions, and agreeable to the tables enacted and referred to by the faid act.

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority afore- The affize faid, I hat when and to often as any affize of bread thall be fet, at not hable to certained, and appointed, for any city, borough, or place, within be varied, but that part of Great Britain called Scotland, by the magistrates or force till a justices of the peace impowered for that purpose, such affize shall new one is not be limited to endure for any certain time, but thall continue made and fland in force until a new affize of bread be tet, afcertained, and appointed, by the faid magistrates or justices of the peace, for fuch city, borough, or place respectively; any thing in the atorefaid act of the thirty-first year of the reign of his late Ma-

july, to the contrary notwithstanding.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefuld, That Upon applied upon an application in writing by any two or more of the inhabi- cation and tants or bakers, within any city, borough, or county, where fuch proaffize of bread fhall be fet, to the magificates or justices of the ta fulficient peace who for the last affize, or to the magistrates or justice, of the price of the peace of fuch city, horough, or county, for the time being, a pocies of fetting forth, and offering to prove, by proper evidence, that the the faid grain, price of any of the species of grain before-mentioned, has role " " inor fallen fince the last affize of bread was fet, so as to authorize an alteration of such had affize, according to the aforefaid act of his late Majesty, and tables therein telerred to; in every such cale, the mag.firates or judices of the peace, to whom such ap-

- tinca i affize.

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Anno terrio GEORGEIIII. C.S. 248

plication shall be made, shall within their respective jurisdictions be obliged to take evidence of the then current prices, in the fresh evidence manner before directed; and if, upon advising such proof where is to be taken shall find such a variation of the prices since the last affize, of the current described in the faid act, they shall immediately set and afcetprice, and a tain a new affize of bread, which shall remain till altered agree. new affire to able to the directions herein before given.

Method of cale of con viction of offenders in the fent act.

he inade eanformable thereto.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority affrefaid, That proceeding in in case any person or persons shall be convicted any of the offences mentioned in the said act, or in this present act, before any magistrate or magistrates, justice or unities of the peace, in recited or pie, that part of Great Britain called Scotland, such conviction shall proceed and be drawn up in the form commonly used and practifed before such magistrates or justices of the peace, in convictions for other offences of the like nature; any thing in the faid act to the contrary notwithstan sing.

1X And whereas it may happen, that the magistrates of some

land, may neglect to execute the powers committed to them, of

Where the magaltranes of of the cities or boroughs in that part of Great Britain called S. .:any city or borough neg in fetting the due tilize of bread.

lest then duty fetting and appointing the affire of bread, within their respective cities and boroughs; be it therefore enacted by the authority as forelaid, That in case of such neglect of the magistrates of any such city or borough, to fet an affize of bread, or to after any former affize fet by them by a new affize, when fuch alteration in the price of wheat or other grain thall occur as is felicient to authorize an alteration of the last affize of bread according to the faid act, it thall and may be lawful for any two or more of the justices of the peace, of the county with a which such city of borough lies, to require the chief magistrate of such city or bofet or alter the rough, by a writing under toeir hands, to let the affize of bread, or to alter any former affize of bread, according as the cafe that occur; and in case sich chief magistrate, or the other magifirates of the faid city or borough, shall resule or neglect, for the space of ten days after such requisition, to let such affize, or to alter any affize then in force, when the alteration of the price of may then tettle wheat or other grain does permit the fame, then and in every fuch case any two or more justices of the peace of such county thall have power, and are hereby authorized, after taking moot of the prices of the feveral kinds of grain, meal, or flour, in manner above directed, to fet, afcertain and appoint, an affize

> of bread for fuch city or borough, which shall remain in full force antil altered by the magnifrates thereof, or, in case of their

the county, &c may requite them to farm . and on theu nepit it to comply therewith, within roders, they foch attize themteres.

2 pulliers of

neglect, by any two or more of the faid juffices of peace. X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That The recitod act, where not every claufe, matter, and thing, contained in the aforefaid act of alte of by this the thirty-frift year of his late Majesty's reign, shall remain and aith i instind continue in full force, in that part of the kingdom of Great Brito it i m any called Sectional, except in to far as the fame is altered by this to contain S. 52 22.2

act.

# CAP. VII.

Et for punishing mutiny and desertion; and for the better payment of the army and their quarters.

The same as in the last year. v. 2 Geo. 3. c. 2.

## CAP. VIII.

An all to enable such officers, mariners, and soldiers, as bave been in the land or jea-fervice, or in the marines fince the swenty-leand year of bis late majesty King Geor wibe Second, to exercise trades.

WHEREAS there but been, and are, divers officers, mariners, Preamble. foldiers, and marines, who have ferved his late Majefty, or In prefent Majefly, in the late wars by fea and land, some of which are men that used trades, others that were apprentices to trades, who had not served out their times, and others, who by their own industry, have made themselves apt and fit for trades; many of which, the wars hing now ended, would willing semply themselves in those trades which they were formerly accounted to, or which they are apt or able es follow and make use of, for it e setting their living by their own la-wour, but are or may be hindered from exercising those trades in certain cities and experations, and other places within this kingdom, because of certain by-lines and cultons of thois places, and of the flatute made in the fith year of quein Llizabeth, probabiting the ule of certain , Eliz. trades by any perfor who lath not ferved as an apprentice to fuch trade for the space of fever years: for somedy whereof be it enabled by the King's most excellent Mujetly, by and with the advice and confent of the for to spiritual and temp rai, and emmons, in this present pin hament the for Is forestual and temp rais, and semmns, must prefer per dument officers, many affectively of the jame, That all tuch officers, of the fire seminal tuch officers, of the fire seminal tuch officers. mariners, foldiers, and marines, who have been at any time em-riners, and maployed in the fervice of his late Majelty, or of his prefent Majelty, tines, who fince the twenty-ninth day of November, in the year of our Lord have been at one thou and leven numbered and forty-eight, and have not fince any time emdeferted the faid fervice; and also the wives and children of such King's leavice officers, mariners, foldiers, and marines; may fet up and exercise fince 29. Nov. fuch trades as they are apt and able for, in any town or place 1-48, and within the kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland, without any base not fine let, furt or molellation, or any perion or perions whatfocker, for all the wives or by reason of the using of such trade, nor shall such officers, and caldien mariners, foldiers, or marines, or their wives or children, dur- of fuch, are ing the time they shall exercise such trades, be removeable from authorized to fisch respective place or places, to his, her, or their last legal fit up and explace of fettlement, by virtue of any law now in being relative to within any the fettlement of the poor, antil fuch perion or perions shall be puts of Great come actually chargeable to fuch parish or place; and if any such Britain or officer or officers, mariner or mariners, foldier or foldiers, maine beland, withor marines, or the wife or child of any fuch officer, mathiet, folder, or marine, who shall be sued, implemed, or indicted in and without being hable to any court whatfoever, within this kingdom. for thing or exer- be removed ening any fuch trade, as affected, then the tail officer or officers, from thence

ma incl to their task

fettlement, until they become actually chargeable to the parish; and it furd, tile general isfue, they ted,

legal place of mariner or mariners, foldier or foldiers, marine or marines, or any wife or child of any fuch officer, mariner, foldier, or me rine, making it appear to the same court, where they are so special impleaded, or indicted, that they have ferved his late or prefent Majesty as aforesaid, or that he, she, or they, is or are the wife or wives, child or children, of fuch officer or officers, mariner frmaupon pleading riners, foldier or foldiers, marine or marines, who shall have fo ferved his late or prefent Majesty, shall, upon the general issue thall be acquit. pleaded, found not guilty in any plaint, bill, information or indictment, exhibited against them; and such portons who notwithstanding this act, shall prosecute the faid out, by bill, plaint, information, or indictment, and shall have a verdict pass against him, or become nonfuit therein, or dife hime their faid fuit. fuch person or persons shall pay unto such officer or officers. mariner or mariners, foldier or foldiers, marine or marines, or the wife or child of fuch officer, pariner, foldier, or marine, respectively, double costs of suit, to be recovered as any other cofts at common law may be recovered; and all judges and inrors, before whom any tuch fuit, information, or indictment, thail be brought, and all other persons whatsoever, are to take notice of this prefent act, and thall conform themselves thereto; any flature, law, ordinance, cuftom, or provition, to the contrary in any wife notwithflanding.

and he paid double cotts of fuit.

Where any two affices for the county they thall to fet up, thall tummon them to give evidence as to the place of fettlement,

they thall make oath accordingry;

an attelled copt whereof thall be given them.

and if funmoned a sam. they that not be obliged to take i from oath, but produce the former, w leave a copy thereot. Privileges of the two am v. thite irferved

II. And he is further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That it thall and may be lawful for any two or more justices of the or par e where peace for the county, town, or place, where any fich officer. mariner, foldier, or marine, shall fet up and exercise any trade as aforefaid, to caute fuch officer, mariner, totaler, or marine, to be lummoned before them in the town or place where fuch officer, mariner, towner, or marine, thall fet up and exercise such trade as aforefaid, in order to make outh of the place of his last their last legal legal fettlement (which oath the faid justices are hereby improve ered to administer) and silentificer, mariner, foldier, or marine, are hereby directed to obey fuch fummons, and to make outh accordingly; and fuch juffices are hereby required to give an attefled copy of fuch affldavit fo made before them, to the perfon making the fame, in order that he may produce it when required a which attelled copy shall at any time be admitted as evidence as to fuch last legal actilement, before any of his Majesty's justices of the peace at any general or quarter fellions of the peace. which shall be admitted as evidence at the quarter tessions;

III. Provided always. That in case any such officer, mariner, foldier, or marine, shall again be summoned to make oath as aforefaid, then on such attested copy of the oath by him formerly taken being produced by him or by any other person on his behalf, such officer, mariner, foldier, or marine, shall not be obliged to take any other or further oath with regard to his legal fertiement, but thall leave a copy of fuch atteffed copy of his examination, if required.

IV. Provided always, That this ac, shall not in any wife be prejudicial to the privileges of the universities of Combridge and Oxford, or either of them; or extend to give liberty to any perfor

solet up the trade of a vintner, or to fell any wine or other lioules within the faid universities without licence first had and Laned from the vice-chancellor of the same respectively.

### CAP. IX.

An all for granting annuities to fatisfy certain navy, victualling, and transport bills, and ordnance debentures; and for charging the payment of such annuities on the finking fund; and making good the same to the said fund, in manner therein mentioned.

Most gracious soveraign, [XYE, your Majesty's such dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons preamble. of Great Britain, in parliament affembled, have taken into our serious consideration, that no withflunding the great supplies which have been granted for carrying on the war, several debts and desciencie remain unprovided for, particularly upon account of bills payable in con 'e fith navy and visqualling offices, and for transports, made out or it to the tring-first day of Lecenber, one thousand seven hun-... 11sty two, to the amount of three millions feventy five thoupoint three bundred and fixteen pounds, and three pence; and upon according f debenture, payable out of the office of ordnance, which were anted on or before the feid thirty-first day of December, one thousand town hundred and tixty-two, amounting to five bundred ninety five thouland four hundred and twenty-three pounds, two shillings, and five pener and you Mar fly's faithful commons being fully fenfible how highly it concerns the honour of your Majetly's government, and the publick credit of this kingdom, that the carlieft possible provision should be made for discharging thete debts, and supplying those deficiencies which have been contracted and meter ed in the profecution of the late have a dous and expensive, but no lefs glovious and fuccessful war, have replaced, in order to make procusion for fati-fying all such bills and debentures, to give and grant unto your Majefly Juch Jupply as is berein after mentioned, for paying (in lieu of all other interest) an interest or annuity after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, by ha'f yearly payments, to commence from the twenty-fifth day of March. one thousand leven hundred and jixty-three, for and in respect of the lums payable on the faid navy, victualling, and transport bills, and the interest thereupon, and also for the sums payable on the faid debentures, until fuch annuities shall be redeemed and paid off, in manner berein after mentioned; and do therefore mast humbly befeech your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most excellent maiefly, by and with the advice and confint of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this prefent parliament affembled, and by the archority of the same, That the annuities which by this act shall Annuities be granted and made payable, for and in respect of the bills pay-granted by able in course of the navy and victualling offices, and for trans-this act. ports, and for the debentures payable out of his Majesty's office of ordnance, which were respectively made out or dated on or before the thirty-hall day . December, one thousand seven hun-

dred and fixty-two, until the redemption of fuch annuaties by

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the finking fund.

parliament in manner hereafter mentioned, shall, from and after the twenty-fifth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and payable out of fixty-three, be charged and chargeable upon, and payable out a the monies, which from and after the faid twenty-lifth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and sixty-three, shall from time to time, arise and he in the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer, of or for the turpluffes, excelles, or overplus monifs, commonly called the finking fund (after paying or referving fufficient to pay all fuch fums of money, as have been directed by any former act or acts of parliament, to be paid out of the fame? and that the fums to iffued out of the faid monies commonly out of the next called the jinking fund, thall be, from time to time, replaced and made good out of the next aids to be granted in parliament. in tuch manner as is herein after mentioned.

The money to aids.

The bills or debentures to be delivered to the uralureis of the relpec or before 25 March, 1763.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That it thall and may be lawful to and fee any person or persons, intives, or foreigners, bodies politique, or corporate, who shall be possessed of, interested in, or estituled unto, any bill or bills, tive offices, on payable in course out of his Majesty's offices of the navy or victualling, or for transports, nor any debenture or debentures payable out of his Maility's office of ordnance, which were respectively made out or dated in the said respective offices, on or before the thirty-first day of December, one thoufand feven hundred and fixty-two, to deliver fuch bill or bill, debenture or debentures, to the respective treasurers of the faid offices, to be marked, cancelled, and cer it d, in fach manner as is herein after mentioned, at any time or or before the twenty-fifth day of March, one thousand seven hundre and fixtythree, and at fuch place or places as thall into been appointed, by notice given in the Lindin Gizziti, and other publick papers. for that purpole.

and the intereil upon the navy, victualing, and transport hills, is to be thereof to the treaturer of the nav,,

III. Provided always, and he it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the interest which shall become due on the faid twenty-fifth day of Alario, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-three, for and in respect of such of the ta I navy, victualling, and transport bills, as bear an interest, shall be commarked at the puted and marked upon the faid bills, at the navy or victualling proper offices, office respectively, before the same are delivered to the treasurer of his Majesty's navy; and the proper officer and officers of his Majesty's navy office, and victualling office respectively, is and are hereby authorized and required, to compute and mark the interest as aforesaid, upon every such bill, which shall be tendered to him or them for that purpofe.

and the hills are to be marked and cancelled by han ;

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, to delivered in That it shall and may be lawful to and for the treasurer of his Majesty's navy for the time being, to take in and receive from all and every perfonor perfons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, who is, are, or shall be, possessed of, interested in, or intituled unto, any fuch navy, victualling or transport bills, all the faid bills, which to y fuch perfon or perfons, bodies politick or corporate, shall, on or before the faid twenty-

fith

Anno terrio Georgii III. C.q.

Ath day of Merch, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-three. deliver to such treasurer; and the said treasurer, or his paymailer and cashier, is and are hereby authorized and required to

27k and cancel every such bill; and certify the same, together and certified. with the amount of the interest which shall have been comput- together with ed and garked as aforesaid upon such of the said bills as bear to the bank. an interest, to the governor and company of the bank of England; and that it also shall and may be lawful to and for the Treasurer of treasurer of his Majesty's office of ordnance in like manner to the ordnance take in all such debentures payable out of the said office of ord-cel the debennance, which, on or before the faul twenty-fifth day of March, tures in like one thousand seven Mondred and fixty-three, shall be delivered manner, and to him; and the faid last mentioned treasurer, or his deputy, is certify the hereby authorized and required to cancel the same, and certify bank, every such debenture to the said governor and company of the

bank of England.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefuld, Proprietors of That all and every person and persons, bodies politick and corporate, who shall deliver any such bill or bills, debenture or detures intitled bentures, to the faid respective treasurers as aforesaid, shall, for to an annuity the principal fum or fums contailed in every fuch bill or bills, thereon, after and all for the interest which stall have been computed and the rate of 41, per cent, per thousked as aforefaid upon such of the said bills as bear an in- ann, to comterest, and also for the principal sum or sums contained in every mence 25 fach debenture or debentures, be respectively intituled to, and March, 1763; have in another after the faid rate of four pounds per centum for a new, to commence from the faid twenty-fifth day of 17 c.A. one thousand seven hundred and fixty-three, and to be had and payable to fuch perfore or perfons, bodies politick or comorate, or fuch as he, the, or they shall appoint, his, her, or show vectors, administrators, faccetors, or affigns respectively, · · I do redemption thereof by parliament, in manner herein "... mentioned; which faid annuity thall be payable half-yearly and to be paid two of the most usual days of payment in the year (that is to half-yearly; the twenty-ninth day of September, and the twenty-fifth Sept. and 25 've of Alrich; the first payment thereof to become due on the March: vente-ninth day of September, one thousand seven hundred and maty-three; and that all persons and corporations intituled to the same to be fuch annuity or annuities aforefaid, and his, her, and their deemed a perconnidences, fucceffors, and affigns respectively, and all per-fonal estate; as and corporations lawfully claiming under him, her, or them, thall have good, fure, absolute, and indefeasable estates and interests in the said annuaties, according to the tenor and true meaning of this act, and shall be possessed thereof as of a perforal effate, which shall not be descendable to heirs, nor hable to any foreign attachment by the custom of Lordon, or otherwife; any law, custom, or usage to the contrary notwith- and to be funding; and that all the faid annuities shall be free from all tax-nec. axes, charges, and impolitions whatfoever.

VI. And be it further engaged by the authority aforefaid, The respective hat upon the delivering in of every fuch navy, victualling, or treaturers of

transport the navy and

porate, the treasurer of his Majesty's navy, or his paymaster and

ordnance are transport bill, by any person or persons, badies politick or corin the faid bills and dehentures, and for the in-🕳 terest due on 2 c March. ¥763.

affigned by indorlement

at any tune

made before

Principal and interest to be

added toge-

ther, and

and deben-

meates for the cashier, shall, and they are hereby authorised and required some with to give a certificate figned by him or them, for the price pal fum or fums contained in every fuch bill; and also if the interest which shall have been computed and marked as aforefaid, to be due on the faid twenty-fifth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-three, upon such of the said bills as bear an interest, to such person or persons, bodies politick or corporate, or his, her, or their affigns, and that upon the delivering in by any person or persons, begies politick or corporate, of every such debenture or debentures, the treasurer of his Majesty's office of ordnance, or his deputy, shall, and they are hereby authorized and required forthwith to give a certificate figured by the faid treasurer or depyty, for the principal sum or fums contained in every fuch depenture, to fuch person or perwhich may be fons, bodies politick or corporate, or his, her, or their affigns : and all such certificates shall by affignable by indorsement thereupon made at any time before the twenty-ninth day of September, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-three, and no longer: and all such certificates and a lignments thereupon shall not be 29 Sept. 1763. charged with any stamp duties whatsoever; and that the interest fo computed and marked on every fuch bill bearing interest as aforesaid, shall be added to the principal sum contained in every fuch bill, and the amount of fuch principal and interest, or the made one fum of in the bills amount of the fum contained in every fuch bill not bearing interest, and in every such debenture respectively certified in manner before directed, shall be the principal sums for which the person or persons, bodies politick or corporate, delivering such bills or debentures, thall be intituled to an annuity after the faid rate of four pounds per centum per annum.

tures. Guardians and truffees to deliver up for infants, fuch bills or debentures as they are intituled to, in

confideration

nuity.

VII. Provided also, and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any infants shall, by the gift, devise, or decease of the parent or other relation of such infants, or otherwife, become intituled to any of the faid bills or debentures, in fuch case the guardian or guardians, trustee or trustees of such infant or infants, shall or may be, and he, she, or they is or are hereby impowered, for the benefit of such infant or infants, to deliver up to such respective treasurers all such of the said bills of the faid anor debentures to which such infant or infants shall be so intituled; and such infant and infants, guardian or guardians, trustee or trustees, delivering up such bills or debentures, thall be intituled to such an annuity as aforesaid; and the said guardian or guardians, trustee or trustees, shall be discharged from the fame; any thing herein contained, or any law, usage, or custom to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

Executors and truitees of ádeots to deliver up, in like manner, fuch bills or

VIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That any person or persons who, as executor to, or administrator, trustee, committee of an ideot or lunatick, or persons of unsound mind, depositary or mortgagee, shall be or become possessed of, interested its, or intituled unto any of the faid bills or debentures, thall and may deliver up debentures as such bills or debentures as they shall be so possessed of, interested they are or intituled unto, such respective treasurers as aforesaid, and specially into executors or administrators, the annuaties which they tituled to that be intituled to in respect of the faid bills or debentures so by the annustres them'ylelivered up, shall be the same affets in their hands, as to be the same the fate bills or debentures were, or would nive been, had they affets, not been to delivered up for such annuity as atorciaid, and as to truftees, committees, depositaries, and mortgagees, the annuity which they shall be intituled unto for or in respect of such trust, or mortgaged bills or debentures, which they shall so deliver and liable to up to fuch respective treasurers as aforesaid, shall be subject and the same liable to the same trul s and equity of redemption, as such bills trusts, as the the debentures were, or would have been, had they not been so bills, &c delivered up for such annuty as aforesaid.

IX And be it further macked by the authority aforefuld, Bank to take That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said governor in the cetti-and company of the bank of Angland, and their successors, or such perion or persons as they shall appoint for that purpose, and he and they is and are hereby respectively authorized and required to take in and receive all and every of the certificates to be made out in licu of the fail bills and debentures as aforefaid, in pursuance of the directions of this act, and upon the receipt of every such certificate shall, and he and they is and are hereby required forthwith to give credit in a book or books to and give crehereby required forthwith to give credit in a nook of cooks to dit in proper be prepared for that purpose, for the principal sums contained books for the in every fach c itificate lo brought to him or them as aforefaid, juins containand the perions, bodies politick or corporate, to whose credit ed therein, fuch principal fums shall be entered in the faid book or books, his, her or their executors, administrators, or assigns, shall and which may be may have power to affign and transfer the tame, or any part, transferred thare, or proportion thereof to any other perion or perions, bodies politick or corporate whatloever, in other books to be prepared and kept for that purpose, and the said governor and company for the time being shall also, on or before the twenty- Duplicat of fourth day of June, one thoutand seven hundred and fixty-four, the facil look transmit an attested duplicate fairly written on paper, of the to be to no faid book or books first herein before mentioned, into the muted into office of the auditor of the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer, the juditor of there to remain for ever

And, for the more easy and sure payment of the annusties established by this act, it is hereby further enacted by the au thorsty aforefaid. That the faid governor and company of the bank of England, and their fuccessors, shall, from time to time, B k to ap until the faid annuities shall be redeemed according to this act, in it me or appoint and employ one or more fufficient perion or perions catheres, within their office in the city of Lond n, to be their chief or first cashier or cashiers, and one other sufficient person within the fame office to be their accomptant-general, and that so much and an acof the monies from time to me, and at any time, a ting or be-

the ex heques.

Treasity to affue th 113 tinking find for pr n int of the laid enr litics, to tie ina chief **Lathier** 

ing in the receipt of the exchequer of or for the furphilles, excei'es, or overplus monies commonly called The Sinking Fund as shall be sufficient from time to time to answer the half-years a court the payments of the faid annuities, and other payments directed this act to be made, shall (after paying or releaving sufficient to pay all fuch fums of money, as, before the passing of this act. shall have been directed by any other act or acts of parliament to be paid out it the laid fund) by order of the commissioners of the treasury, or anythice or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, without any further or other warrant, to be fued for, had, or obtained in that behalf, be issued and paid at the faid receipt of exchequer, to the faid first or chief cathier or cashiers of the said governor and company of the bank of Iroland, and their fuccessors for the time king, by way of imprest, and upon account, for the paymen of the laid annuities, and that fuch cathier or e thiers to hem the faid monies shall, from time to time, be iffied, that, from time to time, without delis, apply and pay the fame/iccordingly, and render his or their accounts thereo, coording to the duc courie of the exchequer.

by way of ampicit,

who is to pri the fune ic cording y

Accomp ant iped lise ceipts a d 1 2) n ents

Monies con verted a to the annuatics to be deemed one capital or joint fl x k 4 ITIV DE 4 per e nt in terest truns terr ible

Affgnments ⊷nitian tis to be entered and ig ( l

XI And it is hereby a so eighted. It is the faid accomplantgeneral to in-centeral for the time being, thall, from time to time, inflied and examine all receipts and payments of the full cashier or cashiers, and the vouchers relating thereunto, in order to prevent any fraud, negligence, or deliv

> XII And be it further enacted by the authority aforefall, If at all the monies intended to be converted (1) innuities by virtue of this act, shall be deemed, reputed, and t ken to be, one capital or joint stock, on which the said innuince, after the find rate of four pounds fir num per unn i, shall be attend ing, and that all and every perion and perions, and corpora tions whatfoceer, in proportion to the money which he, the, or they shall be a tituled to as aforetaid, shall have and be deemed to have a proporticual interest and there in the faid stock, and in the annuity attending the time, it the rate aforefuld, and that the faid whole capital or joint flock, or any share or interest therein, and the prop it on a annuity attending the same, thall be affiguable and transferrable as this act directs, and not otherwise, and that there shall constantly be kept in the office of the faid accomptant-general for the time being within the city of L nd n, a book or books, wherein all assignments or transfers of the faid whole capital or joint flock, or any part thereof, and the proportional annu ty attending the fame, it the rate aforefaid, shall be entered and registered, which entries thall be conceived in proper words for that purpole, and shall be ugued by the parties making fuch affiguments or transfers, or, if any such party or parties be absent, by his, her, or their attorney or attornies thereunto lawfully authorized, by writing under his, her, or their hands and feals, to be attested by two or more credible witnesses, and that the person or persons to whom

1763.1

whom such transfer shall be made, shall respectively underwrite his, her, or their acceptance thereof; and that no other exthod of affigning or transferring the faid flock, and the anfinities attending the fame, or any part thereof, or any interest and to be free there is, shall be good and available in law; and that no stamp or stamp duduties whatfoever shall be charged on the faid transfers, or any ties. of them.

Xill, Provided always, That all perfons possessed of any Annihies share or interest in the faid joint stock of annuities, or any ma, he deeffate or interest therein, may decide the tame by will in writing, attested by two or more credible withester; but that no pay. Will to be enment fivall be made upon any fuch device, until form ch of the tered, taid will as reletes to be in entate, there or interest, be entered in the faid office; and that in default of fuch transfer or devile, for a thate, citate, or interest, shall go to the executors, adminifluators, faccetions, and affign .

XIV. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That the fail governor and company of the bank of England, and their hiereffices (notwithflanding the re-Bank to condemption of all or any of their own funds in purfuance of the time a corpo-acts for establishing the same, of any of them) shall continue a demption of corporation for the purpoles or this act, till ad the faid annuities the amunties, shall be redeemed by parl unent, and the said governor and &c. company, or any member thereof, shall not incur any disability for or by teather it rus or their doing any matter or thing in purtuance of G s a 1.

XV. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, No fee to be That no fee, reward, or grannity what bever, thall be demanded matter necesor taken for computing and in king the interest on the faid tay to be bills, or for receiving, taking in, or cancelling, the faid bills or done, debentures, or any of them, or for granting certificates in beuthereof, as aforciaid, or for numer the monics for paying the faid amounties, or any of them, or i many transfer of any tam, great or finall, to be made in purfuance of this act, upon pain the any officer or perion offending by taking or denicoting any f.e, reward, or gratisty, conform to this act, thall, for every offence, fortest the sum of twenty pounds to the party graved; on penalty of to be recovered with full costs of sunt, by a tom of clots, bill, acl. plaint, or information, in any of his Mar ite's courts or record at Wishmigher, wherein no effoin, protection, proviege, or waget of law, injunction, or order or rement, or any more than one imparlance, thali be granted or allowed.

XVI. Provided always, and be it er toted by the authority Treature and afarciaid, That the commissioners of the treatury, or any three time and to or more of them now being, or the high treaturer, or any three more towards or more of the committioners of the treature for the time has a toperforsemor more of the commissioners of the treatery for the time being in its dand to shall have power, and they are hereby authorized to reward of his incident fuch perions as thall be any way, employed in the execution of charges, we. this act, for their fervice, pains, and labour, and also to defray fuch incident charger as Mall necessarily attend the same, out

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given

Allowances in respect of the officers of the bank, to be at the difpolal of the governor and company.

of the said surplusses, excesses, or overplus monies; and also to appoint such allowances as they shall think proper, out of the faid furplusses, excelles, or overplus monies, for the fervice pains, and labour, of the cashier or cashiers of the said govern and company of the bank of England, for receiving, paying, and accounting for the faid annuities, made payable by this act: and also for the service, pains, and trouble, of the accomptant general of the taid governor and company, for performing the duty and trust incumbent on him by this act; all which allowances hereby impowered to be made as aforefaid, in respect to the fervice, pains, and labour, of any officer or officers of the faid governor and company of the bank of England, shall be for the use and benefit of the said governor and company, and at their disposal only; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Money iffued for the purpotes of this act out of the finking fund, out of the

XVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefuld. That the feveral fums of money which shall, from time to time, he afued and applied by varue of this act, out of the faid monies compoling the laid fund, commonly called The Sinking to be replaced Fund, for payment of the faid annuities, and for rewards, incident charges, allewances, and in discharge of any other expences next supplies hereby authorized to be paid, shall, from time to time, be made good, and replaced by and out of the supplies to be granted in the next fession of parliament, after such allues and applications shall be respectively made. .

Clause of redeinption.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it enafted by the authority aforefaid. That at any time upon fix months notice to be printed in the London Gazette, and affixed upon the Royal Exchange in London; and upon repayment, by parliament, of the principal fum for which the faid annuities are established (by payments not being less than five hundred thouland pounds at one time) in such manner as shall be directed by any future act or acts of parliament in that behalf; and also upon full payment of all arrearages of the time annuities; then, and not till then, such and fo much of the faid annuities as shall be attending on the principal fums to paid off, thall ceate and determine, and be understood to be redeemed; and that any vote or resolution of the house of commons, fignified by the speaker in writing, to be inserted in the Linin Gizette, and affixed on the Royal Exchange in Londm, as aforetaid, thall be deemed and adjudged to be fufficient notice within the words and it eaning of this act. XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid,

Limitation of actions.

That if any perion or perions thall, at any time or times, be fued, molefied, or profecuted, for any thing by him or them done or executed in purtuance of this act, or of any matter or thing therein contained, such person or persons thall and may plead the general iffue, and give the special matter in evidence for his and then defence; and if a verdict shall pass for the defendant or detendants, or the plaintiff or plaintiffs thall discontinue his or their action, or be nonfuited, or judgment shall be

General iffue.

given against him or them, upon demurrer, or otherwise, then Trable costs. fuch defendant or defendants shall have treble costs to him or them awarded against such plaintiff or plaintiffs.

#### CAP. X.

An act for applying the money granted in this session of parleament, for defraving the charge of the pay and clothing of the militia of that part of Great Britain called England. for one year, becoming the twenty hith day of March, one thousand seven hundred and sixty three, and for appointing a time and place for exercifing the militia in the faid year.

WHEREAS the fum of one han bed and filty thouland founds, Preamble, Fas Longraded to lis Diright for deriving the dange of pay and clubbing for the runtia, for one year, from the twenty fifth day of March, one thoughed reven brailed out party three: in order therefore that the charge of pay and detring for fuch mairia may be duly and preperly defrayed and facilified; be it enacted by the King's most excellent majetly, by and with the advice and content of the lords sputtual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliamene assembled, and by the authority of the fame. That in every county, riding, or place, within that part of Grav Provinced English, where the militia is or shall be indicate or railed, the receiver or receivers general of the Lind tax, of such shall be rufed, county, rider, or place respectively, shall iffue and pay the the recei er-

and, in the manner and for the feveral after general of the herein after mentioned; that is to fay, for the pay of the faid county is to militia for four calendar months in advance, at the rate of fix pay in adshillings a day for each adjutant, where an adjutant is appoint - vince, iccorded; and at the rate of one shilled - for each forjeans, with the ad-ing to the dation of two the lines and fix pence a week for each fer-effablishment jeant-major, where a ferjeant-major is appointed; and at the fet down; rate of inspence a day for each drummer, with the addition of fix pence a day for each drum-major, where a drum-major is appointed; and all at the rate of fix pence a month for each private man and druminer, for defraying the contingent expences of each regiment, battalion, or independent company of militia, one penny whereof thall be applied to detraying the holp tal expences of each regiment, battalion, or independent company, during the time of the mens being from home, upon account of their annual exercise; and also for half a year's falary with half a for the clerk of each reg ment or battalion of militia belonging via stalary to luch county, riding, or place, at the rate of fifty pounds a mental and year; and also for the respective allowances to the each of the paralion general meetings, and clerk of the leveral tubdivition meetings, ciths: at the rates following; that is to tay, to the clerk of the general in the almeetings, at the rate of five pounds five shillings for cash med seederks of ing; and to the feveral clerks of the fablishing meetings, at the general the rate of one pound one thilling for each muct ng ; and also and lubusfor the cloathing plake arbits for iach county, riding, or place, viion meet-after the rate of three pounds ten thillings for each terieum, and ings. after the rate of three pounds ten thillings for each tergeant, and

Payment,

and pay for cloathing of the militia.

two pounds for each drummer, with the addition of one pound for each serieant-major, and each drum-major; and with respect to the private militia men, where the militia hath been embodied, or having not been embodied, hath not been cloathed within three years, at the rate of one pound ten shillings for each private man.

The above funts are not to be paid, if pay has not before been issued, till the lord lieut. or deputies shall have certified to the treatury and receivers general the intol-

II. Provided nevertheless, That in any county, riding, or place, where pay has not been yet issued for the militia, no pay shall be issued until his Majesty's lieutenant, or, in his absence, any three deputy lieutenants, of any fuch county, riding, or place, shall have certified to the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, and to the receiver-general of the land tax, that three fifths of the number of private militia men of fuch county, riding, or place, have been inrolled, and that three fifths of the proportion of their commission officers have accepted their commissions, and entered their qualifications as by law required.

III. And be it enacted, That all fuch fums of money afore-

faid, except such as shall be due to the several clerks of the

ment of three fifths of the men and officers.

The moncy 'is to be paid by the rethe regiment or battalion (except the allowances to the clerks of ing the warrant of his appointment ,

ceiver general meetings aforefaid, shall, where the militia has never been emto the Clerk of bodied, be paid by the faid receiver or receivers-general of the land tax, into the hands of the clerk or clerks of the regiments or battalions of militia belonging to fach county, riding, or place, upon his or their producing his or their warrant or warrants of appointment to fuch office, under the hand and feal of the meeting,) his Majesty's lieutenant for such respective county, tiding, or upon produc- place; and where the militia has been embodied, into the hands of the clerk or clerks of the regiments or battalions, upon his or their producing his or their warrant or warrants of appointment to fuch office, under the hand and feal of the colonel, or, where there is no colonel, of the commanding officer of each regiment or battalion respectively, notwithstanding fuch militia that! have been difembodied; and where the militia thall be formed into an independent company, or independent companies, fuch fums as aforetaid thall be paid by the faid receiver or receivers-general of the land tax, into the hands of the respective captain of each independent company of militia, or to luch person as such respective captain, shall authorize to recove the fame, according to the number of perions hereby intituled to receive pay and cloathing, of which tuch regiment or regiments, battalion or battalions is lependent company or in-Ependent companie, thal! have been appointed to confift, according to the edublishment laid down in an act passed in the lad with me of parl ament, intituled, the anticonflate, amend, and on ments on all the fundament, the free it the now in being re-tioner than point to have give marrowers with part of Great Boton 1.767 Virginid; and toth receiver or receivers-general

of the land tax the Pablo, within to sites a days after the expira-

tion or the third calcular month do me according the faid first

pendent compames, to the respective captains, or to their ordei ;

and for inde-

accordin. the effabiu ment laid down in th minterate the last tell

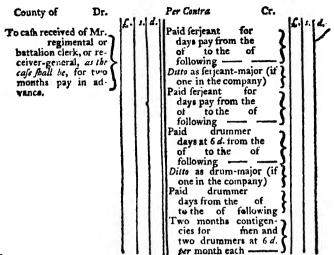
A fer ma ment i. .. to be near without : months arer the hift,

payment, make a fecond payment for four calendar months in and a third advance; and shall also, within fourteen days after the expira- within three tion of the third calendar month from the time of the faid fe-the fecond. cand payment, make a third payment for four calendar months in advance, for the pay and contingent expences of the militia. and for the allowances to the regimental or battalion clerk or clerks aforefaid, in the proportions herein before mentioned; receipts of and the receipts of fuch clerk or clerks, and of fuch captain of the persons to an independent company or captains of independent compa-whom the nies, or of such person or persons as such captain or captains be so paid, shall so authorize to receive such money as aforesaid, shall be a discharge the fufficient discharge to such receiver or receivers-general of the receivers geland tax for the feveral fums of money to by him or them paid.

IV. And be it enacted, That the clerk of each regiment or The regimenbattalion of militia shall forthwith, after the receipt of such sums tal and batof money as aforefaid, pay, or cause to be paid, one calendar talion clerks are to pay in month's pay in advance to the adjutant of such regiment or advance one battalion respectively, and to the captain or commanding officer month's pay of each company belonging to fuch regiment or battalion two to the adjumonths pay in advance for the ferjeants, drummers, and the tant; and z months contingent expences of his respective company; out of which pay to each faid contingent money each captain shall pay to the command-captain, for ing officer of each regiment or battalion one penny a month the ferjeants, for each private man and drummer, for the defraying the exmore and continpences of the hospital; and also to the commanding officer of gent expences the company to which the terjeant-major and drum-major shall of the faid belong, two months pay in advance for fuch ferjeant and drum-company; major; and to from time to time to long as any money on that captain to account thall remain in his hands: which pay every fuch cap-man 1 d, per tain or commanding officer is hereby required to distribute to month out of each person belonging to his company, by this act intituled to the continreceive the fame, as it shall become due; and shall, once in gent money, every year, give in to the clerk of the regiment or battahon to charges of which fuch company shall belong, or, if captain of an indepen- the hospital; dent company, to the receiver-general, an account of the five- and for the ral payments he shall have made in pursuance of this act, ac- sequent-major cording to the following form:

and drummajor, to be paid to the

communding officer of the company to which they belong a captains to diffribute the pay accordingly; and account for the fame yearly to the clerk of receiver general, it an independent company, according to the following form;



and pay back the furplus monies in his the contingent expences, which is ed for.

d applied to the general ufe of theregiment, &c. Captains of independent companies to distribute the pay to their men, and apply the moncy allowed for contingent expences.

Clerk to rehis hands for hisownial my, and duch the cloatle

bills.

And shall pay back to the said clerk, or to the receiver-general, hands, except as the case thall be, the surplus (if any) of the money by him from time to time received, and then remaining in his hands (except the money by this act allowed for contingent expences) to be account. which shall once in every year be accounted for by the captain of each company respectively, in manner aforetaid, and the balance thereof shall be by him paid into the hands of the clerk of the regiment or battalion to which fuch company shall belong, to be applied to the general use of the faid regiment or battalion, as the field officers and captains thereof, or the greater part of them, thall direct; and the captain of each independent company is hereby required to distribute to each person belonging to his company intituled thereto, such money as he shall receive by virtue of this act; and the faid money allowed for the contingent expences of each independent company of militia, thall be respectively applied to the particular use of such inde-

pendent company, by the captain thereof. V. And be it enacted, That the faid regimental or battalion tain money in clerk, may, and shall retain to his own use out of the money so by him received, such further sums as shall complete the allowance herein before made for his falary; and fuch regimental or battalion clerk thall pay to fuch person or persons as thall produce an order from the commanding officer of fuch regiment or battalion, such fums of money as shall be due and owing for or on account of the cloathing of the faid regiments or battalions,

not exceeding the rates herein before mentioned.

When the VI. And be it further enacted, Thata: ben ever his Majesty's lord lieulicutenant, or any three or more deputy lieutenants, of any tenants or county, riding, or place, shall have fixed the days of exercise for deputies thall

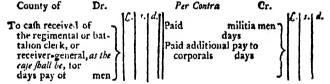
the militia, he or they shall, as soon as may be, certify the same have fixed the to the receiver-general of fuch county, riding, or place, specify-days of exing the number of men, and the number of days such men are to ercite, be absent from home on account of such exercise; and such they are to receiver-general is hereby required, within fourteen days after same to the the receipt of such certificate, to issue and pay to the clerk of the receiver-genefeveral regiments or battalions, or to the captains of the indepen-ral, specifying dent companies, as the case shall be, at the rate of three shillings the number of and six pence per day for each lieutenant, and of three shillings days they per day for each enfign; and also at the rate of one shilling per shall be absent day for each private militia man, with the addition of fix pence from home; per day for each corporal of the militia, fo to be called out to ex-receiver-geneercife, for the number of days such officers and men shall be thereupon absent from home on account of such exercise; and the said pay for ofregimental or battalion clerks are hereby required forthwith to ficers and men pay to each captain of the faid regiments or battalions, the to the regiproportion of pay belonging to their respective companies.

mental clerk.

who is to pay over the same to the respective captains.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the captain of each Captains to company shall make up an account of all monies received and their account paid by him on account of fuch exercise, according to the fol-according to lowing form:

the following form;



which account shall be figured by the said captain, and coun- to be figured terfigned by the commanding officer; and fuch captain shall, by them, and within ten days after the time of fuch exercise, deliver such ac- counterfigned by the comcount, and pay the balance, if there he any due, to the regi-manding ofmental or battalion clerk; or, if captain of an independent ficer, company, to the receiver-general: and fuch accounts shall be and delivered, allowed as fufficient vouchers in the pailing of the accounts of hance to the fuch receiver-general, as the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer. clark.

or receiver general. Accounts allowed fufficient vouchers. VIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That where any During the regiment, battalion, or independent company of militia is or time the troops are shall be embodied, and called out into actual service, and there-embodied. by the officers and private militia men are or thall be intituled and called out to the same pay, as the officers and private men in his Majesty's into actual other regiments of foot receive, all pay from the receiver or re- fervice, and receive pay as ceivers-general of the land tax for the county, tiding, or place, the King's to which fuch regiment, battalion, or independent company of other forces, militia shall belong, whether to the adjutants, serjeants, private ad pay and militia men, or others; and all money allowed as aforelaid for allowances the contingent expences of such regiment, battalion, or inde-cover-gene-

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pendent company of militia; and also the allowance to the clerk of fuch regiment or battalion; shall, during such time of actual service, and until such regiment, battalion, or independent company shall be disembodied and returned home by order of

their commanding officers, cease and not be paid.

1X. And he it enacted, That the faid receiver or receivers of the land tax shall pay to the clerk of the general meetings his allowance, at the rate of five pounds five shillings for each meeting, upon his producing an order or orders for that purpose from his Majesty's lieutenant, or from three deputy licutenants affembled at some general meeting or meetings; and shall also pay to each and every the clerks of the subdivision meetings their feveral allowances, at the rate of one pound one shilling for each meeting, upon his or their producing an order or orders from one or more deputy lieutenant, or deputy licutenants affembled in the feveral subdivision meetings; which faid order or orders shall be to the faid receiver or receivers-general of the land tax, a fufficient discharge for the payment of tuch allowances, and be allowed in his or their account.

X. Provided always, and be it enacted. That the clerk of

and battalion each regiment or battalion of militia, thall give fecurity to the clerks to give receiver or receivers-general of the land tax, of the county, riding or place, to which such regiment or battalion shall belong, by a bond to his Majerty in the penalty of one half of the fum required for the whole year's charge of the regiment or battalion of militia to which such clerk shall belong, for duly answering and paying such sums as he shall, from time to time, have received, and for duly accounting for the tame, and for performance of the truft hereby in him repoted; which faid bond shall be lodged in the bands of the receiver or receiversgeneral of the land tax, for the respective county, riding or place, who in case the faid regimental or britialion clerk, shall not duly part am the conations comprifed in the faid bond, thall, and is hereby required fortheigh to put the faid bond in full in the transe of his Mapthy, his heirs, and fuereffors; the full coff, and charges of which full, in case judgment shall be given a court tuch regimental or battalion clerk, thall be paid by him to the find receiver or receivers general of the land tax, who thall likewife be matided to, and receive to his or their own ute, at the rate of five pounds by corrunt out of all fuch monies as thall be by him of them recovered thereon; and fhall account for the renductly sof with the proper auditor of his Vajedo's revence, the and today toor receivers-general of the land tax charging land it or themselves therewith, upon the next account of the land tax to be by him or them paffed,

XI. And be it enacted. That the clerk of every regiment or buttaken et mil vis and the caption of every independent comprovocement a, in every a very colding, and place within the t of area I have more in !, that!, between the twenty-fifth is of 17 %, and the two ty-fourth dree before, one thousand the later of all firm on allowing the receiver or re-

and the clerks of the fubdi vision meetings upou producing a like order from one deputy licutenant. Orders to ducharge i seivers general. Regimental

tecurity for paying and accommungfor the mon is received by them;

the bones to be lodge to with the receivers one ta', and out in fan 1. them or nonperform his of the c ndition: and the rus intitule 1 thereupon to full cons and Chris, ... and sign orth may recovered, the retelation to let aceousted for to the 2) aliter There menril soft by tal on north, and Chillian is erform regions.

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ceivers-general of the land tax for the county, riding, or place, are to deliver to which such regiment, battalion, or independent company in accounts of shall belong, a fair account in writing, of all monies by him and disburiereceived and difburfed for the fervice of the preceding year, in ments, pursuance of this act, with proper vouchers for the same; and pay over and shall pay back to the faid receiver or receivers-general of the the balance land tax, any furplus of such monies that shall then be in his to the receivhands; which faid accounts figned by fuch regimental or bat- who are to talion clerk, or by fuch captain of an independent company transmit the respectively, shall be transmitted by the faid receiver or receivers- accounts into general of the land tax, into the office of the proper auditor of office. his Majefiv's revenue.

XII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all penalties, Recovery of all costs and charges of fust, and all soms of money for which penalties, &c. any perion or perions is or are by this act made answerable, may, and thall be recovered in any of his Majefty's courts of record at Williamfor, by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information, wherein no efform, wager at law, or protection, or more

than one imparlance shall be allowed.

XIII. Frovided always, and be it enacted, That no fee or gra- No fee payatury whatforver, shall be given or paid for or upon account of ble for any any warrant or turn of money which shall be issued in relation warrant or sum of money to, or in purtuance of, this act.

issued in purfuance of this act.

XIV. P ovided always, and be it further enacted, That any Officers on perfor being on half-pay, and ferving in the militia, shall and half pay fervmay, and he is hereby impowered to receive and take the fub-ing in the militin, may filtence money by this act directed to be paid to lieutenants or receive the entigns; and the receiving and taking fuch tubliftence money fubliftence by any tuch licutenant or enign, shall not be deemed a receiv-money payaing or taking pay, fo as in any manner to prevent fuch perfor on hie to heutehalf pay receiving his half-pay; and fuch perfor shall take the figns, following oath before some justice of the peace, who is hereby they taking impowered to adminuter the fame;

the following outh before

any place The oath. A.B. do wear, That I had not, between the any place or emp your of profit evel or military under his Majesty, tendes rry Alrivance of half-pay as a reduced fee, and except my jubificate as a lieutenant or removif true, as the case may be, for severy in the militia of the enoity

and the taking the faid eath shall be sufficient to intitle such perfon to receive his half-pay, without taking any other oath; any law, alage, or cuftom, to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XV. And whereas by an act paffed in the last fession of parliament, intituled, An all to explain, amend, and reduce into one act of parlament, the feveral law in being, relating to the raying and training the million will in that part of Great Britain called Fordand; it is enabled to the Majefly's lieutenant of every county, riding, and place, together with any two or more deputy licutenants.

made

lieutenants, and on the death or removal, or, in the absence of his Majesty's lieutenant, any three or more deputy lieutenants. shall meet annually on the last Tuesday in May, or on the last Tuesday in October, as they shall think most convenient for the due execution of this act, and at a general meeting shall appoint the time and place, or times and places, for the training and exercifing of the militia: and whereas, the appointing the time and place, or times and places, for training and exercifing the militia at such general meetings so fixed as aforesaid, may be found inconvenient in the year one thousand seven hundred and fixty three; be it therefore further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for his Majesty's lieutenant of every county, riding and place, on or before the thirtieth day of April next, to appoint the time and place, or times and places. for training and exercifing the militia in the year one thousand feven hundred and fixty three; and in case any such lieutenant thall not appoint the time and place, or times and places, for training and exercifing the militia on or before the faid thirtieth deputy is ute-day of April, it shall and may be lawful to and for any three or nants may ap more deputy lieutenants of any fuch county, riding, or place, to appoint the time and place, or times and places, for the training and exercifing the militia in the year one thousand seven hundred and fixty three.

Lord lieutemant to apmt, on or beinte 30 April, the and s of exile ; and on his de fault, three point the

## CAP. XI.

An all for explaining and amending an all made in the thirtyfirst year of the reign of his late majesty King George the Second, intituled, An act for the due making of bread; and to regulate the price and affize thereof; and to punish perions who shall adulterate meal, flour, or bread.

Preamble.

TATHEREAS the statute made in the thirty-first year of the reign of his late majesty King George the Second, intituled, An act for the due making of bread, and to regulate the price and affize thereof; and to punish persons who shall adulterate meal, flour, or bread; is deficient in feveral of the provisions thereby made, when an affine of bread is not fet purfuant to the directions of the faid act: For remedy wherein, and in order that makers of bread for fale, and the fellers thereof, may in all places, although the affize of bread shall at any time not be set, be under due regulations; be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this prefent parliament affembled, and by the authority of the fame, That from and after After 1 May, the first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and fixtythree, although no affize of bread thall be fet in pursuance of the faid act, no loaf or loaves of bread, called or deemed affize to be made at loaf or loaves in the tables of the affice and price of bread in the same time the faid act enacted and referred to, and the weight of which varies according to the variation in the price of grain, shall be

1763, no affized and prized bread in the tame place.

made for fale, fold, or carried out for fale, or be offered or exposed to or for sale, or be allowed to be sold in any place, where any loaf or loaves of the bread called or deemed prized loaf or loaves in the laid tables of the affize and price of bread, in and by the faid act enacted and referred to, and the price of which varies according to the variation in the price of grain, shall at the same time be made for sale, or be allowed to be sold; that viz. is to fay, no affize loaves of the price of three pence, and prized loaves called half quartern haves, nor affize loaves of the price of fix pence, and prized loaves called quartern loaves, nor affize loaves of the price of twelve pence, and prized loaves called haif peck haves, nor affice loaves of the price of eighteen pence. and prized loaves called puk loaves, shall, at the same time, in any place he made for fale, fold, or carried out for fale, or be offered or exposed to or for fale, or allowed to be fold; that unwary persons may not in any wife be imposed on, and prejudiced by buying affize loaves referred to in the faid tables, as or for prized loaves referred to in the faid tables, or by buying such prized loaves as or for such assize loaves; and every upon penalty person who shall offend in the premisses, and be convicted of of forieiting any fuch offence in manner hereafter specified, shall, for every not exceeding such offence, forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding forty shillings, than 108, nor less than ten shillings, as the justice or justices before whom any fuch offender or offenders shall be convicted, shall, from

time to time, adjudge. II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the faid first day of May, one thousand seven Justices, at any hundred and fixty-three, although no affize of bread shall be general, quarfet pursuant to the directions of the said act, the justices of the fer, or petty peace of every county, riding, divition, city, town, liberty, appoint which and place, thall and may, at any general or quarter fession of of the forts of the peace which shall be held within their respective counties, assize or prized divitions, cities, towns, liberties, or jurisdictions, or at any loaves, petty session which shall be held by any such justices within their respective jurisdictions, from time to time, ascertain and appoint (as often as they shall think proper) for all or any part of their respective jurisdictions, which of the sorts of affize or prized and what oloaves thall be allowed from time to time to be made and fold ther forts of within their respective jurisdictions; and also what other forts bread, and of of bread, and of what fort and sorts of grain, shall be allowed that be made to be made and fold within their respective jurisdictions, or for sale; they within any part thereof; and every order which shall be so from causing an entime to time made in or touching the premisses by any such try tobe made justices, shall be entered in a book to be provided and kept for which is to be that purpose by such justices, and which book shall and may be free for inspecinspected by the makers of bread for sale, within the respective tion; jurisdiction of any such justices, at all seasonable times in the day time, and without paying any fee or reward in respect thereof; and after the making every fuch order by any fuch ju- and a copy flices, the justices who shall make the same shall; with all con-thereof to be venient speed, cause a copy of every such order to be affixed or

put up in some market or other public town within the division

market, or other publick place,

or published in the country news papers.

The only fores to siren ed.

A like proportion, as to weight, is to be kept between the white and wheaten bread, and the wheat n and houthold affize Liead : VIZ.

exceeding 40s. A proportion

both in the and m noul hold bread;

fubdivitions.

fet up in some or part of the county, riding, liberty, rape, wapentake, city. town, or place, in which such order is to be observed and take place: or elfe every fuch justices, within their respective jurisdictions, shall ause a copy of every such order to be, with all convenient fp. ed after the making thereof respectively, inserted in fome public news paper which shall be published in the county. riding, divition, liberty, rape, wapentake, city, town, or place, or some part thereof, in which every such order respectively is to be observed and take place.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority aof affire boad forefaid. That no justices, within their respective jurisdiction, thall at any time allow the making for fale, or felling, any forts hall be allow of affize bread made of the flour or meal of wheat, other than and besides wheaten and houshold bread, and loaves of white

bread of the price of two pence or under.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from and after the faid first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-three, although the affize of bread thall not be fet purfuant to the faid act, every maker of bread for fule fhall observe and keep the same or like proportion between white and wheaten bread, and wheaten and houthold affize bread, as to weight, as is mentioned or intended, enacted and referred to in the faid affize tables; that is to fay, every white loaf of the price of two pence, or under, thall always weigh three parts in four of the weight of the wheaten loaf of the like price. as near as may be; and every wheaten affize loaf or bread, of whatfoever price the fame shall be, shall alway weigh three parts in four of the weight of every houthold affixe loaf of bread of the like price as near as may be; and that every houfhold affize loaf of bread, of whatever price the lame shall be, shall always weigh one third part more than every whenten affize loaf of the like price as near as may be; and every perion who thall make for fale, fell, offer, or expose to or for fale, or have in his or her custody for sale, any loar of white, wheaten, or houshold bread, in which the faid proportions or regulations shall not be observed and kept, as near as may be, shall, on on penalty of being convicted of any fuch offence in manner herein afterfortening, not mentioned, forfeit and pay, for every fuch offence, a fum not exceeding forty thillings, as the juffice or juffices before whom any fuch offender or offenders shall be convicted, shall, from time to time, adjudge.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That in the price is from and after the faid first day of May, one thousand seven the pack loaf, hundred and fixty-three, although the affize of bread shall not and half peck, be fet purfuant to the faid act, every peck, half peck, quarter of and its other a peck, and half quarter of a peck loaf, made for tale, of the meal or flour of wheat, and called sobeaten bread, thall always be fold in proportion to each other respectively, as to price; and that every peck, half peck, quarter of a peck, and half quarter of a peck load made for tale, of the meal or flour of wheat, out and called a lways be fold in proportion to

each other, and for one fourth less in price than the loaf made hold is to be for sale with the meal or flour of wheat, called wheaten bread, of one fourth for fale with the meal or nour of wheat, called whather or may, or cheaper than the fame denomination; and every person who shall in any the wheaten; wife offend in the premisses, shall for every loaf of either the faid wheaten or houshold bread which shall be fold by him or her, or offered or exposed to or for sale, or found in his or her custody for fale, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this act, forieit and pay a fum not exceeding forty thillings, nor less on penalty of act, forreit and pay a full hot exceeding torty minings, not act for than ten shillings, as the justice or justices before whom any exceeding tos. fuch offender or offenders shall be convicted, shall, from time nor less than to time, adjudge.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That The weight from and after the taid first day of May, one thousand seven the peck loaf,

from and after the laid first day of May, one chouland level and its subdi-hundred and fixty-three, although the affize of bread shall not visions, are to be let pursuant to the said recited act, the several loaves herein weigh, in eveafter mentioned of every fort of bread which shall be made for ry fort of fale, shall always weigh in averdupois weight as follows; that bread which is to fay, every peck loaf, seventeen pounds six ounces; every for sale; half peck loaf, eight pounds eleven ounces; every quarter of a viz. peck loaf, four pounds five ounces, and one half ounce; and every half quarter of a peck loaf, two pounds two ounces and three quarters of one ounce: and every perfon who shall make for fale, or offer or expose to or for fale, or have in his or her pofferfion for fale, any peck, halt peck, quarter of a peck, or half quarter of a peck loaf, in any wife deficient of the due weight the fame ought to be as atorefaid, shall, on being con- on fortesture victed of any fuch offence in manner herein after mentioned, not exceeding forfeit and pay a fam not exceeding five fhillings, not lefs than is, nor less than is, for one thilling, for every ounce of every loat of fuch bread, which every ounce thall at any time be found wanting, or deficient of or in the wanting in the due weight the fine ought to be as aforefaid; and for every weight; fach loaf of breid which thall be found wanting lefs than one ounce of the due weight the fame ought to be as aforefuld, a nor exceeding tum not exceeding two thillings and fix pence, nor lefs than 25 6d nor fix pence, as any juffice or juffices before whom any fuch loat for all under of bread, which thall not be of the due weight the fame ought 1 oz. to be as aforefaid, thall adjudge; to as all tuch bread which the same to be thall be complained of, as wanting at any time of the due weighed beweight the fame ought to be in any city, town corporate, bo-fore a juffice, weight the lame ought to be in any city, town corporate, bor within 24 1 sigh, liberty, or franchife, or the jurification thereof, or hours after

within the weekly bills of mortality, shall, from time to time, being baked, be brought before some justice or justices, having jurisdiction sold, or expoin the premiffes, and shall be weighed before such justice or fed to tale, &c. juffices within twenty-four hours after the fame shall have been sit within any baked, fold, or exposed to or for tale, or found in any person's corporate, &c. custody for sale; and so as all such bread which shall be com- or within the

plained of as wanting at any time in the due weight the fame bills of morought to be as aforefaid, in any hurdred, riding, divition, rape, and in other

wapentake, or other place out of any city, town corporate, bo-places, within rough, liberty, or francisse, or the juridiction thereof, or out 3 days; of the weekly bills or mortality, thail from time to time, be brought

brought before some justice or justices of such hundred, riding. division, liberty, rape or wapentake, or other place, and shall be weighed before such justice or justices within three days after the same shall have been baked, offered, or exposed to or for unless such de- fale, or found in any person's custody for sale; unless it shall ficiency shall be made out to the satisfaction of any such justice or justices before whom any such bread shall be brought, by or on the berily accounted half of the party or parties against whom any such complaint or information thall be made, that fuch deficiency in weight wholly arose from some unavoidable accident in baking or otherwife, or was occasioned by or through some contrivance or confederacy.

Bread of an into wheaten, not to be fold at a higher houshold;

be satusfacto-

for.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That ferior quality after the faid first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-three, although an affize of bread shall not be iet pur fuant to the faid act, no person shall sell, or offer, or expose to or for price than the fale, or have in his or her custody any bread of an inferior quality to wheaten bread, with intent to fell the fame at an higher price than houshold bread shall at the same time sell for in the place where any bread of fuch inferior quality shall be sold, or offered to or for fale, or be found for fale in any person's custody; upon pain that every one who shall offend in the premiss. not exceeding shall, for every such offence, on being thereof convicted in manner herein after mentioned, forfeit and pay not exceeding the fum of twenty shillings, as the justice or justices before whom any fuch offender or offenders shall be con icted, shall, from time to time, adjudge.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid,

on forfeiture.

A large Roman (W) to be imprinted on all wheaten bread made for lale;

and a large

all houshold

bread:

Roman (H)on

That from and after the faid first day of Mr, one thousand feven hundred and fixty-three, slthough the affize of bread shall not be set pursuant to the faid act, all persons who shall make for fale, fell, offer or expose to or for fale, or have in his or her custody for sale, any of the said wheaten or houshold bread, shall, from time to time, cause to be imprinted on every respective loaf thereof, as followeth; that is to say, on every loaf of the faid wheaten bread, a large Roman (W), and on every loaf of the faid houshold bread, a large Roman (H): And if any perion after the taid first day of Mir, one thousand feven hundred and fixty-three, shall make for sale, sell, offer or expose to or for sale, or have in his or her custody for sale, any loat of the faid wheaten or houshold bread, which shall not he marked as hereby is directed, fo as the fame may, on the view thereof, be afcertained under what denomination or fort of bread every fuch loaf was and ought to be weighed (except as to fuch loaves which thall be rafped after the befpeaking or purchasing thereof, by the particular defire of the person who shall order the same to be so rasped for his or her own use) he or the who thall to offend in the premises, and shall be thereof on penalty of convicted in manner herein after mentioned, shall, for every torteiting not loat of such bread not marked as hereby is directed, which shall exceeding 40... be found in his or her custody, forfeit and pay a sum not exceed-

ing forty shillings, nor less than ten shillings, as the justice or nor less than justices before whom any such offender or offenders shall be con- 10 %. victed, shall from time to time adjudge; unless it shall be made unless such out to the fatisfaction of fuch justice or justices, by or on the omission shall behalf of the party or parties against whom any such complaint or be satisfactoinformation shall be made, that the not marking or not duly tor. marking thereof wholly arose from some unavoidable accident in baking, or otherwise, or was occasioned by or through some contrivance or confederacy.

ven hundred and fixty-three, although the affine of bread shall grain than not be fet pursuant to the directions of the faid act, every loaf impressed with of every fort of bread made of the meal or flour of any other such letters as fort of grain than wheat, which shall be made for sale, or be the justices fold, carried out, offered, or exposed, in any wise, to or for shall order; fale. shall be marked with some significant and distinct letter or letters, not more than two thereon respectively, as the justices of any county, riding, division, liberty, city, town, or place, at any general or quarter fession of the peace which thall be holden within their respective counties, ridings, divisions, liberties, cities, towns, or places, within their respective jurisdictions, or at any perty seffion which shall be held by any such justices within their respective jurisdictions, shall from time to time, for their respective counties, ridings, divisions, liberties, rapes, wapentakes, cities, towns, or places, or any part thereof, or- they caufing der or direct; and every which order shall, with all convenient an entry to be speed after the making thereof, be entered in some book to be made of such order; which for that purpose provided and kept by such justices, and where- is to be free for unto any maker of bread for fale refiding within any fuch county, inspection; divition, liberty, rape, wapentake, city, town, or place, shall be at liberty to refort at feafonable times in the day-time, and to perufe every fuch order without being fubject or liable to pay any fee or reward in respect thereof; and such justices as afore- and a copy faid thall, with all convenient speed after the making any such thereof to be

lick place in every city, town, or place, where fuch order is to

thereof, to be inferted in fome publick news paper which shall be usually published in the county, riding, division, liberty, rape, wapentake, city, town, or place, or some part thereof, in which such order as aforefaid is to be observed or take place;

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Breadmade of That from and after the faid first day of May, one thousand se- any other

order as aforefaid, cause a copy thereof to be affixed or put up set up in some in some market or other public town within the division or market, or part of the county, riding, liberty or place, in which fuch or- other publick der as aforefaid is to be observed or take place, or in some pub-

be observed or take place; or otherwise such justices, within or published in their respective jurisdictions, shall cause a copy of every such the country their respective order, with all convenient speed after the making news papers.

and if the juffices, as aforefald thall at any time, in any place, Where the

neglect or omit to make any order, from time to time, with juffices ne-

what letter or letters such bread which shall be made for sale, glest to make of the meal or flour of any other fort of grain than wheat, such order, Ma!l

forfeiting not

exceeding 40%.

nor less than

s. for every fuch unmark-

the maker is shall be marked, then the maker of all such bread for marked the maker of all such bread for marked. to mark every in every place where no fuch order shall be made or be in force. with a diffinet cause every loaf of such bread he or she shall make, or cause capital letters; to be made, for fale, or shall fell, or offer or expose to or for fale, to be respectively marked with any two distinct capital letters as he or the shall think fit; and every person who, after the faid first day of Asay, one thousand seven hundred and fixtythree, shall make for sale, sell, offer, or expose to or for sale, or have in his or her custody, for sale, any loaf of any such fort of bread which shall be made with the meal or flour of any other fort of grain than wheat, which shall not be marked as herein before is directed, so as that the same may, on view thereof, be afcertained under what denomination every fuch loaf was made (except such loaves thereof which shall be rasped after the befoeaking or purchasing thereof, by the particular desire of on penalty of the person who shall order the same to be rasped for his or her own use) shall, for every time he, she, or they, shall so offend, in the premisses, and be thereof convicted in manner herein after directed, forfeit and pay a fum not exceeding forty shillings. nor less than five shillings, for every loaf of such bread which shall not be so marked as herein before is first directed, as the iffice or justices before whom any such offender shall be con-

X. And to the end the good defign of this statute may be

victed shall, from time to time, adjudge.

Tuffices.

ed loaf.

more effectually accomplished; be it further chacted by the authority aforefaid. That from and after the faid brift day of May, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-three, it shall and may be lawful for any justice or justices within the limits of their respective jurisdictions, although the assize of bread shall not be there let according to the faid herein before in part recited act; and also for any peace officer or officers authorized by warrant under the hand and teal, or hands and teals, of any fuch justice or justices (and which warrant any such justice or juffices is and are hereby empowered to grant within their remay enter the spective jurisdictions) to enter into any house, shop, stall, bakehouse, watchouse, or outhouse or other place, of or belonging to any baker or feller of bread, and to fearch, view, weigh, examine, and try, all or any bread which thall be there found: and also to view, weigh, and try, all bread made for fale, which at any time thall be offered or exposed to or for fale, or found in any one's custody for fale, in any wife howfoever, within the respective jurisdiction of any such justice or justices: and if any loaf or loaves of bread of any denomination, shall, on any fearch, view, weighing, trial, or examination thereof, by any justice or justices, or on any complaint made to, or information given before, any justice or justices, and proved by the oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, be found to be deficient in the due weight the fame ought to be, or not to be marked according to the directions and intent of this act, or to be deficient in the due baking or working thereof, or to be

wanting in the goodness of the fluff whereof or wherewith any

fuch

and peace officers (authorized by warrant of a juffice) houses of bakers, and fearch for, examine, and weigh all bread made for, or expofed to fale, &c.

and bread found descetive in the weight, or not duly marked, or wanting in due baking,

flich loaf shall have been made or to have been made with any or goodness, mixture of heal or flour of any other fort of grain than of the grain or being fraudulently mixt, whe fame shall import to be made with, or to be made with any &c. larger or other proportion of any other or different fort or forts of grain, or the heal or flour thereof, than what ought to be put therein, or so be made with any mixture or ingredient which by the faid in part recited act ought not to be put therein; or to be made with any thing as or for or in lieu of flour which shall not really be the genuine flour the same shall import to be and ought to be, or that any fuch bread shall be made with any leaven not allowed by the faid in part recited act to be used in making bread; then, and in every or any of the faid cases, every justice and justices, peace officer and officers as aforefaid. is and are hereby respectively, within the limits of their several jurifdictions, impowered and required by the authority of may be leized, this act, to seize every loaf of such bread, and to dispose there- and given to of to poor persons, as such justice or justices in his or their discretion thall, from time to time, within their respective jurifdictions, think fit; unless it shall be made out to the satisfac- unless such tion of any fuch justice or justices, by or on the behalf of the default shall party or parties against whom any such complaint or infor- be satisfactorimation as aforefaid shall be made, that the default found or for, complained of wholly arose from some unavoidable accident. or was occasioned by or through some contrivance or confederacy; and every maker and feller of bread respectively as aforelaid, whose bread shall at any time be found before any justice or justices wanting in the goodness of the stuff, whereof or wherewith the same should have been made, or to be made with any mixture of meal or flour of any other fort of grain than of the grain the same shall import to be made with, or to be made with any larger or other proportion of any other or different fort or forts of grain, or the meal or flour thereof, than what ought to be put therein, or to be made with any mixture or ingredient not allowed by the faid in part recited act to be put therein, or to be made with any thing as for or in lieu of flour, which thall not really be the genuine flour the tame thall import to be and ought to be, or to be made with any leaven not allowed by the faid in part recited act to be used in making and the maker fuch bread, thall, for every fuch offence, on being convicted thall, he forthereof in manner herein after mentioned, also forfeit and pay terrnot exa fum not exceeding five pounds, nor less than twenty shillings, (ceding 51 nor as the justice or justices before whom any such offender or of less than 20 s. for every such fenders shall be convicted, shall, from time to time, adjudge, offence; unless the default found or complained of, shall be made out to unless the dethe fatisfaction of any fuch justice or justices by or on the be- familial be half of the party or parties against whom such complaint or in-tur tactorily formation as aforesaid shall be made, to have wholly arose from fome unavoidable accident, or to have been occationed by or through some contrivance or consederacy.

XI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from and after the faid first day of Mg., one tho shad fe-Vol. XXV.

ven hundred and fixty three, although the affife of bread shall a not be let according to the faid in part recited act, . any perfor Penalty of op- or persons shall wilfully obstruct, hinder, resist, or in any wifepoting any le- oppose any search, view, weighing, trying, izing of, any gal learch. loaf or loaves of bread, authorized by this act to be made or ing, trying, or tried, he, she, or they, who shall so offend in the premisses, view, weighshall, for every such offence, on being convicted thereof in feizing of manner herein after mentioned, forfeit and pay such sum of mobread, is not ney not exceeding forty shillings, nor less than twenty shillings. to exceed 40 s. nor be less as the justice or justices before whom any such offender or offenthan 20 s. ders shall be convicted, shall, from time to time, adjudge,

No miller. mealman, or baker, may in the execution of this act, on penaltv of sol.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no person who shall follow, or be concerned in the business of a miller, mealman, or baker, shall act as a justice be capable of acting, or shall be allowed to act as a justice of the peace under this act, or in putting in execution any of the powers in or by this act granted; and if any miller, mealman, or baker, thall prefume to to do, he or they fo offending in the premiffes, thall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay the fum of tifty pounds, to any person or persons who will inform or sue for the fame; to be recovored in any of his Majesty's courts of record at H'estminster, by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information, wherein no effoin, wager of law, or more than one imparlance shall be allowed, or by way of summary complaint. before the court of fession in that part of Great Britain called Scotland.

Baker making which he thall have paid the penalty, was the neglect or default of his fervant.

XIII. Provided always, and be it also enacted by the authoit appear, that rity aforefaid, That if any person who shall carry on or follow any offenerson the trade of a baker, shall at any time after the said first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-three, make complaint to any justice or justices of the peace within his or their occasioned by jurifdiction, and make appear to him or them by the oath of any credible witness, that any offence which any fuch person who shall so carry on, or tollow the said trade of a baker, shall have been charged with, and shall have incurred and paid any penalty under this act, thall have been occasioned by or through the wilful neglect or default of any journeyman or other fervant employed by or under any fuch perfor, who shall so follow or carry on the faid trade of a baker; then, arth in any fuch care, Juffice to iffue every tuch juffice and juffices may, and is and are hereby required to that out his or their warrant under his or their respecout for being tive hand and feal, or hands and feals, for bringing any fuch er before him; journeyman or fervant before any fuely justice or justices, or any justice of the county, city, riding, division, or place, where the offender can be found; and on any fulth journeyman or fervant being thereupon apprehended, and brought before any fuch juthree or juffices, he or they, within their respective jurisdictions, is and are hereby authorized and required to examine into the matter of fuch complaint; and on proof thereof being made upon oath to the fatisfaction of any fuch juffice or juffices who shall hear such faid complaint, such justice and justices is

his warrant ing the offend-

and on conviction,

and are hereby directed and authorised by any order under his or their spective hand or hands, to adjudge and order what order a fum to reasonable sum of money shall be paid by every such journey- be paid by man or fervale; to his mafter or mistress, as or by way of recom- way of satispence to hi. For her for the money he or the thall have paid, by faction; reason of the wilful neglect or default of any such journeyman or fervant and if any fuch journeyman or fervant shall neglect or and on nonrefuse on his conviction, to make immediate payment of the payment fum of money which any fuch justice or justices thall order to be thereof, paid, by reaton of such faid wilful neglect or default, then any fuch justice and justices within their respective jurisdictions, is and are hereby authorized and required by warrant under his hand and teal, or their hands and feals, to cause every such journey- is to commit man or ferrant to be apprehended and committed to the house such servant to of correction, or some other prison of the county, riding, divi-hard labour, of correction, or some other prison of the county, riving, divi-fion, city, rown, liberty, or place, in which any such journey-not exceeding man or servant shall be apprehended, and there to be kept to one month; hard labour, for any time not exceeding one calendar month from the time of such commitment, as such justice or justices shall order, unless payment shall be made of the money ordered unless payto be paid after such commitment, and before the expiration of ment be loon-

the faid calendar month. XIV. And for the better and more easy recovery of the several penalties and forfeitures to be incurred by disobedience to this act and the powers herein contained, be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That it shall and may be lawful to Justices to hear and for the justices of the peace, or any one of them, within and determine their respective counties, ridings, divisions, cities, towns cor- all offences aporate, boroughs, liberties, or jurisdictions, to hear and deter- in a summary mine, in a luminary way, all offences committed against the way. true intent and meaning of this act; and, for that purpose, to fummon before them, or any of them, within their respective jurifdictions, any party or parties accused of being an offender or offenders against the true intent and meaning of this act; and in case the party accused shall not appear on such summons, or offer some reasonable excuse for his default, then upon oath of any credible witness of any offence committed contrary to the true intent and meaning of this act, any fuch justice or justices shall iffue his or their warrant or warrants for apprehending the offender or offenders within the jurifdiction of any fuch justice or justices; and upon the appearance of the party or parties accufed, or, in case he, she, or they, shall not appear, on notice being given to, or left for, him, her, or them, at his, her, or their usual place of abode, or if he, she, or they, cannot be apprehended, on a warra it granted against him, her, or them, as herem before is directed; then, and in any such case, any such juffice or juffices is and are hereby authorized and required to proceed to make enquiry touching the matters complained of, and to examine any witness or witnesses who shall be offered on either fide, on oath as aforefaid, and which oath every fuch juflice and justices is and are hereby authorized, impowered, and

T 2

and the penalwithin 24 hours after conviction; or to be levied by diffress and

Warrant of diffres may be backed.

Diffress to be fold within 5 days;

thercour.

For want of fufficient distress, the offender to be committed.

Form following to be obfeixed in convictions in Lngland,

required to administer; and after hearing of the parties who shall appear, and the witnesses who shall be offered weither fide, fuch justice or justices shall convict or acquire the party or parties accused: and if the penalty or money to sited on any and the penal-ties to be paid such conviction shall not be paid within the space of wenty-four hoursafter any such conviction, every such justice or fastices shall thereupon iffue a warrant or warrants under his hand and feal, or their hands and feals respectively, directed to any peace officer or officers within their reflective jurisdictions, and thereby require him or them to make dutrefs of the goods or chattels of the offender or offenders within such their respective jurisdictions, to fitisty fuch penalty or money forfeited, and the costs of the profecution and diffress: and if any offender shall convey away his or her goods out of the jurisdiction of any such justice or justices before whom he or the was convicted, or to much thereof that the penalty or money forfeited cannot be levied, then some justice within whose jurisdiction the offender shall have removed his or her goods, shall back the warrant granted by any justice or justices as aforesaid, and thereupon the penalty forfeited thall be levied on the offender's goods and chattels, by diffress and sale thereof; and if within five days from the distress being taken, the penalty or money forfeited and costs as aforefaid, shall not be paid, the goods seized or taken shall be appraised and fold, tendering the overplus (if any) after deducand all charges ting the penalty or forfeiture, and the costs and charges of the to be deducted profecution, diffress and fale, to the owner or owners thereof; which charges thall be afcertained by the juffice or juffices before whom any fuch offender or offenders shall have been so convicted, or by the justice who backed the warrant (if either of them thall continue alive) and if not, by some other justice of the county, riding, division, city, or place, in which the offender shall have been convicted, on application for that purpole to be made to any fuch justice; and for want of such distress, then every such justice within whose respective jurisdiction any such offender or offenders shall reside or be, shall, on the application of any profecutor or profecutors, and proof on oath made of the conviction, and nonpayment of the penalty and charges, by warrant under his hand and ical, commit every such offender or offenders to the common gaol or house of confection of the county, riding, division, city, liberty, or place, where such offender or offenders shall be found, there to remain for the space of one calendar month from the time of fuch commitment, unless after fuch commitment payment shall be made di the penalty or money forfeited, and the costs and charges asy-reained as aforesaid, before the expiration of the faid one caler lar month. XV. And he it further enacted by the authority aforefaid,

That the justice or justices before whom any person shall be convicted in that part of Great Britain called highling, in manner prescribed by this act, shall-cause every such respective conviction to be drawn up in the form or to the effect following; that is to fay,

## Anno tertio GEORGII III. C. 17.

DE it remembered, That, on this year of the reign of in the A. B. is convicted before fly's justices of the peace for the said county of or for the or for the city, liberty, or toun of (as the cafe shall happen to be) for adjudge (him, her, or them, as the case shall be) to pay und forfest for the fame, the fun of

Given under

the day and year aforefaid.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Form in Scot-That in case any person or persons shall be convicted of any of- land to be as fence against this act, before any justice or justices of the peace for other ofin that part of Great Britain called Scotland, every such conviction that part of Great Britain called Scotland, every such conviction that part of Great Britain called Scotland, every such conviction that part of Great Britain called Scotland, every such conviction that part of Great Britain called Scotland, every such conviction that part of Great Britain called Scotland, every such convictions of the same such called Scotland, every such convictions of the same such called Scotland, every such convictions of the same such called Scotland, every such convictions of the same such called Scotland, every such convictions of the same such called Scotland, every such convictions of the same such called Scotland, every such convictions of the same such called Scotland, every such convictions of the same such called Scotland, every such convictions of the same such called Scotland, every su tion shall proceed and be drawn up in the form commonly used and practifed before such justices of the peace, on convictions for other offences of the like nature.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, No conviction, That no certifrari, letters of advocation, or of suspension, shall see removebe granted to remove any conviction, or other proceedings had able by certio-

thereon in pursuance of this act.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Persons agauthority aforefaid, That it any person convicted of any offence grieved by the punishable by this act, shall think him, her, or themselves, ag-judgment of grieved by the judgment of any justice or justices before whom a justice, may he, she, or they, shall have been convicted, such person shall quarter seshave liberty, from time to time, to appeal to the justices at the fions; next general or general quarter fellions of the peace which shall be held for the county, riding, division, city, liberty, town, or place, where fuch judgment shall have been given; and that the execution of the faid judgment shall, in such case, be suspended; the person so convicted entering into a recognizance at the time entering into of fuch conviction, with two fufficient furcties, in double the a recognifum which fuch person shall have been adjudged to pay or rance, with forfeit upon condition to profecute fuch appeal with effect, and profecute the to be forthcoming; to abide the judgment and determination appeal, or the juffices at their faid next general or general quarter fellion; which recognizance the justice or justices, before whom such conviction shall be had, is and are hereby impowered and required to take; and the justices in the said general or general Justice at the quarter session are hereby authorized and required to hear and quarter selfinally determine the matter of every such appeal, and to award sions to hear fuch costs as to them fall appear just and reasonable to be paid and determine the matter of by either party; and if, upon hearing the faid appeal, the judg- fuch appeal, ment of their state or justices before whom the appellant or ap- and award perlants shall have been convicted, shall be affirmed, such ap-cost. pellant or appellants shall immediately pay down the sum he, the, or they, shall have been adjudged to forfeit, together with such cofts as the justices in their faid general or general quarter

Т 3

fession shall award to be paid to the prosecutor or iscormer for

ed, the appellant may be payment of the costs.

or composition be made.

If the appellant make good his appeal, reasonable cofts to be awarded him.

Where there is not fufficient time between the conviction and fellions, appeal may be made to the 2d quarter fession.

Limitation of actions brought againfl pattices, and peace offi-CCI S.

under this act.

defraying the expences sustained by reason of any uch appeal; On the appeal and in default of the appellant's paying the fant being affirm justice having jurisdiction in the place into which any such and pellant or appellants shall escape, or where he, she or they. committed till shall reside, shall and may, by warrant under their hads and feals, or his hand and feal, commit every fuch appellant and appellants to the common gaol of the county, riding, division. liberty, city, town, or place, where he, she, or they, shall be apprehended, there to remain until he, she, or they, shall pay the penalty or money forfeited and costs as aforesaid, or shall compound in respect thereof with the informer, and pay the composition-money agreed on to the informer; but if the appellant or appellants in any fuch appeal shall make good his, her, or their appeal, and be discharged of the said conviction, reasonable costs shall be awarded to the appellant or appellants, against such informer or informers, who (in case of such conviction having been affirmed) would have been intitled to the penalty to have been recovered as aforefaid; and which cofts thall and may be recovered by the appellant or appellants against any such informer or informers, in like manner as costs given at any general or general quarter fellion of the peace are recoverable.

XIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That if any such conviction shall happen to be made within fix days before any general or general quarter fetfion of the peace, which shall be held for the county, riding, division, city, town corporate, borough, or place, where such conviction shall have been made; then the party or parties who shall think him, her, or themselves, aggreeved by any such conviction, shall and may, on entering into a recognizance in manner and for the purpeles before directed, be at liberty to apa cal, either to then next, or the next following general or general quarter fession of the peace which shall be held for any such county, riding, divition, city, town corporate, borough, liberty, or place, where any fuch conviction shall have been made.

XX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That every action or fuit which shall be biggeth or commenced against any justice or justices, or any peace officer or officers, in that part of Great Britain called England, for any matter or thing done or committed by virtue of, or un'er this act, thall be commenced within fix calendar month next after the fact committed, and not afterwards, and shall be laid or brought in the After Geo. II. county, city, or place, where the matter in dispute shall arise, extended to and not elfewhere; and that the statute made in the twenty-justices acting fourth year of King George the Second, initialed, An act for rendering the justices of the peace more fafe in the every const, their office; and for indemnifying confliables, and others, alling in obedience to their warrants; fo far as the faid act relates to the rendering the juflices more fafe in the execution of their office, thall extend, and be construed to extend, to the justice or justices of the peace actSing under he authority or in pursuance of this act; and that no action of Tuit shall be had or commenced against, nor shall any Notice to be writ be fued out or copy of any writ be served upon, any peace given to peace officer or officers, for any thing done in the execution of this officers, beact, until fren days after a notice in writing shall have been be sued out agiven to or left for, him or them, at his or their usual place of gainst them: abode, by the attorney for the party intending to commence fuch action; which notice shall contain the name and place of abode of the person intending to bring such action, and also of his attorney, and likewise the cause of action or complaint: and any peace officer or officers shall be at liberty, and may, by vir- and if tender tue of this act, at any time within feven days after any such no- of amends be tice shall have been given to, or left for, him, tender, or cause made by to be tendered, any fum or fums of money, as amends for the injury complained of, to the party complaining, or to the attorney named in any fuch notice; and, if the same is not accepted of, the defendant or defendants in any such action or actions may plead such tender in bar of such action or actions, together with the general iffue, or any other plea, with leave of the court in which the action shall be commenced: and if, up- and the same on iffue joined on fuch tender, the jury shall find the amends to have been tendered to have been sufficient, they shall find a verdict for the sufficient, &c. defendant or defendants: and in every fuch case, or if the plain- a verdet to be tiff thall become nonfuit, or discontinue his action; or if judg-tound for ment shall be given for the defendant or defendants upon de-them, with murrer; or if any action or fuit shall be brought after the time costs. limited by this act for bringing the fame, or shall be brought in any other county or place than as aforefaid; then, and in every fuch case, the jury thall find a verdict for the defendant or defendants; and the defendant or defendants shall be intitled to his or their costs: but if the jury shall find that no such tender plaintiff rewas made, or that the amends tendered were not fufficient, or covering, infhall find a verdict against the defendant or defendants, on any titled to daplea or pleas by him or them pleaded; then they shall give a mages and verdict for the plaintiff, and fuch damages, as they shall think proper; and the plaintiff shall thereupon recover his or her cofts, against every such defendant and defendants.

XXI. And be is further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Limitation of That if any action of fuit shall be commenced against any other other actions.

person or persons than a justice or justices, or peace officer, for any thing done in pursuance of this act, the defendant or defendants in any fuch action or fuit may plead the general iffue, and General iffue. give this act, and the recial matter, in evidence at any trial to be had thereupon; and that the fame was done in purfuance and by the authority of this act; and if it shall appear so to have been done, or if a voldict thall be found for the defendant or defendants; griffile plaintiff shall be nonsuited, or discontinue Linguistry, after the defendant or defendants shall have appeared; or if judgment shall be given upon a verdict or demuirer against the plaintiff or plaintiffs, the defendant or defendants in every fuch action shall and may recover double costs, and have Double costs.

the like remedy for the fame as any defendant or referedants hath or have in other cases by law for recovery on his on their costs.

XXII. And he it enacted by the authority alrefaid, That

the above limitations and remedies for rendering justices of

peace, peace officers, and all other persons, safe in the execu-

tion of their feveral offices under this act, thall extend to and

be available to all fuch justices of peace, peace officers, and

other persons, in that part of Great Britain called Scotland; and

thall be pleaded by them? and fustained by the court or courts

Limitations and remedies for rendering justices, peace officers, and other perfons, fate in their duty, extended to Scotland.

Limitation of profecutions for offences against this act.

before which they, or any of them, may happen to be fued, according to the forms of the law of Scotland.

XXIII. Provided also, and be it likewise enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no person shall be convicted of any offence under this act, unless the prosecution in order for such conviction shall be commenced within three days after the offence committed; and that no person, who shall be prosecuted to conviction for any offence done or committed against this act, shall be subject or liable to be prosecuted for the same offence under

any other law.

Peralties and forestures how to be recovered and applied. XXIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all penalties and forfeitures by this act inflicted, shall, when recovered or paid, go and be distributed in manner following; that is to say, one moiety thereof, where any offender or offenders shall be convicted, either by his, her, or their own confession, or by the oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, shall go and be paid to the person or persons who shall inform against and profecute to conviction any such offender or offenders; and the other moiety thereof as the justice or justices, before whom any offender or offenders against this act shall be convicted, shall from time to time, think sit and ofder, for the better carrying into execution the purposes of this act, and de fraying the charges attending the carrying the same into execution.

Hights of the two universities reierved.

XXV. Provided likewife, and it is hereby enacted, That this act, or any thing herein contained, shall not extend, or be construcd to extend, to prejudice the ancient right or custom of the two univertities of Oxford or Cambridge, or exact of them, or of their or either of their clerks of the market, or the practice within the feveral jurifdictions of the faid univertities, or either of them, used, to ascertain and appoint the weight of all forts of bread to be fold or exposed to fale within their several jurisdictions, but that they, and every of theri, shall and may, severally and respectively, from time to time, as there shall be occa-tion, ascertain and appoint within their everal and respective juindictions, the weight of all forts of breat to be fold or expoted to file by any baker or other person whath ever, within the hnuts of their feveral jurisdictions; and shall and not jurisdictions the breach thereof as fully and freely, in all respects, as they used to do, and as if this act had never been made; any thing herein

herein cox tained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding." `**k**:\*

## CAP. XII.

An all i'r granting to kis Majesty several additional duties upon wines imported into this kingdom, and certain duties upon all cyder and perry; and for raising the sum of three millions five bundred thousand pounds, by way of annuities and lotteries, to be charged on the faid duties.

Most gracious Sovereign,

J. F. your Maje/ly's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Preamble. Great Britain, in tarhament affembled, towards raifing by the most care means the necessary supplies to defray your Majesty's publick expenses, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto your Majefly, the feweral rates, duties and impositions, herein after mentioned, and do most humbly beforeh your Maiesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty. by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this prefent parliament affembled, Additional and by the authority of the same, That from and after the thirty-duties grantfirst day of March, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-three, ed, to take over and above all tubfidies of tonnage and poundage, and all placefromand other fubfidies, additional duties, and impositions, whatsoever, after 31 March due or payable for all wines and vinegar imported into Great Bittum, by any act or acts of parliament now in force, there shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid unto his Majesty, his heirs, and freceffors (before landing thereof) the additional impositions, 17 cs, or duties following, without any discount or deduction inwards, or drawback on re-exportation afterwards; that is to fay.

For every ton of French wine and French vinegar, which thall wine and vinebe imported into this kingdom, the fum of eight pounds; and gar imported, to after that rate for any greater or leffer quantity.

And also for every ton of all other wines and vinegar import-other wines ed into thiskingdom, the fum of four pounds; and to after, that and vinegar rate for any greater or leffer quantity.

The fame to be raifed, levied, collected, paid, and recovered, to be collected, in fuch manner and form, and by fuch ways, means, and me-levied, and thods, and under the penalties and forfeitures (except as to paid, as exdiscounts and drawlicks aforefaid) as are mentioned and experied in the pressed in the act of atliament made and passed in the first year of the reign of his late Majesty King James the Second, intituled, An act for granting Is Marcily an impelition up n all wines and weregar imported betty on the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand the boarded and eighty-five, and the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand fix hundred and ninely-three; or in any other sell or acts or in any other of parliament by which the faid impositions, rates, and duties, act making upon all wines and vinegar imported, were continued and made thereby grant-

81. per ton ; and on all imported, 41.

perpetual; ed perpetual.

perpetual; and all powers, penalties, forfeitures, provisions, articles, and clauses therein contained, not any way altered by this act, shall continue in full force and effect suring the continuance of the said impositions, rates, and duties hereby granted, and shall be applied, practised, and executed, for the raising, levying, collecting, fecuring, answering, and paying the faid impositions, rates, and duties, according to the true intent and meaning of this act, as fully and effectually to all intents and purpoics as if the faid clauses, matters, and things, had been again repeated and re-enacted in the body of this present act; any law, cuftom, or usage, to the contrary in any wife notwithflanding.

Damaged and unmerchantable wines exempted from these additional duties.

II. Provided always, That nothing in this act contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to lay any further duties upon wines damaged, corrupt, or unmerchantable, and for which the merchants or importers thereof thall refuse to pay or fecure the duties; and which by an act passed in the twelith Act 13 Geo. I. year of the reign of his late majefty King George the First, intituled, An act for the improvement of his Majefly's revenues of cuflome, excipe, and inland duties, are, on such refusal directed to be received into the cultody of proper officers of the cultoms, to be publically fold, in order to be distilled into brandy, or to be made into vinegar.

III. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That The faid duties to be un- the faid impositions, rates, and duties by this act granted, shall, der the management and direction of the commis-

from time to time be, under the management and direction of the respective commissioners of his Majesty's customs, and their officers for the time being, and shall be paid into the hands of figners of the the receiver general of the customs in England for the time being; and fuch receiver-general shall weekly, to wit, on Wedand to be paid nelday in every week, if it be not an holy day, and if it be, then on the next day after that is not an holy day, answer and er-generalinto pay all the monies arining by the faid additional impolitions, rates, and duties (the necessary charges of raiting, collecting, and answering the same, only excepted) into the receipt of his

customs:

over weekly

the exche-

quer,

by the receiv-

apart from all Majerly's exchequer, diffinet and apart from all other monies other monies; which fuch receiver-general shall receive for the use of his Majetty, his hears and fucceffors, for the uses and courposes in this act mentioned.

and to be entered accordingly in proper hooks to be provided there for the purpole.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That there shall be provided and kept in the office of the auditor of the faid receipt of exchequer, a book, or books in which all the monies hereby appointed to be par weekly into the faid receipt as aforefaid, shall be entered separt te and apart from all other monies paid or payable to his Majety, his heirs or fucceffors, upon any account whatfoever.

Rule annexed rates.

V. And whereas by the eighth rule annound to the book of, to the book of rates referred to in the act of tonnage and poundage pair it in the twelfth year of the reign of King Charles the Second, every merchant bringing in any fort of wines into this kingdom by

way of merchandize, and making due entries thereof, is allowed twelse pound; per centum for leakage: And whereas it is of late years become a practice for feveral merchants to lodge Spanish. Partugal, and other wines, at the islands of Guernsey and Ferfor, and after they have filled up the casks there, to import such wines in this kindom, and demand the before mentioned allowance for leakage, notwithstanding the casks are quite full, to the leffening of his Majesty's revenue, and the prejudice of No allowance other merchants who import wines directly from the place of to be made for their growth: For remedy whereof, and in order to put all mer-leakage, but chants upon a more equal footing, be it enacted by the autho-upon wines rity aforefaid, That no merchant shall, in respect of the duties imported diimposed by this act, he allowed twelve pounds per centum, or recliy from the have any allowance for leakage upon any wine imported into this place of their kingdom, unless such wine be imported directly from the country growth, &c. or place of the growth of the faid wine, or the usual port or Madeira place of its first shipping, except Madeira wines imported into wines imported cd from the this kingdom from any of his Majerly's plantations in America; British plantaany thing in the faid recited rule to the contrary notwithfland-tions in Ame-

VI. And he it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, From and af-That from and after the fifth day of July, one thousand seven ter 5 July, hundred and fixty-three, there shall be raifed, collected, levied, tional duty to and paid unto and for the use of his Majesty, his heirs, and be laid on all fucceffors, for and upon all cyder and perry which shall at any cyder and time of times be imported or brought into the kingdom of perry; Great British, (over and above all other customs, subsidies, and duties by any act or acts of parliament or law whatfoever impofed upon or payable for the fame) the additional rate or new

duty of excite herein after expressed; that is to say,

For every ton of cycler or perry imported into Great Bri-viz. On all tain from beyond the feas, and fo proportionably for a greater or perry importleffer quantity, to be paid by the importer before landing, ed, 401, per over and above all other duties payable for the fame, two ton; pounds.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That from and after he fifth day of July, one thouland feven hundied and fixty-thive, there shall be raifed, levied, collected, and paid, unto and for the use of his Majetty, his heirs, and fuccessors, for and poin all cycler and perry made within the and upon all kingdom of Great gritain, (over and above all other duties, cycler and charges, and impositions, by any former act or acts of parlia-perry made within Great ment thereupon refrectively fet, rated, or imposed) the new Britain, duty of excile here, a after mentioned and expressed; that is to lay,

For Il Cyder and perry which shall be made in Great Bri head, to be tain, upon every hoghead, to be paid by the maker thereof, paid by the and so proportionably for a greater or less quantity, (over and maker.

Duries upon

nagement of

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excise there ;

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Commillion-

cers there.

a fulficient number of

Makers of

fioners and officers of

cyder and

above all other duties now payable for cyder or perry) the fum of four shillings.

VIII. And for the better ascertaining, charging, collecting, raising, levying, and securing the said rates and duties by wis act imposed, and preventing frauds therein; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That such of the said rates and duties by this act granted, as are charged upon cyder or perry made in perry made in, or imported into England, Wales, or the town England, to be of Berwick upon Tweed, shall be under the receipt and manageunder the rement of the commissioners and officers of his Majesty's revenues ceipt and maof excise in England for the time being; and such of the said rates and duties as are imposed by this act upon cyder or perry made in, or imported into Scotland, shall be under the receipt and management of the commissioners and officers of excise in Scotland for the time being; and the faid respective commissioners of excife, or the major part of them, have hereby power, by com-Scotland, un mution under their respective hands and seals, to constitute and appoint under them fuch officers as shall be necessary in that behalt; and all monies arising by and in respect of the said duers to appoint ties upon cycler and perry (the necessary charges of raising and accounting for the fame excepted) thall, from time to time, be and the duties paid into the receipt of his Majetty's exchequer, distinctly and to be paid into apart from all other branches of the publick revenue.

cyder or perfes, and other places to be made ute of at the next office of excife, 10 days before they begin to work Penalty of tung any unentered place or mill, &c.

**≈** 5 l.

the exchequer apart from all other monies. IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from and after the faid fifth day of July, one thousand sely (not being ven hundred and fixty-three, all and every perfon and perfons, compounders) not being a compounder or compounders, who shall intend to to enter their make any cyder or perry, shall, ten days at least before he, she, mills, preffes, or they shall begin to make cycler or perry, make a true and paror other men-ticular entry in writing, at the office of excise next to the place fils, store hou- where such cyder or perry shall be intended to be made, of the respective name or names of such maker or makers, and of every mill or prefs, or other utenfil, belonging to him, her, or them, for the making of cyder or perry, and also of every store-house, ware-house, cellar, or other place, wherein he, the, or they, intend to make, lay, or keep any giver or perry; and it any fuch maker of cyder or perry flially, contrary to the directions of this act, make use of any mill press, or other u-tenfil, or store-house, ware-house, cellar, & other place, either for the making, laying, or keeping any of der or perry, with-out having made such entry as aforesaid, Jie, she, or they shall respectively forseit and lose the sum of twenty-five pounds for every fuch offence.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Officers of excife, upon re- That from and after the faid fifth day of July, one thousand sequeit made, ven hundred and fixty-three, all and every the officers of excite are to have shall, at all times in the day-time, be permitted upon their refree access in the day-time, quest, to enter the mill-house, store-house, ware-house, cellar, to all places and all other places whatfoever, belonging to, or used by, any entered or perion or perions whatfoever, either for the making, Javing, or made use of

keeping

keeping of cycler or perry, of which notice shall or ought to for making or have been given as aforefaid, who, at any time or times, from keeping perry and after the faid fath day of July, one thousand seven hundred or cyder, and fixty-three, shall make any cyder or perry, and to gauge and to gauge. and take an account of all the cyder or perry which shall be and report the there found, and thall thereof make return or report in writing the commifto the respective commissioners of excise in Great Britain, or such somers. other perion or perions as they shall respectively appoint to receive the fame, leaving a true copy of fuch report in writing, leaving a copy under his or their hand, with or for such maker of cyder or The duties to perry; and such report or return of the said officer or officers, be paid ac thall be a charge upon fuch maker or makers of cyder or perry; coiding thereand the amount of the duties thereby charged, thall be paid by to, within 6 fuch maker or makers respectively, within the space of six weeks, weeks from to be computed from the time of making such charge.

XI. Provided always, That fuch and the like allowances and the usual shall be made to the several persons chargeable with the duties allowances to thall be made to the several perions chargeable with the duces be made in re-in this act, as have been usually made to perions chargeable be made in re-

with the duties upon cyder and perry by former laws.

XII. And, for preventing such frauds as might be committed by felling, or otherwise disposing, of cyder or perry, made after the faid fifth day of July, one thousand seven hundred and fixtythree, under pretence of its having been made before the com- Persons inmencement of this act, and thereby evading the payment of the tending to duty intended by this act to be charged thereupon; be it enact- any cyder or ed by the authority aforefaid, That every perion having in his, perry in their her, or their polletion any cyder or percy made before the faid polletion, fifth day of July, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-three, made before and intending to fell, or otherwise dupose of, or remove out of are to fend a his, her, or their own possession, any quantity of such cyder signed partior perry, thall, ten days at the least before the faid fifth day of cular thereof . July, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-three, give a true to the next and particular account thereof in writing, figured by him, her, excile, or them, at the office of excise next to the place where he, she, to days beor they shall then is habit, that the officer of excise may attend fore the said to take an account thereof; and after fuch account shall be de- 5 luly, that to take an account thereor; and after fuch account man be use the officer livered in, it shall be lawful for the officer and officers of excile may attend, to enter into the feveral places belonging to fuch person or per- and take an 10018, where fuch evder or perty shall be laid or kept, and to account take an exact account thereof by gauging or otherwise; and it thereof, thall be lawful for him, upon a request in writing from the per inficates occason who has given in such account, from time to time to grant tomany for the certificates for the renewal of a like quantity of evder or perry, removal of a and no more, without charging the duty granted by this act, like quantity, diffinguithing, in such certificates, that the cycler or perry was that the cycler or perry was that the cycler or perry was the charging the made before the commencement of the duty granted by this duty, &c.

MIII And, for the preventing of frauds in the removal of cycer or perry, and for fecuring the duty granted by this act, be it further enacted by the authority aforelaid, That from and No cyder or after the faid fifth day of July, one thousand seven hundred and perry, exceed-

tion

ing 6 gallons. &c. without a certificate.

fixty-three, no cyder or perry exceeding the quantity of fix galto be removed, lons, shall be removed or carried from any part of this kingdom, by land or by water, without a certificate (which the officers of excise are hereby required to give without see or reward, upon request of the person desiring to remove such cyder or perry to accompany the fame, figned by one or more of the officers of excise, signifying and certifying the quantity of such cyder and perry, and the number of casks or package containing the same, and the name of the person from whom the same is removed, and the place to which, and the name and place of abode of the person to whom, such cyder or perry is to be sent; and distinguishing therein, whether the same is to be removed from the mill where the same was made, into the premisses of any compounder, or offany person exempted by this act from paying duty, or compounding, or of any other person chargeable with the faid duty; and if removed out of the flock or florehouse of any compounder or other person, then distinguishing from whose stock or store-house the same is intended to be removed, or whether the fame was cycler or perry made before the commencement of the duty granted by this act; and if the fame shall have been charged with the faid duty, or any other duty, then with what duty the fame has been to charged; or if conthereof, with demned, then that the fame had been condemned as forfeited: the package. upon pain of forfeiting the cyder or perry, together with the Officers of ex- casks, vessels, or other package containing the same, which shall cife may feize be found removing or carrying from one place to another, without fuch certificate, and which shall and may be leized by any officer or officers of excise; in which certificate the officer or which the cer. officers of excise who grant the same, shall express and limit the tificate is to be time for which the same shall continue in force.

on forfeiture the fame. Time to be limited, for in force.

Persons making cyder or perry to be confumed in their own private families only may be admitted to they giving in a lift of the znily, and rate of gs. per head, per annum.

Composition

XIV. And whereas many of his Majesty's subjects do make cyder or perry, part of which is intended not to be fold, but to be confumed in their own private families only: For the better accommodation of fuch perions, be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That when any fuch person thall be defirous of compounding for the duties on cyder and perry to be confurred in their own private families only, it shall be lawful for the faid respective commissioners of excise, is the time being, or the major part of them respectively, or such person or persons as they, or the major part of them, shall respectively compound for appoint for that purpole; and in default of fuch appointment, the duties, then for the collector and supervisor for the duties and division within which fuch person doth or shall inhabit, upon receiving number in fa. from the person who shall so defire to make such composition, an exact lift figned by him or her, of the feveral perions wherepaying at the of his or her family confift, (specifying their christian and surnames therein) to compound and agree with fuch person or persons for the duty of four shillings granted by this act on cyder and perry, to be confumed in their own private families onto be renewed ly, at the rate of five shillings per unnum, for the number of annually, and persons which shall be mentioned in such list; which composi-

tion shall last for one year, and be renewed annually, and the the money money arising thereby, shall be paid down at the respective times paid down at the fame time. of making the compolitions; and that the houses, out-houses, Houses, &cc. of Rore-houses, cellars, or other places, of such particular persons compounders making such composition and agreement as aforelaid, and pay-exempted ing such composition-money, and duly complying with their from survey payments thereupon, shall not be liable to the survey or fearch or fearch. of any officer or officers of excise, for or by reason of his or their making cyder or perry as aforefaid; and in cale the family Upon increase of the perion making the composition shall be increased, at a new list to any time during the year compounded for, then every person be given in a whose family thall be so increased, thall deliver in an additional lift containing the names of the feveral persons added to the family, who thall then also pay down a proportionable composition for the persons so added, videlicet, sive pence for each ca- and 5 d. per lendar month that shall be unexpired of the year, for which his month per or her composition was made, for each and every person so paid for the added, and in like manner fresh lists shall be delivered, and com-additional politions made accordingly every year; and in case any person number, duhaving compounded, thall neglect to deliver fuch lifts, or to ring the fubpay the composition-money from year to year, by the space of sitting unex-ten days after the expiration of each respective year, the per-the year. fon to neglecting shall be charged by the officer of excise with Compounders the duty of four shillings for every hogshead of cyder or perry, neglecting to which shall be found in his or her custody; which charge the deliver in the officer or officers of excise are hereby required to make, and their components of the first of the components of the component fuch persons thall become subject to the survey of the said offi- sition-money, cers; and if any perion who shall compound in pursuance of the to be charged power hereby given, shall deliver in a lift which does not con- with the duty, power hereby given, mail deliver in a lift which does not con-tain the true number with the names of the leveral perions of liable to furwhich his or her family then scally confifted of; or if any per-vey. fon thall neglect to deliver in a lift of the number and names of Persons deliany increase that may happen in his or her family, according vering false or to the directions of this act, or to pay the proportionable com- &c. polition as aforefaid, the party so offending shall, for every such forseit 201. offence respectively, forfeit the sum of twenty pounds.

XV. Provided always, That no compounder shall be ob-Children un-XV. Provided always, I hat no compounder man be done der 8 years of liged to infert in fuch lift, the names of his or her children age not to be under the age of eight years, or to reckon them as part of his or inferted in the

her family.

XVI. And as it nay frequently happen that fuch persons who shall make compositions for the duties on cyder and perry to be confumed in their own private families, may have larger quantities of cyder or parry than is necessary to be expended for the use of their respective families; to the end therefore that he, Compounders the, or they, may be impowered to fell, or otherways dispose of, may fell, difor remove any quantity of cyder or perry, and that his Majesty's pole of, or reduties may be feethed for the fame, when and to often as any move, any cyfuch compounder or compounders shall be desirous of selling, or der or perry otherways disposing of, any cyder or perry, or of removing of ficient for the same, and shall have given to the officer of excise of the di- their own use.

vision

giving 2 days notice to the proper officer,

who is to at-

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duties.

thereof, and

vision or place where his, her, or their ware-house or storehouse, cellar or other place, for making, laying, or keeping cyder or perry, shall be situate, two days notice in writing of his, her, or their intention to fell, or otherways dispose of, or remove any quantity of cyder or perry, specifying in such notice the particular quantity of cyder or perry he, she, or they mtend to fell, or otherways dispose of or remove, and also the description of the carticular ware-house, store-house, cellar, or place where such quantity of cyder or perry shall then be laid or kept, and of the place to which the fame is intended to be removed or fent; the officer of excise, having received such notice, is hereby authorized and required to attend at the faid tend, and take flore-house, ware-house, cellar, or other place, and then and there to enter the fame, and to gauge and take an account of the particular quantity of cyder or perry so intended to be sold or otherwise disposed of or removed, and to charge there in the and report the faid duty after the rate of four shillings for every hogshead, and thereof to make a return or report in writing to the commissioners of excise, or such other person or persons as they shall appoint to receive the fame, leaving a true copy of fuch report in writing, under his or their hand, with or for fuch compounder or compounders; and fuch report or return of the faid officer or officers shall be a charge upon such compounder or compounders; and after the duties are so charged, the said cywards removder or perry shall not be removed, on any pretence, without fuch certificate as aforefaid to accompany the fame, to prevent Compounders | the feizure thereof; and if any compounder or compounders being guilty of for the duty on cyder or perry, to be confumed in his, her, or their own private family or families only, thall traudulently fell, exchange, barter, or deliver out any cyder or perry to any perfon or persons contrary to the true meaning of this act, or shall fell or otherwise dispose of or remove any such cycler or perry, without having first given such notice as aforesaid, or before the duty granted by this act is charged thereon, he, she, or they shall respectively forfest the sum of twenty pounds for every fuch offence.

forfeit 201.

XVII. And whereas many makers of cycler or perry are not possessed of mills, or other proper utenfils for making cycler or perry, but either hire or borrow the same of others for that purpose; and though the permitting maker, of cycler or perry who have fuch mills and other utenfils, and are compounders, to let out or lend their mills and utenfils, nay appear reasonable, yet confiderable frauds may be practifed thereby to the projudice of his Majesty's revenue and the fair trader, unless such permission is granted under proper restrictions; to the end therefore that fuch persons may be accommodated, and that his 1/1ajefty's duty may be fecured, be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That no maker or makers of cyder or perry, being a compounder or compounders for the duty granted by this act for the cyder or perry to be confumed in his, her, or their other utenfils, family or families, thall, during the time he, the, or they ihall

No compounder may let out,or lend for making

## Anno tertis Chokell III. C. 12.

pall compound for the faid duty, let out or lend his, her, cyder or pertheir mill or mills, or other utenfil or utenfils, to any other ? n or persons for the purpose of making cyder or perry, or or lufter the fame, or any of them, to be used tor the pure pure for any of them, to be used tor the pure for any of they, shall have given, or cause to have been given, to the officer of excise of the division for place where his, her, or their mill or mills, or other utenis, shall be fitting, notice in writing by the space of three days without env. next before the time he, the, or they, thall permit fuch mill or ingadiyapres mills, or other utchills, to be used by or on the behalf of any vious natice to the proper other person or persons for the making of cycler or perry, fignition officer to at-fying thereby that he, she, or they, haveled to let out his, her, tend and or their millor mills, or other utenfil or atenfils, and to whose by charge the name, and whole apples or pears are the cin to be ground, duties; prefled, and made into cyder or perry, and requiring fuch officer of excile to a tend at the mill or other place fo to be made t le of, to take an account of the cycler or perry which shall be there made, and to charge the duty granted by this act thereupor, unless it shall appear that the coder or perry to made is unless the eythe duty on e dei or perry to be confirmed in his or her private ty of another fan my only, or to be the property of any perion not hable as compounder. here in after mentioned to pay the faid duty, or to compound, or of fome with nother carring of this act, and such cyder or perry shall person not linot be removed, on any pretence, without fuch certificate as duty, atorefuld to ic impiny the fame, to prevent the feigure thereof and no part of And thany maker of makers of eyest or perry, during the time it to be is Ic, the, creacy, shall compound for the duty granted by this moved withnet for evider or perry to le confumed in his, her, or their private cite, fam 's or families shall let out or rend his, her, or their mill or mills, or other utenfilor utenfils, to any other perion or perions for the jurifie f making cyder or perry, or shall permit or lufter th fame, or my of them, to be used for that purpose, without eiving such notice in writing, as aforefaid, he, she, or they, under pen by thall resperitely fortest and lose for every such offence the sum of i of ten pounds

AVIII Pro ided alway, and it is hereby de lated, That Pe o every person with uses his or her own mill, press, or other uten-the rown il for the making of cycles of perry for his criler own ute, or " procures cycler or pears to be made for him or her at the mill or ero perry preis, or in the utent of another perion, shall be deemed to be the in de at n maker of cyclet or p try victim the intent tild in aning tithis of a

XIX Provided always, and it is hereby ena ted and declar- el maleix ed, I hat this ict, or any thing there is centained, thall not communders ed, I hat this ict, or any thing there is centalined, man had not e tend to oblige any perion or perions who do or thall gay the little comecomposition channshed by riw for the duties on malt, during pound, cropsy fuch time as he, she, or they shall compound for the faid du dutie for cv-Ties on malt, and no longer, to compound for or pay the dis dere terry, ties on cyder or periveranted by this act, for the e der or per- to be made ary he, the, or they shall make, to be a numed in his lar, or in the com VOL XXV.

rig cyw

unless they shall sell, or otherwaysdifpole of, any part thereof; in which cate they are to comply with the directions given

Occupiers of to the land tax, and not making more than 4 hogfand perry in

Duties on cyder and perry drawn back on exportation;

and upon di-Rillation thereof into spirits;

and upon the fame being made into vinegar, and charged with the disties as fuch.

gol. penalty of opposing in officer in the execution of his office;

their private family or families only: but if fuch compounder co compounders for the duties on malt shall be desirous of sellial or otherways disposing of or removing any cyder or perry. fhe, or they, shall be obliged to comply with the several d tions herein before appointed to be observed by compounded the duty on cycler and perry granted by this act, under the like penalties and forfeitures, and the like powers and puthorities, are hereby enacted for regulating the fame. with respect to compounders in like circumstances.

XX. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and declared. tenements not That this act, or any thing therein contained, shall not extend rated above to oblige the occupier of such tenements as are not rated to the land tax, at above forty thillings per annum, and pay accordingly, and tho shall for make more than four hogsheads of cyder and perry together in the whole, in any one year, to pay the dury heads of cycler granted by this act upon cycler and perry, or to compound for the fame.

the whole in a year, exempted from duties, or compounding.

XXI. Provided always, and be it further enasted by the authority aforefaid, That the faid duty of four thillings per les head upon cyder or perry charged by this act, thall and may be drawn back on the exportation of fach cyder or perry, by the same means and methods, and under the same rules and directions, as the other duties, or any of them, now payable for cyder or perry, may be drawn back on the exportation thereof: and also, that the said duty on cyder and perry pranted by this low wines and act, shall be drawn back or allowed upon the distillation of cyder or perry into low wines and spirits, by the same means and methods, and under the same rules and do stions, as the other duties, or any of them, now payable for cycler or perry, may be drawn back or allowed upon the diffillation thereof; and in case any cycler or perry which has been charged with, and hath paid, the faid duty of four shillings granted by this act, shall hereafter, by being unfit for fale as cyder or perry, be charged with the duties on vinegar, it shall be lawful for three or more of the committioners of excite for the time being, or two juffices of the peace, within their feveral jurisdictions, on proof that fuch cycler or perry hath been charged with, and paid, the faid duty granted by this act, and that the fame evder or perry bath been also charged with the duties on vinegur, to discharge or allow the duty granted by this act, which they are hereby required to do.

XXII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if from and after the taid 11th day of July, one thousand feven hundred and fixty-three, any perion or perions whatfoever thall affault, refit, oppole, moleft, or hinder, any officer or officers of excite in the due feizing or fecuring of any cycler or perry which, by any officer or officers of excite, thall or may be ferzed by virtue or in pursuance of this act, or in the execution of any of the powers and authorities by this act given and or of refuing, granted; or shall, by force or violence, refue, or cause to be

refeucus

refcued, any cyder or perry, after the fame shall have been seizd by fuch officer or officers as aforelaid, or shall attempt or enavour so to do; or, after such seizure, shall stave, break, or or staving any erwife destroy or damage any casks, vessels, or package, cyder or per witerein the same shall be contained; all and every the party or ry after seiparties a offending, shall, for every such offence respectively, zure made

forfeit and We the fum of fifty pounds.

XXIII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority Informations aforefaid, That no information shall be brought, laid, or profe- for offences acuted, against any maker of cyder on perry, for any false or missing gainst this act entry, or for any offence made or committed from and after the of cyder fish day of July, one thousand seven shandred and fixty-three, or perry, unless such information be laid and entered before such persons to be laid appointed to determine the fame, within three months next af- within 3 ter such offence committed; and that notice thereof be given to months after such person or persons (against whom such information shall be and notice laid) in writing, or left at their dwelling-houses, within one thereof to be week after the laying and entering fach information, to the end given them. a timely profecution may be had and made in defending the fame; any thing in this act, or any other law, to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Persons ag-That if either party think him, her, or themselves, aggrieved grieved by the by any judgment or order to be given or made by any justices judgment of of the peace, in pursuance of this present act, touching or con-the peace, the duties hereby granted, or any penalty and forfeitouching the ture relating to the fame; it shall and may be lawful to and for duties or pefuch person or persons, so finding him, her, or themselves, ag-natties, grieved by fuch judgment or order, to appeal from the fame to may appeal to the justices assembled at the next general quarter sessions of the testions; peace to be holden for the county, thire, or flewartry, where and the deterfuch judgment or order shall have been made; which said ju-mination of flices of the peace, or the major part of them, are hereby im- the laid court powered to hear and finally determine the fame; and no writ of 15 to be final. certificati shall be allowed or brought to set aside any determination of the faid juffices.

XXV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Appellants to That the party or parties to appealing shall give notice in writ- give nonce to. ing, by the space of fix dat's next before such sellions shall be the other parheld as aforefaid, to the party or parties of the other fide, of his, ties, her, or their intention to bring such appeal; and that it shall and and court to may be lawful to and for fuch juffices, or the major part of them, award cofts. in their quarter sessions, to award costs to either party as they shall, in their discretion, think fit, to be levied by warrant of the justices of the peace of such county, shire, or stewartry, or any two or more of them, on the goods and chattels of the party or parties against whom the same shall be awarded.

of fix days between the first judgment or order of the two fusicent time justices, and the quarter fessions then next following, that then appear may

he made to the fecond quarter feffions.

A re-hearing to be had of the merits of the case upon appeals;

and defects of form in the original proceedings may the court.

All powers, rules, methods, penal. ties, and clau fes in act 12 Car. II. or in any other act relating to the revenue of excite,

where not altered by this act, to be put in execution the duries on cyder and perry.

How the penalties and forfenures relating thereto are to be replied.

the appeal may be made at the second quarter sessions after such, judgment or order made.

XXVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefair That upon each and every fuch appeal and appeals, the justice affembled at such quarter sessions respectively, shall and n proceed to re-hear, re-examine, and re-confider the train and: merits of the fact and facts in question between the parties to sa fuch original judgment and judgments respectively, and to re-examine the witnesses thereto upon oath; and that thereu. on the faid justices so affembled shall and may finally determine of and concerning the truth and merits of the fact, and facts in ouction; and if at ful hyuarter fellions any detect or defects of form hall be found in ful h proceedings, before the particular justices who gave such original judgment or judgments, that be rectified by then and in every such case, such defect or defects of form shall and may be rectified by the order or orders of such justices

fo affembled in fuch quarter fellions.

XXVIII. And be it turther enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all and every the powers, authorities, rules, methods, penalties, and forfeitures, claufes, matters, and things, which in and by an act made in the twelfth year of the reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for taking away the court of wards and liveries, and tenures in capite, and by knights fervice and purveyance, and for jettiing a revenue upon his Majejly in lieu thereof, or by any other law now in force relating to his Majesty's revenue of excile upon beer, ale, or other liquors, are provided, fettled, or established, for securing, enforcing, managing, raifing, levying, collecting, paving, mitigating, or recovering, adjudging or afcertaining, the duties or penalties thereby granted, and for preventing, deterning, and punithing, frauds relating thereto, (not otherwise altered by this act) shall be exercifed, practifed, applied, used, imposed, levied, secovered, and put in execution, for the fecuring, enforcing, managing, with respect to raising, levying, collecting, paying, mitigating, and adjudging, afcertaining and recovering, the duties on cyder and perry, and penalties hereby granted, and for preventing, detecting, and punithing, frauds relating thereto, as fully and effectually, to all intents and purpoles, as if all and every the faid powers, authorities, rules, directions, methods, penalties, and forfeitures, clauses, matters, and thingb, were farticularly repeated and again enacted in the body of the prefeat act.

XXIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all fines, penalties, and forfeitures, imposed by such part of this act as relates to cycler and perry, shall be fued for, levied, recovered, or mitigated, by tuch ways, means, and mecovered, mitisthods, as any fine, penalty, or forfeiture, is or may be fued gated, and ap- for, recovered, or mitigated, by any law or laws of excite, or by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information, in any of his Majuly's courts of record at Heftminfter, or in the court 'it exchequer in Scotland respectively; and that one moiety of every fuch time, panalty, or forfeiture, shall be to his Mijesty, Hit

heas;

heirs, and successors, and the other moiety to him or them

who shall discover, inform, or sue for the same.

XXX. And whereas the duty by this act imposed on cycler and perry, is required to be paid by the makers thereof: and whereas in the case of importation of cyder or perry from the Duty on cyder islands of Lefey, Guernsey, Sark, or Alderney, the makers of and perry brought from cyder or pency imported from thence cannot be charged with leriev. Guernthe faid duty; best therefore enacted by the authority aforefaid, iey, Sark, or Heat the faid duty of four shillings per hogshead shall be paid Alderney, to by the importer from the said islands, or either of them, be-be paid by the importer from the said islands, or either of them, be-the importer, fore the landing thereof, to the expector or other officer of before landexcise, at the port to which such cyder or perry shall be brg light; ing, and upon neglect or results to pay the said duty, such cyder or on penalty of being several to the said duty. perry shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any being seized officer of excise.

XXXI. And be it further enacted and declared by the autho- The monies rity atorefaid. That in the office of the auditor of the receipt of arising by the the exchequer books shall be provided and kept, in which all ties granted the mornes arising by the additional impositions, rates, and duby this act to ties, upon wines and vinegar by this act granted, and the du- he entered in ties by this act granted upon cyder and perry, and respectively proper books paid into the said receipt, shall be separately entered, diffinet tor's office seand apart from each other and from all other monies paid or pay- parately from able to his Majerty, his heirs, or fuccessors, upon any account each other, whattoever; and the faid monies so arising from the said additional impositions, rates, and duties upon wines and vinegar, and to be a and the said duties upon experience, and paid into the said fund for the receipt of exchequer, thall be the fund for the purposes herein tollowing purafter mentioned

XXXII. And be it further enacted and declared by the authorities appropriately aforefaid, That the annuities which by this act are herein ated for the after directed to attend the principal fum of three millions and payment of five hundred thoutand pounds, shall be charged and chargeable the annuities upon, and payable out of, the faid additional impolitions, rates, chargeable on and duties by this ael granfed upon wines and vinegar, and the the principal duties granted by this act upon cyder and perry, composing the 3,500,0001. fund hereby established for the payment thereof; and the said lens wed on additional impositions, rat s, and duties upon wines and vine-the credit of the act. gar, and the faid duties upon cyder and perry, are hereby ap-this act.

propriated for that purpose accordingly.

XXXIII. And whereas the commons of Great Britain in parliament affeinbled, have refolved, That towards the supply granted to his Majelly in this prefent fession of parliament, the fum of three millions and five hundred thousand pounds be raifed in manner following; that is to fay, The luna of two millions and eight hundred thousand pounds by annuities, after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, transferrable at the balks of England, and redeemable by parliament; and the fum of 1st en hundred thousand pounds, by two lotteries, to be drawn different times, in the year one thousand seven hundred and stry-three, each lottery to confift of thirty-five thousand tic-

kets, and every blank to be of the value of five pounds; the blanks and prizes to be attended with the like transferrable and

redeemable annuities: and whereas pursuant to and upon the feveral terms and conditions expressed in the faid resolution, see veral persons have, in books opened at the bank of Include io. that purpose, subscribed together, the whole of ripadid sum of three millions and five hundred thousand possess, and made deposits with the cathier or cathiers of the governor and company ny of the bank of England, of twelve founds and ten thillings for entum, in part of the cump abscribed towards the said sum of two millions and start hundred thousand pounds, and of te., bounds per centum, in part of the fum tubicribed towards railing the fam of thee hundred and fifty thousand pounds, upon each of the faid lotteries; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforciaid, That it thall and may be lawful to and for all pho, puriount perions, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate. to a resolution who, on or before the litteenth day of Mirch, one thousand to en hundred and first three, shall have subscribed towards the faid furns, and made in respect thereof such developtoretaid, to advance and pay, and they or their executors, administrators, successors, and affigure, are hereby required to advance and pay unto the cashier or cashiers of the said governor and company of the bank of England, which cathier or cultiers is and are hereby appointed the receiver and receivers of fuch contributions, without any other warrant ( ) be had on that behalf, the feveral remainder, of the furns by them respectively tableribed towards the fall furn of three nullions and five hundred thouland pounds, at he before the respective times or days, and in the proportions herein after hinted and appoint ed on that behalf; that is to lay, in respect of their proportionable thate of the faid fum of two millions and eight hundred to make their thousand pounds, the further full of twelve pounds and to: fallings for action, being part of the fun fo remaining, on or before the tenth day of My, one thouland leven hundred and fixty-three; the further fum of tweeve pounds and ten shillings tional fhare of for century, other part thereof, on o, before the fixteenth day of of side occol. There then next following; the further fum of there pounds and ten fullions for a rum, other part thereof, on or before the twenty-full day of Trin then next to owing a the further ium of twelve pounds and ten fullions for a rum, other part thereof, on or before the thirtieth day of Ago, I then next following; the further fum of twelve pounds and ten flullings per cenum, either part thereof, on or before the twenty-feventh day of Septemics then next following; the hyther fum of twel e pounds and tea shillings 12 l. 10 s per fer a room, Wher part the reof, on or before the twenty-first day of October then next fellowing; and the remaining fum of twelve pounds and ten flulun " for in time, on or before the twentyfourth day of Artember then next following; and in relieves to their proportionable thate of the monies to be contributed on the first lottery, the remaining sum of nmety pounds for uniqu's. on or before the twenty-first day of April, one thousand severe hundred

Subscribers of the commons, have made depotits of 12 l. 10 s. per cent, of the fums (ubferibed by them, towards the purchate of annustics or the fina of a,Su jonal. and of 10 l. per cent. in the fun or 250.000 l. up on each of the lotteries, are further payments, vi/. in respect of their propor-11 1. 10 s. per cent. by 10 May, 32 l. 105 prr cent, by 16 Ione, 12 l 10 s. per cent, by 21 July, cent. by 30 August, re l'ive, per cent by 27 Sept 12 1. 16" rer cent, by 21

October.

and the re-

undred and fixty-three, for completing the payments in re-maining 12 l. pect of the faid lottery; and in respect of their proportionable to s per cent are of the monies to be contributed on the fecond lottery, the ber, 1-63; perining fum of ninety pounds per centum, on or before the and in respect sleverth day of October then next following, for completing the of the monies ayments to respect of such second lotters.

er cent, by 21 1-13, and of the second lottery, 901, per cent, by 11 OG: 1-63. EXXIV. And be a turther enacted by the authority afore Amoutants faid. That the feveral furnishers or contributors, then executivitied to 4 Leons, administrators, faceflors, and aligns, in respect of the frieff on the hid furn of two m lions and eight hundred thousand pounds for 2,800,000 Leons for a ministration of the late of four pounds for 2,800,000 Leons for a ministration of the late of four pounds for 2,800,000 Leons for a ministration, and appear and towards the mean lotter them respectively subscribed, advanced, and paid towards the mean lotter and the late of the late of the mean lotter and the late of the field turn, redeemable by parliament; and thell alto for every 13, for every eighty points to fisheribed towards the faid turn of two milliard, upon payons and creat hundred thouland pounds, be intitled to a ticket ment of folin each of the faid lotteries, apon payment of the turn of ten for fachticket. dred thousand pour ds fo raded by the faul 1 trenes, shall carry lotters to an armuty after the fact of four pounds per content per armuty out on a nature of the fact of the red, may be by parliament; and that all the full annuages thall mity of a le commence and be competed from the fifth day of And, one per cent thousand for on hunderd and fixty-three, and shall be paid by take place on half-yearly payment, in every and could portions, on the tenth ( April, 1-6, lay at OCLA r and the arth lay of Spin in every year. and to be paid

had yearly, viz on 10 Oct and 5 April. XXXV. And be it faither main daily the authority aforefild, Contributors That all inch fablishers or dant actions, then executors, ad-while of their salt in a facetion, and affigus, paying in the whole of informations from 10 from refrectively tube inhed towards the faid turn towards the of two malassias and eight hundred thousand bounds, on or befall fun or some the sourcemb day of O. A. (1), one thousand leven hundred or before 18 and to the fail fun or the sourcemb day of O. A. (1), whole of the forms tuber head on before 18 and fixty three, cripaya, in the whole of the fours fubierhed oct, towards the fifth lottery, or or before the twentieth day of cripwards the Above one threated teven handred and fixty-three; or paving milliontery on or before 20 in the whole of the consolid cribed towards the fecond lotters, April of to the or or before the reath day of Orierer then max following 3 thall want the febe intitled to an allewance of to much money as the interest of ond outry the respective terms to paid is shall amount to, after the rate of one before three points for control for comment, from the day on which but aboved intepayments thail have been actually made, to the twenty fourth of to the dover Norther, one thousand feven andred and forth three, rone, at the in telped of the movies to paid for complete questions can take a de of a le per trops to the faid turn of two millions and eight hind-fied thou to turn the time. fan I pounds; and to the twenty-fait day of Aberl, one thou- of tuch payfund Jeven hundred and fixty-three, in respect of the mones to ment, to 24 paid for completing their contributions for the first lotter, and A vicrospect to the eleventh day of O. Fer, one thousand feven bounded or the bad r. Manxiv-three, in respect of the montes to pard for completion 2.5 court. / their compibutions for the fecond lottery; which allowances and to are

lettery, go l.

and to be paid

11.all 2214 . In 10-

lottery, and to 11 Oct. on the fecond lottery. And those paying in the whole of their fub riv. tion towards each of the . to have tickets delivered mount of their fubfcriptions.

spect of the ift shall be paid by the said cashiers out of the monies so contri buted respectively, as soon as such subscribers or contributors, their executors, administrators, successors, or assigns, shall have completed such respective payments; and that all the subscriber. or contributors towards the faid lotteries, their executors; administrators, successors, or assigns, paying in the me of the fums subscribed towards each or either of the aid ofteries shall also have tickets for the lottery, in refer the whereof ever Teach payment shall be completed, delivered to them to faid lotteries, amount of the sums so respectively paid, at the rate of ten pounds for each ticket, a form as fuch tickets can conveniently them to the a. ho made out.

Annuities transter: able at the bank.

Cashier of the bank to give acceipts for the montes paid in;

which .re aflignable at any time hefore 5 Dec. 1.61

Caffner to

and to pay the morries mito the eachequer.

Treasury to apply the monies to the fervices voted by the commons.

XXXVI. And lie it further enacted, That all the annuities

aforefaid shall be transferrable at the bank of England.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforehid, That the cathier or cathiers of the governor and company of the bank of England, who shall have received or shall receive any part of the faid contributions towards the faid fun of two millions and eight hundred thousand pounds, that give a reccipt or receipts in writing to every fuch contributor for all fuch fums, and that the receipts to be given shall be assignable, by indorfement thereupon made, at any tim, before the fifth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-three, and no

XXXVIII Provided always That fuch cother or cashiers give to crity; shall give security to the good liking of any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury, or the high treasurer for the time being, for duly answering and paying into the receipt of his Majefty's exchequer for the publick use, all the monies which they have already received, and shell hereafter receive from time to time, of and for the faid fum of three millions and five hundred thousand pounds, and for accounting duly for the same, and for performance of the truit herebyon them reposed; and shall from time to time pay all such a onies as soon as he or they shall receive the same, or any partithereof, or within five days afterwards at the furthest, and shall account for the same in the exchequer, according to the due col refe thereot, deducting thereout such sums as shall have been shid by him or them in pur-suance of this act; for which sums, so paid allowance shall be made in his or their accounts.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That it shall and r'ay be lawful for three or more of the commissioners of the tre july, or the high treasurer for the time being, to issue and apply, from time to time, all such sums of money as small be so plyd into the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer by the said cashier or cashiers, to such services as shall then have been voted by the commons of Great Britail it is prefent fession of parliar/sent.

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AL. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Contributors that in the office of the accomptant-general of the governor names, &c. to and company of the bank of England for the time being, a book the office of the office of br books shall be provided and kept, in which the names of the the accomptcontributers thall be fairly entered; which book or books the antigeneral of faid respirative contributors, their respective executors, admini-the bank. trators fucco fors, and affigns, thall and may, from time to ime, and at all sponable times, relort to and inspect without air fee of charge; and that the said accomptant general than. Duplicate on or before the fifth day of saly, one thousand seven huntred transmitted and fixty-five, transmit an attested the placete, fairly writter on into the aupaper, of the faid book or books into the soffice of the audhor ditor's office of the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer, there to remain for by 5 July.

XLI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Contributors That fuch contributors, duly paying the whole fum or fums duly paying That such contributors, duty paying the whole full of fulls their sub-fubscribed at or before the respective times in this act limited in kerptions, inthat behalf, and their respective executors, administrators, suc-titled to a ceffors and affigns, shall have, receive, and enjoy, and be in-proportional dicti by virese of this act, to have, receive, and enjoy their pro- thare in the portionable that of the faid annuities of four pounds per centred turn per annum, by this act granted, and shall have good and parliament, Ture interests and estates therein, subject nevertheless to redemption, as is herein after mentioned; and that all the annuities by the fame to this act granted thall be free from all taxes, charges, and impobe tax tree. fitions whatfoever.

XLII. Provided always, that in case any such contributors Contributors who have already deposited with, or shall hereafter pay to, the not making said cashier or cashiers, any am or sums of money at the times good then payments and in the manner before meationed, in part of the sum or sums within the sto by them respectively substituted about and pounds, or their respective to sorten their executors, administrators, su cessors, or affigus, shall not addeposits, vance and pay to the said capier or cashiers the residue of the sum or sums so substitute at the times and in the manner before fam or fums so subscribed at the times and in the manner before mentioned, then, and in e cry such case, so much of the respective fur or fums to full cribed as shall have been actually paid in part thereof to the laid cashier or cashiers shall be for-tested for the benefit of the publick; and all right and title to and all right the said ar nuity after the rate of four pounds per contum per an- to the said num in respect thereof, shall be extinguished; any thing in this annuities. ast contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

XLIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Principal funs. That as foon as any contributors, the partition administrate to be placed tor, successors, or assigns, shall have completed the payments to the credit of the whole sum payable by them reflectively towards the faid tive contributions. furn of wo millions and eight, hundred thousand pounds, the butors: Directal furn or sums so by them subscribed and paid respectively. Mall forthwith be, in the books of the bank of England, aced to the credit of fuch respective contributors, their exe-

cutors,

be affigned,

per cent.

cutors, administrators, successors and assigns completing successors payments respectively; and the persons to whose credit such principal sum shall be so placed, their respective executors, admi-1 nistrators, successors or assigns, shall and may have power to The same may assign and transfer the same, or any part, share, or propertion thereof, to any other person or persons, body or bodies, politick, and carry an or corporate whitefoever, in the books of the book of Ingland nuities of 11 and fuch fums shall carry an annuity after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, redcemable by parliament, and that be taken and deemed to be nock transferrable, according to he true intent and searing of this act, until redemption

thereof in such manner as is herein after mentioned.

Deficiencies of the fund established for payment of thé faid annuities, to be made good from time to time out of the finking tund:

XLIV. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if at any time or times it shall happen that the produce of the fund by this act established for payment of the faid annuities, shall not be sufficient to pay and discharge the same. and other charges directed to be paid at the end of any or either of the respective half-yearly days of payment, at which the tame are hereby directed to be paid; then and fo often, and in every fuch case, such deficiency or deticiencies than and may be fupplied out of any of the monies which at any time or times shall be or remain in the receipt of the exerciper, of the fur-. pluffes, excelles, overplus monies, and, ther revenues comporing the fund commonly called The Anking Funl, (except fuch monies of the faid finking fund as e appropriated to any particular use or uses by any former at tor acts of parliament in that behalf;) and fuch monies of the faid finking fund shall and may be from time to time usual and applied accordingly; and if, at any time or times before any monies of the faid duties thall be brought into the excheque as aforefaid, there fluil happen to be a want of mon y for paying the faid annuities, which thall be actually incurred and grown due at any of the half-yearly days of payment before mentioned, that then, and in every fuch cafe, the money fo wanted thall and may be supplied out of the monies of the finking fund (except as before excepted) and be iffied accordingly.

XLV. Provided always, and be at enacted by the authority aforefuld, That whatever monies ilfull be iffued out of the finkout of the hrit ing fund, shall from time to time by replaced by and out or the

first supplies to be then after granted in parliament,

XLVI. Provided always, and bo it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That in case there thall be any surplus or remainder nies referred of the faid additional imporitions, rates, and duties, upon wines for the dapoand vinegar, and of the faid duties upon cycler and perry, by this act grant stand of the land, as the fund for payment of the faid annuaits, after this faid annuities and charges and all ar-rears thereof are fatisfied, or money tufficient thall be referved for that purpole; such surplus or remainder shall from the to time be referved for the disposition of parliament, and the not be iffued but by the audjority of parl ament, and as thall by 6rected by future act or acts of parliament; any thing in an A

which are to be replaced fupplies.

Surplus mo-

fition of par-

liament.

There or other act or acts of parliament to the contrary not-

withstanding.

XLVII. And, for establishing a proper method for drawing Managers and he faid lotteries, be it turther enacted by the authority afore. directors of id, That such persons as any three or more of the com-be appointed of his Majesty's treatury, or the high treasurer for by the treasurer for by the treasurer for by the treasurer for by the treasurer for appoint, shall be managers sury. directors for payaring and delivering out tickets, and to lverne the drawing of lots, and to order, do, and perform, fuch ther matters and things as are in reafter in and by this act ci-aled and appointed by such managers and directors to be done ind performed; and that fuch managers or directors shall meet ogether, from time to time, at some publick. Ace or place for he execution of the powers and truits in theh repoled by this . ict; and that the faid managers and directors, or so many of Method of hem as shall be present at any such meeting, or the major the lottery part of them, shall, for each of the said lotteries, cause books to books. be prepared, in which every leaf shall be divided or distinguished we three columns; and upon the innermost of the faid three columns there hall be printed thirty-five thousand tickets, to 35,000 tickets se in mabered I, II III, and to onwards in an arithmetical pro- to be printed reffion, where the ammon excess is to be one, until they rife off. o and for the number of the five thousand; and upon the middle column in every of the faid books shall be printed hirty-five thousand tickets of the same breadth and form, and numbered in like manner; and in the extreme column of the aid books there shall be printed a third rank or series of tickets. of the same number with those of the other two columns; which ickets shall severally be of a oblong sigure, and in the said sooks thall be joined with oblque lines, flourishes, or devices, in such magner as the said in pagers and directors, or the major part of them, shall think in off safe and convenient; and that very ticket in the said third or extreme column of the said books, for the surfle lottery, shall have written or printed therepon (besides the number of such ticket) words to this effect:

# FIRST LCTTERY, 1763.

THE bearer hereof is artitled to five pounds, in annuities, at the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, uttending the first lottery, to be drawn purjuant to an act of parliament made in the third year of this Mejesty's reign, or 'o a better chance.

ind that every ticket in the third or extreme column of the faid pooks, for the fecond lottery, shall live written or printed become (besides the number of such tacket) words to this ffeet 🗸 2:

### SECOND LOTTERY, 1762.

HF. bearer bereof is intitled to five pounds, in angui ties, at the rate of four pounds per centum per annur attending the second lottery, to be drawn pursuant to an of parliament made in the third year of the Majely's reig er to a better chance.

Managers to examine the books with the tickets, and deliver . them after to the bank, taking a receipt for the time.

received, &c.

Cashiers, to ittue a ticket ter every tol.

XLVIII. And it is bereby enacted, that the faid manager and directors, or so many of them, as shall be present at any fuch meeting, or the major part of them then present, shall carefully examine the faid respective books, with the tickets therein, and take care that the fame be contrived, numbered, the calmers of and made, according to the true intent and meaning of this act, and shall deliver, or cause to be delivered, the same books, and every or any of them respectively, as they shall be examined, to the faid eathier or cashiers, taking from such cashier or cashiers. an acknowledgment in writing under his or their hand or Lands, importing his or their receipt of fuch booksor books, and in many tickets therein as shall be delivered to him or them respectively; and all and every such called or cashiers respectively is and are hereby directed and required, upon his or their receiving every or any entire fum, ten pounds, in full payment of a ticket, for either of the fald llotteries, from any person or perfous contributing or adventuring as aforefaid, to cut a ticket for fuch respective lottery, out of the said extreme column, in one of the books to be put into his or their custody, through the faid oblique lines, flourishes, or devices, indentwife, which ticket the faid cashier or cashiers shall sign with his or their own name or names; and he or their shall permit the contributor. if it be defired, to write his or ser name or mark on the cor-responding ticket in the same book; and at the same time the fud cashier or cashiers shall deliver to the said contributor the ticket so cut off, which he, she, of they, are to keep and use for the better afcertaining and fecurity the interest which he, she or they, his, her, or their executors, administrators, successors. or affigns, shall or may have in the faid tund.

Calhiers to return the books with the remainder or the tickets first lottery, by 4 May; and of the October ,

XLIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid That the faid cathier or cathiers If all, at or before the respective times herein after limited, redeliver to the faid managers and directors, at their office or place of meeting, all the faid books undispoted, in and therein all the tick its which the faid cathier or cathiers shall respect or the not have conducting Alivered to the respective contributors a aforesaids that is to v, such of the said books and tickets as relate to the first lotter, shall be so redelivered on or before the ferond, by 29 fourth day of Aley, only thousand seven hundred and fixed the and fuch of the faid pooks and tickets as relate to they fecone Intery, shall be to ratelivered on or before the twenty and day of Ottober, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-threat

and the faid cashier or cashiers shall, at the time of such rede- and account every of the faid respective books, give to the faid managers for the montes nd directors, a true and just account in writing, under his or received. heir hand or hands, of all tums of money which thall then ave been received by him or them, for and upon account of the lottery in respect whereof such books shall be so redelivered. at I how much of such monies thall have been actually paid by fuch cathier or catteers into the receipt of the exchequer, for the purpoles havein mentioned; and that the faid managers Tickets unand directors, or the major post of them, which shall be prehint as aforefaid, shall forthwith cause at the tickets of the faid into the exobtermost columns, which shall not have been delivered to the chequer. contributors as aforefaid, if any fuch be, to be delivered into the receipt of his Majelly's exchequer, there to be retained and kept as cash, to be issued, fold, and disposed of, for raising money for the purpoles in this act mentioned, as any three of the commillioners of his Majesty's treatury, or the high treaturer for the time being, thall judge reasonable and fitting.

I.. And be it further enacted, That the faid managers and Tickets of the middle coan moeting as forciaid, shall cause all the tickets of the mid- rolled up, and dle columns in the books made out with three columns as tatened with attractaid, which shall be delivered back to them, by or from the silk; faid cashier or cashiers as foresaid, to be carefully rolled up and made fail with thread of tilk; and the said managers or directors, or the major part of them as aforefaid, shall in their presence, and in the presence of such contributors or adventurers as will be there, cause the faid tickets which are to be and out off fo rolled up and made fait as orefaid, to be cut off indentwife indentwife through the faid oblique lines flourishes, or devices, into a box into a ook to be prepared for that purpo and to be marked with the let-marked with ter (A) which is prefently to the put up into another ftrong hox, Box to be and to be locked with feven and to be locked with feven and to be locked up and to be lock

the feals of fome of them, up the faid tickets are to be drawn as is herein after mentioned and that the tickets in the first or innermost columns of the fail books, shall remain still in the books, for discovering any malake or fraud (if any such should happen to be committed) of itrary to the true meaning of this

LI. And be it further en cod by the authority aforefaid, Books to be directors, or the major part of prepared with That the faid managers them, which shall be present at any meeting as atorelaid, shall two columns, also prepare, or cause to be prepared, ther books for each of 135,000 the said lotteries, in which every leaf tinguished into two columns; and upon the innernit of those print two columns there thall be printed this y-five thousand tickets for each lottery; and upon the outern oft of the faid two coaudins there thall be printed thirty-five thousand tickets, all which thall be of equal length and breadth, as near as may be; then two columns in the faid respective books thall be joined

by as many of the faid mana its, and fealed with their feals or fealed.

The number and value of the fortunate tickets.

The number and value of the fortunate tickets.

gaol. to the hift diawn ticket, and recol. to the laft drawn. Value of the blanks.

Tickets of the outermost columns of the last mentioned book to be rolled up and tied,

and cut out indentwik, into a box marked with the letter (B) Box to be

with some flourish or device, through which the outermy tickets may be cut off indentwise; and that in each lottery five thousand eight hundred tickets, part of those to be contained in the outermost columns of the books last mentioned, shall be and be called the fortunate tickets, to which extraordinary behafite shall belong, as is herein aftermentioned; and the said mand. gers and directors, or the major part of them, or fuck of them as shall be present at any meeting as aforefaid, shall cause the faid fortunate tickets for each lottery to be . which upon, or otherwise expressed, as well in figures as in words at length, it manner following; the proof fay, upon two of them feverally ten thousand pounds, principal money; upon two of them seve rally, five thousand pounds, principal money; upon every one of four of therefeverally, two thoulands pounds, principal money; upon every one of ten of them feverally, one thousand pounds. principal money; upon every one of twenty-feven of them feverally, five hundred pounds, principal money; upon every one of one hundred and twenty-five of them feverally, one hundred pounds, principal money; upon every one of five hundred and thirty of them feverally, fifty pounds, principal money auton every one of five thouland and one hundred, if there keverally, twenty pounds, principal money: which principal fums to to be written, or otherwise expressed upon the said fortunate tickets in each lottery, together with five fundred pounds, principal money, to be allowed to the owner of the first drawn ticket, and one thousand pounds, priscipal money, to the owner of the last drawn ticket in each lottery, over and above the benefits which may happen to belong to the two last mentioned tickets and together with the fum of five pounds to be paid or allowed for and upon each blank or unfortunate ticket of the faid lot-terics, will amount in the whole, for each lottery, to the principal fum of three hundred and fit? thousand pounds, to be converted into annuities by virtue of this act, in respect of the said lotteries; and the said managed; and directors, or the major part of them, who shall be present at any meeting as aforelaid, shall cause all the said tickets contained in the outermost columns of the said last mentioned to be fire and last the said last mentioned to be said lumns of the faid last mentioned books for each lettery, to be in the presence of the said managers and directors, or the major part of them, which shall be preent at any meeting as aforefaid, and in the presence of such contributors or adventurers as will then be there, to be carefull, rolled up and failened with thread or filk, and carefully cut out indentwife through the faid flourish or device, into mother box to be prepared for this purpose, and to be marked with the letter (B) which box shall be put into another for box, and locked up with seven different locks and keys, to be kept by as many of the faid managers, locked up and and fealed up with their feals, or the feals of fome of them, until tealed.

these tickets shall also be drawn in the manner and form begrein after mentioned; and that the whole business of rolling up and cutting off, and putting into the faid boxes the faid ticken, and locking up and fealing the taid boxes, shall be performed relies. tively

ely by the said managers and directors, or such of them as alegefaid, before the last fix days immediately preceding the day by this act appointed for the drawing the respective lottery, to which fuch business shall relate: and to the end every person Publick noconcerned may be well affured that the counterpart of the fame rice to be number with his or her ticket is put into the box marked times of put-with the letter (A) from whence the same may be drawn, and ting the tickthat other matters are done as hereby directed, some publick ets into the notification in print shall be given of the precise time or times boxes. of porting the faid tickets for each of the faid lotteries into the faid boxes, to the end that fuch adventurers as thall be minded to fee the fame done, may be prefent at the doing thereof.

LII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, First lotters That on or before the thirtieth day of May, one-thousand seven to begin hundred and fixty-three, the faid managers and directors shall drawing on hundred and fixty-three, the laid managers and unectors man or before to cause the said several boxes, with all the tickets therein for the May; and first lottery, and on or before the twenty-eighth day of November, the second. one thousand seven hundred and fixty-three, the said managers on or before and directors shall cause the said several boxes with the tickets 28 Nov. there will make fecond lottery, to be respectively brought into the Guild at Gothe city of Lond a, so that the same may be there, and placed so a table provided for that purpose, by nine of the clock in the brenoon of the said respective days, and shall then and there inversely attend this service, and cause the two boxes, containing the hid tickets, to be severally taken out Method to be of the other two boxes, in which they shall have been locked observed in up; and the tackets or lots in the respective innermost boxes drawing. &c. being, in the presence of the faid managers and directors, or fuch of them as shall be they present, and of such adventurers as will be there for the taust ction of themselves, well shaken and mingled in each box difunctly; some one indifferent and fit perion, to be appointed and directed by the faid managers, or the major part of them, or 11ch of them as shall be then pretent, thail take out and drawione ticket from the box where the faid numbered tickets that, be as aforefaid put; and one other induferent and fit perion, to be appointed and directed in like manner, thall take out a notet or lot from the box where the faid five thousand eight hura jed fortunate, and the twenty-nine thousand two hundred blank tickets shall be promised outly put as aforefaid; and immediately both the tickets fo drawn shall be opened, and the number, s well of the fortunate as the blank ticket, shall be named aloud, and if the ticket taken or drawn from the box containing the fortunate and blank lots shall appear to be a blank, then the numbered ocket to drawn with the faid blank at the fame time drawn, shall be, a laput upon one file; and if the ticket so drawn or taken your the bot containing the fortunate and blank lots shall appead to be one of the fortunate tickets, then the principal fum written upon such forto which toket, whatfoever it be, Mall be emered by a clerk, which the fair managers, or the major part of them as aforefaid, shall einglay and overfee for this purpose, inti h book to be kept for

entern.g

After each day's draw-

ing, the boxes

up and lealed.

to be locked

entering the numbers coming up with the said fortunate tickets and the principal fums whereunto they shall be intitled respect tively, and two of the faid managers shall set their names as witnesses to such entries: and the said fortunate and numbered tickets so drawn together, shall be put upon another file; and so the faid drawing of the tickets shall continue, by taking one licket at a time out of each box, and with opening, naming aloud and filing the same, and by entering the fortunate lots in such method as is before mentioned, until the whole warmer of five thousand eight hundred fortunate-tickets, and one more for the last drawn as aforesaid, shall be completely drawn in each lowtery; and as the same cannot be performed in one day's time, the faid managers or directors shall cause the boxes to be locked up and fealed in manner as aforefaid, and adjourn till the next day, and so from day to day, and every day (except Sundays, Christmas-day, thankigiving and fast days) and then open the fame, and proceed as above, till the faid whole number of five thouland eight hundred fortunate tickets, and one more, shall be completely drawn in each lottery respectively as aforesaid: and afterwards the faid numbered tickets to drawn the for tunate tickets drawn against the same, shall be and remain in a strong box locked up as aforefaid, and under the custody of the faid managers, until they shall take them; out to examine, ad-

just, and settle the property thereof.

Numbers of the fortunate tickets, and the tums, in each lottery, to be printed. Disputes relating thereto, to be adjusted by the managers. Penalty of forgingtickets or certificates,

LIII. And to the end the fortunate may know, whether abfent or present, to what degree they have been so, be it enacted, That the faid managers shall, as soon as conveniently may be, after the faid drawing of each lottery is over, cause to be printed and published, the number of the tickets drawn against each fortunate ticket, and the principal fuln written on the fame; and if any contention or dispute shall arisk in the adjusting the property of the faid fortunate tickets, the major part of the faid manager's agreeing therein, shall determine to whom it doth or ought to belong; and if any person or persons shall forge or counterfeit any ticket or tickets, certificate or certificates, to be made forth by this act, or alter any the numbers thereof, or utter, vend, barter, or dispose of, or offer to dispose of, any false, altered, forged, or counterfeit ticket or tickets, certificate or certificates, or thall bring any forged or counterfeit ticket or certificate, or any ticket or certificate the number whereof is altered (knowing the same to be such) to the said managers, or any of them, or to the cashier or accomptant general of the bank of England for the time being, or to any other perion or perions whatfoever, with a fraudulent intention, then every fuch person or persons being thereof convige a say form of law, shall be adjudged a felon, and shall suffer death as in cases of felony, without benefit of clergy; and the faid managers and directors, or any two or more of them, are hereby authorized, required, and impowered, to cause any person or persons bringing or me tering luch forged or counterfeit ticket or tickets, certain are or certificates as aforefair, to be apprehended, and to commit him,

Felony.

er, or them, to his Majesty's gaol of newgate, or to the comion gaol of the county or place where such person or persons shall be so apprehended, to be proceeded against for the faid felony according to law.

LIV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the au-Managers to thority aforefaid, That every person that shall be appointed as be sworn. aforesaid, to be a manager and director for putting this act in execution, before his acting in fuch committion, thall take the

oath following; that is to fay,

A.B. do Jwear, That I will faithfully execute the trust The oath; reposed in me, as a manager and director of the lotteries, established by an act made in the third year of his present Majesty's reign; and that I will not use any indirect art or means, or permit or direct any person to the any indirect art or means, to obtain a prize or fortunate let, for myelf, or any other person what joever; and that I will do the atmost of my endeavour to prevent any unane or fingler practice to be done by any person subattiever; and that I will, to the best of in Jacon vet, declare to whom any prize, let, or ticket, of right described according to the true intent and meaning of the faid act.

which faid oath shall and may be administered by any two or stered by a

more of the other managers and directors.

LV. Provided always, That it thall and may be lawful to Caffee, or and for the faid caffuer or cathiers, having given fecurity as afore-receiving the faid, at any time or times before fuch cathier or eathers thall have telidue of the received any book or books for the faul respective latteries from funded, the faid managers, compreher directhe faid thurty-five thousand tickets for each lottery in three columns as aforefaid, to receive from any perion or perions who will voluntarily offer, continbute, and advance the refidu of any fum of ten pounds, or feveral tums of ten pounds, upon this act as aforefaid, the fum i for offered to be contributed or advanced at one entire payment, upon both or either of the faid lottenes, or in fach proportions and manner as aforeful, by ore fuch cathier or cathiers thalf have received fuch respects a book or books; and the faid to exercise cathier or cathiers thail give a note or receipt under his or their cepts for the hand or hands, for the fum or fums to contributed, specifying time, the lottery in respect wher of such momes are paid; and and the bearshall be obliged thereby, and by this act, to give the bearer of eramitted to every fuch note or receipt, a ticket or tickets of the extreme therein column of the three columns book or books atorelaid in the fame every to 1 to lottery, for every ten pounds to contributed , ed, or answered, padas from as he or they that be enabled thereunto, by delivery of any fuch book or books to him or them from the faid managers as aforeiaid; any thing herein contained to the contrasy nor-

whilehanding. LVI. Provided also, That in case any such contributor or Contributors, adventurer as aforefaid, who shall have advanced and paid not making dale book nach VOL. XXV.

down to such cashier or cashiers, a proportion of his, her, or payments with respict to the faid lotteries, within the times limrted, to forfeit their depolits.

their confideration-money towards the faid respective lotteries his, her, or their executors, administrators, successors or assigns, do not advance and pay unto fuch cathier or cathiers the remaining part of his, her, or their confideration-money to to be paid in full for fuch tickets as aforefaid, on or before the respective times for paying thereof, as aforefaid, that then, and in every fuch cafe, every fuch contributor or adventurer shall forfert and lose to his Majesty, for the use of the publick the proportion of his, her, or their purchase-money which he, she, or they shall have so paid down as aforesaid, towards and upon account of the lottery in relation to which fuch default thall be made; and in fuch case, no ticket or tickets for such lottery shall be delivered out by the faid cashier or cashiers to such contributor or contributors making fuch default, but the ticket and tickets which thould have been delivered to fuch contributor and contributors, had they paid the full money for the fame. shall be returned and delivered to the faid managers and directors by the faid cathier or cathiers, together with the other ticket or tickets (if any) in the outermost column of the respective book and books first herein mentioned, and directed to be prepared, which thall not have been disposed of to contributors as aforefaid; and fuch ticket and tickets, sipon and for which defaults of payment thall have been practice as aforefaid, that be delivered into the receipt of his Majefly's exchequer, with other the faid undifposed tickets (if any) there to be retained and kept as cath, and to be iffued, feld, and disposed of, for the purpofes, and in the manner, herein before directed and appointed with respect to the faid undisposed tickets; and the faid contributor and contributors making fuch default, thall not have or receive, or be intituled to have or jeceive, any benefit or advantage for or in respect of the month which he, the, or they shall have paid for or towards the pur, hale of fuch ticket or tickets, any thing herem contained to th': contrary notwithflanding,

and the tickets for such fums to be delivered back into the exchequer.

Treasury to reward the munclerk defray all incidental charges of the lottery

LVII. Provided allo, and it is Lereby enacted by the authority aforefaid. That out of the monies to arife by and out of any of and the supplies granted in this session of parliament, it shall and may be lawful to and for any three or more of the commissioners of the treatury, or the high treaturer for the time being, to reward the faid managers and directors, and the clerks and officers to be employed by and under them, and any other officers and persons that shall and may be any ways employed in this affair, for their libour and pains, and to ditcharge fuch incident expenses as shall necessarily attend the execution of this act, in such manner - only three or more of the commissioners of the treatury, or the high treaturer for the time being, shall, from time to time, think fit and reasonable in that behalf; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithit anding.

Limitati of tale o chances &c.

LVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforcid, That no ! in or perions thall fell the chance or chances of any acts, or any there or theres of any ticket or tickets,

### Anno terrio Groksti HI. C. 12.

in each or either of the faid lotteries, for a day, or part of a day. or for a longer time less than the whole time of drawing the lottery, then to come; or shall receive any money whatsoever in confideration of the re-payment of any fum or fums of money. case any ticket or tickets in each or either of the said letteries shall prove fortunate; or shall lay any wager relating to the Penalty. drawing of any ticket or tickets, either as to the time of fuch ticket or tickets being drawn, or whether fuch ticket or tickets be drawn, fortunate or unfortunate; and all and every person and persons who shall offerd in any of the aforetaid matters. shall forfeit and pay treble the furn and furns of money which shall have been received by such person and persons, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this act; to be recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information, in any of his Majefty's courts of record at Willminder: in which no effoin, protection, privilege, or wager of law, or more than one imparlance, shall be allowed; one moiety whereof to be for the use of his Majefty, his heirs, or fuccesfors, and the other mojety to be paid to the perion or perions who shall fue for the fame; and even fact, file, wager, or contract, and every agreement relating thereto, thall be, and a hereby declared null and void,

LIX. And he is further charted by the authority aforefaid, Perions felling That if any perion or vertices the'l keep any office of offices, or tickets of shall print or publish any behame or proposal, for receiving any which they fum or funis of money in consideration of any interest to be are not pofgranted for the fame, in any ticker or tickers in each or either feder. of the faid lotteries, whereof tuch perfor or perions thall not then be actually pofferfed; or in confideration of any fum or fums of money to be regard on care any ticket, or number of tickets, in each or either or the and lotteries, which thall not be in the actual ponetion of itch perion or perions, thall prove fortunate or unfortunate; all and every fuch perion and perions thall fortest and pay the turn of tive hundred pounds; to be re-forfest sools covered by action of debt, bill, plaint or information, in any of his Majetty's courts of re-ord at Welminder; in which no effoin, protection, or wager of law, or more than one imparlance, shall be allowed; one moiety whereof to be for the use of his Majerty, his heirs, or juccetions, and the other molety to be paid to the perion r perions who shall tue for the fame;

mainprize. LX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Offences com-That if any offence against this act, or any of the acts of par-mitted in Ire-

hament made in this kingdom, for preventing private and un-listed lotteries, thall be committed in 1.1..., the offender shall any of the incur the like penalty and punishment to be inflicted in like acts for premanner as if the offence was committed in this kingdom; and venting un-

and also shall suffer this; months imprisonment without bad or

that fuch penalties as by this act, or the taid acts, are lawful forted to be recovered in any of his Majesty's courts of re-punishable, cord at Wellmingter, shall, in case of offences committed against and the pe-

this naities may be furd for in

Dutlin.

Anno temio Secretaria di Alla Principali di Principali di

this act, or any of the faid acts, in Ireland, be recovered in any of his Majesty's courts of record in Dublin.

After the drawing of the lottery, the tickets to be exchanged for certifi-Lates.

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LXI. And to the end that all and every the payments, as well upon the fortunate as upon the unfortunate tickets, may be more early ascertained, settled, and adjusted, for the persons, who shall be and become intitled thereunto, be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That as soon as convemently may be, after the drawing of each lottery shall be completed and ended, all and every the faid tickets to be green out as atorcfaid thall be exchanged for certificates, to be figned by fuch of the laid managers, as shall be appointed for that purpose.

Managers to give notice of the time for taking in the tickets, and the certifi cates, &c.

Books to he kept for en-

names of per

tickets to be exchange 1,

and the num

hers of the

faid tickets,

tering the

LXII As d be it further enacted, That fuch of the faid managers as any three or more of the commissioners of the treatury, or the high treasurer for the time leing, shall appoint to take in the faid ticket, and deliver out the full certificates for and in delivering out lieu thereof shall ence timely in tice, by idvertishment to be printed in I published in manner as they shall think fit, of the days and times for takin the find tickets, and d livering out the fud certificates for at 111 lieu of the time and every perions certificate thall be numbered in coarle, in respect of each lottery, according to their binging their tickes to the managers to to be up u ted frexel upin the fine, to which purpole fuch my tagers shall enter, or cause to the entered into a book or books to be by if em kept for that purpose for each lottery, the nan e of every port n who shall bring any to kee or tickets to be exchanged f r fuch certificate or certificates, and the numfons biin, ing ber or numbers of the ticke critickets which the literal rought by fuch person or persons the value in print palm never availse thereupon, and the day of the month, and the ven of our ford when the same was is tout, which repets book and books shall be open it is estimated to the appointed for taking in the faid tickets to be exchanced for tuch cert finates, for all per-Certificates to fons concerned to perufe, all which certificates in the function be figned, &c. by the managers to to be appoint d, or the major port of them, and be directed to the accomptant general of the back of

&c.

*Enel n l* for the time be nz LXIII. And he it further ena ted by the auth i ty to efa d. general of the That the faid accomptant general of the bank of f give credit for the time being, to whom the faid certif cites are to be a rected as aforefaid, shall, upon receiving and taking in the faid certificates, or any of them, give cred t to the perfors named therein, in a book or book, to be by him provided and kept, for t e principal fums contained in every fuch certificate, and the perfons to whote credit such principal sums shall be en ered in the faid book or books, his, or their executors, adm fariters, ficfaid tums, &c coffors, and affigns, shall and may have power to iften or transfer the lame, or any part, there, or proportion the cof, to any other person or persons, bodies politick or corporate whatsoever. in books to be prepare I and kept by the fald accomplaint general, and the faid fan fal fams to cite d, that I, or trins-

Accomptant the principal fums cont un ed in the cei Lificates, and affign ments may be made of the

ferred, shall carry the said annuity of four pounds per centum per drawn, and shall be taken and deemed to be stock transferrable by virtue of this act, until the redemption thereof in manner herein after mentioned, and the faid accomptant-general of the and he is to bank of England for the time being is hereby authorized and file and cancel directed to cancel and file the certificates as they shall from the certifitime to time be received and taken in by him, and to give the cates, and perform bringing in the fame. I note under he hand safety and to notes in perfore bringing in the same, a note under his hand, testifying lieu thereof. the principal money for which they thall have credit in the faid book or books by reason or means of the certificates to received, taken in, and cancelled as aforejaid, and of the annuities at-

tending the lame

LXIV And, for the more easy and sure payment of all the A chief caannuities established by this act, be it further enacted by the slice, and authority aforefaid, That the faid governor and company of the general, to be bank of Lec'ind, and then successors, if all, from time to time, appointed by until all the faid annu ties, after the rate of four pounds per un the bank for tum per ainer, thall be redeemed, appoint and employ one or paying the more sufficient perion or perior - wi him the coffice in the city unmulies. of Lord n, to be their chief or first eishier or criticis, and one other fusic ent perion within the fame office, to be their accomptant eneral and that to much of the min's applicable Treasury to to this purpole as that be used it, from time to time, to answer issue money the faid inn ties, in lether payments herein directed to be for that purmade out i fuch men s fh , by order of the commissioners in d cashier; of the tre luny, or my this ear more of them, or the high treasures for the time be no, without my further or other was rant, to lefted fr, 1 1, in 1 ch ned, in that behalt, from time to the, at the respect to days of payment in this ast appointed i r payment there i, he island and paid at the fud ie ccipt of exchequer to the faid first or chief call at or cashiers of the fail governor and company of the bank of  $F_{n_i}/n^2$ , and their fucceflors for the time being, by way of imprest and upon account, for the payment of the faid annuities payable by virtue of this 3, and that fu li cashier or cashiers to whom the faid who is to acm ne, thall from time to time be iffued, thall from time to c unt for the t me, without delay, pay the fime accordingly, and render his tame or their accounts the cof, according to the due course of the

exchequer And he it further enacted by the authority aforefuld, Accomptant-That the find accomp ant general for the time being shall, from eneral to extime to time, inspect and examine all receipts and payments of an ne the rethe faid cash continues, and the voichers relating thereto, in a ments of order to prevent invitated, negligence, or delay, and that all the cashier perions who shall be intitled to any of the annuities levely granted, and all perions lawfully claiming under them, if all be Annuines possessed as of a personal estate, which shall not be de-deemed a pericu dable to heirs, nor linble to any foreign attachment by the ford effects, custom of Les don, or otherwise, any law, statute, or custom, to

the contrary notwithstanding

Anno serio de creata da su ma

The monies contributed towards the faid fum of 3,500,000l. to be deemed t capital and joint flock transferrable.

LXVI. And be it further enacted by the authority storefaid, That all the monies to be advanced or contributed by virtue of this act, towards the faid fum of three millions five bundred thousand pounds, shall be deemed one capital and joint stock; and that all persons and corporations whatsoever, in proportion to the monies by them severally advanced for the purchase of the said annuities, or to which they shall become intitled by virtue of this act, shall have, and be deemed to have, a proportional interest and thare in the said stock, and in the said annuities attending the same, after the rate aforesaid; and that the said whole capital or joint stock of three millions sive hundred thousand pounds, or any share or interest therein, shall be assignable and transferrable as this act directs, and not otherwise.

Clause of redemption.

LXVII. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That at any time upon fix months notice to be printed in the London Gazette, and fixed upon the Royal Exchange in London; and upon repayment by parliament, of the faid fum of three millions five hundred thousand pounds, or any part thereof, by payments not less than five hundred thousand pounds, at one time, in such manner as shall be directed by any ture act or acts of parliament in that behalf, and also upon fill to vinent of all arrearages of the faid annuities; then, and not withher, such and so much of the said annuities as shall be attending on the principal fums to paid off, thall cease and determine, and be understood to be redeemed; and that any vote or resolution of the house of commons, signified by the speaker in writing, to be inserted in the London Gazette, and affixed on the Royal Exchange in London as aforefaid, shall be deemed and adjudged to be fufficient notice within the words and meaning of this act.

Transfer books to be kept by the accomptant-general.

Method of transferring flock.

LXVIII. And be it further enacled by the authority aforefaid, That books shall be constantly kept by the said accomptantgeneral for the time being, wherein all affiguments or transfers of all fums advanced or contributed towards the faid fum of two millions eight hundred thousand pounds, and of all sums determined and afcertained by the drawing of the faid lotteries, shall at all seasonable times be entered and registred. which entry shall be conceived in proper words for that purpose, and shall be figured by the parties making such affiguments or transfer; or, if such parties be absent, by their respective attorney or attornies thereunto lawfully authorized in writing, under his or their hand and feal, or hands and feals, to be attefted by two or more credible witnesses; and that the several persons to whom fuch transfers shall be made, shall respectively underwrite their acceptance thereof; and that no other method of affigning and transferring the faid annuities, or any part thereof, or any interest therein, shall be good or available in law.

Annuities deviscable by will. LXIX. Provided always, That all persons possessed of any share or interest in the said stock of annuities, or any estate of interest therein, may devise the same by will in writing, attested by two or more credible witnesses; but that no payment shall be

made

made upon any fuch devile, till to much of the faid will as re- Entry to be Rees to such there, estate, or interest in the faid stock of annuaties, made of such he sucreed in the faid office; and that in default of such transfer, clause in the be detered in the faid office; and that in default of fuch transfer will or devise, such share, estate, or interest in the find stock of an- Transfer not muities, Thall go to the executors, administrators, forceffors, hable to stamp and affigns; and that no flamp duties whatfoever thall be char - duties.

ed on any of the faid transfers. any law or flature to the con-

trary notwithstanding.

I.X. Provided always, and be it enicted by the authority Freeding to aforelaid, That out of the monies atifing from the contributions par ill inciaforelaid, I hat out or the monies arining from the continuous the carges towards raising the find sum of three millions the hundred after in the thousand pounds, any three or more of the commufficeers of exect prof the treasury, or the high treasurer tor the time being, shall have this act, power to discharge all such incident charges as shall necesfarily attend the execution of this act, in fuch manner as to them shall seem just and reasonable, and also to settle and appoint and to make fhall feem juit and reasonable, and and to the fervice, in all mane fuch allowances as shall be thought proper for the fervice, in all mane pains, and labour, of the faid cashier or cashiers for receiving, and accomptances. paying, and accounting for, the full contributions, and also ant. generals shall have power to make out of the fund by this act established, or out of the fink ng fund, such further allow inces as shall be judged reasonable, for the service, pains, and labour of the faid cathier or criticis, for receiving, paying, and accounting for the faid annuities payable by virtue of this act, and also for the fervice, pans, and labour of the faid accomptant general for performing the trust reposed in him by this act; all which allows to be at the ances to be made as aforelaid in respect to the service, pains, difford of the ances to be made as aforefaid in respect to the find ywern or and and labour of any officer or officers of the find ywern or and company of

company, shall be for the use and benefit of the laid, overnor if chank and company, and at their dispos I only LXXI Provided always, and be it is other enacted by the bank to conauthority aforciaid, That the faid governor and com inv of the into the bank of Ergini, and their fuccessors, notwith In line the re-thete annuademption of all or any of their own funds in purfamice of the tisbereacts for chabliffing the fame, or any of them, shall co ninue a deemed, &c.

corporat on for the purposes of this act, till all the animities by this act granted shall be redeemed by parliament is atcressed, and that the faid governor and compay of the bank of Figlor I or any member thereof, thall not mean any disability for or by reason of their doing any matter or thus, in pursuance of

this aut

LXXII And he it further enacted, That no fee, reward, or No fee to he gratuity whatiocter, shall be demanded or taken or any of t Majesty's subjects, for receiving or paying the said contribut on " monies, or any of them, or for any traces or a ccipt concern ing the fame, or for ifluing the monics for paying the f d an nuities, or any of them, or for any transfer of any finger at o. nuities, &c. imall to be made in purioance of this act, upon pun th t any offender, or person offending by taking or demanding any fuen the, reward, or gradity, shall fortest the fem of twon's pour de on penalty of to the party aggine ed, with rull cofts of tit, to be recovered by 201

t len for reng or nti bution-1 110", an-

X₄

action of debt, bill, plaint, or information in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, privilege, or wager of law, injunction, or order of reitraint, or any more than one imparlance, shall be granted or, allowed.

LXXIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That if any person or persons shall at any time or times be fued, moletled, or profecuted, for any thing by him or them done or executed in pursuance of, or by sociat of this act, or of any matter of thing in this act contained, such person or General iffue, persons shall and may plead the general iffue, and give this act and the special matter in evidence, in his or their defence or defences; and if afterwards, a verdict shall pass for the defendant or defendants, or the plaintiff or plaintiffs shall become nonfuited, or discontinue his, her, or their action or prosecution, or judgment shall be given against him, her, or them, upon demurrer or otherwise; then such defendant or defendants shall have treble costs awarded to him, her, or them, against such plaintiff or plaintiffs.

Treble cofts.

CAP. XIII.

An ast for more effectually securing the payment of the duties upon malt, by preventing frauds in the obtaining of allowances, and the mixing of fresh corn or grain with corn or grain making into malt.

Preamble, reciting claufe in act 33 Geo. II.

WHEREAS by a clause in an ast of parliament made in the thirty-third year of his late Majesty's reign, intruled, An act for granting to his Majesty several duties upon malt, and for raising the lum of eight millions by way of annuities and a lottery, to be charged on the faid duties; and to prevent the fraudulent obtaining of allowances in the gauging of corn making into malt; and for making forth duplicates of exchequer bills, tickets, certificates, receipts, annuity orders, and other orders, loft, burnt, or otherwise destroyed; it was enacted, That if, from and after the eighth day of February, one thouland seven hundred and fixty, any mailler or maker of malt, during the continuance of the duties on malt, should not wet or sleep his barley, or other corn or grain intended to be made into malt, in the eistern, uting-fut, or other veffel, so as that the same should be covered with water, and concome so covered in such eistern, uting-fat, or other vessel, for the full space of forty fours from the time of its being first suct and estered with water as aforefaid, before he should obtain or take, er draw ere water from the fame, fuch milliter or maker of male sould in such case not be intitled to the allowance of four buthels in every twenty, in charging the faid duties by gauge either in the ciffern or couch; and whereas there is not any provision made by the full all for enabling the officers of excile to afcertain when such corn or grain is first begun to be so wetted or steeped, and confequently, whether just malfler or maker of malt is intitled to fuch Alimance as aforefaid; and by realish of fuch defect, the whole purpose of the faul clause has been intirely defeated; and whereas great Places have been committee by the new, gifficing a grain with corn

## Anno rento Cristoni III. 'care."

or grain fleeping in order to be made this mall, whereby the revenue and the four trader have been greatly moured Be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords forritial and temporal, and commons in this prefent parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the twenty-fourth day of Makers of June, one thousand seven hundred and firsty three, during the milt fur home fune, one thousand seven numered and nery unrec, using the contimption, continuance of any of the duties on malt, every malifer or mannot being ker of malt for home confumption, (not being a compounder for compounders, the duties on malt) whose malt-house or malt-houses is or are tre to give fituate in any city, or the fuburbs thereof, or in any market- due notice to town, shall, at least twenty four hours before he or she shall begin officer of exto wet any corn or grain to be made into mult, give, or caule to cite, before be given, to the officer of excise under whose survey such malster their wetting or maker of malt thall then be, a notice in writing of the par any coin or ticular hour or time of the day when he or the intends to wet grain for corn or grun to be made into malt, and every other malfler or maker of malt for home confumption (not being a compound er for the duties on malt) whose malt house or malt-houses is or are not fituate in any city, or the fuburbs thereof, or in any market-town, thali, at least to ver, he hours before he or the shall begin to wet invoin it rrain to be made into malt, give or cause to be give it like notice in writing, and in case any such and if they do malifer or maker of malt shall not bean to wet his coin or not keep to or grain, a id immediately proceed to cover the whole thereof with near the time water at the larger time mentioned in fully reflective notice, or they are to within three heres past after the appropriate of the fact that the first past after the appropriate for the fact that the first past after the appropriate for the fact that the fact within three ho is next after the expiration of the faid heur give fieth nond time, then, every such notice shall be and is hereby decla tice. a I to be null and veid and every fuch malifer or maker of mut shall be obliged to live a field, and like notice, buf ie he crithe thall be in to wet his or hir cornicr grain, and that no Hous of letfuch malifer a maker of malt shall been to wet any corn or ting to work grain to be made into malt, but between the lours of four in the morning and nine in the evening and in case any such malifer 1001 penalty er maket et malt thall neglect or refute to one fuch notice, or, then duty in having given notice which thall become void, fhall reglect or the proof fle a retule to give a fresh and like net ce or, having men uch no ortens ults tice or notices, and be noto wet a cer or rain in purluance efficial and thereot, shall ne lect in reluie immediately to pre eed to cover ton 1 rein the whole thereof with with, and to continue the fame to covered for the full space of forty hours from the time of its being first wet and covered, or hall bout to wet any corn or grain at any other time than between the hours of four in the in n nirg and nine in the evenu or it any fuch malfter or maker of malt, after the officer lath ken an a purt of the corn or grun flee, in on the cife i, u n tot, crother we to o place or utentil, shall add any fresh come i grun to the corner rain to steeping, every such malster of misk r of milt offend in, in any of the full cifes, shall, for every sich effence r spective v, tortest and lose the sum of en la idre lipe in ls II And but further enacted by the and onthe coretaid, I hat

tigation, and application of penalties.

Recovery, mi- the penalties or forfenures for any offence against this aft, shall and may be fued for, levied and recovered, or mitigated, by the fame ways, means, and methods, as any penalty or forfeiture given by any of the laws of excise upon beer, ale, and other liquors, can or may be fued for, levied, recovered, or mitigated. or by any law or laws of excise, or by action of debt, bill. plaint, or information, in any of his Majetty's courts of record at Westminster, and that one moiety of such penalties or forfertures shall be to the use of his Majesty, his here, and successors. and the other mosety to him or them that shall discover, inform. or fue for the lame.

## CAP. XIV.

An all for the encouragement of John Harrison, to publish and make known his invention of a machine or watch, for the discovery of the longitude at sea

Preamble, reciting claufes in act 12 Annæ,

WHEREAS by an act mile in the twelfth y ar of the reign of her late n mily Queen Anne, n titue i, An act for providing a public reward for fuch person or persons as shall discover the longitude at lea, it is enacted, That in c le the comm fli ners thereby appointed shall be so for satisfied of the prof in lity of any such discovery, as to think it proper to make exterment thereo, and shill cert for the same to the commission rs of the new wo to the names f the perio s making troposals for to t p crpose, then ary sun or sums of m nev, n t exceeding two thous nd p 1, shell be p t by the treajures of the naws to juch person or pen s stall be at p in elly the commiss ners of the longitude, to ricke tic experinci-And it is therety further eracted. That the it die 1er ordi verers of cis netled for finding the construct, jb 14 ten thos introvers, f it desermines the lon ituic to or segree cf i great cice, or fixty cost trual miles, fift en troi it poura, f to two this is of the distance, and twenty thou nip in a, f to balf of the same distance, to be paid by the trajurer f th n, ly the coppo numert of the 1. I comm ssioners, when a st p so utles to any Juch part of the West Indies as they should 1p int, at it losing the longitude beyond the limits before ment one? And it is the by further enacted, That if any prop fal sh u i, in the ju' m it f the faid commissioners, he found of considerable use to the fue k, th author thereof, should have such less reward as tre , it come for ners should think reasonable And whereas by an act nod into twenty / 2 h year of the re gn of his late majesty King George t & Se and, to not der more effectual the act herein before resited, will regard to makin experiments of proposals for discovering telling tuie, reciting the fore faid att, and that John Harrison had made prof las for to pu pofes in the same all mentioned, with which the commissioner of live gitude were fo far latisfied, that they had it ught it profes to m he experiments trereof, and lai certified the jame from time to time to the commissioners of the n 1, together u in the nane of the 1 John Harrison, cold title treasur of the next dieteup " bud ne thei decolutated and fil v bounds to the ja i John Han fon,

26 Geo 2

Histofion, at part of the two thousand pounds mentioned in the abovend toll of the swelfth of Queen Anne; and also reciting, That five undred pounds bad likewife been paid to Master William Whiston, for the like purposes; so that only two bundred and fifty pounds remained out of the faid fum of two thousand pounds; and further reciting, That by continuing to encourage ingenious persons to make further improvements and experiments in order to discover the longitude, such discovery might at length be produced, as might effectually answer what end; it is exected. That two thousand pounds more might be issued and paid by the treasurer of the navy for the making further experiments under the like directions as aforefaid: And subcreas by an all made in the second year of his present Mujesty's reign for 2 Geo. 3. rendering more effectual the above-mentioned act of the twelfth year of Queen Anne, with regard to making experiments of proposals for discovering the longitude, reciting to the effect above recited; and that the money granted for making experiments, purluant to both of the faid acts, had been wholly expended, the further fum of two thrufand pounds was granted by the faid all of the second year of his present Majesty, for the like purposes, and to be applied in the like manner: And whereas the utility of the invention of the faid John Harrison has been proved in a late voyage to Jamaica, under the directions of the commissioners of the longitude: And whereas the faid commissioners at their meeting on the seventeenth day of August last did adjudge. that by the trial made of the faid instrument, it was found of considerable use to the publick, and did thereupon make an order for the pryment of the fum of two thousand five hundred pounds to the said John Harrison, in manner therein mentioned; videlicet, one thoufind five hundred pounds, part thereof, immediately, and the remaining one thruland pounds when he, or any person employed by him, fould return from making a further trial in the West Indies; but it was to be understood, that the faid fum of two thougand five hun-At all pounds special be effected as part of either of the recoards grant-. by all of pullament for discovering the longitude: And whereas tie faid John Harrison has accordingly received the faid jum of one thousand five hundred pounds; and has represented to the commissioners of the lingitude, That he would not by any means decline any further trial of the instrument or watch which he has invented, before the principles thereof shall be made publick; but they his present advanced age, the weakness of his light, and the danger of the verage to the health and life of his four upon whom alone the fuccess of the faid execution will depend, may righ the loss of so useful a discovery, not only to the difadrantage of the faid John Harrison, but also to tie very great detriment of mankind: And whereas, the commissioners of lengitude howing received the faid representation, did, at their meeting on the twenty-fixth day of February last, unanimously agree to recommend to the faid John Harrison to make an application to parinement, in order that his faid invention may be made known to the public, upon such terms and in such manner as to the parliament shall Acon meet: Therefore be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spi-Litial and temporal, and commons, in this prefent parliamer affimbled,

Upon a difcovery by J. Harrison of the principles of his watch, and of the method ot constructing the fame. to the committee here mentioned,

affembled, and by the authority of the lame, That io loop'as the said John Harrison, his executors or administrators shall make or cause to be made a full and clear discovery of the principles of his faid instrument or watch for discovery of the longitude, and of the true manner and method is which the fame is and may be constructed, unto the right honourable lord Charles Cavendiff, the right honourable the earl of Morton, the right honourable lord Willoughby of Parham, George Lewis Scott esquire, fellow of the royal society, Maker James Short fellow of the royal fociety, the reverend Master John Mitchell Woodwardian professor at Cambridge, Master Alexander Cumming. Master Mudge of Fleet Street, Master William Frodsbam, Master An Irew Dickie, and Master James Green of Fenchurch Street, who, and their pub. as well as the faid John Harrison, are hereby required to publish and make the same known, so that other workmen may be en-

lishing the faine.

ry to the commissioners of the navy, the committioners are to make out bills for 5,000 l. payable to him by the treaturer of the navy.

purpose; and so soon as the said lord Charles Cavendish, the earl of Morton, lord Willoughby of Parham, George Lewis Scott, James Short, John Mitchell, Alexander Cumming, Master Mudge, Wallam Fredikam, Andrew Dickie, and James Green, or the maand certifying for part of them, shall certify in writing under their hands and fuch discover feals, to the commissioners of his Majesty's navy for the time being, that the faid John Harrison hath fully and clearly made the faid discovery for the purposes aforesaid, then, upon producing fuch certificate, the faid commissioners of the navy are hereby authorized and required to make out a bill or bills for the fum of five thousand pounds payable to the said John Harrifon, his executors or administrators, by the treasurer of the navy; which fum the treasurer of the navy for the time being, is hereby required to pay immediately to him the faid John Harrilon, his executors or administrators, out of any money that shall be in his the faid treasurer's hands unapplied for the use of the navy.

abled to make other such instruments or watches for the same

So foon as the 1aid inttrument shall by tuture trials proper method for findong out the lorgunde, within the limits preferibed act 12 Annagand the committeers of the long). hills are to be made out

atorelaid for the mas b ស៊ីច ខណៈ

II. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That so soon as it thalf appear by future trial or trials, that the faid inftrument or watch invented by the faid John Harrison, shall be a appear to be a proper method for finding out the longitude within any of the limits preferibed by the aforefaid act of the twelfth year of Queen Anne, and the faid commissioners of longitude, or the major part of them, shall certify the same accordingly, under their hands and scals to the commissioners of the navy for the time being, then the faid commissioners are hereby authorized and required to make out a bill or bills for the respective sum or snms of money to which the faid John Harrifin, his executors, adminithrators, or affigns, thalf be intitled by virtue of the fame act; tud, field cer- which fum or fums the treasurer of the navy is hereby required thy the fame; to pay to the faid John Harrifon, his executors, administrators, or affigns, out of any money which shall be in his hands un applied to the use of the navy; first deducting thereout the before mentioned fum of fifteen hundred pounds already received by the faid John Harrison, and the faid fum of five thousanc

thousand pounds granted to him by this present act as afore-Bid.

virtue of the faid aft.

deducting the fums before received by him. III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, No other per-That no person or persons, other than the said John Harrison, ion to be inhis executors, administrators, or assigns, shall have or he in-titled to a rehis executors, administrators, or angus, man above the wellth ward under titled to any or the reward granted by the faid act of the twelsth ward under the raid act, of Queen Anne, by means or on account of any instrument or on account of inftruments for keeping time, until the merits of the faid in- any inftrustrument or watch invented by the faid John Harrison, shall be ment for keepafcertained; provided that the afcertainment thereof shall be ing time, till the merus of made within four years next after the puffing of this act.

watch be afcertained.

#### CAP. XV.

An all to prevent occasional freemen from voting at elections of members to ferve in parliament for cities and borouglis.

TATHEREAS great adujes have been committed in making Preamble. freemen of corporations, in order to influence elections of members to ferve in parliament, to the great infringement of the rights of freemen of fuch corporations, and of the freedom of elections . To prevent fuch practices for the future; be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in parliament affembled, and by authority of the same, That from and after the first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-three, None to vote no perion whatfoever claiming as a freeman to vote at any elec- as treemen, at tion of members to ferve in parliament for any city, town, port, elections of or borough in England, It ale, and the town of Berweck upon members, but Twied, where such voter's right of voting is as a freeman only, been admitted shall be admitted to give his vote at such election, unless such per- to their free fon shall have been admitted to the freedom of such city, town, don 12 port, or borough, twelve calendar months before the first day fore such decof fuch election: And if any person shall presume to give his tion, vote as a freeman at any election of members to ferve in parliament, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this act, he shall, for every such offence, forieit and pay the sum of one on penalty of hundred pounds to him, her, or them, who shall inform and there fue for the fame; and the vote given by fuch person shall be youl and of no effect.

II. Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall Persons intiextend, or be confirmed to extend, to any person intitled to his field to their freedom by birth, marriage, or servitude, according to the custom birth. or usage of such city, town, port, or borough.

III. And he it further enacted by the authority aforefind, viside, ex-That if any mayor, bailiff, theriff, town clerk, or other officer cepted. of any corporation, or other person whatsoever, shall wiltuily Pensity of and fraudulently antedate, or cause to be antedated, any admis- the adminion fion of any freeman, fuch mayor, bailiff, theriff, town clerk, of new free-

tinge, or ter officer, many passe

officer, or other person, shall, for every such offence, forfeir and pay the fum of five hundred pounds to him, her, or them. who shall inform and sue for the same.

The books and papers of admission of open to inmection, upon demand of a candidate, his agent, or 2 freemen, upon payment of is. and copies and minutes of the admillions to be given, paying reasonably tor writing the fame : manded, at

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That the mayor, bailiff, theriff, town clerk, or other officer freemen to be of any corporation, having the custody of, or power over, the records of the fame, shall, upon the demand of any candidate. or his agent, or any two freemen, on the payment of one shilling, permit such candidate, agent, or neumen, between the hours of nine in the morning and three in the afternoon, at any time before, and within one month after, any such election as aforefaid to inspect the books and papers wherein the admission of freemen shall be entered; and to have copies or minutes of the admission of so many freemen as such candidate, agent, or freemen, shall think fit, upon paying to such mayor, bailiff, sheriff, town clerk, or other officer, a reasonable charge for writing the fame; and fuch books and papers shall, if demanded by fuch candidate, agent, or freemen, be produced by fuch mayor, bailiff, theriff, town clerk, or other officer at every election, and be referred to, in case any dispute shall arise touchand the books, ing the right of any person to give his vote thereat: And if such &c. to be pro-duced, if de mayor, bailiff, theriff, town clerk, or other officer, shall refule or deny fuch candidate, agent, or freemen, the inspection every election, of fuch books and papers, or to have copies or minutes thereof, or shall refuse or neglect to produce such books and papers at any election, if demanded and paid for in the manner herein before set forth, such mayor, bailist, sherist, town clerk, or other officer, shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay the sum of one hundred pounds to him, her, or them, who shall inform and fue for the fame.

on penalty of 100 l.

The penalties may be recovered, with full colts of fuit;

provided the profecution within a year.

all forfeitures or penalties laid or imposed by this act, shall be recovered, with full cofts of fuit, by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Wellminster; wherein no effoin, protection, wager of law, or more than one imparlance, shall be allowed. VI. Provided always, and it is hereby further epacted and

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That

declared by the authority aforefaid, That no person thall be becommenced liable to any forfeiture or penalty by this act laid or imposed, unless prosecution be commenced within one year after such forfeiture or penalty shall be incurred.

This act to be openly read

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the returning officer shall read, or cause to be read, openby the return-ly, this act, at the time of election of members to ferve in paring officer, at liament for cities, towns, ports, or boroughs, where the right all elections by of election is in the whole, or in part, in freemen as atorefaid, mediately at- immediately after the reading of the act passed in the second year ter act a Geo. of his late Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the more efficitual preventing bribery and corruption in the elections of members to Jerve in parliament.

VIII, And

JVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, This act not That nothing in this act shall extend, or be construed to ex- to extend to London or London or tend, to the cities of London or Norwich.

Norwich.

#### CAP. XVI.

An all to impower the commissioners or governors of the royal bospital for seamen at Greenwich, after defraying the necessary expences thereof, to provide for such seamen worn out und sur me decrepit in the service of their country, who shall not be provided for within the said boipital, and to enable them to receive such pensions as shall be granted them by the said commissioners or governors, in the must easy and convenient manner; and for preventing frauds and abuses attending the same.

WHEREAS by several acts of parliament, sundry estates, Preamble. rents, and fums of money are granted, and specially appropriated, for and towards the finitions and completing the building of the reval haspital for leamen at Greenwich; and for and towards the maintenance of the men in the faid helpital worn out and become decrept in it e forces of their country: And whereas no part of the faid eflates, rents, a liftums of money, can be applied by the commiffuners or governors of the find haspital, for or towards the relief of any seem out endee framen, sols are not provided for within ereas the revenues of the faul hospital will the faid help tal : An 'row.de for a considerable number of poor probably be fuffice "I rosuld tend to the increase and enfeamon, as out-fe if the ail ammissioners or governors were csuragement f jeana enabled, after defrave energy of the faid hospital, to provide the commif-for fuch from us cut of the faid hospital: Therefore, be finners; after it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with desiraying the the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and expences of commons, in this prefent parliament affembled, and by the au- the hospital, thority of the fame, That it shall and may be lawful to and for are impower the commissioners or governors of the royal hospital for seath to grant the commissioners or governors of the royal hospital for seath to grant the necessary expenses of the said hospital, or tand decrease, after defraying the necessary expenses of the said hospital, or tand decreases. by and out of the estates, rents, revenues, or other monies be-pt seamen in the longing to the said hospital, to provide for such seamen worn, e.g. as are

the faid acts to the contrary notwithstanding. II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That Affignments. all affignments, bargains, fales, orders, contracts, agreements, &c. of pay, or fecurities whatfoever, which shall be given or made by any made by out out-penfioner, for, upon, or in respect of, any sum or sums of pensioners, money, to become due on any out-pension granted by the com-void. missioners or governors of the daid hotpital, shall be absolutely null and void to all intents and purpofes.

III. And, the more effectually to enable such seamen to re-

out and become decrepit in the fervice of their country, who r : provided shall not be provided for within the faid hospital; any thing in fe

Treafurer of the hospital to make out duplicates of the out penfions, according to the annexed form.

ceive such out pentions as Itiali be granted to them by the last commissioners or governors, in the most easy and convenients manner, and for preventing frauds and abuses attending the same; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the treasurer of the said hospital for the time being, and he is hereby authorized and required, as often as there shall be occasion, to make out, or cause to be made out, two bills for every fuch out penfion granted by the faid commissioners or governors; which bills shall be duplicates. and joined together with oblique lines, floatiffics, or devices, in such manner as the faid treasurer shall think proper, and shall be made payable to such out pensioner by the receiver-general of the land tax, collector of the customs, collector of the excise. or clerk of the cheque respectively, according to the appointment in fuch bills; and the faid bills being numbered and dated. shall be signed by the said treasurer, or his first clerk, and attested by the steward or clerk of the cheque of the said hospital, and be written or printed according to the following form:

#### THE FORM.

A. Nº I.

Greenwich Hospital.

SIR, PAY to B. D. of The torin.

in the county of out persioner of Greenwich Hospital,

upon producing the duplicate bereof, together with a certificate under the hands of the minifler and church-wardens, or, in that part of Great Britain called Scotland, under the hands of the minister and two elders of the parish where the faid B. D. relides, that the faid B. D. to the best of their knowledge and besief, is the person named in fuch bill, the fum of being

on account of the out-penfin of he find B. D. if the fame shall be demanded within fix caler or nextes from the date hereof; otherwife you are to return this bill to the transurer of the royal holpital at

Greenwich, at the faid helpital.

The receiver-general of the land tax of the county of Signed (A. B.) treasurer of the The collector of the imal lospital at theencultoms at the post wich, or his first clerk υť Atested (C.D.) steward or eleck of the cheque of the royal The collector of the hoff tal at Greenwich. excile at The clerk of the cheque at

> By virtue of the affor the third of King George the Third.

N. B. The personating or fally affuming the name and charafter of any out-pensioner of Greenwich Hospital, in order to 11reive the out-pension due to such out-pensioner, or procuring any other to do the Jame, is made felony without benefit of clergy, by the third of King George the Third.

And as foon as the faid bills shall be fo made out and figned, Bills to be cut the faid treasurer shall cause them to be cut asunder, indentwise, asunder; through the oblique lines, flourishes, or devices; and shall One to be cause one of the said bills to be transmitted forthwith to the transmitted to person nominated and specified in such bills, and the other of the the person no-faid bills to be transmitted forthwith to the said receiver-general bills, and the of the land tax, collector of the customs, collector of the ex- other to the cuse, or clerk of the theque, on whom such bill shall be so person on drawn as aforefaid: And the faid receiver-general of the land whom the tax, collector of the customs, collector of the excise, and Duplicite and clerk of the cheque, if the faid duplicates of such bill shall be certificate to produced and delivered to either of them respectively within be examined fix calendar months from the date thereof, are hereby required when pro-duced; and to suid enjoined to examine such duplicate, together with the cer-be verified on tificate to be produced as aforefaid; and to enquire into the oath, truth thereof, by the oath of the person producing the same; which oath they are hereby respectively authorized and required to administer; and upon being duly fatished of the truth of and tellified on fuch certificate, to tellify the tame on the back of fuch bill; and the back thall immediately pay to fuch out-pentioner, without fee or re-thereof, ward on any pretence whatfoever, the fum contained in fuch to be then bill, taking his receipt for the fame on the back thereof; which made thereof; bill to paid, upon being produced and delivered at the office of which is to be the treaturer of the navy, shall be immediately repaid by the repaid by the faid treatmer, to fuch receiver general of the land tax, collectionary, tor of the customs, collector of the excise, or clerk of the cheque, or to the order of any fuch receiver-general, collector of the customs, collector of the excise, or clerk of the cheque respectively: But in case the duplicate of such bill shall not be produ- if the dupliced and delivered, and the payment thereof be demanded, with-care and cer-in fix calendar months from the date thereof, or if a proper cer-tife ate be not tificate of the perion raiming to be oft-penfion be not likewise produced, and produced, then the faid receiver-general, collector of the cul-manded withtoms, collector of the excise, or clerk of the cheque, shall re- in 6 months, turn such bill to the treasurer of the said hospital at Greenwich, the bill to be at the said hospital, who shall cause such bill to be cancelled the treasurer and from and after the cancelling the faine, fuch part of the faid of the navy, pension shall accrue and become payable, in like manner, as if and cancelled. the faid bill had not been made out.

III. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if any fuch receiver-general, collector of the customs, collector of the excise, or clerk of the cheque, it there shall to whom the duplicate of any of the bills herein before direc- be a want of ted to be made out, shall be tendered for payment, shall not money when then have in his hands publick money sufficient to answer the shall be ten-Vol. XXV.

being tendered, and the cause of nonpayment, to be indorfed thereon; and a day to be fixed for the payment.

If payment shall have been layed,

or any fee, &c. taken on account of payment, offender may ium not excceding to I.

to be paid to the informer.

Bills paid by the treaturer in his accounts.

dered for pay- same, and shall refuse or delay the immediate payment thereof fuch receiver-general, collector of the customs, collector of the excise, or clerk of the cheque, shall immediately indorse on the the day of its back of the faid duplicate, the day of its being so tendered to him, and the cause of his refusal or delay to pay the same: and shall appoint thereon, for the payment of such bill, some future day, within the space of two months at the farthest from the day of its having been first tendered to him, as aforesaid: which duplicate with the indorfement thereograpall immediately be delivered back to the person presenting the same: And if, upon complaint to be made to the respective commissioners appointed by his Majesty. his heirs, or successors, to manage the

faid feveral duties of the land tax, customs, or excise, or to the commissioners of the navy, if the percon complained of be a clerk of the cheque, it shall appear that such receiver-general, refused or de. collector of the customs, collector of the excise, or clerk of the cheque, hath unnecessarily and wilfully refused or delayed the payment of fuch bill; or that fuch receiver-general, collector of the customs, collector of the excise, or clerk of the cheque. or any perion employed by or under any of them, hath directly or indirectly received or taken any fee, reward, gratuity, difcount, or deduction whatfoever, on account of the payment of the faid bill; it shall and may be lawful to and for any three or more of the faid commissioners to convice and fine any such befined in any offender under their respective direction, in any sum not exceeding fifty pounds, according to the nature and degree of the offence; which conviction shall be plade by such respective commissioners, and such fine shall be nevied and recovered, in fuch and the fame manner, to all intents and purposes, as any conviction may be made, and any penalty may be levied or recovered, for any offence against any law by which any custom or excise is imposed or laid; and the said fine, when recovered, shall be paid to the informer or informers against such offender or offenders.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all the bills so paid by the say. It usurer of the navy, shall of the navy to be allowed as so much cash, paid in rudy money, in the ac-be allowed counts of the said treasure, with the said treasurer of the faid hospital at Greenwich; and the faid treasurer of the faid hospital is hereby required and directed to allow the same accordingly; any thing to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

V. And whereas divers wicked practices may be carried on by persons knowingly and willingly personating and falsely asfurning the name and character of any out pensioner of the said hospital, in order to receive the money due to any such out pensioner, on account of his out pension, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this act, whofoever willingly and knowingly shall personate or falfely assume the name or character of, or procure any other to personate or fallely to assume the name or character of, any perion

Penalty of perfonating and faltely affuming the name of any outpentioner, in order to receive the penor procuring any other to

do the iame,

person intitled, or supposed to be intitled, as an out-pensioner, to any out-pension or allowance of money from the commissioners ar governors of the faid hospital, in order to receive the money due, or supposed to be due, on such out-pension; every is felony, fuch person so offending, and being lawfully convicted of any without benefuch offence or offences, shall be deemed guilty of felony, and fit of clergy. fuffer death as a felon, without benefit of clergy.

#### CAP. XVII.

An act for raising a certain sum of money by loans or exchequer bills for the service of the year one thousand seven bundred and fixth three; and for further appropriating the supplies granted in this session of parliament; and for allowing his Majesty's subjects to import their goods and effects, being the produce of certain places ceded to France and Spain by the late treaty of peace, upon payment of the fame duties as they would have been liable to, if juch places had remained in his Majesty's possession.

Mor gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons Preamble VV of Great Butain in parliament assembled, for raising the re-fidue of the necessary supplies, which we have charfully granted to your Majesty in this Mion of parliament, have rejoved to give and grant unto your Majesty be sum herein after mentioned, and do therefore most humbly beseath your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the fame, That it shall and may be lawful to and for Treasury imthe commissioners of his Majesty's treasury now, or for the time I wered to being, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, at any time or times before the fifth day of equer bills, January, one thousand sixty hundred and fixty-four, to cause for any som or direct any loans to be taken or received at his Majesty, ex- not exceeding chequer from any person or persons. Jatives or foreigners, body 1,800,000l. or bodies politick or corporate, or any number of exchequer bills to be made out there, for any fum or fums of money, not exceeding, in loans and exchequer bills together, in the whole, the fum of one million and eight hundred thouland pounds; in the same or like manner, form, and order, and according to the fame or like rules and directions, as in and by an act of this in like manpresent session of parliament, intituled, An all for continuing and ner as is pregranting to bis Majesly certain duties upon malt, mum, year, and scribed by the perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and fixty- this session, three, are enacted and prescribed concerning the loans or ex-concerning chequer bills to be taken or made in pursuance of the faid act. loans or ex-

fine ex-

chequer bills thereby to be taken or made.

II. And

Claufes, &c. relating to loans or exchequer bills,

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforafaid. in the faid act That all and every the clauses provisoes, powers, privileges, advantages, penalties, forfeitures, and disabilities contained in the faid last mentioned act relating to the loans or exchequer bills authorized to be made by the same act (except such clauses as do charge the same on the taxes granted by the same act, and except such clauses as limit the rate of interest to be paid for the forbearance of money lent on the credit of the faid act, and also except as is herein after mentioned) shall to applied and extended to the loans and exchequer bills to be made in purfuance of this act, as fully and effectually to all intents and purposes, as if the same loans or exchequer bills had been originally authorized by the said last mentioned act, or as if the said several clauses or provisoes had been particularly repeated and re-enacted in the body of this act.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the au-

Exchequer not to be ten-

extended to

this act.

dered or rement of any of the public taxes, before 6 April, 1764;

unless the fame shall be in course of payment before the faid day.

bills so issued, thority aforesaid, That no exchequer bill or bills to be made out by virtue of this act, shall, after the same hath or have been ceived in pay- issued at the exchequer, be afterwards at any time before the fixth day of April, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-four. received or taken, or pals or be current to any receiver of collector in Great Britain, of the customs, excise, or any revenue. fupply, aid, or tax whatfoever due or payable to his Majesty, his heirs or successors, or at the receipt of the exchequer, from any such receiver or collector, or from any other person or persons, bodies politick or corporate, otherwise or on any other account than for the discharge and cancelling of such bills, in case the same shall be in due course or order of payment before the faid fixth day of April; nor shall any fich receiver or collector exchange, at any time before the faid fixth day of April, for any money of fuch revenues, aids, taxes, or supplies, in his hands, any exchequer bill or bills, which shall have been issued as afore. faid, by virtue of this act; nor shall any action be maintained against any such receiver or collector for neglecting or refusing to exchange any fuch bill or bills for ready money, before the faid fixth day of April; any thing in the faid act made in this present session of parliament, int uled, "An ast for continuing and granting to his Majesty certain auties upon malt, mum, cyder, and perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and fixtythree, or this act, contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

The same to of the first supplies which feffion ;

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, be repaid out That all such loans or exchequer bills, to gether with the interest, premium, rate, and charges, incident to or attending the shall be grant. fame, shall be, and are hereby charged and chargeable upon. ed in the next and shall be repaid or borne by or out of the first aids or supplies which shall be granted in the next session of parliament; and in case sufficient aids or supplies for that purpose shall not be granted before the fifth day of July, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-four, then all the faid loans or exchequer bills, with the interest, premium, rate, and charges, incident to

attending the fame, shall be, and are hereby charged and chargeable upon such monies as, at any time or times at or after the faid fifth day of July, shall be or remain in the receipt of or out of the the exchequer, of the surplusses, excelles, overplus monies, and if no supplies other revenues composing the fund commonly called The Sink- he granted ing Fund (except fuch monies of the faid finking fund as are ap- before 5 July, propriated to any particular use or uses by any act or acts of 1764-parliament in that behalf) and such monies of the said sinking fund shall and may be issued and applied, as soon as the same can be regularly stated and ascertained, for and towards paying off, cancelling, and discharging, such loans or exchequer bills, interest, premium, tate, or charges, until the whole of them shall be paid off, cancelled, and discharged, or money sufficient for that purpose be kept and reserved in the exchequer,

V. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority for that puraforesaid. That whatever monies shall be so issued out of the puse out of the faid furplusses, excesses, overplus monies, or other revenues linking fund, composing the finking fund, shall, from time to time, be re- to be replaced placed by and out of the first supplies to be then after granted in out of the first supplies after. parliament; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

VI. And basit declared and further enacted by the authority The bank imaforesaid, That hall and may be lawful for the governor and advance, on company of the bank of England, to advance or lend to his Ma- the faid crejesty in like manner at the receipt of the exchequer, upon the dit of loan, credit of loan granted by this act, any sum or sums of moncy any sum or not exceeding in the whole the sum of one million and eight sums, not exhundred thousand pounds; any thing in an act made in the 1,800,000l. fifth and sixth years of the reign of King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An act for granting to their Majeflies several rates the act 5 & 6 and duties upon tonnage of Ships and veffels, and upon beer, ale, and W. & M. notother liquors, for fecuring certain recompences and advantages in the withstanding. faid att mentioned, to such persons as shall voluntarily advance the sum of one million five hundred thousand pounds, towards carrying on the war against France, to air contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

VII. Provided always, and is is hereby enacted by the au- The monies thority aforesaid, That all the monies coming into the ex- arising by the chequer, either by loans or exchequer bills, upon one act of malt act; this session of parliament, intituled, An act for continuing and granting to his Majesty certain duties upon malt, mum, cyder, and perry, for the feroke of the year one thousand seven hundred and fixtythree, and so much money, if any such be, of the duties thereby granted, as shall arise or remain after all the loans or exchequer bills made or to be made on the same act, and all the interest, premium, rate, and charges thereon, and the charges thereby allowable for raising the said duties, shall be satisfied, or money fufficient shall be reserved in the exchequer to satisfy and discharge the fame; and also all the monies coming into the exchequer, either by loans or exchequer bills, upon one other act

of this session of parliament, intituled, An act for granting an aid

annuity and Lottery act ;

with the fum of 2,000,000l. charged on the finking fund;

and also the fum of 47,1201.98.6d. Turplus re maining in the exchequer, of the duties on beer and ale; alfo the furplus unapplied of the fum of 20,0001. granted in the last session. for pay and cloathing of the unembodied militia: and the further fum of 1,800,000l. granted by this act, are appropriated as follows: videlicet, 2,040,6611. 3 s. 11 d. thereof towards naval lervices in general.

to his Majesty by a land tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven bundred and sixty-three; and so much money, if any such be, of the tax thereby granted, as shall arise or remain after all the loans or exchequer bills made or to be made on the same act, and all the interest, premium. rate, and charges thereon, and the charges allowable thereby for raifing the faid land tax, should be satisfied, or money sufficient thall be referved in the exchequer to fatishe and discharge the fame; and also all the monies coming into the exchequer by contributions for annuities, and two losteries, granted by one other act of this session of parliament, intituled, An act for granting to his Majesly several additional dutice upon wines imported into this kingdom, and certain duties upon all order and perry; and for raising the sum of three millions sive hundred thousand pounds, by way of annuities and latteries, to be charged on the faid duties; and also the fum of two millions out of such monies as shall or may arise of the surplusses, excesses, or overplus monies, and other revenues composing the fund, commonly called The Sinking Fund, directed to be iffued and applied by one other action this fession of parliament, intituled, An art for granting this Majefiy a certain fum of money out of the finking fund, and for applying certain monies remaining in the exchequer, for the gervice of the year one thousand seven hundred and sixty-three e and also the sum of forty seven thousand one hundred and venty pounds, nine shillings, and fix pence, remaining in the receipt of the exchequer, being the surplus of the several duties upon beer and ale, granted by an act made in the street year of his Majesty's reign, after satisfying all charges and inclumbrances thereupon, to the fifth day of January, one thousand segon hundred and fixtythree; and also such part of the sum of twenty thousand pounds granted to his Majesty in the last session of parliament upon account, towards defraying the charge of the pay of the militia of that part of Great Britain called English, when unembodied, and of the cloathing of the part of thy faid militia then unembodied, for one year, beginning the free ty-fifth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and free to, as shall remain in the receipt of the excheque after the said charges are satisfied by the faid last mentioned act made in this session of parliament. directed to be iffued and applied; and the further fum of one million and eight hundred thousand pounds by this act granted, shall be further appropriated, and are hereby appropriated, for and towards the feveral uses and purposes herein after expressed: that is to fav, it is hereby enacted and declared by the authority aforefaid, That out of all or any the aids or supplies provided as aforefaid, there thall and may be iffued and applied any fum or fums of money, not exceeding two millions forty thousand fix hundred and fixty-one pounds, three shillings, and eleven pence, for or towards the naval fervices herein after particularly expressed; that is to sav, for or towards victuals, wages, wear and tear of the navy, and the victualing thereof, performed

informed and to be performed; and for or towards fea fervices in the office of ordnance, performed and to be performed; and for on towards defraying the ordinary of his Majesty's navy, and for half-pay to fea officers; and for or towards maintaining four thousand two hundred and eighty-seven marines; and for or towards the buildings, rebuildings, and repairs, of his Majefty's ships, for the year one thousand seven hundred and sixtythree.

VIII. And ich hereby also enacted by the authority aforesaid, 5,000l. for That out of all cr any the aids or supplies aforesaid, there the hospital shall and may be iffued and applied any fum or fums of money near Ply. not exceeding three housand pounds, for completing the works mouth. of the hospital for fick and wounded seamen building near

Plymouth.

IX. And it is hereby also enacted by the authority aforesaid, 10,000l upon That out of all or any the aids or supplies aforesaid, there shall account to and may be iffued and applied any fum or fums of money not fioners of exceeding ten thousand pounds, upon account, to be applied by Greenwich the commissioners or governors of the royal hospital for scamen hospital for at Greenwich, for the support and relief of seamen worn out and out-pensionbecome decrepit in the fervice of their country, who shall not be ers. provided For within the faid hospital.

X. And it is hereby also enacted by the authority aforesaid, 204,3291. for That out of all ou my the aids or supplies aforesaid, there shall charge of the and may be iffued and applied any fum or fums of money not nance for exceeding two hundred four thousand three hundred and land service, twenty-nine pounds, for the charge of the office of ordnance for land fervice, for the year one thousand seven hundred and

fixty-three.

XI. And it is hereby also enacted by the authority aforesaid, 4,741,8031. That out of all or any the aids or supplies aforesaid, there shall 135, 11d. 14. and may be issued and applied any sum or sums of money not exor the land ceeding four millions foren hundred forty three thousand eight forces in hundred and five pounds, thirteen shillings, and eleven pence general; farthing, for and toward maintaining his Majesty's land forces, and other fervices her in ter more particularly expressed; that is to fay, any fum or turns of money not exceeding four hundred whereof eighty five thousand three hundred and seventeen pounds, two 485,3171. fhillings, and ten pence, for defraying the charge of fifty-fix tod for thousand three hundred and fixty effective men, for guards and 55,360 effective. garrisons, and other his Majesty's land forces in Great Britain, tive men, Guernsey, and Jeffey, including those in Germany, Portugal, and from 15 Dec. Belieiste, for one hundred and twenty-one days, from the twentyfifth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-24 Apr. 1763; two, to the twenty-fourth day of April, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-three, both days inclutive, according to their present establishment, and for reducing their numbers; and any fum or fums not exceeding four hundred eight thousand three 108,1721, 138. hundred and feventy-two pounds, thirteen shillings, and four 4d for charge pence, for defraying the charge of seventeen thousand five of 1-536 efhundred and thirty-fix effective men, commissioned and non-including in-

communioned valids, for

guards and garrisons, from 25 Apr. Dec. following;

278,8931. 118. tions, &c. from 25 Dec. \$762, to 24 Apr. 1763;

#\$1,781l. 38. and garrifons in the plantations, &c. 1763, to 24 Dec. following;

\$6,4381. 78. for the two regiments of horle ferving in Germany, and tour regiments of foot on the Irish establishment, ferving in North America, from 25 Dec. 1762, to 24 Apr. 1763; 11,201l. 8s. 6d. 2q. for pay of the general and general staff officers; ¥ 50,000|. for pay and clouthing of the militia; 33.351l. 178. 6d. to the reduced officers of the land forces and marines;

commissioned officers included, and including two thousan: seven hundred and forty-three invalids, for guards, garrisons, and other his Majesty's land forces in Great Britain. Guernsey, and Jersey, from the twenty-fifth day of April, one thousand seven hundred and sixty-three, to the twenty-fourth day of December following, both days inclusive, being two hundred and forty-four days; any fum or fums of money not for the forces exceeding two hundred seventy-eight thousand eight hundred and garrifons and ninety-three pounds, and eleven shillings for maintaining in the planta- his Majesty's forces and garrisons in the plantations, Gibraltar, Guadeloupe, Africa, Martinico, and the Hadannah, and for provisions for the garrisons in Nova Scotia, Newsoundland, Gibraltar, Providence, Quebec, Guadeloupe, Senegal, and Goree, for one hundred and twenty-one days, from the twenty-fifth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and sixty-two, to the twenty-fourth day of April, one thousand seven hundred and sixtythree, both days inclusive, according to their present establishment, and for reducing their numbers; and any fum or fums of money not exceeding two hundred eighty one thousand seven 6d, for forces, hundred eighty one pounds, three shillings, and fix pence, for maintaining his Majesty's forces and garrisons in the plantations, including those in garrison at Minorca and Gibraltar, and from 25 Apr. for provisions for the garrisons in Nova Scotia, Lewfoundland, Gibraltar, Quebec, and Senegal, for two hundred and forty-four days, from the twenty-fifth day of April Jone thousand seven hundred and fixty-three, to the twenty-fourth day of December following, both days inclusive; and any fum or sums of money, not exceeding fixteen thousand four hundred thirty-eight pounds, and seven shillings, for defraying the charge of two regiments of horse serving in Germany, and sour regiments of foot serving in North America on the Irip establishment, for one hundred and twenty-one days, from the twenty-fifth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-two, to the twenty-fourth day of April, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-three, both days inclusive; and any fum or fums of money, not exceeding eleven thousand we hundred ninety-one pounds, eight shillings, and six pence halvenny, for the pay of the general and general state officers in Great Britain, for the year one thousand seven hundred and fixty-three; and any sum or fums of money, not exceeding one hundred and fifty thousand pounds, for defraying the charge of the pay and cloathing of the militia for one year, beginning the twenty-fifth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-three: and any fum or fums of money, not exceeding thirty-three thousand three hundred fifty-one pounds, seventeen shillings, and fix pence, upon account of the reduced officers of his Majesty's land forces and marines, for the year one thousand seven hundred and fixty-three; and any fum or fums of money, not exceeding eighty-eight thousand seven hundred and sour pounds, three shillings, and four pence, upon account of the reduced officers of his Majerty's land forces already difbanded, and fuch as are

phaselisbanded, for the year one thousand seven hundred and \$3,7041. 34. fixty-three; and any fum or fums of money, not exceeding two 4d. to the thousand nine hundred and ten pounds, one shilling, and eight ficers of the bence, for defraying the charge for allowances to the feveral land forces, officers and private gentlemen of the two troops of horse guards disbanded and and regiment of horse reduced, and to the superannuated gen- to be dishandtlemen of the four troops of horse guards, for the year one 2,9101.18, thousand seven hundred and fixty-three; and any sum or sums ad to the of money, not exceeding one thousand seven hundred and forty-officers and of money, not exceeding one thousand level mainted and tory private gen-two pounds, for the paying of pensions to the widows of such private gen-tlemen of the reduced officers of his Majesty's land forces and marines as died two troops of upon the establishment of half pay in Great Britain, and who horse guards. were married to them before the twenty-fifth day of December, and regiment one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, for the year one duced, and thousand seven hundred and sixty-three; and any sum or sums superannuatof money, not exceeding fifty-one thousand seven hundred and ed gentlemen eight pounds, thirteen shillings, and four pence, upon account, of the four for out-pensioners of Chelsea Hospital, for the year one thousand horse guards; feven hundred and fixty-three; and any fum or fums of money, 1,74sl. for not exceeding eighty-five thousand one hundred fifty-eight pensions to pounds, fourteen shillings, and eight-pence, and three seventh officers wiparts of a penny, for defraying the charge of two thousand one dows; hundred twenty horse, and nine thousand nine hundred foot, 4d. for outtogether with the general and staff officers, the officers of the pensioners of hospital, and office's and others belonging to the train of ar-Chelsea hospitillery, the troops of the landgrave of Hesse Cassel, in the pay of tal;

Great Britain, for ninety days, from the twenty-fifth day of De
8d. 3-7d. fubcember, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-two, to the twen- fidy, and for ty-fourth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and sixty-troops of the three, both days inclusive, together with the subsidies pursuant landgrave of to treaties; and any sum or sums of money, not exceeding pursuant to eighty-seven thousand ax hundred and ninety pounds, eighteen treaties; fhillings, and fix pence, and four feventh parts of a penny, for de-87,690l. 18s. fraying the charge of a additional corps of nine hundred and 6d 4 7d. for twenty horse, and fix thousand and seventy-two foot, together troops of with the general and fait officers, the officers of the hoipital, Helle Cassel; and officers and others belonging to the train of artillery, the troops of the landgrave of The Cassel, in the pay of Great Britain, for three hundred and twenty-eight days, from the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and sixty-three, to the twenty-fourth day of November, following, both days inclusive, pursuant to treaty; and any sum or sums of money, 45,4201. 16s. not exceeding forty-five thousand four hundred and twenty 6d. 3-7d. for pounds, fixteen shillings, and fix pence, and three seventh parts augmentation of a penny, for defraying the charge of an augmentation to the to the troops troops of the landgrave of Hesse Cassel in the pay of Great of Hesse Cassel, Britain, confisting of six hundred and fifty-six horse, and two treaty; thousand seven hundred and thirty-six foot, for three hundred and thirty-five days, from the twenty-fifth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and sixty-two, to the twenty-fourth day of November, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-three,

both

-11d. for ľublidy and troops of the duke of Bruníwick, purfuant to treaty;

the deficiency in the fum voted last selfion, for the pay of augthe troops of Brunswick : 50,000 to the landgrave of Helle Caffel. purfuant to treaty; 71, 3811. 168. of troops in the East Indies; 1,588,756l. 155. 5d. for extraordinary expences of the land forces, &c. to g: Oct. 1762, of the land forces, &c. for the year 1763, not provided for.

1.000.0001. to discharge the like fum raifed purfuant to an act of the last fession, and charged on the first aids; 1,500,000l.

exchequer

49,3081.18.1d. both days inclusive, pursuant to treaty; and any firm or sure: of money not exceeding forty-nine thousand three hundred and eight pounds, one shilling and one penny, and three elevents. parts of a penny, for defraying the charge of one thousand four hundred and forty-four cavalry, and two thousand three hundred and thirty infantry, the troops of the reigning duke of Brunfwick, in the pay of Great Britain, for eighty-fix days, from the twenty-fifth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-two, to the twentieth day of March, one thousand feven hundred and fixty-three, both days inclusive, together with the subsidies for the said time, pursuant to treaties; and 4,3281, 8s. 5d. any fum or fums of money not exceeding four thousand three to make good hundred twenty-eight pounds, eight shillings, and five pence, to make good a deficiency in the fum voted last session, for the pay of an augmentation to the troops of the reigning duke of Brunswick, for the year one thousand seven hundred and fixtytwo; and any fum or fums of money, not exceeding fifty mentation to thousand pounds, to enable his Majesty to complete the payment of two hundred and twenty thousand pounds, as a reasonable fuccour in money to the landgrave of Heffe Caffel, pursuant to treaty; and any fum or fums of money, not exceeding feventyone thousand three hundred eighty-one pounds, fixteen shillings. and eight pence, for defraying the charge of four regiments of foot ferving in the East Indies, for three hundred and fixty-five ad for charge days, from the twenty-fifth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-two, to the twenty-fourth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-three, both days inclusive; and any sum or sums of money, not exceeding one million five hundred eighty-eight thousand seven hundred fifty-fix pounds, fifteen shillings, and five pence, for defraying the extraordinary expences of his Majesty's land sorces, and other services incurred from the twenty-fifth day of December, one thousand feven hundred and fixty-one, to the thirty-first day of Ostober, not provided one thousand seven hundred and sixty-two, both days inclusive, for.

251,2491. 6d. and not provided for by parliament and any sum or sums for extraordion of money, not exceeding nine hundred lifty-one thousand two nary expences hundred forty-nine pounds, and fix pents, for defraying the extraordinary expences of his Majesty's land forces, and other fervices, incurred from the first day of November, one thousand feven hundred and fixty-two, to the nineteen h day of Fibruary, one thousand seven hundred and sixty-three, and not provided

for by parliament. XII. And it is hereby also enacted by the authority aforesaid, That out of all or any the aids or supplies aforesaid, there shall and may be iffued and applied any fum or fums of money, not exceeding one million, to enable his Majesty to discharge the like fum raifed in pursuance of an act made in the last session of parliament, and charged upon the first aids or supplies to be

granted in this fession of parliament.

XIII. And it is hereby also enacted by the authority aforefor paying off faid, That out of all or any the aids or supplies aforesaid, there thall

hall and may be iffued and applied any fum or fums of money, bills, made enable his Majetty to pay off and discharge the exchequer bills the last session, saide out by virtue of an act passed in the last session of parliament, intituled, An act for enabling his Majesty to raise a certain fum of money towards paying off and discharging the debt of the navy, and towards naval fervices, for the year one thousand seven hundred and fixty-two, and charged upon the first aids or supplies

to be granted in this fellion of parliament.

XIV. And it is hereby also enacted by the authority afortiate, it d. 1 q. That out of all or any the aid or supplies aforesaid, there shall for charges in XIV. And it is hereby also enacted by the authority aforesaid, 4-5891. 138. and may be issued and applied any sum or sums of money, not maintaining exceeding four thousand rive hundred eighty-nine pounds, thir- the settlement teen shillings, and eleven pence farthing, upon account, for de- of Nova Scotia fraying the charges incurred by supporting and maintaining in 1760, not the settlement of his Majesty's colony of Nova Scotia, in the year one thousand seven hundred and sixty, and not provided for by parliament; and any sum or sums of money, not exceeding 5,6741. 13-104. five thousand six hundred seventy-four pounds, one shilling for charges of and ten pence, upon account, for maintaining and supporting blishment of the civil establishment of his Majesty's said colony of Nova Nova Scotia; Scotia, for the year one thousand seven hundred and sixty-three; and any funz or fums of money, not exceeding four thousand 4,1161 for one hundred thirty-fix pounds, upon account, for defraying the charges of the charges of the civil establishment of his Majesty's colony of civil establish-Georgia, and other insidental expences attending the same, from ment of Georthe twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand seven hundred gia; and fixty-two, to the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand leven hundred and fixty-three.

XV. And it is hereby also enacted by the authority aforefaid, That out of all or any the aids or supplies aforesaid, there 133,3331. 68. thall and may be issued and applied any sum or sums of money, as a component exceeding one hundred thirty-three thousand three hundred the provinces thirty-three pounds, fit shillings, and eight pence, upon ac- in North Amecount, to enable his Majesty to give a proper compensation to nica, for exthe respective provinces in North America, for the expences in-pences incurcurred by them in the levying, cloathing, and pay, of the cloathing, and troops raised by the same according as the active vigour and pay of troops strenuous efforts of the respective provinces shall be thought by there; his Majelty to meet; and any fum or fums of money, not exceeding thirteen thousand pounds, to be employed in maintain- 13,000l for ing and supporting the fort at Annamaboe, and the other British supporting the forts and settlements upon the coast of Africa; and any sum or torts and setfums of money, not exceeding forty thousand and fifty pounds, the coast of upon account, towards enabling the governors and guardians of Africa; the hospital for the maintenance and education of exposed and 40,050l. to the deferted young children, to maintain and educate such children toundling holpital; to as were received into the faid hospital on or before the twenty- be iffued fifth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and fixty, from without fee; the thirty-first day of December, one thousand seven hundred

flullings.

6,4101. 58. rod. 19. to make good the like fum issued by his Majesty, purfuant to the address of the house of commons: 5,000l to enmissioners for paving, &c. Weltminster, trufts repoted in them :

of tonnage 6 Geo. 1 .

ciency on 5 offices and pensions, and upon houses and lights;

26,7101. to deficiency on 5 Jan. 1762, of the addiftrong beer and ale;

and fixty-two exclusive, to the thirty-first day of December or thousand seven hundred and sixty-three inclusive; and that the faid fum be iffued and paid for the use of the said hospital without fee or reward, or any deduction whatfoever; and any fund or fums of money, not exceeding fix thousand four hundred and ten pounds, five shillings, and ten pence three farthings, to make good to his Majesty the like sum issued by his Majesty's orders, pursuant to addresses of the house of commons: and any fum or fums of money, not exceeding five thousand pounds. towards enabling the commissioners for putting in execution an act made in the last session of parliament, intituled, An act for paving, cleanfing, and lighting, the squares, streets, and lanes, within the city and liberty of Westminster, the parishes of Saint Giles in the Fields, Saint George the Martyr, Saint George the streets of Bloomsbury, that part of Saint Andrew's Holborn which lies in the county of Middlesex, the several liberties of the Rolls and Sato perform the voy, and that part of the dutchy of Lancaster which lies in the county of Middlesex; and for preventing annoyances therein; and for other purpoles therein mentioned; more effectually to perform 49,558l. 18.6d. the trufts reposed in them; and any sum or sums of money, not to make good exceeding forty-nine thousand five hundred fifty-eight pounds. the deficiency one shilling, and fix pence, to make good the deficiency of the half subsidies of tonnage and poundage, charged with the payand poundage ment of feveral annuities by the acts made in the fixth year of the reign of Queen Anne, and the fixth year of the reign of King George the First, to satisfy all annuities charged thereupon

48,8911. 14s. to the fifth day of January, one thousand seven hundred and and to make fixty-three; and any fum or fums of money, not exceeding good the defi forty-eight thousand eight hundred ninety-one pounds, fourteen July, 1762, of shillings, and eleven pence, to replace to the finking fund the the duties on like fum paid out of the same to make good the deficiency on the fifth day of July, one thousand seven hundred and sixtytwo, of the feveral rates and duties unon offices and pensions, and upon houses, and upon windows or lights, which were made a fund by an act passed in the thirty-first year of the reign of his late Majesty, for paying annuities at the bank of England in respect of five millions borrowed towards the supply granted for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and fifty-eight; and any fum or fums of money, not exceeding make good the twenty-fix thousand seven hundred and ten hounds, to replace to the finking fund the like fum paid out of the fame to make good the deficiency on the fifth of January, \ ne thousand seven tional duty on hundred and fixty-two, of the additional lluty upon strong beer and ale, to answer and pay the several annuities of three pounds per centum per annum, and one pound, two shillings, and fix pence per centum, on eleven millions four hundred thousand pounds, part of twelve millions, borrowed towards the fupply granted to his Majesty by an act inade in the first year of his Majesty's reign, for the service of the year one thousand seven 7,1511 95 1d. hundred and fixty-one; and any fum or fums of money, not exceeding feven thousand one hundred fifty-one pounds, nine

rq to make good the de-

tillings, and one penny farthing, to make good the deficiency sciency of the of the grants for the service of the year one thousand seven grants for the hundred and fixty-two.

/ XVI. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority afore- These aids to said. That the said aids and supplies provided as aforesaid, shall be applied to not be iffued or applied to any use, intent, or purpose whatso no other uses. ever, other than the uses and purposes before mentioned, or for the several deficiencies or other payments directed to be fatisfied thereout by any act or acts, or any particular clause or clauses for that purpose contained in any other act or acts of this present

fession of parliament.

XVII. And, as to the faid fum of thirty-three thousand three hundred fifty-one pounds, seventeen shillings and fix pence, and eighty-eight thousand seven hundred and four pounds. three thillings, and four pence, by this act appropriated, on account of half-pay as aforefaid, it is hereby enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That the rules herein after prescribed, shall be duly observed in the application of the said half-pay; that is to fay, That no person shall have or receive Rules to be any part of the same who was a minor, and under the age of observed in fixteen years at the time when the regiment, troop, or compa-the application ny, in which he ferved, was reduced; that no person shall of the halfhave or receive any part of the same, except such person who did actual fervice in fome regiment, troop, or company; that no perion having any other place or employment of profit, civil or military, under his Majesty, shall have or receive any part of the faid half-pay; that no chaplain of any garrison or regiment, who has any ecclefialtical benefice in Great Britain or Ireland, shall have or receive any part of the said half-pay; that no perion shall have or receive any part of the same, who has refigned his commission, and has had no commission since; that no part of the faire shall be allowed to any person by virtue of any warrant or appointment, except to such persons as would have been otherwise intitled to the same as reduced officers; and that no part of the same shall be allowed to any of the officers of the five regiments of dragoons, and eight regiments of foot lately disbanded in Ireland, except to such as were lately taken off the establishment of half-pay in Great Britain.

XVIII. And thereas by an act of parliament made and Clause in the passed in the second year of his present Majesty's reign, inti-act of a Geo. tuled, An act for habling his Majesty to raise the sum of one million, 3. for the uses and purposes therein mentioned; and for further appropriating the supplies granted in this session of parliament; and for allosving time for the payment of the stamp duties omitted to be paid upon admissions into corporations or companies, and appointments to offices therein; and for the relief of William Earle, in respect of a quantity of white falt lost by the wreck of a ship near the harbour of Dublin; the several supplies which had been granted to his present Majesty, as is therein mentioned, were appropriated to the feveral uses and purposes therein expressed, amongst which. any fum or fums not exceeding thirty-four thousand three hun-

[1762

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dred and eighty-three pounds, was appropriated to be paid to the reduced officers of his Majesty's land forces and marries, fubject nevertheless to such rules to be observed in the application of the faid half-pay, as in and by the aforefaid act were prescribed in that behalf: Now it is hereby provided, enacted, and Application of declared by the authority aforefaid, That so much of the faid the favings of fum of thirty-four thousand three hundred eighty-three pounds. as is or shall be more than sufficient to satisfy the said reduced officers, according to the rules prescribed by the said act to be observed in the application thereof, or any part of such overplus, shall and may be disposed of to such officers who are maimed. or have loft their limbs in the late wars, or fuch others as by reason of their long service, or otherwise, his Majesty shall

judge to be proper objects of charity, or to the widows or children of fuch officers, according to fuch warrant or warrants. under his Majesty's royal fign manual, as shall be signed in that

the fum of 34,383l.granted last session towards halfpay.

> behalf; any thing in this act or the faid former act to the contrary notwithstanding.

> XIX. And whereas by the definitive treaty of peace between his Majesty and the crowns of France and Spain, ratified the tenth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and fixtythree, the islands of Guadeloupe, Marie Galante, Definale, Martimes, and Goree, are ceded to France, and all that his Majesty had conquered in the island of Cuba is ceded to Spain, and the term of eighteen months to be computed from the day of the ratification of the faid treaty, is thereby allowed to British subjects to transport their effects from those islands: And whereas the produce of those places imported into this kingdom, after the restitution thereof to France and Spain, will be subject to higher duties than they were liable to, during the time they remained in his Majesty's possession: Togethe end therefore that his Majesty's subjects, having effects in the places before mentioned, may have all due encouragement and opportunity to bring the same from thence; be it enacted by the authority aforetaid, That it shall and may be lawful for any of his Majefly's subjects, to import into this kingdom at any time before the first day of November, one thousand seven hundred and fixtyfour, and no longer, in British thips navigated according to law, directly from the places before mentioned, any goods or effects being the growth or produce thereof pspectively, upon payment of such and the like customs and duties only, as would be due and payable for the fame, if fush places had remained and were in the possession of his Majesty; any law, custom, or usage, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Any goods or effects, being the growth or produce of any of the illands ceded by the definitive treaty of to March, 1764, to the crowns of France and

Spain, may be imported by British subjects, in British ships. at any time before 1 Nov.

1763, paying common duties.

#### CAP. XVIII.

An all for granting to his Majesty a certain sum of money out of the finking fund; and for applying certain monies remaining in the exchequer for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and sixty-three.

Most Gracious Sovereign.

E, your Maiesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons Preamble. of Great Britain, in parliament affembled, towards raifing the necessary supplies which we have chearfully granted to your Majesty in this session of parliament, have resolved to give and grant to your Majesty the sums herein after-mentioned; and do therefore most bumbly bejeech your Mujefty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this prefent parliament affembled, and by the authority of the tame, That by or out of fuch monies as shall, from Towards raiftime to time, be and remain in the receipt of the exchequer, of ing the supthe furpluiles, excelles, overplus momes, and other revenues, there may be composing the fund commonly called The Junking fund, after pay- island out of ing or referving fufficient to pay all fuch fums of money as have the finking been directed by any former act or acts of parliament to be paid tund, a fum out of the fame, there shall and may be issued and applied, for 2,000,000 l. and towards making good the supply granted to his Majesty for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and fixtythree, a fum not exceeding two millions; and the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, or any three or more of them now being, or the high treasurer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treatury for the time being, are hereby authorized and impowered to iffue and apply the fame accord-

ingly. II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, 47,120 1. 98. That the fum of forty feven thousand one hundred and twenty 6 d. surplus pounds, nine thillings, and fix pence, remaining in the receipt remaining in the excheof exchequer, being the furplus of the feveral duties upon quer, of the beer and ale, granted by an act made in the first year of his duties on beer Majesty's reign, after satisfying all charges and incumbrances and ale; thereupon, to the 4th day of January, one thousand seven hun-and such part dred and fixty-three; and also such part of the sum of twenty of the sum of thousand pounds; anted to his Majesty in the last session of par- 20,000 l. liament, upon account, towards defraying the charge of the granted in the pay of the militia of that part of Great Britain called England, towards pay when unembodied, and of the cloathing of the part of the faid of the unemmilitia then unembodied, for one year, beginning the twenty-bodied milififth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and sixty-two, tia, as shall be as shall remain in the receipt of the exchequer after the said unapplied. charges are fatisfied, shall and may be, in like manner, issued and applied at the faid receipt, for and towards the faid supply.

III. And

Clause of loan

III. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforeated for raising the That in case the said commissioners of his Majesty's treating ofs,000,000 l. or any three or more of them now being, or the high treasurer. or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, shall think it advisable to raise the said sum of two millions, or any part thereof, by loans of exchequer bills. in manner herein after-mentioned, that it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or persons, natives or foreigners. bodies politick or corporate, to advance or lend to his Majesty, at the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer, any sum or sums of money not exceeding the faid fum of two millions, upon the credit of the faid furplusses, excesses, and overplus monies, or other revenues composing the finking fund, and to have and receive interest for the forbearance of the money lent, so as such loans be allowed to be made by the faid commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them now being, or the high treasurer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, who are hereby authorized to iffue their warrants for that purpole, as fast as such loans shall be wanted for the publick service; and moreover, that no money to be lent upon the security of this act, shall be rated or affessed to any tax or affessiment whatsoever. IV. And be it further enacted, That all and every person

or persons who shall lend any money upon the credit of this act

as aforesaid, and pay the same into the receipt of the exchequer,

Tallies of loan may be ftruck for the same.

Orders to be

shall immediately have a tally of loan struck for the same, and an order for his, her, or their repayment, bearing the same date with his, her or their tally, in or upon which order shall be also contained a warrant for payment of interest for the forbearance thereof, and to be paid every three months, until the repayment of the principal; and all fuch orders for repayment of money, registered and so to be lent, shall be registered in course, according to the dates paid in course. respectively; and that all and every person and persons shall be paid in course, according as their orders shall stand registered in the faid register books, so as the person or persons, natives or foreigners, his, her, or their executors, administrators, or affigns, who shall have his, her, or their order or orders first entered in the faid books of register, shall be taken and accounted to be the first person or persons to be paid out of the said surplusses, excesses, or other revenues; and he, she, or they, who shall have his, her, or their order or orders next entered, shall be taken and accounted to be the second personato be paid, and so fuccessively and in course; and that the mories to come in of or for the faid furplusses, excesses, and overplus monies, or other revenues composing the sinking fund, as aforesaid, shall be in the same order liable to the satisfaction of the said respective persons, and body or bodies politick or corporate, their executors, administrators, successors, or assigns respectively, without any undue preference of one before another, and not otherwife; and shall not be diverted or divertible to any other use, intent, or purpose whatsoever (other than such uses and purpoles

is as are appointed by the other add or parliament in distinctualf as aforelaid); and that no fee, reward, or gratuity, No fee to be directly or indirectly, thall be demanded or taken of any of his paid for regionally or indirectly, thall be demanded or taken of any find house fiering, &c. Majesty's subjects, for providing or making of any such books or registers, or any entries, views, or fearches, in or for payment of money lent, or the interest thereof, as aforesaid, by any of his Majesty's officer or officers, their clerks or deputies, on pain of payment of treble damages to the party grieved, by the party offending, with full colls of fuit; or if the officer hamself take or demand any such fee or reward, then to lose his place also; and if any undue preference of one before ano- Penalty of ther shall be made either in point of registry or payment, con- undue pretrary to the true meaning of this act, by any such officer or offi- ference; cers, then the party offending shall be liable by action of debt. or on the case, to pay the value of the debt, with full costs of fuit, to the party grieved, and thall be forejudged of his place or office; and if any such preference be unduly made by any his deputy or clerk, without direction or privity of his mafter, then such deputy or clerk only shall be liable to such action. debt, damages, and costs, and shall be for ever after incapable of his office or place: And in case the auditor of the receipt shall not direct the faid orders of loan, or the clerk of the pells record, or the teller make payment upon such orders, according to each person's due place and order, as before directed; then he or they shall be adjudged to forfeit, and the respective deputies and clerks, therein offending, to be liable to such action, debt, damages, and costs, in such manner as aforesaid: All how to be rewhich faid penalties, forfeitures, damages, and costs, to be in-covered. curred by any the officers of the exchequer, or any their depu-ties or clerks, shall and may be recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster; wherein no essoin, protection, privilege, wager of law, injunction, or order of restraint, shall be in any wife granted or allowed.

V. Provided always, and it is declared. That if it shall hap- It shall be pen that several tallies of loan, or orders for payment, as afore- undue prefefaid, bear date, or be brought the same day to the auditor of the rence, where receipt to be registered, then it shall be interpreted no undue tallies are preference, which of those be entered first, so as he enters them dated, or brought the

all the same day.

VI. Provided alf. That it shall not be interpreted any unnor if subseque preference, to incur any penalty in point of payment, if quent orders the auditor direct, and the clerk of the pells record, and the be paid before tellers do pay subsequent orders to persons that come and de-such as were mand their monies, and bring their orders, before other persons not demanded that did not come to take their monies, and kning their professions. that did not come to take their monies, and bring their orders in course; so as there be so much money reserved as will satisfy precedent orders; which shall not be otherwise disposed of, but kept for them; interest upon loan being to cease from the time the money is so reserved and kept in bank for them.

Vol. XXV. VII. And

fame day;

Orders affirm able toties aunties.

VIL And he is further conclude, That all and every person and persons to whom any money shall be due, for loans to be i registered by virtue of this act, after order entered in the bank of register as aforefaid, his, her, or their executors, administrators, or assigns, by proper words of assignment to be indorfed and written upon his, her, or their order, may affigue and transfer his, her, or their right, title, interest, and beneat of fuch order, to any other; which being notified in the office of the auditor of the receipt aforefaid, and an entry or memorial thereof also made in the book of register aforesaid for orders (which the officers shall upon request, without see or charge, accordingly make) shall institle such assignee, his, her, or their executors, administrators, successors, and assigns, to the benefit thereof, and payment thereon; and, such assignee may, in like manner, affign again, and so toties quoties; and afterwards it shall not be in the power of such person or persons who have or hath made such affignment, to make void, release or discharge the fame, or any monies thereby due, or any part thereof.

VIII. And to the end there may be no want or failure of a certain fum not to exceed in the whole the faid fum of two millions, to be raifed, either by such loans as aforesaid, or by issuing exchequer bills, as is herein aftermentioned, or by both or either of those ways or means, for the publick service; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in case the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, or any three or more of them now being, or the high treasurer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, shall judge it more advisable to raise the said sum of two millions. the fand fum or or any part thereof, by exchequer bills, instead of such loans as aforefaid, that then they respectively are hereby authorized and impowered, at any time or times, to prepare and make, or cause to be prepared and made, at the exchequer, any number of new make out any exchequer bills, for any fum or fums of money, not exceeding in the whole the faid fum of two millions, together with fuch loans aforefaid, in the fame or like manner, form, or order, and according to the same or like rules and directions, as in like manner in and by a certain act of this pretent fethon of parliament, inand form as is tituled, An act for continuing and granting to his Majesty certain the malt act of duties upon malt, mum, cyder, and perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and sixty-three, an enacted and prescribed, concerning the exchequer bills to belimade in pursuance

able to raife any part thereof by exchequer bills, they may mumber of new exche. quer bills for the fame, prefcribed by this felsion.

Commission-

fury, it they

Thall think it

more advite-

ers of the trea-

Clauses in the ing to exche-🊁 **ten**ded to those to be made out in purfuance of this act,

of the faid act. IX. And he it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, faid act relat That all and every the clauses, provisoes, powers, privileges, quer bills, ex. advantages, penalties, forfeitures, and difabilities, contained in the faid last mentioned act, relating to the loans or exchequer bills, authorized to be made by the fame act (except fuch clauses as do charge the same on the taxes granted by the same act, and except fuch clauses as limit the rate of interest to be paid for the forbearance of money lent on the credit of the faid act) shall be applied

applied and extended to the outhouse bills to be paid in parfarnce of this act, as fully and effectually to all intents and purpofes as if the faid exchequer bills had been originally authorized by the faid last mentioned act, or as if the faid several ciauses or provisoes had been particularly repeated and re en-

acted in the body of this prefent act.

X. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid. That all The find bills. the exchequer bills is shall be made in pursuance of this act, and mum, and the interest, premium, rate, and change incident to, or at charges, pay-tending the same, shall be, and are hereal, charged and charge-able out of the able upon, and shall be repaid and borne by and out of the finking fund. growing produce of the faid furpluffes, excelles, and overplus monies, or other revenues, composing the finking fund (except fuch monies of the faid finking fund as are appropriated to any particular uie or uses by any former or other act or acts of parhament in that behalf) and fuch monies of the faid finking fund shall and may be issued and applied as soon as the same can be regularly stated and ascertained, for and towards the paying off, cincelling, and discharging, such exchaquer bills, interest, premium, rate, or charges, until the whole of them shall be paid off, cancelled, and discharged, or money sufficient for that purpose be kept and reserved in the exchequer, to be payable on demand to the respective proprietors thereof

XI And he it declared and further enacted by the authority The bank into aforefuld, That it shall and may be lawful for the governor and powered toadcompany of the bank o England, to advance or le id to his Ma in it, on the jefty in like mann r at the receipt of the exchequer, upon the hand credit of loin rant divid sail, any fum of tums of manes in critums not exceeding in the whole the fam of two millions, any thing not exceeding in an a t made in the bith and fixth years of the reign of King 2 ool Will, im and Queen Mer, I tituled, An act fr grin ng to their W & M not-M lest cultates and du e upon tonnage f sh ps at besse, withflanding. and ut n l cr, ali, and other l quot, for fecus no estimateiontine and are ntages in the full act men sered, to fuel persons as Shall " oluntarily 2 12 ance the Jum of one mil ion had lundred the u and pounds tow ris corrupte on the a raginst Trance, to the con-

trary exercof in any wife notwithstanding

CAP XIX.

An all for the riore easy and speedy recovery of small dibts within the Aindreds of Bradford, Mclksham, and Whorlsdown in the county of Wilts.

### CAP XX.

An all for permitting the importation, from Ireland, of stale and dirty butter, not fit for cating, commonly called grease butter.

THEREAS flet and Iry butter n t f for eating, called Preamble. grease butter, is an escential ingred ent in the manufi ury of wasles cloth, commonly called broad and narrow buys, seed is curried Z 2

carried on to a great extent. And whereas from the scarcity of the faid ingredient, the faid manufactury is, at prefent, greatly diffreffed, and is in danger of being reduced, and the exportation of fuch goods greatly lessened And whereas the permitting the importation, from Ireland, of fuch greafe butter, will be adventageous to the faid mafactury, and of great publick utility, be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament seembled, and by the authority of the fame. That from and arter the passing of this act, the importation of greafe but- of stale and dirty butter, not fit to eat, called greafe butter, ter permitted from Ireland, shall be, and is he eby permitted, allowed, and from Ireland, authorized, for and during the term of five years from thence duty free, for next enfuing, and from thence to the end of the then next feffion of parliament, and that all persons shall be, and are hereby exempted, freed, and discharged, from the payment of all fubfidies, customs, rates, duties, or other impositions, and also from all penalties, forfeitures, payments, and punishments. for or upon account of importing or bringing into any port within the kingdom of Great Br tain, stale and duty butter not fit for eating, commonly called greafe butter, from Irelard, during the term aforesaid, provided such butter, and the package and quantity thereof, shall be duly entered at the custom house

apon duly en tering the same at the

**Importation** 

the term of

s years,

Where any within the meaning of this act. 2 Justices of hear and de termine the matte, in 3 by inspection tion of perions on oath, in to,

cultom house at any such port. II And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That shall be leized, in case any such grease butter shall be stopped or seized by any of as not coming the officers of his Majesty's customs at such port, under pretence of its being fit to eat, or otherwise, as not coming within the intent and meaning of this act, it shall be lawful for any two justices of the peace for the county, district, or division, where the peace may the same shall be stopped or served, and such justices are hereby authorized and required, within fourteen days after application made to them for that purpole, to hear and determine the iummary way, matter in a fuminary way, and, for that purpole, to inipect, if they think fit, the butter in question, and also to call before and examina them, and examine on oath, any two reputable persons, dealers in butter, one whereof shall be allowed to be chosen?; the relation there importer or proprietor, and the other by the officer or other perfon so stopping or seizing such grease butter, and also such other witheffes as thall be defired by either party, and the determina tion of the faid justices therein, shall be binding and conclusive to and upon all parties, wherein no i mai thall be allowed

III. And be it further enacted by the authority atoresaid, I hat if any action or fuit shall be commenced against any person or persons for any thing done in puritiance of this act, the defendant or detendants in any fuch action or fuit, may pead the General affue general affue, and me this act, and the free al matter in evidence, at any trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in purluance and by the authority of this act, and it it shall appear to to have been done, the jury shill find for the defundant or detend int and it il a pluitiff thall be nonfuited,

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Missiontique his action, after the defendant or defendants shall have appeared, or if judgment shall be given upon any verdict or demurrer against the plaintiff, the defendant or defendants Treble coffs. shall and may recover treble costs, and have the like remedy for the fame, as any defendant or defendants hath or have in other cafes by law.

# CAP. XXI.

An all for explaining, amonding, and rendering more effectual, an all made in the nincteenth year of the reign of King Henry the Seventh, intituled, "Silk works."

[ ] HEREAS by an act passed in the nuncteenth year of the Preamble, rereign of King Henry the Seventh, intituled, "Silk works," citing clause it is, amongst other things, ordained and enacted, That no manner of in act 19 Hen. person shall from thence so th bring, or cause to be brought, into the 7. realm of England, to be fold, any manner of jek rerought by refelf, or with any other fluff, in any place out of the faid realm, in ribbinds, laces, or girdles, upon pain of forfature of all the laid ribbands, laces, and girdles, and every of them, in whose hands sorver they be found, or the values of the same, the one mosely to the Kirg, and the other moiety unto any of the King's subjects that would sue for the same And whereas notwithstanding the atmessed act, and the other laws now in being, great quantities of foreign manufactures, and particularly rill rids, luces, and gridles, are brought into, and fold in this kingdom, to the great diminution of the trade and manufactures of this kingdom, and to the great prejude is hindrance, and impoverishment, of great numbers of his Majesty's subjects, an exil which, if not timely prevented, will effect and greatly liflen the pubhe revenue, and greatly diffeels the filk trade and manufactures of this kirgiom. For remedy whereof, be it enacted by the King's most excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the fame, That Foreign file if any person or persons shall, after the twenty-fourth day of ribbands, Tune, one thousand seven hundred and fixty three, import, laces, or bring, or convey, or cause to be imported, brought, or convey- gurdles, imed, into this kingdom, any ribbands, laces, or guidles, not ported, made and martifactured in Great Britum, whether the same be wrought of fill alone, or wrought of filk mixed with any other are forfeitmaterials, all Juch ribbands, laces, and girdles, shall be, and able, and may the same are hereby declared to be forfeited, and the same shall be seized by and may be locked and detained by any person or persons what- any person, foever, in whatever importers, venders, or retailers hands the same may be found or discovered, and shall be disposed of as herein after is mentioned, and the person or persons bringing, and the imconveying or importing fuch ribbands, laces, or guidles, into porter forteits this kingdom, or cauting the fame to be to brought, conveyed, also too i. or imported, shall also torfeit, for every offence, the sum of one hundred pounds, and all and every perion and persons who and all pershall be aiding, abetting, or affishing in the bringing and con tons if thing

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therein, 501. each :

yeying or importing into this kingdom, any fuch ribbands. laces. or girdles, as aforefaid, shall severally forfeit and pay the sum of fifty pounds, over and above any interest which he, the, or they may have, or may have had, in any such ribbands. laces. or girdles.

and the venders, ictailers, and perfons concealing the same, forfeit, besides the loss of the goods, 50 l.

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cutor,

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforelaid, That all and every person and persons, being a vender or venders. retailer or retailers, of any kind of ribbands, laces, or girdles, respectively, in whose custody or possession any such ribbands laces, or girdles, or any of them, shall be found, or who shall fell or expose to sale, any such ribbands, laces, or girdles, as aforefaid, or who shall conceal any such ribbands, laces, or girdles, with intent to prevent the forfeiture or feizure of the fame, shall, over and above the forfeiture and loss of such ribbands, laces, and girdles, and all interest which he, she, or they, may have therein, for every such offence, forfeit and pay the fum of fifty pounds.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. of the faid pe-That all pecuniary forfeitures and penalties incurred under this act, shall be paid, one moiety to our sovereign lord the King, and the other his heirs, and fuccessors, and the other moiety to him or them who will fue or profecute for the fame respectively; such of the faid penalties which shall arise in that part of Great Britain called to be recover-England, to be fued and profecuted for in any of his Majesty's the courts at courts of record at Westminster, by action of debt, bill, plaint, or information, in which no effoin, protection, or wager of law, or more than one imparlance, shall be allowed; and such of them as shall arise in that part of Great Britain called Scotland, or Exchequer to be fued and profecuted for in the court of Exchequer at Edin*burgh*, in fuch manner as any penalties and forfeitures for offences against the laws touching the customs may be sued or prosecuted for there respectively.

in Scotland.

Where the value of the goods fo feir-ed out of Lonminster, do not exceed 30l.

Two justices may proceed to condemnation, or difcharge thereor.

IV. Provided always, and be it also further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That whenever such ribbands, laces, and girdles, shall be found and seized in that part of Great Britain don and West called England, and out of the cities of London and West manifer, and the limits of the weekly bills of mortality, and the same shall not exceed in value the sum of twenty pounds, it shall and may be lawful for two or more of his Majefty s justices of the peace for fuch county, city, borough, or place, where the fame thall be fo found and feized, upon any information before them, that fuch ribbands, laces, or girdles, were feized as ribbands, laces, or girdles, unduly brought into, and not manufactured within, this kingdom, to hear and determine the fame, and to proceed to condemnation or discharge thereof, as shall seem just; any thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And, for the utter prevention of all and every fuch ribbands, laces, and girdles, feized and condemned as aforefaid, from ever being made use of to the prejudice of the trade and manufactures of this kingdom, be it further enacted by the

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authority aforefaid, That all and every fuch ribbands, laces, After conand girdles, after condemnation thereof, shall, by order of the demnation the court, judge or judges, or justices, where or before whom such burnt. condemnation shall be had, be publickly burnt and entirely de- suspending the Aroyed; but the execution of such order shall, and may be suf- execution pended for fo long time only as may be thought just and meet, thereof only for the better attaining the ends of justice, with regard to any the process fuit or profecution had, or to be had, for the recovery of any natries.

ecuniary penalty or penalties by this act inflicted.

VI. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the The goods. authority aforesaid, That forthwith, after the seizure of any after hizure, fuch ribbands, laces, or girdles, as aforefaid, the fame, until to be deposit-they shall be condemned, burnt, and destroyed, as aforefaid, demnation, or or discharged as unduly seized, shall be deposited in one of the ducharge, in King's ware-houses belonging to the custom-house, in case such the King's feizure happens to be within the cities of London or Wellminfler, ware houses, or the weekly hills of mortality, where the large thall be recent or the weekly bills of mortality, where the faine shall be receive he made withed and admitted at all times by the proper officer or officers in the bills of there, who is and are hereby impowered and required to re-mortalny, ceive and preserve the same until they shall be condemned, burnt, and defroyed, or discharged as aforesaid; and in case it elsewhere, fuch feizure shall be made out of the said cities of London and then in the hand of the Westminster, and the weekly bills of mortality, then the same chief magishall be deposited in the hands of the chief magistrate of such strate, city, town, or place, where the fame shall be seized, or in the hands of the constable of the next adjacent village, who is and or constable; are hereby impowered and required to receive and preserve the fame, until they shall be condemned, burnt, and destroyed, or discharged as aforesaid; and all and every such ribbands, laces, and to be free and girdles, may, from time to time, be viewed and inspected to inspection, by any perion or perions, on behalf of the profecutor or pro-court, Sec. fecutors, or of the person or persons interested in, or claiming, the faid ribbands, laces, and girdles, with the leave of the court, officers, judges, or justices, where or before whom any profecution or fuit shall be carried on for condemnation thereof, or for recovery of any penalty by this act inflicted, who are and is hereby required to make and give fuch order, from time to time, for that prepole, as may be just and reason; ble.

VII. And, for the better discovering and detecting any offender or offenders against this act, be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, I hat upon an information in writing made upon Upon inforoath before any two or more of his Mujefly's justices of the mation given peace for the respective county, or place (which information before 2 juthall be signed by the party or parties making the fame) that flices, fearth there is good ground and reason to suspect that such ribbands, warrants may laces, or girdles, as aforefaid, have been imported into this be granted; kingdom, and are concealed by, or are in the policilion or cuflody of any retailer or feller of any kind of ribbands, laces, or girdles, contrary to the true intent of this act, it thall and may be lawful for fuch justices respectively, to issue their warrant or warrants to any constable or constables, or other peace

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officer or officers, within the faid county or place, impowering him or them to fearch, in the day-time, the house or houses. out-house or out-houses, ware-houses, shops, cellars, rooms, and other places, belonging to, or hired, employed, or made use of, by such retailer or seller who shall be suspected to conceal or have in his, her or their possession or custody, any ribbands, laces, or girdles, not made or manufactured within Great Britain; and if any such ribbands, laces, or girdles, not being made or manufactured within Great Britain, shall be found, to seize and carry away the same, for the purpose of carrying this act into execution, and to dispose thereof as is herein before directed.

and feizure made of fuch goods as shall thereupon be found.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,

That if any action or fuit shall be commenced against any perfon or persons for any thing done in pursuance of this act, the defendant or defendants in such action or suit, may plead the General iffue, general iffue, and give this act, and the special matter, in evidence, at any trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done by the authority of this act; and if it shall appear to have been so done, then the jury shall find for the defendant or defendants; and if the plaintiff shall be nonsuited, or discontinue his action, after the defendant or defendants shall have appeared; or if judgment shall be given upon any verdict or demurrer against the plaintiff, the defendant or defendants shall recover treble costs, and have the like remedy for the same, as defend-

Treble cofts.

Defendant, with leave, may pay money into court.

ants have in other cases by law. IX. Provided always nevertheless, and it is hereby enacted. That in every such action, it shall and may be lawful for the defendant or defendants, by leave of the court where such action shall be depending, at any time before issue joined, to pay into court such sum of money as he or they shall see fit, as amends for the matter or cause complained of in such action; whereupon such proceedings, orders, and judgments, shall and may be had, made, and given, in and by fuch court, as in other actions where the defendant is allowed to pay money into

In doubts ith respect to the place where the goods were manufactured, the one" prohandi to lie on the perion in whole cu-Rody they are tound.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any ribbands, laces, or girdles, wrought of filk alone, or of filk mixed with any other materials shall be seized by virtue and in pursuance of this act, and any doubt or question shall afterwards arise, where the said ribbands, laces, or girdles, so wrought as aforesaid, were manufactured, the proof shall lie upon such person or persons, being a vender or venders, retailer or retailers, of any kind of ribbands, laces, or girdles, respectively, in whose custody or possession the same were found, and not upon the profecutor or profecutors, plaintiff or plaintiffs; and in case no such proof shall be given, that such ribbands, laces, and girdles, were manufactured within Great Britain, then the same shall, without any further proceeding, be taken and held to have been manufactured out of Great Britain, and

contrary

contrary to, and in violation of, this act; any law or cuftom

to the contrary notwithstanding.

XI. Provided always, and it is hereby declared, That if any Persons in fuch person or persons, in whose custody or possession any such whose custody sibbands, laces, or girdles, as aforefaid, shall be seized by virtue shall be seized and in pursuance of this act (such person or persons not im- (not importing or concealing the fame) shall discover, upon eath, be-porting or fore any one or more justice or justices of the peace, the person concealing or persons who sold such ribbands, laces, or girdles, to such the same disperion or perions, in whole custody or possession the same shall covering the be seized, so as that such person or persons so selling the same shall or may be prosecuted and convicted according to the intent of this act, as the seller thereof, in case the same shall be, or be taken and held to be, within the intent and meaning of this act, manufactured out of Great Britain; such person or are discharged persons so discovering as aforesaid, shall be, and is and are here- from the peby freed and discharged of and from all and every penalties and nalty themforfeitures by this act inflicted, upon all and every person and persons being a vender or venders, a retailer or retailers, having in their custody or possession, any such ribbands, laces, or girdles, as aforefaid, not made or manufactured in Great Britain, and of and from any proof that fuch ribbands, laces, or girdles, fo seized as aforesaid, are manufactured in Great Britain.

XII. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted by the The wearers authority aforesaid, That nothing in this act contained, shall of such ribextend, or be in any wife construed to extend, to subject any bands, laces, person or persons whatsoever, who shall wear or make use of or gudles, are fuch ribbands, laces, or girdles, as aforefaid, as part of his, her, from all foror their apparel or dress only, to any forfeiture, or to any pecu-feiture and niary penalty or penalties inflicted by this act, or to any proof penalty. that fuch ribbands, laces, or girdles, are manufactured within

Great Britain.

### CAP. XXII.

An act for the further improvement of his Majesty's revenue of stoms; and for the encouragement of officers making feizures; and for prevention of the clandestine running of goods into any part of his Majesty's dominions.

THEREAS by an act paffed in the twelfth year of the reign of Preamble, re-VV his late Majesty King George the First, intituled, An act citing clause for the improvement of his Majesty's revenues of customs, ex- in act 12 G. 3. cife, and inland duties, the commissioners of those revenues are respectively improvered and directed to cause all tea, coffee, foreign brandy, rum, or other foreign exciseable liquors, which shall be sized by any officers of the customs or excise, after condemnation, to be publickly fold to the best bidder, at such places as the said commissioners shall think proper; and to allow the officers making such seizures, for their encouragement, one third part of the full fum arising from the publick fale of all fuch tea, coffee, foreign brandy, rum, or other exsifeable liquors, free from all charges of andenmation and fale; and to caule

saufe the remaining part of the produce of fuch fales, after paying the reward to the officer, and the charges of condemnation and fale for huch feizures, to be paid into the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer, in lieu of his Majesty's moicty, as was then practised: and whereas by several subsequent acts of parliament, one moiety of all fines, penalties, and forfeitures, imposed by an act relating to the duties of excise, or any other duty under the management of the commissioners of that revenue. is given to his Majesty, his heirs, and successors, and the other moiets to him or them who shall discover, inform, or sue for the same; the purluance of which laws the officers of excise seizing any of the commidities herein, before enumerated, have been allowed a moiety thereof; but the provisions in those subsequent laws, not extending to such leizures when made by officers of the customs, they have hitherto been allowed only one third of the produce thereof, pursuant to the directions of the before-recited att of the twelfth of George the First: and whereas the power given by the faid recited att to the respective commissioners of the customs and excise, to cause the goods therein enumerated to be publickly fold, has been found very advantageous to the revenue: and if the like power was extended in general to all forts of goods, it would prevent many frauds, and illicit combinations prattifed by bidders in the court of Exchequer, to the great detriment of the publie revenue and the fair trader: and whereas, it is highly reasonable and just, as well as of public utility, that the officers of the customs and excife should have equal encouragament to be vigilant in the exertion of their duty, to suppress the pernicious practice of smuggling; to which end, may it therefore please your Majesty, that it way be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the first day of May, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-three, it shall and may be lawful to and for the commissioners of his Majesty's customs, to cause all ships, vessels, and boats, and all goods of what publickly fold, kind foever they may be (excepting only fuch vessels, boats, after condem- and goods, as are by law liable to be burnt) which shall be best hidder, at seized by any officers of the customs, for unlawful importation, fuch places as or for non-payment of duties, or for any other cause of forfeiture, and condemned according to law, to be fold publickly to the best bidder, at such places as the said commissioners shall think proper; and all and every officer who shall seize such goods, shall, for his and their encouragement, be allowed by the faid commissioners, one moiety of the net produce arising by the fale of fuch seizure, after deducting the charges of condemnation and fale from the whole; and the faid commissioners shall cause the other moiety thereof to be paid into the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer, in lieu of his Majesty's share thereof (excepting in those cases which are otherwise provided for by this act) any law, custom, or using, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Veffels or goods feized by the officers of the cuftoms, to he the commisfioners of the cultoms shall think proper. One moiety of the produce to go to the faid officers; and the other to be paid into the exchequer.

> II. Provided always, and it is hereby declared and enacted by the authority aforefaid, That after deducting the charges of condemn

condemnation and fale from the gross produce of all wroughs Officers to be filkst bengals, and stuffs, mixed with filk or herba of the manu- allowed, atter facture of Persia, China, or East India, and all callicoes, painted, deducted, two dyed, printed, or stained there, which shall be seized and con-third parts of demned in pursuance of an act passed in the eleventh and the produce twelfth years of the reign of the late King William the Third, upon wrought intimled An act for the more effectival employing the tage, by on files, bengals, (intituled An act for the more effectival employing the poor, by en-fluss mixed couraging the manufactures of this kingdom) the faid commissioners with silk or of the customs shall allow to the officer or officers who shall herba, of Perfeize the same, two third parts of such net produce, and cause sian or East feize the same, two third parts or luch net produce, and cause the remaining third part thereof to be paid into the receipt of Indian manufacture, and his Majesty's exchequer, and that for all wool, and any other callicoes, jeizof the species of goods enumerated in an act passed in the twelfth ed and conyear of the reign of his late majesty King George the Second demned in (intituled, An act for taking off the duties upon woolen and hay yarn act 1, 12, imported from Ireland to England, and for the more efficient pre- will. 1. venting the exportation of wood from Great Britain, and of wood, and the other wool manufactured, from Ireland to forcign parts, after deducting third to be the charges of condemnation and fale, the remainder of the proexchaquer;
duce shall be paid to the officer who shall seize the fame, in and upon fuch manner as by the faid act is directed; and that for all to-wool, and bacco, tobacco stalks, and fourf, which shall be burnt or de-other goods stroyed in pursuance of an act passed in the twenty-fourth year enumerated of the reign of his late majesty King George the Second (in the produce tituled. An att for the more effectual fecuring the duties upon tobacco) after all the officer or officers feiring the fame, shall be paid, in the charges, manner directed by that act, three pence for every pound and upon toweight of fuch tobacco and fnuff, and one penny for every pound fnuffs burnt, weight of tobacco flalks; and that for fuch tea as shall be burnt &c. purfuant or otherwise destroyed by order of the respective commissioners to act 24 Geo. of the customs or excise, pursuant to the laws now in being, the 2-3d. per lb. of the cultoms or excile, purliant to the laws now in being, the did to toofficers making the feizure, shall be rewarded in such manner bacco stalks, as the faid commissioners shall think proper, such reward not id, per lb. exceeding two shillings and fix pence for each pound weight of and tor tea fuch tea, in lieu of all other allowances; any thing in this or not exceeding fuch tea, in lieu of all other allowances; any thing in this or not exceeding fuch tea, in lieu of all other allowances; any thing in this or not exceeding fuch tea, in lieu of all other allowances; any thing in this or not exceeding fuch tea, in lieu of all other allowances; any thing in this or not exceeding fuch tea, in lieu of all other allowances; any thing in this or not exceeding fuch tea, in lieu of all other allowances. any other act to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted by the Where the authority aforefaid, That if the produce of any particular feizure, produce of fold in pursuance of this art, shall not be sufficient to answer the final not anexpences of condemnation and fale; or if upon the trial of any fwer the exfeizure, a verdict shall be given for the claimant, and the ship pences of conor goods shall not be condemned; in either of those cases, it demnation shall and may be fawful for the commissioners of his Majesty's or a verdict customs, to order the charges attending the seizing and profe- be given for cuting such ship or goods, to be paid out of any branch of the the claimant, revenue of the customs which is by law applicable to the pay- the charges ment of incidents; any thing in this or any other act of parlia- to be paid out

ment to the contrary notwithstanding.

applicable to incidents.

IV. And whereas for the more effectual prevention of the infamous practice of imuggling, it may be nevertary to employ

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of the revenue

with

The King to direct, by order of coun cil or procla mation how the share of fuch feiz ires as fhall le made by well fels in hi fervice, shall be divide la mongst ti e oshcers an 1 nien

Where any foreign | rin dy, arrack, rum, or other fpirits, not being for the flup s ule, shall le im ported, &c in any veilel of so tons or under, the with the vel fel and furni tuie shall be for ferte 1, and in like mainei, where my forts, tea, tob cco, to bacco stalk . or i uff are hable to f r sesture by ack g Gro or act 24 Gco the veffel on board which be found in

several of the ships and vessels of war belonging to his Majesty, his heirs, and successors, on the coasts of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the other dominions and colonies belonging to the crown of Great Britain, therefore for the better encourage. ment of all the officers and feamen employed in fuch fervice to do their duty therein, be it enacted by the authority aforefaid. That it shall and may be lawful to and for his Majesty, his heirs, and jucceffors, to direct and appoint the moiety herein before mentioned, or any other part of all and every the feizere and seizures that shall be made by such officers or scamen respectively, so employed as aforesaid, to be divided amongst all such officers and feamen of fuch thip or vessel of war, who shall make any such seizure as atoresaid, in such proportions, and in such minner, as his Majesty, his heirs, and successors, shall think fit to order and direct, by any order or orders of council, or by any proclamation or proclamations to be made or iffued, from time to time, for that purpose, and such moiety, or other part of the faid feizure or feizures, shall be so paid and divided to and amongst all the officers and seamen of such ship or vessel of war accordingly

And whereas the laws already made to prevent the clandefine importing and landing of foreign brandy, rum, ftrong water, or other spirits, tea, tobacco, tobacco stalks, and snuff, in small vessels, which hover upon the coasts of this kingdom, have been found infusficient for that purpose, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, I hat fro 1 and after the first day of June, one thousand seven hundred and inty-three, if any foreign brandy, arrack, rum, strong waters, or spirits of any kind whatsoever, shall be imported or brought into Great Britain, or into any poit, harbour, haven, or creek, thereof, in any ship, vessel, or boat, of the burthen of fifty tons, or under (except only for the use of the stamen then belonging to and on board fuch thip, veiled or boat, not exceeding two gallons for every such seaman) every such ship, vessel, or boat, with all her tackle, furniture, and apparel, and also all such brands, tune, together arrack, rum, strong waters, or spirits, or the value thereof, shall be forfested and lost, and where any brandy, asrack, rum, strong waters, or other spirits, or any tea, tobacco, tobacco stalks or stems stript from the leaf, or snuff, is or are liable to forfuture, by virtue of an act made in the ninth year of the reign of his late majesty Ling George the Second, inti tuled, An all for indimnifying person who have been guilty of of fences against the lives made for lecuring the it cause of customs and and exie, nd for enficing thele laws for the future, and by another a I made in the twenty fourth year of the reign of his faid late majesty King Gi re the Second, intituled, An act for the more effectual le uring the dut sufon tohuco, or either of them, for being found on board any tuch flap or vessel at anchor, or hovering within the limits of any of the ports of this kingdom, or within two leagues of the thore, as is particularly expressed in the in ne il il thoic acts it is hereby turther enacted, That in every fuch cafe the thip or vestel on board of which such goods shall be so found,

with all her tackle, furniture, and apparel, shall also be forfeited under so and loft, provided fuch ship or vessel doth not exceed the tons shall be

burthen of fifty tons.

VI. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority afore- and the veffaid, That every ship or vessel forfeited by this act, shall be feized selvered and profecuted, and after condemnation be burnt, destroyed, and condem or used in his Majesty's service by the officers of the customs or disposed of, as excise, and the tackle, furniture, and apparel, disposed of and vestels of 40 divided, and the tonnage, afcertained in the same manner as is tonsor under, directed by the laws now in force, with respect to vessels of forty importing tons or under, forfeited for importing foreign brandy or other foreign branfoirits.

VII. And it is also further enacted by the authority aforesaid. No writ of de-VII. And it is also further enacted by the authority aforefailed. That no writ of delivery shall be granted out of the court of livery to be iffued out of exchequer, for any ship, vessel, or boat, that is liable to be the exchequer burnt, destroyed, or used in his Majesty's service by virtue of for any such this act, or any other act relating to the customs or excise, un-vessel, unless less the officer seizing the same shall delay proceeding to the the officer detrial and condemnation thereof for the space of three terms; and ing to trial in that case, not without good security being given in double and condemthe appraised value of such ship, vessel, or boat, to return the nation three fame upon condemnation, in order to be burnt, destroyed, or terms used in his Majesty's service according to law.

her apparel; dy, &c.

and fecurity be given in

double the value, to return the vessel upon condemnation.

VIII. And whereas by an act passed in the eighth year of the Clauses in act reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, for granting to her Ma- 8 Ann. jesty new duties of excile, and upon several imported commo- and 10 & 16 dities; and by an other act passed in the sisteenth and sixteenth Geo. 2. years of the reign of his late majesty King George the Second, for further regulating the plantation trade, and several other purposes; is is amongst other things enacted, That every perfon, upon entry of any claim in the court where any prohibited or uncustomed goods, or any thip, vessel, or boat, shall be profecuted, shall be obliged to give security, in the penalty of thirty pounds, to answer and pay the costs occasioned by such claim; and in default of giving such security within the time limited by the course of that court for entering such claim, such goods, ships, vessels, or boats shall be recovered: and whereas many persons have, from the smallness of the penalty, been induced to enter groundless claims in fictitious names, with a view to put the officers of the revenue to vexatious trouble and delay, as well as to deter them from profecuting seizures legally made, by putting them to an extraordinary expence, oftentimes more than the value or the goods feized, which tends very much to the prejudice of the publick revenue, and to the discouragement of the officers thereof in the execution of their duty: to remedy therefore this inconvenience for the future, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the first day of May, Claimant, upone thousand seven hundred and fixty-three, every person, up- on entering on entry of any claim in the court where any goods, ships, ves- his claim, to

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costs;

and in devessel to be condemned.

Clauses in act c Geo. 1.

give security sels, or boats, shall be prosecuted, thall be obliged to give fein 60l. to pay curity, in the penalty of fixty pounds, to answer and pay the costs occasioned by such claim; and in default of giving such fecurity within the time limited by the course of that court for entering claims, such goods, ships, vessels, or boats, shall be adtault thereof, judged to be forfeited, and shall be condemned; any thing in the before recited acts, or any other act of parliament, to the contrary notwithstanding.

IX. And whereas, by certain clauses in an act made in the fifth year of the reign of his late majesty King George the Fifth. intituled, An act against clandestine running of uncustomed goods, and for the more effectual preventing of frauls relating to the customs: (which clauses have been continued by several subsequent acts) it was declared and enacted, That where any thip or veffel of the burthen of fifty tons, or under, laden with customable or prohibited goods, should be found hovering on the coasts of this kingdom within the limits of any port, and not proceeding on her voyage for foreign parts, or to some other port of this kingdom, wind and weather permitting, it should and might be lawful to and for any officer or officers of his Majesty's customs, to go on board every fuch ship or vessel, and to take an account of the lading, and to demand and take fecurity from the mafter, or other person having or taking the charge or command of fuch thip or veffel in that voyage, by his own bond by him to be entered into unto his Majesty, his heirs and succeffors, in such sum or sums or money as should be treble the value of fuch foreign goods then on board, with condition that fuch thip or veffel, as foon as wind and weather and the flate and condition of fuch thip or veffel permitted, thould and would proceed regularly on fuch voyage, and should land such foreign goods in and at some foreign port or ports; and if such master, or other person having or taking the charge or command of fuch thip or veffel, thould, upon fuch demand, refuse to enter into fuch bond, or, having entered into fuch bond, thould not depart or proceed regularly on fuch voyage as foon as wind and weather and the state and condition of such ship or vessel should permit, unless otherwise suffered to make a longer stay by the collector, or other principal officer in his absence, of such port where such thip or vessel should be, not exceeding twenty days, then, and in either of the faid cases, all the foreign goods fo on board fuch thip or veffel, thould and might, by any officer or officers of the customs, by direction of the collector, or other principal officer as aforefaid, be taken out of and from such ship or vettel, and forthwith brought on shore and secured; and in case the said goods were cultomable, the customs and other duties should be paid for the same: and as concerning wool, or any prohibited goods, or other goods hable to forfeiture, which might be found on board fuch thips or veticls at the time of their unlading as a orefaid, the fame were thereby declared to be subject to forfeiture, and the officers of the customs should and might profecute the same, as also the thip or vessel, in case

the should be liable to condemnation, as in the manner therein after mentioned; and that after such goods were so taken out of flich ship or vessel, and brought on thore and secured by such officer or officers, such bonds so to be given as aforesaid, thould be void and delivered up, without any fee or reward for tak ne or delivering up the same; and such bond, not being otherwise discharged, sliould, on a proper certificate, returned under the common feal of the chief magistrate in any place or places beyond the feas, or under the hands and feals of two known British merchants upon the place, that such goods were there landed, or upon proof by credible perfons, that fuch goods were taken by enemies, or perished in the feas (the examination and proof thereof being left to the judgment of the commissioners of the customs) should be vacated and discharged; and whereas the extending of the fald clauses to the rest of his Majesty's dominions, may be a means of preventing illicit trade; be it discuss, retherefore enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from and af meeting cufter the first day of July, one thousand seven hundred and fixty, towns or three, the faid claufes, and every part of them, shall be extend-prombited ed to all ships and vessels of the burthen of sitty tons, or under, board resels which shall be found hovering on the coasts of Ireland, or any of sections or other of his Majefty's dominions or territories belonging to the under, wand crown of Great Britain; and shall be of equal force in every hovering on the coasts by respect, in regard to all such ships and vessels found hovering on the coasts by any of the coasts aforesaid, as such clauses now me, or shall be of the construed to be, in regard to any ships or vessels hovering on coston, exthe coafts of this kingdom; and all offences which thall be took to all committed against the said clauses, or any part of them, or the tals tains hocoasts of Ireland, shall be tried, and the penalties and forcetures vering on any thereby incurred thall be profecuted for and recovered, in any of the couls of his Majesty's courts of record in Dublin in the faid kingdom; or Ireland; and all offences which shall be committed against the faid clauses, only the half or any part of them, on the coasts of any other of his Majesty's tried, and pedominions or territories (except this kingdom) shall be tried, a his recoand the penalties and foricitures thereby incurred shall be pro- wied, in any fecuted for and recovered, in any court of admiralty, in the do- or the four minion or territory on the coast whereof such offence shall be Dahim. committed (which court of admiralty is hereby authorized, im-offences in powered, and required to proceed to, hear, and determine, the other parts, fame) or in any court of record in such dominion or territory, to be profesat the election of the informer or profecutor, according to the court of adcourse and method used and practised there in prosecutions for mushy, offences against penal laws relating to the customs or excise; or other and fuch penalties and forfeitures to recovered there, shall be court of redivided and applied in such and the same manner as penalties of place; and forfeitures recovered in Great Britain for the like offences and the forare, or in pursuance of this act may be, directed to be divided features to be and applied.

divided and applied as thoic in Great Britain.



## CAP. XXIII.

An act to explain, amend, and render more effectual, an act made in the last sessions of parliament, intituled, An act for paving, cleansing, and lighting, the squares, streets, and lanes, within the city and liberty of Westminster, the parishes of Saint Giles in the fields, Saint George the martyr, Saint George Bloomsbury, that part of the parish of Saint Andrew's Holbourn which lies in the county of Middlesex, the several liberties of the Rolls and Savoy, and that part of the dutchy of Lancaster which lies in the county of Middlesex, and for preventing annoyances therein; and for other purposes therein mentioned.

Preamble. Act 2 Geo. 3. C. 21.

WHEREAS an act was made in the last session of parliament, intituled, An act for paving, cleanfing, and lighting, the squares, streets, and lanes, within the city and liberty of Westminster, the parishes of Saint Giles in the fields, Saint George the martyr, Saint George Bloomsbury, that part of the parish of Saint Andrew's Holborn which lies in the county of Middlefex, the feveral liberties of the Rolls and Savoy, and that part of the dutchy of Lancaster which lies in the county of Middlesex, and for preventing annoyances therein; and for other purpofes therein mentioned: and whereas the commissioners for putting the faid all in execution, have made some progress in the trusts reposed in them, but find that the faid act is defective, with respect to some of the powers thereby given; nor can the same be effectually put in execution, so as to answer the good purposes thereby intended, unless some new powers are granted, and the faid act, in other respects, amended and made more effectual; may it therefore please your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted, &c.

Five commissioners are invested with full power to execute all matters directed by the recited act to be done by a greater number, except in the case of electing new commissioners;—and they are impowered to alter the position of any of the water-pipes; and to pay the expence the cof out of the money appropriated for the purposes of the said act.—But the pavements taken up for placing or amending the pipes are to be repaired by the commissioner's paviours, at the expence of the proprietors for such the commissioners may compound with the said proprietors for such repairs.—Pavements liable to be repaired by any parss, body politick or corporate, are to be repaired at their expence by the commissioners paviours; and the commissioners may compound with such parishes, &c. for the same.—They may also direct the courses of the gutters to be turned; and the grates of the sewers to be removed and replaced; out of the money appropriated for the use of this act.—All signs, sign-irons, posts, spouts, gutters, or other annoyances, may be removed, and new placed by the commissioners; and for the future all signs, spouts, and gutters, &c. are to be placed on the fronts of the houses they belong to, on penalty of sl.—Such parts of any of the said signs, &c. as shall remain unused after the alteration, to be returned to the owners.—Corner houses, &c. shall be rated no more, than in proportion to the part of such, bouse,

house, &c. which is situated in the street, &c. whereon such rate is made. The rates to be paid by the inhabitants. Commissioners may order the freets to be watered; and the names of the freets or iquares to be affixed on the corner houses. Penalty of defacing or defroying the same, 40 s.—No inclosure to be made for depositing materials for building or repairing without leave.—Clause in the act 29 Geo. 2. concerning presentments by the annoyance jury, Repealed.—Surveyor, &c. to the commissioners to view and present all detective pavements; and if the same are not repaired within 14 days after notice sent for the purpose, the commissioners may order the same to be done; and be reimburfed the charges by the parties; and if the parties retule or neglect to pay the same, any justice may hear and determine the matter in a sum-mary way; and levy the charges by diffices and sale.—No action to be brought in pursuance of this act, until 21 days notice in writing shall be given to the clerk or treasurer of the commissioners; or after sufficient satisfaction or tender made to the party aggrieved; or after its calendar months next after the fact .- Defendants may plead the general iffue. and if the action be brought contrary to the foregoing limitations. the jury must find for the detendant, who shall recover treble costs.

#### CAP. XXIV.

An act to prevent fraudulent and occasional votes in the elections of knights of the shire, and of members for cities and towns which are counties of themselves, so far as relates to the right of voting by virtue of an annuity or rent çbarge.

WHEREAS annuities or rent charges granted for life or lives, Preamble, or a greater chate, iffuing out of freehold lands of tenements, ere of a private nature, and therefore liable to fraud int practices in the election of knights of fiberes, to the prejudice the annialities, and of these who have just right to vote at fuch elections; and whereas the right of election of members to ferre in parhame cities and towns which are countries of themselves, in at of Great Britain called England, is veiled partly, or in freeholders, in respect of freeholders of the yearly value 11.00 fm!lings, lying within such cities and towns: and whereas annuities and rent charges for a life or lives, or a greater effate, iffung out of twh freehold lands or tenements, are liable to the like fraudulint parties: for remady whereof, he it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords tpm tual and temporal, and commons, in this prefent parliament affembled, and by the authority of the fame, That from and No. after the first day of August, one thousand seven hundred and may fixty-four, no person shall vote for electing any knight of the knights of a fhire, citizen or citizens, burgels or burgelles, of king any fuch city or town for that part of Great Britain called Enj-mer land, for or in respect of any annuity or tent charge issuing out one of freehold lands or tenements, and granted before the first day tow of June, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-three, unless a of their elves, certificate, upon oath, shall have been entered twelve calendar in righ of months, at leaft, before the first day of fuch election, with the any an unty clerk of the peace for the county, riding, or division, or with or rent harge Nic clerk of the peace, town clerk, or other publick officer, have granted be-

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a certificate be ing the custody of the records within such city or town where entered with such lands or tenements do lie, as follows (that is to say) the clerk of the peace, or other proper officer, 12 months before any fuch election begins :

> am really and bona fide feized T A. B. of 1 of an annuity or rent charge, for my own use and benefit, of the clear yearly value of forty shillings, above all rents and charges payable out of the same, wholly issuing out of freehold lands, tenements, or hereditaments, belonging to C. D. of fituate, lying, and being, in the parish, township, or place, or in the parishes, townships, or places, of E. in the county of without any truft, agreement, matter, or thing, to the contrary notwithstanding; and I, or the person or persons under whom I claim, was or were seized of the said annuity or rent charge before the first day of June, one thousand seven bundred and fixty-three.

and in like manner with respect to such qualifications as thall come by descent, mai riage, devife, prefentation, or promotion.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That no person thall vote for the electing any knight or knights of a shire, or for a citizen or citizens, burgess or burgesses, of any fuch city or town, for that part of Great Britain called England, in respect of any annuity or rent charge issuing out of freehold lands, tenements, or hereditaments, which thall come to fuch person by descent marriage, marriage settlement, devise, or presentation to a benefice in a church, or promotion to an office, within twelve calendar months next before such election respectively, unless a certificate upon oath, or affirmation if a quaker, shall have been entered with the clerk of the peace, town clerk, or other officer as aforefaid, before the first day of such election, as follows; that is to fay,

am really and bona tide seized of an A. B. of A annuity or tent charge, to my even use and benefit, of the clear yearly value of forty shillings a year, above all rents and charges payable out of the fame, wholly iffuing out of freehold lands, tenements, or Pereditaments, belonging to C. D. of fituate, lying, and being in the parish, township, or place, or in the pacishes, townships, or places, of in the county of roul out any truft, agreement, matter, or thing, to the contrary notwithstanding; and I became ferzed of the faid annuity or rent charge, on the inv of last past, by descent or otherwise (as the case may happen.)

Nor may any any election. as aforetaid, after i Aug. 1764, in respect of any annuity

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, person vote in That from and after the faid first day of Agail, one thousand feven hundred and fixty-four, no person shall vote at any election of a knight or knights of the fhire, or of any citizen or citizens, burgets or burgefles, of any fuch city or town, within that part of Great Britain called English, for or in respect of any amounty or rent charge to be granted after the faid first day of or rent charge Jane, one thouland feven hundred and fixty-three, unless a memotial

morial of the grant of fuch annuity or rent charge shall have the said a been registered with the clerk of the peace of the county, riding, June, 1761, or division, or with the clerk of the peace, town clerk, or morial of the other public officer, having the custody of the records, within grant duly atfuch city or town where the lands or tenements out of which tefted, be refuch annuity or rent charge issues shall lie, twelve calendar gistered as months at least before the first day of such election; which me. atoresaid. morial shall be wrote on parchment, and directed to such clerk of the peace, town clerk, or other publick officer, and shall be under the hand and feal of the grantor and grantors, and attested by two witnesses, one whereof to be one of the witnesses to the execution of fuch grant; which witness shall upon oath before fuch clerk of the peace, town clerk, or other officer as aforefaid, or their deputies, prove the fealing and delivering of fuch grant, and the figning and fealing of fuch memorial; and which memorial shall contain the day and year of the date, and the names, additions, and abodes, of the parties and witnesses, and all the lands and tenements out of which the annuity or rent charge iffues, and the parish, township, or place, or the parishes, townships, and places, where such lands and tenements lie; and that every fuch grant, of which fuch memorial Such grant to is to to be registered, shall, at the time of entering such memo- be produced at rial, be produced to fuch clerk of the peace, town clerk, or the time of other officer, as aforesaid, or their deputies, who shall thereon and the day endorse a certificate, in which shall be mentioned the day and and year of year on which fuch memorial shall be so entered.

entering the memorial to be endorfed thereon by the proper officer.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Nor may any That from and after the said first day of August, one thousand one vote in feven hundred and fixty-four, no person shall vote at any elec- insh of any tion of a knight or knights of the shire, or of any citizen or any annuity citizens, burgels or burgelles of any fuch city or town, in that or rent charge part of Great Britain called England, by reason of an assignment made before of any annuity or tent charge, or any part or parts thereof, 1763, made before the faid first day of June, one thousand seven hundred and fixty-three, unless a certificate of fuch assignment unless a certiupon sath, to the purport herein before mentioned, with respect heate of the to an original annuity or rent charge, thall have been entered with muity be enfuch clerk of the peace, town clerk, or other officer as aforefaid, tered as aforetwelve calendar months at least before the first day of such elec- said; tion; and that no person shall vote at any such election as afore- and if the affaid, by reason of an assignment of any annuity or rent charge, signment be made after the or any part or parts thereof, made after the first day of June one said t June, thousand seven hundred and sixty-three, unless a memorial of there a memofuch affignment, and also a memorial of the grant of such an real thereof, nuity or rent charge of which such assignment shall be made, and of the shall have been attested and registered twelve calendar months attested and at least before the first day of such election, in the same manner registered as as is herein before directed with respect to the memorial of an is directed in original grant of an annuity or rent charge.

cales of orj-V And ginal grants.

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Books to be kept by the proper officers for entering fuch certificates and memorials. Fees for entry, and search,

and for copies.

Officer may oath in cases aforefaid. Copies attell ett by the proper officer. deemed legal evidence.

Memorials of grants or affignments made and executed above 40 miles from the office of cierk of the peace, &c. to be registered, upon producing an affida. vit made by one of the witnesses before one of the judges at Westmintter, or a master in Chancery.

Officer, or deputy, to attend, upon reafonable notice and fatisfaction, with the books

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That the clerk of the peace of every county, riding, or division. and the clerk of the peace, town clerk, or other officer as aforefaid, of every fuch city or town, shall keep a book or books for the entering of every such certificate and memorial, and shall be allowed for the entry of every such certificate the sum of one shilling, and of every such memorial, two shillings, and no more; and for every fearch for any certificate or memorial, one shilling, and no more; and that any person or persons may, at all seasonable times, resort to and inspect the certificates, memorials, and books of entries thereof: and fuch clerk of the peace, town clerk, or other officer as aforefaid, or their deputies, is hereby directed and required forthwith to give a copy of any certificate or memorial to any person or persons who shall defire the same, paying for such copy, if it contains not more than two hundred words, the fum of fix pence; and fo in proportion for any greater number of words: And fuch clerk of the peace, administer an town clerk, or other officer as aforesaid, or their deputies, is hereby impowered to administer an oath in all cases where an oath is required by this act; and true copies of the aforefaid certificates and memorials attested by such respective clerks of the peace, town clerk, or other officer as aforefaid, or their deputies, shall, at all times, be allowed and admitted as legal evidence in all cases whatsoever.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That a memorial of such grant or affignment as shall be made and executed in any place not within forty miles of the office of the clerk of the peace for the respective county, riding, or division, or of the town clerk, or other officer, as aforefaid, shall be entered and registered by such clerk of the peace, town clerk, or other officer, as aforefaid, or their deputies, in case an affidavit sworn, or affirmation of a quaker, before one of the judges at Westminster, or a master in chancery ordinary or extraordinary, be brought with the faid memorial to the faid clerk of the peace, town clerk, or other officer, as aforefaid, wherein one of the witnesses to the execution of such grant or assignment shall swear that he or she saw the same executed; and the same shall be a sufficient authority to the clerk of the peace, townslerk, or other officer, or their deputies, to give the party that brings fuch memorial a certificate of the registering such memorial; which certificate, figned by the faid clerk of the peace, town clerk, or other officer, as aforefaid, or their deputies, shall be taken and allowed as evidence of the registry of the same memorial in all courts of record whatfoever; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the clerk of the peace of every county, riding, or division, and the clerk of the peace, town clerk, or other officer, as aforefaid, of every such city or town, or their deputies, shall, upon reafonable notice, attend at any fuch election with the book or books of entries of every fuch certificate and memorial, at the,

request

request of any candidate or candidates; he or they making him event early reasonable satisfaction for such attendance.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Officer guilty That if any clerk of the peace, town clerk, or other officer, as clean negaforefaid, shall be guilty of any wilful neglect, misdemeanor, or lect or misfraudulent practice, contrary to the true intent and meaning of dimeanor, this act, every fuch c'erk of the peace, town clerk, or other officer, as aforefaid, thall, for every tuch offence, forfeit one hundred pounds to the perion who shall fue for the same, by · action of debt, bill, plaint, or information, in any of his Majefty's courts of record at Westmingter; wherein no esson, protection, wager of law, or more than one imparlance, thall be allowed.

IX. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted and Limitation of declared by the authority aforefaid, That no person thall be protecutions, liable to any forfeiture or penalty by this act laid or imposed, unless prosecution be commenced within twelve months after fuch forfeiture or penalty shall be incurred.

#### CAP. XXV.

An act to continue and amend two acts made in the twentyfirst and twenty eighth years of his late Majesty's reign, for encouraging the making of indico in the British plantations in America; and for extending the provisions of an act of the thirtieth year of his late Majefly's reign, with vefpect to bringing prize goods into this kingdom, to Spanish prize goods taken fince the late declaration of war with Spain.

WHERNAS the line for ensuraging the making of india in Preamble, the British plantations in America has been found to be very ufeful and ben ficial to the publick, and is fo near expert, and it is fit it should be continued; be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and condent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this prefent parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That The a bot an act made in the twenty-lift year of the remn of his late on Georgies majefly King George the Second, instituted the set of the second to Bis. majerty King George the Second, initialed, As as for on an is-complantational ing the making of index in the British femotion in America, each andrea, which was to continue in force for feven years, from the twenty- which was fifth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and torty-mine, continued by and from thence to the end of the then next feffion of parliament; and which, by another act of the techty-eighth year or much of as his faid late Mojetty's reign, as turther continued, from the Group twenty-fifth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and fifty-fix, until the twenty-firth day of March, one thousand feven hundred and fixty-three, and from thence to the end of the then next feffion of parl anent; thall be, and the tame is a further conhereby, further continued, from the expiration thereof, until the timed to 25

twenty- Much, 1770,

twenty-fifth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and feventy, and from thence to the end of the then next session of parliament.

II. Provided always, and be it-enacted by the authority afore-

After expiration of the faid, That from and after the time limited by the faid act of term limited the twenty-eighth year of his late Majesty's reign, no more than by the act of 28 Geó. 2. a bounty only of 4d. per lb. lico importunder the

bounty on indico imported from his Majesty's colonies, under to be allowed the regulations and restrictions mentioned in the said act of the on all such in- twenty-first year of the reign of King George the Second; and that no part of the faid bounty of four pence on the pound weight shall be repaid upon the exportation of such indico.

four pence on the pound weight shall be paid and allowed as a

regulations of the act of 21 Geo. 2. No part of the bounty to be repaid on exportation.

Doubts, with respect to the quality of the indico claimty, in any or the out ports, to be determined by two in the commodity;

III. Provided also, and be it enacted, That in case any doubt or dispute shall arise between the surveyors or officers of the customs, and the owners or importers of indico imported into any ing the boun- of the out ports of Great Britain, as to the quality of the same, it shall and may be lawful for the collector of his Majesty's customs in any fuch out port, to call two or more dyers, dry falters, brokers, or others, well skilled in that commodity, who persons skilled shall declare upon oath, if required, their opinion as to the quality of the same, and, according to the best of their judgment, determine whether the faid indico is or is not intitled to the premium granted by the above recited act.

but if a competent number of fuch perions cannot be found there. indico are to commissioners of the euftoms.

IV. Provided nevertheless, That if a competent number of persons well skilled in that commodity, to be approved of by the collector of the customs, in any out port where indico is imported, cannot be found in such out port, then, and in such case Samples of the only, where any doubt or dispute shall arise as aforesaid, samples of fuch indico, if imported into any out port in England, thall be fent to the be taken and fent to the commissioners of the customs at London; and if imported into any out port in Scotland, to the commissioners of the customs at Edinburgh; in such manner as the respective commissioners shall direct, in order to be inspected and adjudged by fuch persons, and in such manner, as are preferibed by law for indico imported into the port of London.

Provisions in act 30 Geo. z. encouraging the importation of prize goods, extended to Spanish prize goods.

V. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all the provisions of an act passed in the thirtieth year of his late Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the relief and encouragement of the captors of prizes, with respect to the bringing and landing prize goods in this kingdam; he extended to Spanish prize goods taken fince the late declaration of war with Spain.

# CAP. XXVI.

An act to continue and render more effectual two acts of parliement for repairing the roads from Lemsford Mill, through Welwyn and Stevenage, and by Cory's Mill, to Hitchin; and from Welwyn, through Codicot, to Hitchin, in the county of Hertford. CAP.

### CAP. XXVII.

An act to continue and render more effectual two acts of parliament for repairing and widening the road leading from the Black Bull Inn in Dunstable, in the county of Bedford, to the way turning out of the said road up to Shafford House, in the county of Hertford.

## CAP. XXVIII.

An act for continuing an act passed in the eleventh year of his late majesty King George the Second, intituled, An act for laying a duty of two pennies Scots, or one sixth part of a penny sterling, upon every Scots pint of ale and beer which shall be brewed for sale, brought into, vended, tapped, or sold, within the town of Aberbrothock, and liberties thereof.

#### CAP. XXIX.

An act for enlarging the term and powers granted by two acts of parliament of the fixth and twelfth years of his late Majesty's reign, for repairing the road from Fysield in the county of Berks, to Saint John's Bridge in the county of Gloucester, and from an inn called the Hind's Head, in the parish of Kingston Bagpuze in the said county of Berks, to that part of Newbridge which stands in the said county of Berks; and for rendering the said acts more effectual.

# CAP. XXX.

An act to enlarge the term and powers granted by an act made in the eighteenth year of the reign of his late majefty King George the Second, intituled, An act to repair and widen the road leading from Godman befter in the county of Huntingdon, through Fen Stanton and Cambridge, to the first rubbing house on Newmarket Heath, in the county of Cambridge.

# CAP. XXXI.

An act for repairing and widening the road from a place called Nightingales, in the township of Heath Charnock, to the bridge at the west end of the town of Bolton in the Moors, in the county palatine of Lancaster.

### CAP. XXXII.

An act for repairing the road from Newmarket, over Newmarket Heath, to the turnpike road leading to Stump Cross, in the counties of Cambridge and Suffolk.

# CÁP. XXXIII.

An act for repairing, widening, and keeping in repair, the road from Kirkby Kendall, in the county of Westmoreland, to Kirkby Ireleth, in the county of Lancaster.

#### CAP. XXXIV.

An act for repairing, widening, and keeping in repair, the high road leading from the fourteen mile stone, in the parish of Mothvey, in the county of Carmarthen, through Llandovery, to Llydiad y Gwyn, in the parish of Llandilo wawr; and from thence by Cledfulch, and over Duless Bridge, to the town of Landilo vawr; and from the said town along the post road, by Rhwyradar, through the county borough of Carmarthen, and village of Saint Clears, to Tavern Spite, in the parish of Kissig, at the borders of the county of Pembroke.

# CAP. XXXV.

An act for repairing, widening, and keeping in repair, several roads leading from the town of Barnstaple, in the county of Devon.

# CAP. XXXVI.

An act for repairing, widening, turning, and keeping in repair, the road from the town of Cambridge to Ely, and from thence to Soham; and for building a bridge cross the river Ouze, at or near a place called Stretham Ferry, in the county of Cambridge.

## CAP. XXXVII.

An aet to continue and render more effectual several acts of parliament for repairing the road from Highgate Gate-House, in the county of Middletex, to Barnet Block-house, in the county of Hertford; and the road from the Bear Inn in Hadley, to the Angel in Endfield Chace; and also Canewood Lane, leading from Highgate to Hampstead, in the said county of Middlesex; and for repairing and widening the road, being part of the great North Road from London, beginning at Barnet Block-house, and ending at the Bear Inn in Hadley aforesaid.

## CAP. XXXVIII.

An act for amending and widening several roads leading from or near the north end of the town and borough of Totnes, in the county of Devon.

### CAP. XXXIX.

An act for making a navigation from the river Humber, by a canal or cut, at or near Tetney Haven, to the river Ludd, in the parish of Alvingham, in the county of Lincoln; and for continuing the said navigation in or near the said river, from thence, to or near the town of Louth, in the said county.

## CAP. XL.

An act for maintaining, regulating, and employing the poor within the parish of Saint Matthew Bethnal Green, in the county of Middlesex.

## CAP. XI.I.

An act for paving, lighting, and cleanfing the city of Coventry, and its suburbs; for preventing annoyances therein; and for better ordering the publick wells and pumps there.

### CAP. XLII.

An act for continuing the duties, and enlarging the powers, granted by two acts made in the fifth and twenty-fifth years of his late Majesty's reign, for enlarging the pier and harbour of Scarborough in the county of York.

# CAP. XLIII.

An act for repairing, widening, and keeping in repair, the road leading from the turnpike road, between Ofwestry and Wrexham, at or near Whithurst's House, through Llangollen, to the most proper and commodicus joining of the turnpike read leading from Wrexham to Ruthin, at or near Tavers Dwyrarch; and from Llangollen aforefaid, through Acre Fair Colliery, to the Finger Post, at the joining of the road leading from Ofwestry to Wrexham in the county of Denbigh.

#### CAP. XLIV.

An act for repairing and widening the road, and opening a communication, from the house of Thomas Hughes esq; adjoining to Halkin Mountain, to Farm; and across the old post road in Counfill-sechan, to a house at Nant y Moch, in Bagillt, in the occupation of Thomas Gill, in the county of Flint.

### CAP. XLV.

An act for repairing and widening the road from Lawton, in the county of Chefter, to Burstem and Newcastle under Lyne, in the county of Stafford, and other roads therein mentioned.

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#### CAP. XLVI.

An act to continue the term, and enlarge the powers of several acts of parliament for repairing the roads from Maidenhead Bridge to Reading; and from the said bridge to Henley Bridge, in the county of Berks.

#### CAP. XLVII.

An act to enlarge the term and powers of two alls passed in the first and twelfth years of the reign of his late majesty King George the Second, for repairing the road from the powder mills on Hounstow Heath, in the county of Middlesex, to a place called Basingstone, near the town of Bagshot, in the parish of Windlesham, in the county of Surrey.

#### CAP. XLVIII.

An act for the better cleanfing and enlightening the streets, lanes, and publick ways, of the city of York, and the suburbs thereof, and of the liberty of Saint Peter within the said city; and for keeping the same in repair and free from annoyance; and for regulating the hackney coachmen and chairmen, carmen and draymen, within the same.

# CAP. XLIX.

An act for taking down the parish church of Saint Andrew, in the city of Canterbury; and for building a new church in a more convenient place.

#### CAP. L.

An act for westing certain parcels of lana, in Paddington, in the county of Middle lex, in the recton and churchwardens of the parish of Saint George Handver-Square, in the said county; and appropriating the same for a burial ground for the said parish.

#### CAP. LI.

An act to amend and render more effectual so much of an act passed in the last session of parliament, intituled. An act for amending and widening the road from the market house in Stourbridge, to Colley Gate, in Cradley, and from Pedmore to Holly Hall, and from Colly Gate to Halesowen, and from the turnpike road on Dudley Wood to Rednall Green, in the parish of King's Norton, and from Carter's Lane to the Bell Inn at Northfield, in the counties of Worcester, Stafford, and Salop, as relates to the road from the turnpike road on Dudley Wood to Rednal Green, and from Carter's Lane to the Bell Inn at Northfield.

CAP.

# CAP. LII.

An act for amending and widening the roads leading from New Street and Pig Street, in Penryn, in the county of Cornwall, to Redruth, in the same county.

#### CAP. LIII.

An act for maintaining, regulating, and employing the poor within the parish of Saint Mary Whitechapel, in the county of Middlesex; for cleansing and lighting the squares, streets, lanes, alleys, courts, yards, and other open passages and places, and regulating and keeping a nightly watch, within such parts of the said parish as are not within the liberties of the Tower of London, or city of London; and to enable the parishioners to raise money to deserve the expenses of repairing the said parish church.

### CAP. LIV.

An act for the better and more easy rebuilding of the town of Wareham in the county of Dorset, and for determining differences toucking houses and buildings burnt down or demolished by reason of the late dreadful fire there, and for preventing suture danger by fire.

#### CAP. LV.

An act for lighting the streets and other places, and maintaining a regular and nightly watch, within the town and county of the town of Newcastle upon Tyne; and for regulating the backney coachmen and chairmen, cartmen, porters, and watermen within the sume.

# CAP. LVI.

An act for the better paving of the streets, and for preventing nusances and other annoyances in the town of Gosport, in the county of Southampton.

#### CAP. LVII.

An act for continuing and enlarging the term and powers of an act made in the thirty-second year of the reign of his late majesty King George the Second, for repairing and widening the road from the town of Derby, to the town of Newcastle under Lyne, in the county of Stafford; and for repairing and widening the road from Clistebank to Snape Marsh, in the village of Shelton, in the county of Stafford.

### CAP. LVIII.

An act to continue the term and unlarge the powers of two
acts of parliament, for repairing the highways from
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'4 1763i, Whitechapel church, in the county of Middlesex, 10 Woodford, in the county of Essex; and for enlightening and watching part of the said highway from Whitechapel church to Stratford; and for repairing the road through the parishes of Chigwell and Lambourn, in the county of Effex.

#### CAP. LIX.

An act for repairing and widening the road leading from the town of Stafford to Sandon, in the county of Stafford; and several other roads in the counties of Salop and Stafford.

